LIBERALS HELD FIRST RALLY IN THE WEST END

Mr. Pender, Hon. H. A. McKeown and ex Mayor Sears the Speakers at the Meeting in Oddfellows Hall Last Night.

There was a good sized gathering of the west side electors in the Odd Fellows Hall, Carleton, Monday to listen to speeches by Hon. H. A. McKeown, Ex-Mayor Sears, and the Liberal candidate for the city, James Pender. The speakers were generously applauded as they presented the issues of the coming election from a Liberal point of view. Dr. F. L. Kenny presided.

Hon. Mr. McKeown said in opening that this was the first opportunity he had had of speaking to the electors in the city. Whatever he had to say he would stand back of at all times and any deductions he might make were his own views, and all might not agree with him.

It was beneath the dignity of a public man to make an untrue statement from a public platform and he thought if all speakers confined themselves to facts there would not be the unpleasantness that had characterized previous campaigns. He wanted to place before them a few facts.

A great deal had happened in the four years just rolled round. Just how much the present government was accountable for the prosperity of that period was a matter on which there might be a division of opinion. A government did not necessarily make prosperity. The Conservatives had a high tariff policy while in power and the Liberal party contended that a high protective tariff was not desirable in the best interests of the country. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's refusal to raise the tariff on woolens at the request of the manufacturers recently, was on line with the Liberal policy.

Take away the trade of the country, take away the trade of Carleton, said the speaker, and it was dead. The community whose trade was being built up, is prosperous. The government under which trade increased was better than one under which trade languished.

After looking back over the record of the past four years and seeing the prosperity of the country, he said, they had a right to examine very closely into the policy of the party seeking to be the governing body. The Liberal party had been in power some twelve years, and if the Conservative party had been in power 100 years it would take that length of time under their rule to put this country where it is today.

Trade was war, and it was the deadliest kind of warfare known. The various nations of the world were at war with each other and if possible they would drive each other out of trade. The warfare was carried out by officers, who if strong, resourceful men of business, were the stamp of men to look after the country's welfare.

"How do we stand with reference to the other nations of the world after these twelve years?" he asked. "Twelve years ago Canada wasn't recognized as a factor in the world's trade. Today it is far different." He wanted to say, not as a party man, but as a Canadian, that Canada, when in 1896 she shook off the old government, entered into competition with the other nations and took a foremost place in the commercial world. It was a great satisfaction that such was the case.

"The Conservative party," he said, "are asking you to put them into power and what do they say? Do they ask that they be allowed to continue the policy inaugurated by the present government? No, they want you to return to the conditions that prevailed in the eighteen years they were in power. Governments, as I said before, do not make prosperity but they do create conditions, and these conditions are the result of the Liberal policy. Canada at present is the most industrious country in the world.

"Before the Liberal party came into power we had the same country, the same harbors, and all the rest of it, but we did not have the conditions which have been made by the Liberal party."

The speaker said that the Dominion Iron & Steel Company at Sydney had recently closed a contract for steel rails to be sent to India. This showed what place Canada occupied in the commercial world.

A vote for the Conservative party meant a return to the conditions prior to 1896 and a vote for the present government meant a continuance of the present prosperity. It might be said that the wharves could not be taken away and so on, but he would say that if the Conservative party was returned they would be in a position of a big store, built, but with no business being done. The wharves would remain, but the business would not be continued as the conditions would be removed.

Referring again to the tariff, he claimed that in the last five years the manufacturing of the country had been more prosperous than ever before. In 1900 the amount of textiles manufactured and exported was $67,000,000 and in 1905 it had increased to $84,000,000, due, he said, to the policy adopted by the government.

The speaker said he recognized that he was speaking to a section of the constituency that had the record of giving a majority to the Liberal-Conservative party; many of them voted so because of past affiliations. Conditions were changed now and it was to their advantage to uphold the present government. There were now, no Sir John McDonalds or Sir Leonard Tilleys that they should hold to that party.

