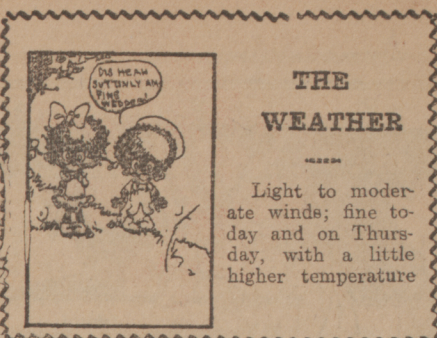




The Evening Times.



VOL. V. No. 285

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1909

EIGHT PAGES—ONE CENT

JUDGES' WORK AT SUSSEX

Prize Winners in Classes Where Judging Has Been Completed—Sheep Exhibit not a Success

Sussex, N. B., Sept. 8.—(Special)—The prize list so far as the judges have advanced for their work is as follows:—

SHEEP

LEISTERS-COTSWOLDS
Shelving ram—Mrs. H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Lamb ram—Mrs. H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Pair ewes, 2 years up—H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Pair ewe shewings—H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Pair ewe lambs—H. B. Parlee, 1st.

SHROPSHIRE, OXFORD AND CHEVIOT

Ram over 2 years—J. E. McAuley, 1st.
John H. King, 2nd.
Ram shearing—John H. King, 1st; W. J. King, 2nd.
Ram shearing lamb—John H. King, 1st; W. J. King, 2nd.
Pair ewes, 2 years up—W. J. King, 1st.
Pair ewes, shearings—John H. King, 1st.
Pair ewe lambs—J. E. McAuley, 1st; W. J. King, 2nd.

GRADES.

Pair ewes 2 years up—J. E. McAuley, 1st; J. E. McAuley, 2nd.
Pair ewes shewings—John H. King, 1st; John H. King, 2nd.
Pair ewe lambs—J. E. McAuley, 1st; John H. King, 2nd.

Andrew Elliott of Galt was the judge on sheep and he remarks as follows: "Am sorry to say that the exhibit of sheep was not a success, either in point of numbers nor quality. More attention should be paid to this desirable industry."

CATTLE

GURNEY.

Glen View Farm, Walter McMonagle, took all firsts in the Gurnsey line.

JERSEYS.

Bull, 3 years up—Walter McMonagle, 1st.
Bull, 2 years up—Robert Robinson, 1st.
Bull, 1 year up—Robert Robinson, 1st and 2nd; Walter McMonagle, 2nd.
Bull, 1 year, junior—Robert Robinson, 1st; Walter McMonagle, 2nd.
Calf under one year—Robert Robinson, 1st; Walter McMonagle, 2nd; Robert Robinson, 3rd.
Calf, six months or under—Walter McMonagle, 1st.
Bull any age—Walter McMonagle, diploma.

Dry cow, 4 years or over—Robert Robinson, 1st; Walter McMonagle, 2nd.
Dry cow 3 years or over—Robert Robinson, 1st; Walter McMonagle, 2nd.
Cow four years or over—Robert Robinson, 1st and 3rd; Walter McMonagle, 2nd and 4th.

Cow three years—Walter McMonagle 1st; Robert Robinson, 2nd.
Cow two years old—Walter McMonagle, 1st.

Heifer two years old—Walter McMonagle, 1st.
Heifer one year old—Robert Robinson, 1st and 2nd; Walter McMonagle, 3rd.
Heifer one year junior—Robert Robinson, 1st; Walter McMonagle, 2nd and 3rd.

Heifer calf one year—Robert Robinson, 1st and 3rd; Walter McMonagle, 2nd.
Heifer calf six months—Walter McMonagle, 1st and 3rd; Robert Robinson, 2nd.
Female any age—Robert Robinson, diploma.

Herd over two years—Robert Robinson, 1st; Walter McMonagle, 2nd and 3rd.
Herd under two years—Robert Robinson, 1st; Walter McMonagle, 2nd and 3rd.

Ladies' Work

Machine made shirt wool—Mrs. McIntyre, 1st.
Men's Socks, hand made wool—Mrs. McIntyre, 1st.
Pair driving mitts—Miss McIntyre, 1st; Mrs. D. R. Campbell, 2nd.

Pair driving gloves—Miss McIntyre, 1st; Mrs. J. E. McAuley, 2nd.
Knitted quilt patch work—Miss Littlehale, 1st; Mrs. J. E. McAuley, 2nd.

Comfortable material—Mrs. Andrew Price, 1st; Mrs. H. R. McMonagle, 2nd.
Rag mat—Miss Dorothy Buchanan, 1st; Mrs. D. R. Campbell, 2nd.
Wool mat—Miss Ema Price, 1st and 2nd.

