

CHANCES FOR HOME RULE NEVER BETTER SAYS T. P. O'CONNOR

New York, Oct. 22.—"Ireland never in her history had such a chance for home rule as is hers now," said T. P. O'Connor, member of parliament from Liverpool, friend and lieutenant of John Redmond and fighter for the Irish cause, at his hotel in this city tonight. He was sitting in his room preparatory to attending a reception in his honor by Irish societies and though pressed for time he paused to talk optimistically of his country's future, a subject which he will preach into the ears of Irish-Americans from now until November 10. For that is what brought him to the United States today on the Lusitania.

"But there is an 'if,' he continued. "Ireland must make the most of her chance and it is to ask Irish-Americans to help her make the most of it by contributing to the carrying through of the general election now approaching that I am here. We are a poor people and of the 81 national or Irish members of parliament the people have to support, perhaps sixty by private subscription. A seat in the house of commons, you know, carries no salary corresponding to the office of your representatives in congress.

"The United Kingdom is in a ferment. Such revolutionary public utterances in responsible positions and such an answering temper in the people have not been known in three generations—not since the '30's when the rotten boroughs were whipped out. The issue before the people has been put squarely by Lloyd-George, and the people understand it. I cannot do better than to repeat his phrase: 'Shall the peers or the people rule?'

"King Edward has fore knowledge of the crisis that may confront him and the measure of his recent activities is a measure of his anxiety. The budget now goes

before the house of lords. If they reject it the government will go to the people for a vote of confidence and in my opinion they will be returned. The present government would pass by 300 votes a home rule bill for Ireland were they not prompted by a conviction that the peers would kill it.

"But if the present government is sustained at the polls they will demand of the peers a right of suspensory veto. That is a bill passed by the house may still be cancelled by the peers but if the house again passes it in the face of this rejection the bill shall forthwith become law.

"You ask me why the peers will grant this concession. Because if they refuse it the premier, with the country behind him, would say with all respect to the king: 'Sir, you must give me a majority in the house of lords. The king may do this by the creation of new peers. He has done it for his own ends in the past and in this instance he would have to do it, because the sovereign under the legislation must follow the advice of his responsible ministers.'

"Suppose the lords pass the budget. The government, in my opinion, will still find a pretext to go before the people for support on the deeper issue formulated by Lloyd-George. But suppose, again, that the government going before the people for support is defeated. Why even then we shall have such a small Tory majority that the National, the Irish, vote will command the situation. And it frequently happens that Ireland can get more from a Tory than a Liberal government because the Tories being mostly Tory must support the measures that come up to them from a Tory ministry.

"King Edward does not wish to face the crisis I have suggested. He is trying to compromise the situation by bringing the peers to a reasonable agreement."

SAYS CARLETON IS LIKELY SITE FOR THE DRY DOCK

The story published exclusively in The Telegraph yesterday morning to the effect that Harland and Wolff, the big Belfast firm, and other interests had decided to locate a drydock and ship repair plant at St. John created a great wave of interest about the city yesterday as it was the first definite story of this big undertaking to appear in any paper.

This morning The Telegraph is able to state upon the authority of Mayor Bullock that the dock and repair plant will be located on the west side on the site which was formerly chosen for the Imperial Dry Dock Company and was popularly known as the salmon pond.

There is ample room there for the dock as well as the ship repair plant although it may be necessary to take some of the properties adjacent to the pond. The salmon pond extends from Union to Ludlow streets, West End, and almost from St. John street to Rodney street.

Mayor Bullock, when seen last night, said the statement that Harland and Wolff and allied interests had decided to locate in St. John, was as far as he knew correct. Today the mayor, Alderman Frink, President Foster of the Board of Trade, and Captain Newton will take an automobile drive about the city. This information comes from the mayor.

Asked if the party would visit possible sites his worship said: "I guess we know pretty well where the site is. There is only one site."

"Where is that?" asked The Telegraph.

"The west side site, the old salmon pond," was his worship's reply.

As Mayor Bullock has been very close touch with the dry dock matter and with Captain Newton his statement is a most important one. Another report, however, which is worth watching, is that the dock will go to Courtney.

George Robertson, president of the Imperial Drydock Company, when asked as to the Harland and Wolff matter, said "the story published in The Telegraph yesterday is to the best of my knowledge and belief correct. The dock and repair plant will be located in St. John."

"Will the West End pond be the site?" "I will not confirm or deny that now, but I will say that we have the opinion of one of the greatest dock engineers in America to the effect that the Carleton salmon pond is one of the best dock sites in America. It is ideal in almost every respect, has an excellent rock bottom and is in every way adaptable."

President Walter E. Foster, of the Board of Trade, said The Telegraph's story was perfectly correct. The drydock and ship repair plant will be built in St. John and soon. As to a large steel ship-building plant I believe that will follow naturally. The dock and repair plant will, as stated by The Telegraph, be built by Harland and Wolff, the Canadian Pacific Railway, the Allan line and the Dominion line.