He referred to the immense growth of Canada, which, he said, was drawing to itself the better part of the Anglo-Saxon and the Gaelic races. Sir Wilfrid Laurier had truly said that the twentieth century was Canada's, but the growth and prosperity could be continued only by keeping the conditions as they had been made by the present government. He appealed to the young men to rally to the support of the party. He was of an open mind and if he thought the country's interests were best to be served by putting out the present government he would say, out with it, but slanders of the Conservative press and of the members of that party were unworthy of consideration.

The Liberal party when it came into power had reduced the postage from three to two cents on letters and yet they had turned the deficits of the Post office department into surpluses. The tax rate had been lowered and the general revenue had increased. There were many other things of which he might speak, did time permit. Referring to Mr. Pender, who was to speak to them next, he said he was a captain of industry, one who had helped to make Canada what it was today. In closing he said he felt sure they would afford the candidate a good hearing.

Mr. Pender was received with applause. He said he would start by correcting statements that appeared in the Standard of last Saturday. He had not referred to Dr. Daniel as a yellow dog, nor had he likened the people of Ontario to hogs. Some of the statements made he described as misleading and others wholly false.

Regarding the Standard's statement of what he had said at a board of trade meeting in 1903, about the G. T. P., he said he had advocated and was still inclined to think that it would be a good thing if the government owned the road from coast to coast. However, government ownership was hardly possible at present, it might come later.

He contended that Ontario people who wanted higher tariff should be willing to agree to higher freight rates to have trade sent through Canadian ports. They should be patriotic enough to adopt this view.

Would Mr. Borden, he asked, turn over the G.T.P. to their pet, the C.P.R.? The C.P.R. was a great transportation company, one of the greatest in the world but like all great corporations they wanted to squeeze out competition. The C. P. R. was making their rates as high as they liked, but when they had to compete with the G.T.P. the rates would have to come down.

The C.P.R. deserved great credit for the manner in which their business had been conducted, but they would be all the better for having competition. A portion of the G.T.P. was already built and in a few years it would be completed and they in St. John would reap some benefit. They could not, however, expect to get all the trade as Halifax had a right to get a share also. There would be plenty for both.

Mr. Pender then referred to a statement made by Premier Hazen that he, the speaker, was not a friend of labor and he told of the labor act introduced by W. F. Hatheway, and how it had been dealt with in the legislature. Mr. Hatheway had not proved himself the great friend of the laboring man he professed to be. In the words of the alderman from Stanley ward, he "had not delivered the goods."

The speaker characterized Mr. Hatheway as a "philosophical, philanthropical, theoretical faddist of the most pronounced type. This notorious theorist," he said, "this celebrated faddist, is getting up cheap notoriety that is not worth the powder to blow it to the hot place."

The speaker referred to the tariff under the present government and to reforms in the post office department. In finances, Mr. Fielding, he said, had made a very creditable showing. He regretted that he had not had more time in which to prepare an address, but said he was more of a business man than a politician. If they would support him he would endeavor to protect their interests, should he be elected.

Ex-Mayor Sears was next introduced and contrasted the records of the two parties. He appealed to the young men to support Sir Wilfrid Laurier and predicted a continuance of prosperous conditions if the Liberal party was returned to power again.

The meeting was brought to a close with cheers for Laurier and the Liberal party and the singing of the national anthem.

Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop Headache, womanly pains, any pain, anywere, in 20 minutes, sure. Formula on the 25c. box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine. Sold by all druggists.

The Conservative ward meetings in the city, for the purposes of organization for the campaign were held last evening. The electors had previously chosen their ward officers and last night's meetings were to perfect campaign arrangemnets.

The many friends of Mrs. Fanny Carlgren, of 16 St. Andrews street, will be sorry to hear of the death of her infant son, Lars Bnard, which took place yesterday. The little one's father died only a few weeks ago.