Specimens of darning—Mrs. H. E. D. Golding, 1st; Mrs. W. King, 2nd.

(Continued on page 7.)

SUFFRAGETTES AGAIN PURSUE BRITISH PREMIER

Mythe, England, Sept. 8.—The militant suffragettes have pursued Premier Asquith until his vacation privacy. They climbed to the windows of Lynton Castle while the premier and his family were at dinner, throwing stones through the windows and shouting suffragette messages. They then made their escape in the darkness.

The same afternoon while the premier and Herbert Gladstone were engaged at golf in the neighborhood, suffragettes accosted and pestered them until, according to some accounts, a scuffle occurred, and the ministers fled to their motor car.

EIGHT STATES HAVE SAID CIGARETTE MUST GO

Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—Eight states speaking through their legislatures, have said the cigarette must go. In Tacoma they are even arresting smokers on the streets. Nobody has been able to buy a cigarette in Minnesota since a week ago.

More than a million were sold in Minneapolis alone the day before the law went into effect. Then the statute came down with a crash.

Exclusive of imported goods, the people of the United States consumed last year almost 5,500,000,000 cigarettes, an increase of practically 250,000,000 over the year before.

There are in this country about 25,000,000 men and boys—boys old enough to smoke.

Five and a half billion cigarettes means about 2,500 smokers a year for each man and each boy, or eight smokers a day.

Several million men and boys do not smoke cigarettes at all, so those who do smoke have to consume many more than 2,500 a year.

As a matter of fact, thousands of cigarette smokers get away with as many as 40 a day—14,000 a year.

MERRY WAR IS ON; PEARY SAYS COOK NEVER REACHED NORTH POLE

New York, Sept. 8.—The following despatch was received here early today:—"Indian Harbor, Labrador (via wireless, via Cape Ray), Sept. 8.—To Melville E. Stone, Associated Press, New York. "I have nailed the Stars and Stripes to the North Pole. This is authoritative and correct."

"Cook's story should not be taken too seriously. The two Eskimos who accompanied him, say he was no distance north and not out of sight of land. Other members of tribe corroborate their story." (Signed) Commander Robert E. Peary.

Commander Peary's despatch today from Indian Harbor to the Associated Press, gives his first expression concerning the claim of Dr. Cook that he reached the North Pole almost a year prior to Peary on April 21, 1908.

Peary's latest telegram is hardly less notable than his first announcement which absorbed the attention of the entire world as it gives concrete form to the issues already vaguely outlined in scientific quarters on the authenticity of Cook's announcement and the question of priority in reaching the pole.

At the same time it is the first expression of opinion from any one in a position to know the facts of the Arctic region on which Dr. Cook's claims are based. It contains a direct statement that Cook never reached the pole at all.

The despatch from Commander Peary was responsive to an inquiry sent by wireless telegraph to him at Indian Harbor immediately following his first announcement. The first message from Peary, received by the Associated Press at 12:39 a. m. last Monday, came with such startling suddenness that the most urgent measures were immediately adopted to confirm its absolute authenticity. This was quickly done, and the message traced to its source and verified. At the same time an urgent despatch was immediately sent to Commander Peary by cable to Halifax and thence by land line and wireless to Indian Harbor, asking him for additional particulars and corroborative details, and informing him that "Dr. Cook arrived at Copenhagen, September 4, claiming to have reached the Pole April 21, 1908."

The attention of Europe and America continues to be centered on the announcements of the two north pole explorers. Dr. Cook's lecture at Copenhagen last night, when he had ample opportunity to substantiate his claims, was received there without indications that it was accepted as conclusive, and this view is again reflected today in the increasing skepticism reported from foreign capitals.

Commander Peary's ship, the Roosevelt, sailed from Indian Harbor at noon today for Battle Harbor, Labrador, where it is expected tomorrow whence it will proceed to North Sydney.

Indian Harbor, Labrador, via Cape Ray, N. F., Sept. 8.—Commander Peary and his hardy sailors left today for Sydney, N. S.

The Roosevelt arrived here on Sunday night and has been detained until this morning by a heavy gale. On the arrival of the Roosevelt, Mr. Peary and Captain Bartlett came ashore and personally filed the despatches which were sent by wireless to the United States.

Commander Peary expressed gratification at his successful completion of his life's wish in discovering the North Pole. He and Captain Bartlett appeared to be in the best physical condition. The Roosevelt is uninjured by her long and arduous voyage through the ice packs of the polar seas.

Unless the Roosevelt stops at Red Bay, Labrador, to permit Commander Peary to file the details of his successful exploration, it is not believed that his interesting story can reach the outside world for at least three days.

