The Evening Times.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY, 22, 1909.

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THE EVENING TIMES
THE DAILY TELEGRAPH

New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers

These papers advocate:

British Connection

Honesty in Public Life

Measures for the Material Progress and Moral Advancement of our Great Dominion.

No Graft

No Deals

"The Shamrock, Thistle, Rose entwine
The Maple Leaf forever."

THE GLOBE APPROVES

Premier Hazen has the voluminous approval of the St. John Globe, a whole column of it, in fact, in his policy of "investigating" officials who are Liberals. Rarely does the Globe consider a subject worthy of editorial treatment at such great length, and Mr. Hazen is no doubt duly grateful. But the readers of the Globe do not forget that Mr. Hazen publicly admitted that he was placed in power by Liberal votes, and that he has a Liberal colleague in his cabinet. Why, then, should he pursue office holders who were Liberals and overlook those who were Conservatives? The Telegraph very properly reminds the Globe that certain Liberals were reported to have been slated for dismissal without enquiry, but Governor Tweedie stood in the way. The Liberals of the province are now convinced that Mr. Hazen will injure them politically at every turn, and that in this course he will have the approval of the St. John Globe.

CONCERNING MUSH

An obscure 4-page sheet styled the County News, quotes the following editorial paragraph from a recent issue of the Times:—

"A correspondent of the Globe refers to the loss of revenue from license, the loss of employment for bar-tenders and others in the liquor trade, the loss of rent of houses, etc., as results that would follow prohibition. In reply it may be pointed out that all the licenses, all the wages, all the house rent of those engaged in the traffic is paid out of money passed over the bar. If the bar were abolished that money would not disappear. It would still be here. The liquor traffic produces nothing of money value. It is a parasite."

Commenting on this statement the County News says:

"This is pure mush—mere assertion—not argument at all. It is the kind of twaddle that prohibitions delight in but is no answer to the statement that the enactment of a prohibitory law would increase the taxes of the people of St. John at least $40,000, and perhaps more. Such a law would render vacant a large number of shops and dwellings and would decrease the earnings of all classes of real estate."

The statement made by The Times remains true. If five hundred men came into St. John, rented houses, took out licenses, opened bar-rooms and engaged help, not one of those men could pay his rent, pay for his license, pay his help, his taxes and living expenses unless he took the money over the bar for liquor. If the city had no saloons it would still have the money that keeps them up, and the taxation bugbear is the weakest argument ever advanced against prohibition.

A careful scrutiny of the columns of the County News, it may be observed, reveals the advertisements of six liquor firms.

THE BIG BROTHER

It is the habit of statesmen, politicians and journalists in the United States to represent the republic as the elder brother of the little republics to the south, eager to advance their interests and protect them from the greed of the effete monarchies of decadent Europe.

Having this thought in mind, one experiences a rude shock on reading the "Petition to His Excellency President Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, from the Merchants, Bankers and Business men of Colon and Panama, in the Republic of Panama."

This petition is in the form of a booklet of some 17 pages, setting forth in cold type the fact that Panama is not getting a "square deal" from its big brother. It declares that "many abuses have arisen in connection with the Isthmian Canal Commission and the Panama Railroad Company which, if not speedily stopped, will ruin the commerce of Panama and destroy the independence which the United States is pledged to maintain."

This is a strong indictment, and one which should give pause to the spread-eagle orators of the United States congress. These business men charge that "treaty rights have been violated, and grievous harm done to the interests of Panama and its merchants." Not only so, but it must be confessed that they make out a very strong case, which should appeal to the American sense of fair play and lead to a radical change in the conduct of American affairs in Panama.

What is called the Hay-Bunau Varilla treaty between the United States and Panama contains this clause:—

The United States may import at any time into the said canal zone and auxiliary lands, free of customs duties, imposts, taxes or other charges, and without any restrictions, any and all vessels, dredges, engines, cars, machinery, tools, explosives, materials, supplies and other articles necessary and convenient in the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said canal and auxiliary works; and all provisions, medicines, clothing, supplies and other things necessary and convenient for the officers, employes, workmen and laborers in the employ of the United States, and their families."