A PURITY LEAGUE IS FORMED IN HALIFAX

Both Political Parties as Well as the Independents are Represented on Executive.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 28.—To conduct campaigns of education, to arouse and maintain an aggressive public sentiment in favor of political purity, to secure the enforcement of the laws against corrupt practices at elections, to investigate the efficiency of the said laws, to form a rallying point for the men in both political parties who are interested in electoral reform and to continue a non-partisan organization, which may act as an umpire in the interests of political purity between the contending parties in electoral struggles, such are the objects of the Halifax City and County Electoral Reform League as set forth in its constitution, which was adopted today, when the league was formally launched.

An executive committee of ten composed of representative men of both political parties and independents, was appointed and a fund will be raised for the purpose of conducting a campaign of education and engaging a force of detectives to watch for violations of the law.

YOUNG LIBERALS CHOOSE THEIR WARD MEN

Executive Completed and Ward Committees Chosen at a Meeting Held Last Night.

The Young Liberals Club last night elected Dr. Stanley B. Smith treasurer. The secretary, J. A. Barry, was instructed to write to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, inviting him to be honorary president.

Members of the executive and committee to assist in the campaign were elected as follows:—

Kings—Norman L. McGloan; committee to assist, J. Likely, W. Nugent, N. L. McGloan.

Wellington—Dr. E. J. Ryan; committee, R. Skinner, F. McDonald and H. T. McCarthy.

Queens—G. H. Vroom; committee, J. D. P. Lewin, H. Coombs, John Stanton.

Sydney—J. Griffith; committee, L. Chesley, F. Roderick, J. T. McGivern.

Lorne—Arthur Connors; committee to be appointed.

Prince—W. Knodell; committee, D. J. Britt, W. J. Crawford, George Stafford.

Lansdowne—Mr. Clarke; committee to be appointed.

Guys—J. Donohue; committee to be appointed.

Victoria—P. Tierney; committee, Roy M. Pearson, J. F. McIntyre, B. B. Jordan.

Dukes—George P. Allen; committee, Norman E. Shaw, W. H. Holder and Harry Doody.

Dufferin—Alexander Corbet; committee, John H. McGrath, E. A. Wood, J. J. Donovan.

It was decided, on motion of J. V. Russell, chairman of Dufferin, to hold the next meeting in the rooms in that ward; possibly later in Lorne ward.

The following were added to the membership:—

John P. O'Connor, L. A. Conlon, Patrick Griffith, Frank McGourty, P. J. Tierney, John Sullivan, W. A. Lockhart, G. A. Lockhart, Joseph Mahoney, M. L. McPhail, Roy Skinner, Alexander Corbet, P. Murray, Louis Phillips, Allan R. McBeath, Frank V. Hamm, C. W. Anderson, Edward Murray, Frederick Roderick, Harry T. McCarthy, John Cole, George Ryan, W. J. Stanton, Joseph O'Brien, M. Langan, James McGivern, William Hatfield, Fred M. Quinn, Frank Corr, Frank Ritchie, George Stafford, B. B. Jordan, Frank J. Likely, Joseph Price, Joseph Hepburn, Fred J. Kee, Arthur J. Williamson, John H. McGrath, John O'Donnell, and W. Phinney.

Drive Rheumatism out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy and see how quickly pain will depart. Rubon's never did reach the real disease. Rheumatism isn't in the skin. It's deep down—it's constitutional. Getting rid of the pain is, after all, what counts. That is why Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy goes, by word of mouth from one to another. And herein lies the popularity of this Remedy. It is winning defenders everywhere. Tablets or Liquid. Sold by all druggists.

Commencing Oct. 1 the Union street branch of the Bank of British North America, will be open on Saturday evenings from 7 to 9.

THREATENS LIBEL SUIT AGAINST ROBLIN

Senator Jaffray President of Toronto Globe Says if Roblin Repeats his Charges Against That Paper he will be Haled to Court to Prove Them.

