

ROYAL Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

The Only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar—made from Grapes—

Royal Baking Powder has not its counterpart at home or abroad. Its qualities, which make the food nutritious and healthful, are peculiar to itself and are not constituent in other leavening agents.

PRINCESS ZARA

BY ROSS BEECKMAN.

(Continued.)

She nodded her head, gazing at him intently, but with that same changeless expression of impersonal interest, as if she were listening to the discussion of a third party who was not known to her save by name.

"You will receive more than mine today, and you that every man or woman upon you in behalf of the cause," she said, smiling, "one round of pleasure, and of conquest. Adversity waiting for you on every hand; lovers perhaps—"

"No; not lovers," she interrupted him. "There is no place for them, Saberevski, and a shade of sadness which he attributed to the memory of Stanislaus, clouded her eyes for a moment, but he knew, however, it was no recollection of that young officer of the czar's household, to whom reference has already been made, and to whom Zara was once betrothed, that affected her. It was a deeper and more far-reaching consideration, she brought the expression of pain for an instant into her eyes, and she longed to cry out the truth to her companion, then and there.

Had she done so, her statement would have been something like this:

"There is no room in my heart for a lover, for the reason that the cause I have espoused fills it completely. The people whose wrongs I seek to redress, the victims whose wandering souls cry out for rescue, and who are to be found in Siberia whose fates are too terrible to relate, fill my whole heart and being so completely as to leave no room for personal love."

She would have said that, and much more, but she restrained herself; and she rose to take his departure, and she gave him both her hands, and in a low tone that was full of suppressed feeling, she said to him, at parting:

"Do not think, my friend, that I have failed to appreciate all the goodness of your motives in coming to me today. From my heart I thank you, and if it should be as you say, that we may never meet again, although I see no reason for such a thing, I wish you to know that in parting, Zara de Echeveria admired and esteemed you above all other men of her acquaintance. Good-by."

CHAPTER III.

TWO SHALL BE BORN THE WHOLE WIDE WORLD APART.

We need recite but one other interview which Princess Zara undertook that day. Several follow upon it, and there were many such during her stay of more than a week in New York city.

Many came, were received and went away; and the princess herself was frequently abroad in the streets, or at places of amusement, or was entertained by those who worship at the shrine of nobility.

But there was one who called upon her the evening of the day of Saberevski's interview, to which it is necessary that we should refer. He came at ten o'clock, and was expected, for he was conducted to her presence immediately and was received without question, although it was not immediately plain to an observer that these two had never met before.

The things which they discussed were largely technical, and had to do with the conduct and activities of various nihilistic agents who were scattered about over the world, outside of Russia. He was a man whose name does not appear again in this story, and which therefore need not be mentioned now, but he was nevertheless one well known at the courts of Europe, and on the streets of New York and Washington.

At the end of their discussion and interchange of confidences, when he rose to leave her and she gave him her hand, he said, recurring to the subject of their conversation:

"Princess, if we had others like you, as sincere in their efforts for the betterment of our people, nihilism would soon become the dominant factor of Russian politics, and official oppression would cease to exist. If we had others like you, as good and as beautiful as you are, the czar would abdicate, or would consent to give us a parliament. As it is, the struggle has only just begun, and I greatly fear that neither I nor you, young though you are, will live to see its end."

"Thank you," she said. "I understand thoroughly what you mean. It is true that I am heart and soul in this movement. It is equally true that I am prepared to devote my fortune and my life to an attainment of the ends we seek."

"Are you an extremist?" he asked her.

"We have not touched upon that part of the subject as yet, princess," she hesitated.

"If you mean by that expression, do I seek the life of Alexander? I could answer you in the affirmative without hesitation; but I would have to confess that my desire for vengeance upon him is more of a personal quality, than of a political character. I am mindful of the fact that he cannot destroy a tree by lopping off one of its branches, and whenever a czar is dead, another lives to take his place and to permit the injustices practiced in his name, to continue. He is like the hydra-headed monster of childhood's tales, and another head grows as fast as one may be cut off."