This clause the statesmen of Panama in their innocence interpreted as relating only to necessaries, and not to luxuries, and not to supplies for other than persons employed by the United States. In actual practice they find that it is stretched to cover every description of goods, which are imported free of duty to compete with the wares of Panama merchants in general trade. These goods are sold to others than employes of the United States. Although it was stipulated that goods to be duty free must come from the United States, large quantities of European goods are brought in and sold cheaper than the same goods are sold in the United States. The system tends to create a monopoly for the American commissary stores, to the great injury of Panama merchants. Not only so, but the Panama Railroad Company, whose stock is owned in the United States, discriminates against Panama merchants and corporations. Again the system of payment of United States employes is such as to make them practically dependent upon the commissary stores. The canal commission even went into the hotel business, and operates a half million dollar hotel at an actual loss estimated at over $2,000 per month. Native hostelries have to meet this competition. In the city of Panama the commission runs a free bus between the railroad station and the centre of the city, and has practically gone into the livery stable business with disastrous effect upon native enterprise. It also went into the steam laundry business, not merely to serve its employes, but others, at rates which defy native competition. There is also a practical coal monopoly, and at every point native enterprise finds itself confronted by a competition which is backed by the treasury of the United States, and has a most disastrous effect upon local business. The petition to President Roosevelt asks that the terms of the Hay-Bunau Varilla treaty be strictly adhered to, and justice done to the business interests of Panama.

Naturally the Americans who profit by the system have prepared a counter petition. They pretend that the system is essential to the well-being of Americans in Panama. It remains to be seen whether the American people as a whole will consent to be a party to the policy of plunder, now that it has been so effectually exposed.

There is much in the pastoral of his lordship Bishop Casey which others as well as the members of his own congregation may well take to heart. His warning against "the soul-killing and body-destroying evils of intemperance in drink," is especially worthy of attention. The growing evil of perjury, and the utterly foolish as well as wicked habit of using profane language do not shock the community as they should. A protest and warning against the inordinate love of pleasure, in a world where so much of suffering cries out for the heart of sympathy and the hand of relief, should not fall upon unheeding ears, nor should the appeal for well-directed and heartfelt effort for the good of others. Due heed to his lordship's utterances would materially change social conditions in St. John in a very brief space of time.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

Tomorrow evening the great mass meeting to launch the campaign against tuberculosis will be held in the opera house. A strong association will doubtless be organized. The movement should command popular sympathy and support. The Ottawa despatches show that the new bill respecting immigration will go far to protect Canada from the influx of undesirables. In this matter the government is pursuing a wise course, that commends itself to the whole country.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

Boston has had a great revival—among church goers. Now that it is over the visitor to the theatres, saloons, gambling houses and dives would find them all doing a flourishing business, as usual. Their patrons did not attend the meetings in the churches.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

A company proposes to attempt to utilize the immense power of the tides of the Bay of Fundy. Some day, doubtless, this vast energy will be harnessed, to make these provinces the home of countless industries.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

Amateur skaters who want $75 expenses in addition to the honor and pleasure of competing in championship events make one more kindly disposed toward the professional pot-hunter.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

Those business men of the Atlantic states who are forming a company to advertise and exploit the farm lands of the east set an example that might be followed with profit on this side of the border.

Stores close at 6 p. m. St. John, Feb. 22, 1909.

MEN'S PANTS, Regular $2.50 to $3.50, For $1.98

In addition to our February Suit Sale we are selling Trousers and many other lines of Clothing and Furnishings at greatly reduced prices to clear, and they are being picked up readily by those who know what an opportunity for saving our February sale means. If you have not already been here, you should come at least for a pair of these pants.

Men's Regular $2.50 to $3.50 Pants - - For **$1.98**

This is a good time to order a new Spring Suit.

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing & Tailoring, 199 to 207 Union St.

SUBURBANITES AND OTHERS

Can get nice shoes for summer wear at remarkably low prices in our

FEBRUARY SALE

Call and see these bargains.

WOMEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER BALS, sizes 2, 5 1-2 and 6 regular price $4.50; NOW $3.15.

WOMEN'S KID BALS, PATENT TIPS, WELTED SOLES, CUBAN HEELS, sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, regular price $3.50; NOW $2.20.

WOMEN'S PATENT KID BALS, "Queen Quality," sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2, 6, 6 1-2, regular price $4.00; NOW $2.85.