Toronto, Sept. 28.—Senator Jaffray, president of the Globe Printing Company, will now issue a statement as to the Globe's relations with the Crow's Nest Company, with which the senator is connected.

"If Mr. Roblin, premier of Manitoba, again states that the Globe newspaper, or those behind it used its influence to secure a grant of 250,000 acres of the best mining lands in Canada from the Dominion government, he will have a chance of proving his charge in the courts," said the senator.

The Ontario Bank shareholders are organizing to resist the payment of any extra call on their shares. They say the bank was palpably mismanaged as the directors did many illegal things, and worst of all when the bankruptcy became known the same directors went ahead and sold out to the Bank of Montreal, and in all the proceedings the shareholders were simply ignored.

Heavy rains occurred all over Ontario today, thus breaking the longest dry spell experienced in the province in fifty-five years, with one exception.

In the case of J. B. Chapman & Co., against the Canadian Northern Railway, Judge Morgan gave judgment today for $200 damages. Chapman's traveler, named Carr, was detained for days on a western trip during the blockade last winter, and the judge finds the loss to the firm amounted to the amount stated. The railway will likely appeal.

NEWS FROM FREDERICTON

Plan for the New Fredericton-Woodstock Boat Has Fallen Through.

Fredericton, N. B., Sept. 28.—The residence of John Patterson, of Lincoln, was the scene of a happy event this afternoon, when his youngest daughter, Jennie M., was united in marriage to Milton A. Smith, of Hoyt Station. Rev. A. A. Rideout performed the ceremony in the presence of a large number of invited friends. The bride wore a traveling costume of blue French broadcloth, with hat to match, and carried a bouquet of white roses. At conclusion of the ceremony, supper was served, after which the happy couple drove to Waasis and took their departure for St. John, en route to Boston and New York on the honeymoon. The bride was the recipent of many presents, including a silver tea service from D. E. Smith, of Hoyt, and a cut glass berry dish from Col. McLean, of St. John.

Dr. Sydney Bridges, of Philadelphia, who is visiting his former home at Sheffield, has been summoned to appear before Magistrate Stephenson, on a charge of violating the game laws. It is claimed that although a non-resident of the province he recently shot a moose on a resident license. The complainant is Game Warden Walter Smith. It is understood that proceedings have been instituted against the guide who accompanied Dr. Bridges.

Robert Scott Dumfries, who was in the city today, says that the scheme to float a company to build a light draught steamer for service on the St. John river between Fredericton and Woodstock, has been abandoned. It was found impossible to secure the necessary cash of $10,000.

E. H. McAlpine, K.C., of St. John, will address meetings in the interest of the Liberal candidate at Marysville, Wednesday evening, and at Gibson the following evening.

N. W. Brown, the Liberal candidate, addressed a large meeting at Meductic this evening.

For several weeks the city has been enshrouded with smoke and so thick did it become on Saturday and Sunday that it was difficult to see across the St. John river at this point. Two large forest fires have been in progress within a few miles. One is at Yoho Lake, about eight miles from here in the Hanwell district, while the other is in Sunbury county on Shin Creek, a branch of the Oromocto river. Crews of men numbering upwards of 100 are at work at these fires trying to overcome the flames. The woods are very dry and the leaves are falling fast. The country being burned over by the fire at Yoho Lake is owned largely by settlers in that vicinity, that on Shin Creek is timber land. "If a strong southwest wind such as I have seen before was to get under way now," said W. J. Scott, of the Scott Lumber Company, last night, "it would only be a few hours before this city would be in the fire zone." At different points the water in the St. John river and its tributaries is so low that water power mills find it difficult to keep in operation. John Wallace, mechanical-superintendent of the Carleton Sentinel office at Woodstock, who is in the city, says that unless there is rain within a week that town will be without electric lighting and also without electric motor power for its industries on account of the water being so low at Meduxnikeag Dam, where the power station is situated. The dry weather has also been very injurious to the turnip crop all over this province and the tops are now withering up and dropping off.