(To Be Continued)

Fashion Hint for Times Readers



DRISSEY GOWN TRIMMED WITH RIBBON.

Greenish is one of the summer materials, and silk striped grenadine in the new boys' jolts, or "daisy rose" color, was used for this calling gown, which shows the slightly fuller skirt, which is coming into favor. A feature of the gown is the trimming of narrow satin ribbon in the boys' jolts shade, the ribbon quilling edging the various sections, which suggest an overlapping effect. The hat is a white chip model, sharply turned up on one side and trimmed with rose pink ostrich tips. The facing underneath is of black velvet—for this year there must be some touch of black in every costume, according to Parisian notion.

ST. JOHN ORGANIZES TO COMBAT WHITE PLAGUE

Local Association Formed Yesterday With Judge McKeown as President—Enthusiastic Meeting in Board of Trade Rooms.

The St. John Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis was successfully organized at a meeting of citizens in the board of trade rooms yesterday afternoon. Hon. H. A. McKeown was elected the first president. The other officers are two vice-presidents, one of them a lady; an executive committee of twelve members, six of them ladies, and a secretary-treasurer. The meeting had been called by Dr. J. W. Daniel, M. P., who was in the chair. He was glad, he said, to see the large and representative gathering, which was proof of the interest taken in the objects of the association. The St. John organization was to co-operate with the provincial association. Bishop Casey had sent a letter regretting his inability to attend and expressing sympathy with the objects aimed at. The chairman was glad to see Rev. Father Chapman, V. G., present as the bishop's representative. Lady Tilley, who was in Woodstock, had sent a letter of sympathy expressing at the same time her willingness to act on the executive.

Rev. David Lang moved that in the opinion of the meeting it was advisable to form the St. John association. He referred to the work being done by the ladies in Halifax and Ottawa in connection with the association and expressed a hope that they might have the same thing in St. John.

The motion was seconded by Dr. George A. Hetherington and carried.

The chairman then asked Dr. Melvin to act as secretary of the meeting and on motion of Dr. J. P. McInerney, M. P., a committee was appointed by the chairman, consisting of Dr. McInerney, Archdeacon Raymond, Mayor Bullock, Mrs. E. A. Smith and Mrs. J. E. Carr, to consider a constitution and by-laws for the organization.

While this committee was in session, Dr. Thos. Walker gave some particulars of his recent visit to New York. The city, he said, was divided into sixteen districts, in each of which there was a clinic or dispensary for the treatment of tuberculosis. Each of these dispensaries was, as a general rule, connected with some hospital. The one he visited was connected with Bellevue. The organization in New York was, he thought, the best for the purpose on the continent. A Canadian doctor was in charge of the Bellevue clinic. Here the patients were thoroughly examined and given advice as to how to take their medicine, as to personal care of themselves, ventilation of their homes, food, etc.

In addition there were three nurses in connection with the institution and they followed up the patients and reported minutely on the cases and their surroundings.

If it was intended to fight the disease in St. John, Dr. Walker continued, a dispensary was necessary, as well as a nurse, and speaking from his own experience he felt sure the public would not be appealed to in vain to provide these. The medical men, he was equally sure, would be found willing to devote their time to the dispensary. He warned those present, however, not to make too much out of the danger attaching to tuberculosis patients, as by so doing they would make those afflicted desperate and in that condition of mind nothing could be done with them.

There was, in addition to the dispensaries or clinics, in New York, a sanatorium on Blackwell's Island, where tuberculosis patients in the advanced stages were taken care of. An old ferry boat had also been pressed into service. The upper deck was fitted up as a school for tuberculosis children and the lower deck for men patients who lived practically out of doors.

Dr. Walker hoped they would soon have a sanatorium in New Brunswick, which would prove a valuable object lesson to the people. The greatest trouble with most people was that they were afraid to open their windows to let in the fresh air for fear of taking cold.