WOMEN'S KID "QUEEN QUALITY" OXFORDS, Self Tips, Light Flexible Soles, sizes 2 1-2, 3 and 4, regular price $3.00; NOW $1.85

WOMEN'S TAN CALF OXFORDS, "Queen Quality," sizes 3 and 6, regular price $3.75. NOW $2.25.

WOMEN'S CHOCOLATE KID OXFORDS, Welted Soles, Military Heels, sizes 2 1-2, 3 and 5, regular price $3.00, NOW $2.10.

FOOT FITTERS **McRobbie** 94 KING STREET.

EVER-READY 12 Bladed SAFETY RAZOR

This is the original Dollar Safety Razor, and the equal of the best at any price, when it comes to shaving merits.

Price $1.00

Extra Blades —There is no thin blade more capable of its shaving mission than the **Ever-Ready Blade.**

12 For 75 cents

Razors or Blades Mailed to any Address at Above Prices.



Emerson & Fisher, Ltd,
25 GERMAIN STREET

HERRING--HALL--MARVIN SAFES
INSPECT THEM AT OUR SALESROOM
The Canadian Fairbanks Co.,
58 Water Street

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN
Strings, Violin Bows, American Clocks, $1.00 each.
Marbles and Glassies, all sizes Wall Papers
all grades at
WATSON & CO.'S.,
Cor. Charlotte and Union Sts.
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

Tooth Brushes for the Multitude
—KIND,
—SIZE,
—PRICE.
There is just what the particular person wants. It's wise to be particular, too! The very first time you need a new one see us for "all round" satisfaction.
"Reliable" ROBB The Prescription Druggist 137 CHARLOTTE ST.

Men's Fleece-Lined Shirts and Drawers
Good Heavy Weight, 50 cts.
Boys' Fleeced Shirts and Drawers
ALL SIZES NOW IN STOCK.
Cashmere and Wool Socks, 25c. | **Wetmore, Garden St.** | Lots of 25 cent Neckties

Ferguson & Page
Jewelers
Watchmakers
and Opticians
41 KING STREET

GREAT TRUTHS GREATLY WON

Great truths are dearly bought; the common truth,
Such as men give and take from day to day,
Comes in the common walks of early life,
Blown by the careless wind across our way.

Great truths are greatly won, and formed by chance,
Not wafted on the breath of summer dream;
But grasped in the great struggle of the soul,
Hard buffeting with adverse wind and stream;

Won in the day of conflict, fear and grief,
When the strong hand of God, put forth in might,
Ploughs up the subsoil of the stagnant heart,
And brings the imprisoned truth-seed to the light.

Wrung from the troubled spirit in hard hours
Of weakness, solicitude, perchance of pain.
Truth springs, like harvest, from the well-ploughed field,
And the soul feels it has not wept in vain.

—Blackwood's Magazine.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

AT THE THEATRE.

(Punch.)

She—Most improbable. There's been a lapse of two years since the previous act—and they've got the same servant!

A BIPED.

(Boston Transcript.)

"Mamma, what is a biped."
"Anything, Willie, that goes on two legs."
"A pair of overstockings, mamma?"

BURDENSOME.

(Puck.)

Mrs. De Flashleigh (dressing for charity ball)—I suppose I'll have to wear all my diamonds, Livingstone?

Mr. De Flashleigh—Do as you please, dear, but if they fatigue you, don't expect me to lug them around.

PECULIAR DISEASE.

(The Sketch.)

The doctor (to patient who is married to a wife who is wealthy, but about twice his age and the possessor of a temper that makes his life unbearable)—You know, my dear sir, you're suffering from a very peculiar disease, "matrimonial dyspepsia." Your wife's too rich—she doesn't agree with you.

FARE PLAY.

'Tis wrong to skin the street car folk
By using transfers old;
An act like that is not a joke,
But criminally bold.
But, take it on the other score;
Why, it's all right, you bet,
For them to take the full fare for
The seat you do not get.
—Indianapolis News.

GOT WORK.

Kind Old Lady—"Have you ever made an effort to get work?"

Tramp—"Yes, ma'am. Last month I got work for two members of my family, but neither of them would take it."

HIS PRICE.

Jones (very cross)—"Throw that thing away, do."