Ray McGibbon has resigned his position with the Bank of Nova Scotia and left Saturday evening for Baltimore, Md., to attend a dental college.

T. E. Ryder, of the Canadian Fairbanks Co., at St. John, is here today, having been called here by the illness of one of the company's travellers, C. W. Whipple, of St. John, who reached the city on Friday night from a trip up river suffering from illness which proved to be typhoid fever. He is now at the Richards private hospital.

The ladies' committee will meet in the Protestant Orphan Asylum, on Thursday, at 3 o'clock; semi-annual meeting with gentlemen's committee.

Nerve Weakness, Sleepless

Everything goes wrong, head feels heavy and dull, mind is filled with strange forebodings, stomach is out of kilter. You need a good tonic like Ferrozone to bring back your lost appetite and digestion, and cleanse the blood of all impurities. Ferrozone is a wonderful invigorant and strengthener that will banish gloomy depression and quickly restore you to a healthy, vigorous condition of mind and body. Nothing is so good for the sick, weary and debilitated as Ferrozone. Price 50c. per box, at druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston.

COUNCIL WILL DECIDE CHIEF CLARK'S REQUEST

Matter of Lawyer in Dobson Case Will be Considered by the Full Council—Safety Board Divides on it.

At the monthly meeting of the safety board last evening after considerable discussion, a second request from Chief Clark for legal assistance in the Dobson case was referred back to the council for a decision. A motion to grant him counsel was defeated on the chairman's vote. Ten additional bells were recommended for members of No. 1 Salvage Corps. Tenders were ordered to be called for stable supplies. The director reported that he had appointed G. L. Brittain caretaker of Carleton City Hall. The board recommended that $400 be spent in putting up rooms for his accommodation. In the absence of Ald. Vanwart, Ald. Frink occupied the chair and Ald. Kelley, Baskin, Sproul, McGowan, Hamm and Holder were present with the director, chief Kerr and the common clerk.

R. W. W. Frink and Harry Ervin appeared in reference to the alarm bells supplied to No. 1 Salvage corps.

Mr. Frink spoke of the difficulty of the men attending fires promptly unless they had bells in their houses, and asked that the system be extended to give ten more bells. His request, he thought, was in the general interest.

The director, in reply to questions, said the only danger by increasing the number would be from crossed wires.

Mr. Ervin referred to the uncertainty of hearing the big bells at night, and said that while all the forty members of the corps were energetic and willing to attend fires, they could not be certain of always getting there under the present unsatisfactory conditions.

In reply to the chairman, the director said there would be no funds until the first of the year.

Ald. Hamm moved that the request be granted and that the treasury board be asked to provide the funds. The cost will be about $150.

Chief Kerr said the department was deeply indebted to the salvage corps, but he thought bells should not be put in houses from which the men would be moving year after year. He hoped the whole circuit would be renovated before the men were given the bells. He would like to see the men have them.

After some further discussion the motion was carried.

A communication was read from Chief Clark, renewing his application for counsel to defend the Dobson case. The chief, in support of his request, said it was hard enough for the men to do their duty, and if the city refused to support the department the men would shut their eyes to much that was going on. He was not pleading for himself. He had never cost the city a dollar in legal expenses in eighteen years. He did not think the suit would ever have been brought if the magistrate had not said from the bench that the man ought not to have been arrested. In his view the magistrate did not know the preeent law, and based his decision on an old law of 1861.

Chief Clark quoted a later act to the effect that it was lawful for a policeman to arrest a man without information being laid, and that he could be kept in jail until delivery.

The chief then went on to relate the circumstances of the arrest. Continuing, he said that whether he was right or wrong, he claimed the city was bound to defend him. The merits of the case could be decided afterwards.

Ald. Baskin said that one difficulty was that the city had no authority over the chief. It would be better for the chief and his officer to defend the case, and then apply to the city. He was sure they would be fairly dealt with. He did not think the matter would have any effect on the force.