At this point, Dr. McInerney returned and reported that the committee had agreed on a constitution and by-laws. This, with a few minor differences, is the same as that of the Ottawa association. It was read and adopted. The date of the next meeting was fixed as the second Tuesday in November. This will give the St. John association a chance to report to the annual meeting of the provincial organization on the third Tuesday in November.

After appointing a committee for the nomination of officers, of which Dr. Rowley was chairman, Dr. Daniel made a few remarks on the progress of the anti-tuberculosis fight here. He also quoted from the report of the Ottawa association. Within the nine months covered by the report, sixty-seven cases were reported in the federal capital. Of these twenty-one died, fifteen were much improved, and seven were regarded as completely cured.

The remainder were sent to hospitals or sanatoriums. Dr. Daniel laid emphasis on the importance of the work done by the association in looking after the sanitary surroundings of the patients. While the aim was to cure as far as possible all affected persons, it was equally important to protect those unaffected. A great deal of nourishing food was supplied by the Ottawa association to patients too poor to pay for it, and tents were erected in vacant lots around the city where cases were taken care of. The association had been in existence for months had collected \$1,000 and closed the year with a balance of \$326 on hand.

A long step had been taken in the right direction in this province, he said, when the legislature had appropriated \$15,000 to be expended as a commission appointed to inquire into the whole matter might think fit.

The chairman also called attention to the amendment to the public health act, which required physicians to report all tuberculosis cases to the local board of health and said he was sure the board would disintegrate premises in which cases had existed, as they did in other contagious diseases.

The nominating committee then reported as follows: Hon. H. A. McKeown, president; Dr. Murray MacLaren, Mrs. David McEellan, vice-presidents; Dr. G. G. Melvin, secretary-treasurer; Lady Tilley, Mrs. Thomas H. Bullock, Mrs. J. P. McInerney, Mrs. E. A. Smith, Mrs. W. W. White, Miss G. W. Leavitt, Very Rev. W. F. Chapman, V. G.; W. S. Fisher, Dr. S. Skinner, Thomas Gorman, Dr. F. L. Kenney and E. L. Rising, executive committee.

Boils and Pimples

Are caused entirely by the blood being in an impure condition, and the quickest and simplest way to get rid of them is to take a few bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters.

This purely vegetable remedy has cured thousands of cases of these painful and unsightly troubles during the past thirty years.

Mr. S. J. Weir, River-view, Ont., writes:—"Last summer I had nineteen boils on my neck and back. I was off work for over two weeks. I took every thing I could think of but to no effect. I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters and before I had used half the bottle the boils were gone. I took the rest of it, however, and I have not had a boil since."

Mrs. W. J. Cranston, St. Mary's, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with pimples on my face for a couple of years and tried a good deal of patent medicine, but they were not of much use. Finally I used four bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters and am now entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers.
The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Torturing, Blinding Headaches Cured
—absolutely cured—by GIN PILLS.

Ninety per cent of the Headaches—that drive women almost mad—are caused by Kidney Trouble. Heavy housework, washing, sweeping,—strain the back and weaken the kidneys.

It is the duty of the kidneys to take uric acid out of the blood. When these organs are inflamed, weakened, uric acid stays in the blood and is carried all over the body. It inflames the delicate tissues of the brain and spinal cord at the back of the neck, causing excruciating Headaches.

Gin Pills cure these Headaches because they cure the kidneys.

Williamsdale East, May 9.
I cannot refrain from writing you of the benefits I have received from Gin Pills. Before taking Gin Pills I had suffered dreadfully with my back and Headaches and had suffered for 20 years. I have tried almost everything but got no relief until I got Gin Pills. I have taken 6 boxes and now I feel a step of a pain or an ache. I am now as well as I ever felt in my life.
Mrs. MILLANOR P. RIPLEY.