Brown (very happy)—"Look here, I don't often give ten cents for a cigar, but when I do—"

Jones—"You get five cents change!"

STUDIOUS.

"There are some things a man can be too studious in."
"What, for instance?"
"Race horse dope."

THE PRICE OF PEACE.

"I see that Mrs. Brown has had another quarrel with her husband."
"How do you know?"
"She's got a new dress."

COLD.

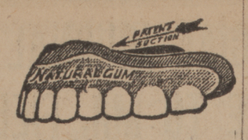
A hand to mouth existence is
A tough one, it appears;
But when the wintry blasts blow cold,
Rich man and poor man, we behold
Are living hand to ears.

LABOR SAVING.

"That's a handsome dog you keep," said a wayfaring man to the proprietor of a Highland inn where he was lately sojourning.

"Aye, aye," was the appreciative reply; "an' he will be a useful dog as well. I haven't washed a plate since I got him, whatever."

Full Set $4.00



We have a scientific formula which renders the extraction of teeth absolutely without pain. We fit teeth without plates, and, if you desire, we can, by a new method, do this work without resorting to the use of gold crowns or unsightly gold bands about the necks of the teeth. No cutting off the natural teeth or painful grinding.

Gold Crowns .....$3 and $5
Bridge Work .....$3 and $5
Teeth Without Plate .....$3 and $5
Gold Filling .....$1 up
Other Filling .....50 cents

The King Dental Parlors
Corner Charlotte and South Market sts.
DR. EDSON M. WILSON, - Prop.

We have just opened our
New Restaurant
at 86 Germain Street, opposite Church Street
New Chef, New Waitresses and best of satisfaction. Open day and night. Give us a try.
SCAMMELL'S
Phone 1113

Bargains in Men's Gun Metal Calf Laced Boots

"W. L. Douglas" gun metal calf, Goodyear welt, heavy sole, Blucher cut laced boot, regular $5.00 line. . *$4.00*

"Astoria" gun metal calf, Goodyear welt, medium sole, Blucher cut, laced boot, regular $5.00 line, . *$4.00*

Store closes at 7.

Francis & Vaughan
19 King Street

PROVINCIAL NEWS

New Brunswick

Andrew Johnson, a young man who started in the photograph business at Campbellton, has disappeared, leaving a missive in which he spoke of destroying himself, but he is known to have left the town with a $300 camera and lenses which he secured on credit.

A news agent who was arrested for selling obscene cards on the I. C. R. trains out of Campbellton, was given a month in jail at Rimouski, Que. David Allan, a printer, of Montreal, who has been supplying news agents with the cards, was arrested.

Thursday morning a special going west narrowly averted killing a man at Bartibogue. The train was proceeding at the usual rate when the engineer saw a man throw himself on the track a short distance ahead. The air brake was applied and the train brought to a standstill only a few feet from the man, who remained perfectly quiet. The train crew picked him up and took him on board, where it was found his name was Branch, formerly of Bathurst, but lately returned from the west. He made an attempt to cut his throat with a pocket knife, and not succeeding thought to let the train kill him.

Jasimiro Tabbelli, the Italian navvy who was killed in the dynamite explosion on the G. T. P. construction, near Canaan, was buried on Saturday at Moncton.

J. P. Weir, of Moncton, in getting off a train at Chipman on Friday, sprained his ankle.

M. C. Lockhart, fuel inspector of the I. C. R., is testing a new coal, termed the Joggins Mines new slope. The experiment is being made between St. John and Moncton, and though it has yet to be handled on long runs, it appears to be satisfactory. The inspector came to St. John on Saturday to investigate the quality in operation here.

William Fahey, of Bass River, Kent county, is at St. Isidore, Gloucester county, in connection with the coal mine being opened there. Mr. Fahey is associated with John Fearon, M. Vanbuskirk and the Robertson Brothers. The government steam drill has been at work there for some time. At present a seam of 30 inches has been found which at the water's edge crops out at 15 inches. The company feel assured of having a valuable property.

Nova Scotia

Harry Davis, of Windsor, an employe of the Burrell-Johnson Iron Co., at Yarmouth, met with a serious accident on Thursday. One of his feet got jammed in a planer and it was so seriously injured that partial amputation was performed.