Chief Clark—"I see the effect now."

Ald. Hamm expressed the opinion that if the city had the appointment the aldermen would be in hot water all the time.

Ald. Kelley said in his view the power which appoints an official should support him. He uoted a case in which he might, as a lawyer, sue the police magistrate for false arrest of a client, and then as an alderman vote against providing counsel for the magistrate. He did not think any official appointed by the government should come to the city for legal assistance. He was sorry to take such a stand. He had always got on well with the chief, who was an excellent official, but there was a broad principle involved in the case, and the local government ought to defend all political appointees.

The chief said he had been informed by some of the largest taxpayers that money for his defence would be forthcoming and that he need not worry. He was not worrying for himself, but he wanted to feel that the city was behind him.

Ald. Kelley moved to re-submit the matter to the council.

Ald. Hamm moved an amendment that legal assistance be provided.

On the amendment Ald. Hamm, Sproul, and McGowan voted aye, Ald. Kelley, Baskin and Holder, nay.

The chairman said that as the amendment involved an expenditure of money, he must vote against it.

The motion to refer the matter back was then carried.

Walter H. Golding, manager of the Nickel theatre, wrote complaining against discrimination in the placing of bill boards in the streets.

Chief Clark said he had never given permission for any signs of the kind to be displayed. The mayor had permitted certain banners and signs to be used. It was for the board to give Mr. Golding permission if they thought fit.

The communication was referred to the mayor.

Payment of the special police employed during exhibition week was ordered.

The recorder submitted an opinion with reference to an application from Hon. H. A. McKeown on behalf of Sleeth & Quinlan that new valuation should be made under the leases taken over by the city in consequence of the Supreme Court having ordered a revaluation of the 30-foot strip which the city expropriated. The opinion was to the effect that the cases were quite distinct, and that the valuation of the arbitrators held good until the court decided otherwise.

At the request of the school trustees it was arranged that a fire alarm box should be placed in the Alexander School.

The matter of the granting of a lease to Mrs. Burns in Guys ward was left to the common clerk with power to act.

The director said Ald. Vanwart had requested him to bring up the question of giving the permanent firemen one day off in a month.

The matter was referred to the chief.

At the request of Chief Kerr the name of the late James Robertson, a member of the department who died recently, was ordered retained on the pay roll to the end of the year.

Authority was given to call for tenders for stable supplies.

The director reported that he had appointed G. L. Brittain to be caretaker in Carleton city hall. He recommended that rooms be fitted up for his accommodation in the building at a cost of $400.

A recommendation to the council was carried and the treasury board was requested to provide funds.

The director reported that the new ambulance had arrived, and had been placed in the livery stable. The old vehicle had been housed in the exhibition building and could either be used as an ambulance in winter or as a patrol wagon.

On motion of Ald. Baskin the director was authorized to have a shed erected at No. 6 fire station in Carleton for the accommodation of the firemen.

The board recommended Ald. Holder as the council's appraiser of a lot at the foot of Duke street under lease to the St. John Real Estate Company.

The board then adjourned.

DR. WILLIAMSON TO RUN IN YARMOUTH

He Will be a Convervative Candidate in Opposition to B. B. Law

Yarmouth, N.S., Sept. 28.—The Liberal-Conservatives of Yarmouth some time ago nominated Dr. S. W. Williamson, of this town, as their candidate for the forthcoming federal elections. At first the doctor declined to accept, but at a meeting tonight he announced that he had reconsidered his decision and would be their candidate.

Dr. Williamson has been practising medicine in Yarmouth for about eight years. He is a son-in-law of Rev. Dr. Heartz, president of the Nova Scotia Methodist conference.