Captain Newton could not be seen at the Royal last night but it was stated by those in touch with him that he had nothing to say. He will return to Ottawa tonight.

On Monday night a delegation of St. John men, consisting of Mayor Bullock and another representative of the city council, who will be selected by the mayor this morning, and two board of trade representatives, will be either President Foster or Vice-President T. H. Estabrook and W. H. Thorne, will leave for Ottawa to urge upon the government the necessity of drydocks in Canada from a naval view point. This delegation will also ask, it is understood, for an increased subsidy for the present enterprise.

Ex-Alderman H. L. McGowan is the authority for the statement that a representative of the International Varnish Company, who is now in the city, said yesterday that his firm had knowledge a month ago that Harland and Wolff would locate a drydock and ship repair plant in St. John. He also said that Harland and Wolff were among the largest customers of his firm and that if they established a ship repair plant here there was a very strong probability that the International Varnish Company would also have a large plant in St. John.

LIQUOR CASE

Plaster Rock, N. B., Oct. 22.—(Special).—Elwood Giberson was arrested at his residence here about 9 o'clock this morning by G. T. P. Officers Pearson and Cluet, on commitment papers issued by L. P. Farris, G. T. P. police commissioner. Giberson was handcuffed and placed aboard the train and taken to Perth and placed in jail.

About six months ago Giberson was summoned to appear in court to answer four different charges of selling liquor. He did not appear, but the cases were tried and proved and he was fined \$50 and costs or three months in jail for each offence. Commitment papers were issued, but the G. T. P. police have never been able to locate him until this morning.

RECOMMENDED AS AN IDEAL REMEDY



W. S. BOND, ESQ.

Lloydtown, Ont., March 10th, 1909.

"For some years I have been greatly troubled with headaches and indigestion, brought on by stomach disorders, constipation and biliousness. I had tried many remedies with only indifferent success, until 'Fruit-tives' came to my notice. Being a general storekeeper, I was selling a good many 'Fruit-tives' to my customers, and remarking how pleased they were with the results obtained from using 'Fruit-tives,' I decided to try them and, might say, the effects were almost magical. Headaches and biliousness disappeared and today I recommend 'Fruit-tives' to my customers as 'An ideal remedy.'

"I might also add that about three years ago I was laid up with LUMBAGO AND SCIATICA—couldn't get out of bed, or lift one foot over the other. A good treatment of 'Fruit-tives' cured me of these pains and banished the Sciatica and Lumbago so that today I am as well as ever and can lift anything I desire."

(Signed) W. S. BOND.

MORNING LOCALS

Argument was finished in the Curry divorce case yesterday afternoon before Judge McKeown, and judgment will be given later.

At a meeting of the liquor license commission, held yesterday, a letter was received from J. A. Barry in the interests of Frank Griffith, claiming that the commission had acted wrongly in granting to Wm. Daley a license for the premises formerly occupied by Herbert F. Nice in King square, as the latter had agreed to transfer the license to Griffith, who was his bartender. Action is now threatened against the commissioners.

Joseph Nugent, of Douglas avenue, was fined the maximum penalty of \$100 in the police court yesterday for selling liquor during prohibited hours and on unlicensed premises, to Wm. Mulloy.

Charles Maxwell, arrested on Oct. 15 on a charge of assaulting and beating his wife, was taken to Digby today, transportation being arranged for by his wife. A woman named Mary LaFont, of Cardigan, P. E. I., while on her way to Boston, became so violent on the train yesterday that it was necessary to put her off at Grand Bay. She was placed on the incoming train, but once again broke out and when a few miles from Fairville freed herself from custody and jumped from the train. She was not seriously hurt, and was placed on the train again and, on being brought to the city, was taken to the police station. Efforts will be made to have her placed in the provincial hospital for treatment.

W. H. Carnall, taxidermist, of Germain street, has at present twenty-two mouse heads to be mounted, mostly the property of American sportsmen.

At Clones, Queens county, yesterday, B. W. Mitchell was fined \$80 for selling a calf mouse to Messrs. Peters & Rice, of this city. The defendant was not in court, but his father pleaded guilty for him.

A young son of Mayor Pickard, of Sackville, was brought to the city yesterday to be treated by Dr. A. P. Crocker for partial blindness, resulting from concussion from a gun with which he was shooting.

At a meeting of the creditors of Charles H. Bonnell yesterday afternoon in the office of Dr. A. W. MacRae, an agreement was made to J. A. Sinclair. The liabilities are placed at \$2,500, and the assets about \$1,200.

J. S. Armstrong, C. E., is making a survey of the Green Head lots recently passed to the Green Head Company, of Boston. This company has acquired a large property near Boston, which will be used for concrete construction work.

The St. Luke's junior men's Bible class, after a banquet last night, elected officers as follows: Secretary, Albert Robinson; treasurer, Douglas Waters; historian, K. Gault; executive committee, Gray Day, K. Gault, A. Bailey, E. Jones and F. Lind-say.