Thomas Cozzolino, James McVey, and W. F. Jennison, C. E., M. E., drove out to the East Bay, C. B., gypsum quarries for a general inspection of the holdings of the company in that section. Mr. Jennison was detailed by the provincial government, and a man named P. M. Bank is in charge and will operate the drill.

H. H. Jost, of the Sydney Cement Co., and Mrs. Jost, left Sydney on Thursday for St. John.

The Albert Mfg., Co. of Hillsboro, N. B., are reopening operations a McKinnon's Harbor, C. B. Last year about 1,500 tons of gypsum were quarried out for shipment by water, but as the harbor was not navigable until dredged, the work had to be suspended. The dredging was done in the fall and activity is expected in the plaster line as soon as spring opens. Three miles of railway will be made, and when summer comes, the company expects to be ready for shipment. At present their superintendent, Mr. Steeves, is quarrying some on different properties, which will be shipped first for testing purposes.

The Dominion colliery suspended work on Thursday owing to a break in the main shaft of the haulage engine.

A convention of tbhe United Mine Workers of America will be opened in Sydney on March 2. Officers will be elected and the province formally formed into a district. A representative on the National Executive Board will also be chosen.

Dr. Morrison, of Dominion, C. B., was bitten by a bulldog, which also tore his Daley's Lake, near Sandy Cove, Digby cauterized.

An accident occurred on Thursday night to a party of ladies who were coasting on Pine street, Dartmouth, in which two received very painful injuries; Miss G. Clarke sustaining a broken ankle, whilst Miss M. White had he face cut and swollen. The party lost control of the toboggan whilst descending the hill, and it collided with an electric light post.

While ice races were in progress at Daley's Lake, near Sandy Cove, Digby Co., recently a valuable horse named Max, owned by Dr. Rice suddenly reared and falling backward struck his head with such force that he was killed almost instantly.

The schooner Kernwood left St. John at nine o'clock on Wednesday morning and arrived in Yarmouth at seven in the evening, which is considered a rapid trip. She is now fitting out for a halibut trip and will start out about the middle of this week.

The Wentworth, N. S., gypsum quarries are started again and an extra number of hands were placed on the work this week. Messrs. J. B. King & Co. have received large orders from France for the plaster which has given the impetus to the present movement.

It is understood that Argyle municipality is vigorously resisting the application of Tusket Wedge for incorporation. Both points are in Yarmouth county.

The funeral of Charles Denison Brown, president of the Charles D. Brown Company, Inc., of Boston, took place at his home 51 Summer street, Salem, last week. Rev. George L. Parker officiated, and there were many business men of Boston and Salem in attendance. The burial was in Harmony Grove. Mr. Brown belonged to Yarmouth, and was born in 1846. His mother was a sister of the late Hon. Herbert Huntingdon. For years he was a shipmaster in Yarmouth, and 25 years ago went to Boston, where he established a paper manufacturing business.

John F. Nickerson, harbor master of Clark's Harbor, is calling for better buoy service in the harbor, seconded by captains of steamers and coasters. Two years ago three can-buoys were supplied, but they were small and leaky. Two of them shortly went adrift. The remaining one is next to useless. The spar buoys, having seen twenty years' service, are water-soaked, moss-grown and worm-eaten, scarcely floating at all. A large can-buoy is required at Split Rock and one at each end of the Kelp Ledge also.

J. J. Lane arrived in Clark's Harbor from Boston, Thursday last to perfect arrangements for the fish cold storage plant and glue works, which it has been decided to locate at Clark's Harbor. According to the blue-print plans, which have been elaborated with great care, these works will comprise four buildings, two of which will be over 100 feet each in length and several stories high.

SAVED A CHINAMAN

The Imperial Merchant Service Guild have lately laid before the Royal Humane Society the case of Mr. P. Shearer, second officer of the S. S. "Hangchow" belonging to Messrs. John Swire & Sons, and trading on the coast of China.

It appears that at the end of October last, whilst the crew of the steamer were being mustered, a Chinese quarter-master was accidently knocked overboard. The vessel was lying in Wuhu Harbor at the time, and Mr. Shearer immediately plunged in to the rescue. There was grave danger in doing so, for a five-knot current was running and the river was two miles wide. A boat was at once put out, but it took half an hour to rescue the two men, who were picked up a mile away from the ship. Both were in an extremely exhausted condition and were only brought around with the utmost difficulty.