It's a pity when sich ones drug the stomach or stimulate the Heart and Kidneys. That is all wrong! A Weak Stomach, means Stomach nerves, always. And this is also true of the Heart and Kidneys. The weak nerves are instead crying out for help. This explains why Dr. Shoop's Restorative is promptly helping Stomach, Heart and Kidney ailments. The Restorative reaches out for the actual cause of these ailments—the failing "inside nerves." Anyway test the Restorative 48 hours. It won't cure so soon as that, but you will surely know what help is coming. Sold by all druggists.

The monthly meeting of the St. John county branch of the Temperance Federation will be held at the W. C. T. U. rooms, Germain street, tonight at 8 o'clock. All interested in temperance work are cordially invited.

ALEXANDOR'S Furs

MADE IN MONTREAL

by the best labor and of the finest Northern caught furs. Sold direct from the manufacturer to you, thus saving you all the middlemen's profits.

You can buy these splendid high-class furs just as well by mail as though you personally selected them at our factory in Montreal.

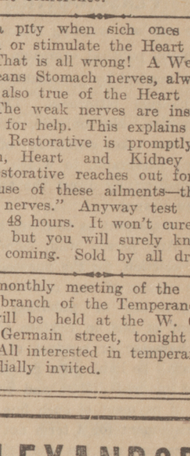


Illustration No. 84.

Special Advance Season Offer

For Orders Coming in until October 1st

Superior, Selected Russian Hampster Lined Coat Shell, as per illustration 83 or 84, full 48 inches long. Made of the best imported broadcloth, strapped seams, made in any style desired, genuine Columbia Sable Collar and Lapels, price only $36.00.

This price is only good till 15th of October.

We can also give you the same coat, but of superior quality in regard to lining and collar, as follows: Real Canadian Muskrat Lined, Genuine Natural Alaska Sable Collar and Lapels, 48 inches long, price $60.00.



Illustration No. 83.

A. J. Alexandor

Wholesale Manufacturing Furrier

504 & 506 St. Paul St.

MONTREAL

250,000 ACRES AT AUCTION!

Richest Canada Wheat Land of The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd.

To Be Offered at City of Regina October 12-13-14-15-16-17

FREE RAILROAD ROUND TRIP FOR BUYERS.

Here are lands that are NEAR RAILROADS, nearly all within TEN miles of an up-to-date railroad, to be offered at auction. They have been retailing at $10 to $15 per acre, but there are many tracts that would be bargains at $20. The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., prefers to WHOLESALE 250,000 acres of its holdings IN THE HEART OF SASKATCHEWAN, and will therefore offer for sale this number of acres at this important sale.

Who knows but that some of these rich, fertile acres may be YOURS on a low bid! You do not have to live on this land to get the big bargain value. The market is rising. These lands are a big paying investment for the city man as well as the farmer.

Make your plans to go NOW. Arrange your business so you can be in Regina October 12th, when The Saskatchewan & Western Land Co.'s Sale starts. Or go to Regina and get on the land A FEW DAYS PREVIOUS to OCTOBER 12TH, so as to get acquainted with the great tract and determine what location you PREFER. So far as is possible, we will accommodate buyers by putting up at any time any special quarter, half or whole section. WE SUPPLY FREE MAPS OF EVERY ACRE WE OWN IN THE HEART OF SASKATCHEWAN.

If you desire more complete advance information, send to our Regina office for

MAPS, ETC., FREE

OUR MAP shows each and every section we own. It gives you a TRUE PICTURE of our holdings. It shows just how we selected the MOST FERTILE AND BEST LOCATED acres available in the entire Province of Saskatchewan. It shows how ideally the lands are situate—how NEAR REGINA, how convenient to WINNIPEG and the grain and stock markets, and the excellent railroad facilities. Free. Write for the map to The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.

OUR BOOK is a storehouse of information on Western Canada grain lands. Contains ninety pages, and many faithful photographs of LAND, CROPS, HOMES, and features of interest in the heart of Saskatchewan. It lists all our property by quarter sections. Free. We want to send it to you. Write for it to The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s office in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s Land is Extra Choice Grain Land. You Get Title From the Crown—An Indisputable Title.