Take Gin Pills on our positive guarantee of a cure or money back. If, after taking 6 boxes of Gin Pills, you feel no benefits, write us to that effect and we will refund your money through your druggist. Gin Pills are sold by all dealers at 50c. or 6 boxes for \$2.50 or sent direct if your druggist can't supply them.

Dept. U National Drug & Chemical Co., Limited, Toronto.
Formerly Made By The Dole Drug Co., Winnipeg. 115

DELEGATES TO PRESBYTERIAL

List of the Visitors and Where They Will Be Entertained While Here.

Delegates to the St. John Presbyterian, which will be in session here today, Wednesday and Thursday, are already arriving. A list of the delegates is here given. The meetings will be held in St. Andrew's church. The meetings this evening and Wednesday will be open to the public and interesting programmes have been prepared and there will be morning and afternoon sessions on Wednesday and Thursday, beginning at 9.30 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. Resident ladies are cordially invited to attend.

The visiting missionaries are Dr. Kate McMillan and Rev. D. W. McRae of Corea, and Mrs. A. W. Thompson and Rev. J. A. Scrimger of Trinidad. The visiting delegates and their homes while in St. John are:

Mrs. Howard E. Beach, Honeydale, Towerhill, guest of Mrs. Angus, 161 Leinster street.

Miss Minnie Smith, Moncton, guest of Mrs. A. D. Smith, 209 Charlotte street.

Miss Winnie Smith, Moncton, guest of Mrs. E. Phillips, Goodrich street.

Mrs. P. P. Peacock, Mrs. Pearson, Mrs. Sharp, Lower Millstream, at Mrs. Flemming's, 69 Hazen street.

Mrs. Dalting, Mrs. Donald Munro, Woodstock, at Mrs. Seeds', 145 Duke street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Clark, Milton, at Mrs. Finley's, 171 Charlotte street.

Mrs. Wm. Craig, Upper Williamsbury, Cross Creek, at Mrs. Russ', 233 Germain street.

Mrs. M. J. McPherson, Mrs. S. B. Hunter, Harvey Station, at Miss Armstrong's, 27 Dorchester street.

Miss Lily Frazer, Mrs. D. McN. Clark, Miss Lily Semple, Mrs. D. Moore, Mrs. M. Baird, Chipman, at Mrs. C. N. Bell's, 95 Coburg street.

Mrs. J. R. Flemming, Hartland, guest at Mrs. C. B. Allan, 152 Sydney street.

Mrs. Murchie, Mrs. Allan McDougall, Kirkland, at Mrs. Finley's, 171 Charlotte street.

Mrs. J. McKay, St. George, at Mrs. Heans' Paradise Row.

Miss J. Campbell, St. Stephen, at Miss I. W. Scott's, St. John, west.

Mrs. Thomas Baker, Woodstock, at Mrs. Bowers', 19 Canterbury street.

Mrs. Merrithew, McKenzie Corner, at Miss Bell Morrison's, George street, St. John, west.

Miss Lily Wilson, Glasville, at Mrs. Crawford's, 71 Dorchester street.

Mrs. W. C. Knight, Humphrey's Mills, at Miss Armstrong's, 47 Sydney street.

Mrs. A. W. Mahon, Mrs. N. Cockburn, St. Andrews, at Mrs. Estey's, 141 Orange street.

Miss Madge Kelly, Miss Jennie Belmont, Fredericton, the guests of Miss Reed, Mt. Pleasant.

Miss Nellie Blackie, Mrs. S. S. Miller, Upper Brighton, at Mrs. Allingham's, corner Union and Dorchester streets.

Mrs. Thomas Hoyt, Woodstock, the guest of Miss Bell Morrison, George street, west.

Mrs. Murray, Sussex, the guest of Mrs. E. Phillips, Goodrich street.

Miss Ethel Ward, Chipman, the guest of Mrs. Dixon, 300 City Road.

Mrs. W. Gilliland, Hampton, at Mrs. Estey's, 141 Orange street.

Mrs. W. B. Logan, Moncton, at Miss Armstrong's, 47 Sydney street.