London, Sept. 7.—The Copenhagen cor-

respondent of the Daily Telegraph states that a letter was received today from a Danish lady at Jakobshavn, Greenland, in which the writer says it was known there on August 14 that Peary had reached the pole.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 7.—Friends are planning to give a rousing reception for Dr. John W. Goodsell, of New Kensington, Pa., surgeon of the Peary North Pole expedition, when he reaches the city.

Battle Harbor, By Wireless via Cape Ray, N. F., Sept. 8.—The steamer Roosevelt with Commander Peary on board left Indian Harbor at noon today for Battle Harbor. She is expected here tomorrow, and will take on coals.

South Harpswell, Maine, Sept. 8.—Mrs. Peary received a second message early today from Commander Peary, stating that he had been delayed at Indian Harbor, and that she need not worry about Dr. Cook. Mrs. Peary did not give out the exact wording of the message.

New York, Sept. 8.—Lieut. General Henry C. Corbin of the United States army, retired, died in Roosevelt Hospital in this city today from an operation for a renal disorder. He would have been sixty-seven years old in a few days.

General Corbin's first military service was as second lieutenant in the 83rd Ohio Volunteers Infantry, he having enlisted on July 28, 1862, and served throughout the civil war with the army of the Cumberland, holding all grades from second lieutenant to colonel.

He was brevetted brigadier-general of volunteers in 1865. He entered the regular army in 1866 as a second lieutenant and was successively promoted until he reached the grade of lieutenant-general in 1906, and retired the same year.

General Corbin was in the company of President Garfield when the latter was assassinated in 1881.

CORBIN DEAD IN HOSPITAL

United States General Was Killed in Civil War—With Field When Latter Was Assassinated

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VALLEY RAILWAY PARTY IN NEXT PROVINCIAL FIGHT

Organization to Put Candidates in Every Constituency in Valley From Grand Falls to St. John—Well Pleased With Brown Appointment

Fredericton, N. B., Sept. 8.—(Special)—A man from an up river parish, who was in the city today, says that the election of the St. John Valley from Grand Falls to St. John will be requested to organize for the purpose of securing a line of railway. The object of the organization will be to select and bring before the public men in every valley constituency to contest the next local election, and pledge themselves to further the interests of the proposed road.

The organization will be non-political, and will work with other public bodies interested. The first meeting will be held at the next local election, and will be held in the Woodstock or Fredericton early in January.

The action of the city council, at a meeting last evening in turning down the proposal to appoint a city engineer, is being much discussed today. City engineer Grimmer will leave on the 15th, and the water filtration plant will then be in the hands of the city council.

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MAKES NEW AIR RECORD

British Army Man Does Best yet in Cross Country Flight—Well Under Control

Aldershot, Eng., Sept. 8.—During a dead calm at an early hour this morning Capt. F. N. Cody, the aeroplanist who has been in the service of the British army for a number of years, achieved what is believed to be the world's record for a cross country flight in an aeroplane.

In the high and cumbersome machine which is his own invention, Capt. Cody remained in the air for one hour and three minutes, covering in that time a distance of more than forty miles.

He crossed over the valleys that intersect the plain of Aldershot, passed over and around the barracks of the troops and circled the spire of the village church. His machine was under perfect control and at times rose to an altitude of 400 feet. It travelled occasionally at the rate of fifty miles an hour.

Cody had to land because his fuel gave out. As he was descending the machine struck the ground rather forcibly, but it was only slightly damaged.

The flight was a triumph for Cody, who has been in the service of the British army for a number of years, and who has achieved many other records in the air.

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PATRICK TO DORCHESTER; TWO YEARS AND HARD LABOR

Judge Ritchie Closes the Arnold Theft Case—Might Have Imposed Sentence of Sixteen Years—Refers to Another Case

"The sentence of this court is that you shall be imprisoned in Dorchester for two years with hard labor," said His Honor Judge Ritchie, in the police court this morning, in passing sentence on Walter Patrick, who had confessed the theft of goods valued in the vicinity of \$1,000 from Arnold's department store.

The prisoner was pale when brought into court, and plainly showed the effect of his imprisonment. When asked to come forward for sentence he did so bravely, and after sentence was pronounced looked more relieved than otherwise.

His counsel, Edmund S. Ritchie, asked for leniency, pointing to the prisoner's confession and to the things that had been said in his favor by his friends. He first suggested suspended sentence, but in the end he was unable to impose.

Patrick's counsel expressed it as his personal view that his client was in a measure mentally unbalanced in that the man seemed to be to give away rather than retain what he had taken.