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., had the pick of 3,000,000 acres of best Saskatchewan prairie lands. We took in our grant EXTRA CHOICE acres—not all in one continuous piece, but a section here and there, so as to get the most fertile, the deepest soil, ground free from boulders, with best water, near railways—in fact land ready for the plow, ready to yield the golden harvest and make profits from the very first. Think of it! 250,000 acres of these lands to be offered at public auction.

THE AUCTION

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s auction will be held at REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA. NOWHERE ELSE. It will be held in The Saskatchewan & Western Land Co.'s own pavilion—nowhere else. It will be held October 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17. REMEMBER THOSE DATES. Don't get there late. Be on hand early. DON'T BUY, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, OF ANYONE UNTIL THE AUCTION IS ON—NO MATTER WHAT YOU HEAR. The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s land is extra choice. Don't take somebody else's word that they have land "just as good."

This land was especially selected—its title is from the Crown. The terms of payment will be the fairest. You will be dealing with a wealthy company that will always stand behind every promise and give you the most liberal treatment you can ask.

The company reserves the right to withdraw any of the lands from sale.

TERMS

10 per cent. of the purchase price at time of sale, balance of regular first payment of $3.00 per acre in ten days, remainder in eight equal annual installments, with interest at 4 per cent. Survey fees at 10 cents per acre, payable with last installment and without interest.

Upon a parcel being knocked down, the bidder shall immediately make the deposit of 10 per cent of the purchase price with the Clerk of Sale. Otherwise the parcel may be put up again or withdrawn from sale.

One Crop Will More Than Pay for the Land

Figure it out yourself. The average Saskatchewan yield is: Wheat, from 20 to 25 bushels per acre; Oats, from 20 to 45 bushels per acre; Barley, from 20 to 30 bushels per acre—and so on.

Free Railroad Fare to Buyers

Every purchaser of 160 acres or more of The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s land will have the entire price of his railroad transportation paid back to him. You buy your ticket on the very low homeseekers' rates all the roads give, and we pay it back. That is an inducement for you to COME TO THE AUCTION and to BUY NOW.

When purchasing your railroad ticket, get a regular railroad receipt from the railroad agent showing the point from which you start and the amount paid, also the name of the railroad company, the date purchased and the signature of the railroad agent.

Railroad Rates, Excursions, etc.

Special low excursion rates to Regina will be given over all railroads from all points. See your ticket agent at once for particulars!

Be on hand at Regina for the Great Land Auction, and remember, those who buy receive refund of their fare paid both to and from Regina, no matter whether they hold homeseekers' excursion tickets or regular first-class tickets. For further information, Hotels, etc., write only to The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada. Make our office there your headquarters.

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co. Ltd., City of Regina, Province of Saskatchewan, Canada

BAHAMA ISLAND WEPT AWAY BY TERRIBLE HERRICAN

Many Settlements Wiped Out And Thousands of People Are Homeless—Inhabitants Seeking Shelter in Caves.

Nassau, Bahamas, Sept. 24.—Only very fragmentary reports have yet reached the seat of government here as to the damage done to the outlying islands of the dependency which were ravaged by a terrible hurricane from the 10th to the 14th instant, but such news as has arrived is sufficiently bad.

The storm appears to have originated near Turk's Island, and swept with ever increasing fury up the long string of islands running southeast from here. All appear to have suffered badly, though Long Island is the only one from which coherent reports have so far been received. There the gale blew for two days with excessive fury and the settlements are practically obliterated from end to end. The inhabitants find shelter in caves and food and water is scarce.

There is no doubt that the loss of life is very heavy and the whole countryside is scalded and burnt as if with fire from the terrible driving of the salt water across the land.

In the islands that got the full force of the gale not a trace of green vegetation is to be found.

The government has taken all necessary measures of relief and schooners are being daily despatched laden with supplies for the sufferers.