The full facts were reported to the Guild as stated, and they have now received from the Royal Humane Society the Bronze Medal, together with a Testimonial on Vellum, signed by the Prince of Wales, as President of the society, for the presentation of Mr. Shearer.

France's new bank note will justify a term often applied to these engravings—"a veritable picture." It is to be printed in no less than four colors. The painter Luc-Oliver Mason has just finished the design. His picture is of a group representing Labor and Wisdom.

SPECIAL SERVICES IN CITY CHURCHES

J. Ritchie Bell's concluding services in Queen Square Methodist church yesterday were attended by large numbers and were very successful. In the evening there was scarcely room in the building to accommodate those who wished to enter.

In the morning the evangelist's subject was Heaven. The text was John xiv, 2 and 3, "In My Father's House are many mansions." Mr. Bell said that Heaven was a place which was provided for a specially prepared people. It was above men, he continued, was God's dwelling place and man's home. The attraction of an earthly home did not consist in the furniture or carpets but in the personality of those met there. Just so the joys of heaven would be largely due to those met there.

Heaven would be a place of never failing joy. "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes." It would also be a place of increased knowledge where "we shall know even as we have been known." Men should know each other there and therein should consist the fulness of their joy. Further, if men are prepared for the bliss of heaven Christ had promised to take them there Himself.

In the afternoon, Mr. Bell addressed the Sunday school, and at the conclusion many of those present signified their intention to live the Christian life.

In the evening the subject was "Going Away—to Whom—to What—to Whither." Mr. Bell spoke from the story of the young ruler who came to Christ to ask what he must do to inherit eternal life. The young man was very rich, and when Christ pointed out to him the obstacles which stood between him and heaven he turned and went away "exceeding sorrowful."

On this story Mr. Bell based his appeal to the people to accept the salvation so freely offered to them, and not to allow anything, however dear it might seem, to stand in their way. At the close, those who had expressed conversion during the meetings—about forty in number—went out to the front where the evangelist delivered to them a short but earnest farewell address exhorting them to stand fast and allow nothing to come between them and Christ.

The special services conducted in the Main street Baptist church continue very successfully. There were large congregations yesterday, particularly in the evening. An auxiliary choir assisted. In the after service twelve people manifested their intention of living a Christian life. Rev. C. W. Townsend will continue the services each evening this week except Saturday. There will be special music by members of the choir, and the introduction of several of the hymns sung at the recent Boston revival campaign.

The special services in Victoria street United Baptist church are proving very successful. The pastor, Rev. B. H. Nobles, is assisted in the work by Rev. B. Beatteay. A number of candidates were baptized at the morning service yesterday. The services will be continued this week.

GOVERNMENT SHOULD GRANT PROHIBITION

Rev. S. Howard addressed the Thorne Lodge meeting held yesterday afternoon in the Haymarket square hall. D. C. Fisher presided. The programme consisted of a duet by Mrs. M. A. Thorne and A. H. Patterson, and a temperance reading by Mr. Wasson. These numbers were very much appreciated.

Rev. Mr. Howard spoke of his sympathy with the work of Thorne Lodge and said that agitation along temperance lines was still needed. Part of the scripture read in the exercises spoke of bearing one another's burdens. This was the duty of Christians and was the force that led temperance people who were to some extent untouched personally by the ravages of the drink evil, to work against it.

Gladstone said that the duty of government was to make it as easy as possible for men to do right, and as hard as possible for men to do wrong. With this definition of their duty before them, the speaker asked what was the course for the government of today to pursue after being asked by the people for prohibition. There was only one action for them, and that was to grant the prayer of the people.

Regarding the ill effects of the liquor traffic, Mr. Howard said they were evident every day—poverty, crime and disease.

An eloquent address was closed by a statement that conditions must change soon, and the country be relieved of this traffic.

Hon. Robt. Maxwell will address the meeting on next Sunday.

HIS FATE.

Husband (holding up a lot of bills)—Here's the devil to pay

Wife (sweetly)—Don't let him worry you. You can settle with him hereafter.

VERY LOUD SOMETIMES.

Tom—Is that heiress a good conversationalist?

Dick—My boy, money always talks.