In addressing the prisoner His Honor said in part: "You are charged with the theft of goods taken from your employer, Mr. Arnold, of the department store. The criminal code has a special section with reference to a person in the capacity you were in with Mr. Arnold, and it may not

be amiss to read it so that others employed as clerks or domestics may take warning."

Could Be 16 Years
If he read the law which in effect was that a clerk or servant was liable to imprisonment for fourteen years for theft from employer, and two years extra when the value of the goods stolen amounted to more than \$200.

"So," said His Honor, "if a person stole only a coat or a servant a blouse they could be sent to Dorchester for 14 years. In your case your stealing dates back over a period of two years."

"Kindly words have been said in your favor by some of your friends. One doctor has argued something along the line already suggested, that perhaps since you have had typhoid fever you have not been the same kind of a young man. I must, however, confess that I have been unable to exactly differentiate, as theft is theft."

"The value is a good deal more than the \$200 mentioned in the section. During the month you were practicing the thefts, another young man was charged with a crime similar to yours and sentenced to Dorchester. One would think that if there were any dishonest dealings you were practicing with your employer, you would desist, but you continued. In some respects your case is peculiar, as you didn't seem to profit, but gave most of your stolen goods away; but that did not change it from theft, though you did not add to your worldly goods."

"What I have thought of in consideration of this case is whether any of these people who invariably received from you valuable presents, were not aware that you could not do so when you were getting but \$7 a week. I have taken the trouble to figure up and I find that one person must have received \$100 worth of presents during the year."

Refers to Another Case
"Your case differs from that of the last young man we had before this court for stealing, in that in his case a defence was set up. In your case, the first thing in your favor was your confession. If I was disposed this morning, you could get sixteen years in Dorchester, but no person is disposed to inflict punishment; no judge would feel like adding to your misery. If you got sixteen years it would take the best years of your life. I intend to take everything into consideration. I hope that when your term of imprisonment is over you will lead an honest and upright life."

"The sentence of this court is that you shall be imprisoned in Dorchester for two years, with hard labor."

AGAIN TALK COAL STRIKE SETTLEMENT

Gloucester, Sept. 8.—Settlement rumors are in the air. The story that is most attractive is that on Saturday two conferences were held between representatives of the United Mine Workers and representatives of the coal company. The several plenipotentiaries did not actually meet in one room, but the deputy minister carried the proposals of each to the other, and thereby achieved an exchange of views on the question of settlement.

The second story is a modification of the first, and a third version is that the minister only obtained the ultimatums of each party and communicated these in a friendly but unofficial way.

ANGLO-SIAMESE TREATY EFFECT

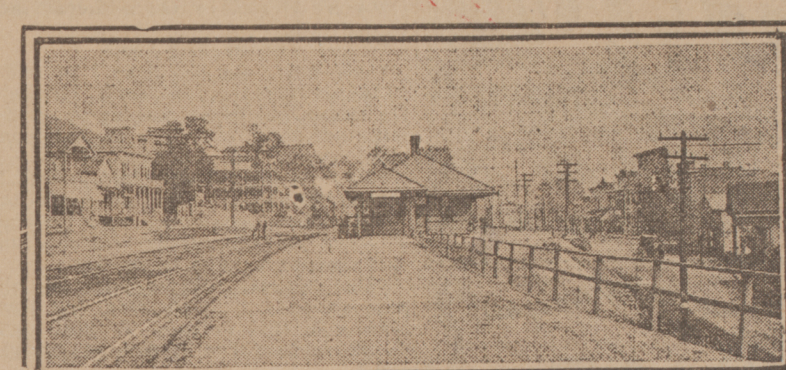
Washington, Sept. 8.—The Anglo-Siamese treaty, which was ratified July 16, has opened a channel for industrial advance along all lines in the Siamese peninsula, states Hamilton Kinnear. The chief improvement is the extension of the country's railway system. The opening up of these lines will bring the entire peninsula within easy touch with the markets of the world.

FUNERALS

The funeral of Thomas Miller took place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence of C. H. Smyth, Sewell street. Rev. David Lang conducted the funeral service. Interment was in Fernhill.

The funeral of John Collins took place this afternoon from his late residence, Erin street. The body was taken to the cathedral, where Father Meahan read the prayers. Interment in the old Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of J. W. Houghton took place at noon today from his parents' home. The body was taken to Whitehead, Kings county, for burial. Rev. R. P. McKim officiated.



SCENE IN CALLIOPE, N.Y., BIRTHPLACE OF DR. COOK.

respondent of the Daily Telegraph states that a letter was received today from a Danish lady at Jakobshavn, Greenland, in which the writer says it was known there on August 14 that Peary had reached the pole.

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