Mrs. A. B. Dickie, Sackville, the guest of Mrs. Gordon Dickie, Garden street.

Mrs. McFarlane, Fredericton, at the King's Daughters', Chipman Hill.

Mrs. Robert Blancy, Little Ridgerton, with friends.

Mrs. I. P. Forsythe, Little Ridgerton, with friends.

Mrs. Barbara Walker, Woodstock, with friends.

Mrs. Ada Marks, Moncton, with friends.

Mrs. C. T. Purdy, Moncton, with friends.

Mrs. James Ferguson, Mrs. Henry Baird, Mrs. Annie McCavour, Mrs. Samuel Galbraith, Lorneville, with friends.

Miss Emma L. Duncan, Sackville, with friends.

Mrs. Charles Everett, St. Andrews, the guest of Mrs. E. A. Smith.

Canada will not longer day for OTTAWA CLERKS

Department Employees Must Now Work From 9. a. m. Until 5 p. m. With Liberal Lunch Time.

Ottawa, May 31.—The government has decided that the Ottawa civil servants will have to put in more time at the jobs for which they draw pay.

A general order has been made that all government employees will have to report for duty at 9 o'clock in the morning and continue on duty until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, with an hour and a half for lunch.

At present many have not reported until 9.30 or 10 o'clock, have enjoyed a two-hours lunch recess, and have quit at 4 or 4.30.

There is unprecedented activity in building at Ottawa. Last month permits were issued for buildings to the value of \$500,000. This is a new record.

The closing down of Ottawa saw mills, caused by extremely high water, has already caused a loss of \$50,000 to the wage-earners, and though the water is falling this amount will be greatly exceeded before the mills will be able to resume operations.

Earl Grey will sail for England on June 6. Countess Grey will remain in Canada and will entertain Lady Aberdeen, who is coming to attend the council of women meeting in Toronto.

CANADA WILL NOT LONGER DAY FOR OTTAWA CLERKS

The Opinion is That the Increases in the American Tariff Will Affect United States More Than This Country.

Ottawa, May 31.—The new United States tariff which is rounding into shape in the senate committee has reached a definite point and the Ottawa authorities are beginning to give it attention.

The Payne tariff increases on oysters, hops and potatoes will not make much difference to Canada's trade, as the tariff was previously so severe that practically no business was done with the United States in these commodities. The only place that is likely to be affected is New Brunswick in the matter of potatoes, a considerable business having been worked up in the Boston potato market, which the increase from twenty-five to forty-five cents a bushel may affect and send the New Brunswick potatoes to the Montreal market.

Canada is more interested in the coal, wheat and lumber duties. The opportunity afforded by the Payne tariff for reciprocity in coal is likely to be a fertile subject for debate at the next session.

The continuance of duties on wheat has led to the philosophical opinion that the United States will be chiefly affected at present and in future will be compelled by demand to lower the tariff bars, as Canada has these commodities and the United States will grant them more and more American millers are taking a good deal of Canadian hard wheat at present and the demand will steadily increase. The Canadian government will take no step in retaliation against the new American tariff but will wait for time and demand to bring Canada's revenge and in the meantime the dominion will continue to cultivate the British and colonial markets as has been so successfully done during the past ten years.

Rheumatism promptly, driven from the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy. Rub-on's never did cure Rheumatism. The blood must be reached—and Dr. Shoop's Remedy is made expressly for the blood. Test it and see! Sold by all Druggists.

SPOLIING THE POETRY OF IT. Bert—You know that you are all the world to me? Bessie—I know that you are, but you need money the worst way.

CLEARLY DEFINED. Dinks—What is your idea of a dude? Winks—A dude is a young gentleman who tries to behave in a ladylike manner.

The Times Daily Puzzle Picture



STRANGE. A snake in a popular zoo. Tried to swallow a goat or two. The goat made a splutter. "I thought that the butter would melt in his mouth," said the gnu. Find another goat. ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE. Left side down, between two figures.

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CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
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