James McGouey, of the Royal Hotel, and Harry Gilbert, of Rothesay, have returned after a successful tour to Charlotte county. They secured eighty woodcock and nineteen partridge.

STRONG SUPPORT FOR THE PREFERENCE

London, Oct. 22.—In referring to Queens-bury today to his recent visit to Canada, Lord Milner said that he met a man whose business it was to study the questions of the importation of British goods to Canada. He belonged to no party and he had no political bias, but he was possessed of much information. Lord Milner said he asked him to tell honestly what had been the effect on the Canadian preference as regards the importation of British goods and his reply was that it had saved for Great Britain whatever trade she still had with Canada.

MORNING NEWS OVER THE WIRES

For the second time this season the Allan liner Virginian is quarantined at Grosse Ile, (Que.) with a case of small-pox on board. The crew of a Red Cross migrant has the disease and a thorough inspection of all the passengers will be made.

The forgeries of Town Treasurer John B. Lombard, of Framingham, Mass., are now reported to reach \$320,000, and the authorities are trying to discover what became of this immense sum.

LIBERAL CONVENTION

Toronto, Oct. 22.—(Special).—The provincial Liberal convention will be held next June, as decided by representative meeting of Liberals here today.

SENATOR MCCARREN DIES, PICTURESQUE POLITICAL FIGURE

A Power in New York Politics For Years—His Life and Qualities

New York, Oct. 22.—Senator Patrick H. McCarren died this morning.

Patrick Henry McCarren, by trade a cooper, by profession a lawyer, and by vocation a politician, was one of the most picturesque figures in the political history of Greater New York. No leader was never more roundly condemned, yet at the close of sixty-one years of his life, he probably was the most strongly entrenched leader in New York state, and even wielded some influence in national politics.

Born in East Cambridge, Mass., he came to Brooklyn when he was eight years old. He was apprenticed to a cooper when sixteen, but having mastered his trade, he took up the law and from the law went into politics. In 1882 he was sent to the state legislature and has since served almost continuously there.

Senator McCarren first became recognized as a coming leader in the days when David B. Hill was at the height of his power. By 1898 he had become so well recognized that the Democratic state committee made him head of the executive committee. Five years later he wrested the leadership of Brooklyn from Hugh McLaughlin, who had held it for forty years. Since that time the senator had won all primaries, though his political death was predicted each year. At the Democratic national convention which nominated Alton B. Parker, the task of inducing the southern leaders to remain in line being the arrival of the famous "gold" telegram, fell on McCarren's shoulders.

McCarren's opposition to the candidacy of Mr. Hearst for governor led to charges of treason, and his delegates were excluded from the party convention, which led year named delegates to the Denver national convention. Nevertheless, he appeared there with delegates, who were again rejected. His downfall was then confidently predicted; but only last month he received what he regarded as final vindication when he was nominated of the twenty-three districts of his borough.

Physically, Senator McCarren was very tall and lank. His face was almost featureless when in repose. In manner he was courteous, and generous of attention, but rugged of speech. The qualities which, in the opinion of his friends, contributed most to his success in politics, were his tenacity of purpose, personal fidelity, perfect self-control and patience.

DR. ELIOT'S NEW RELIGION

St. John, Oct. 19.

Editor of The Times:

Sir,—I have for the last few weeks been reading the various opinions, ministerial and lay, concerning Dr. Eliot's future religion. As I see it, there are two main points of view. Well, sir, as there are a few millions of us common people, I, as a humble representative of them, would like to give our opinion of this man and a few others of his like who have utterly repudiated heaven and hell as we have been taught to regard these two places. Having been a steady reader of the Bible for more than forty-five years, and an active member of a leading denomination for thirty-eight, I think, in fact, that that experience is the best teacher. Having all these years been learning more and more of good, I feel that what I am going to say will be the belief of millions more of the common people.

A nation's wealth does not consist in stocks and bonds; but in its honorable citizens. I have conversed with hundreds of men of nearly every kind of belief and no belief for thirty years, and every one had a good word for Christianity except one. I will not say one man, and just one, said he thought that Christianity was a damn farce. Now, sir, only a fool or a liar could ever have conceived such a statement as that. He is utterly unworthy the name of man.

In reading the Bible I have never found anywhere in it that God made hell for humanity. We often hear men declare that God never made man to send him to hell. They are right. He never did. Man sends himself to hell every time. The idea of God sending a man there is preposterous. The idea of God making a hell for humanity is unthinkable.

The Bible says the finally impatient will be cast into the lake of fire prepared for the devil and his angels, and no man who ever lived or will live can change that sentence. All the infidels and those who curse Christianity will never be able to eliminate hell from the belief of the common people. The common people believe the Bible and millions upon millions of the learned, also. When Dr. Eliot declares that heaven has never been described in terms very attractive to the average man or woman, he declares an utter falsehood. My dear doctor, I think you would change your views if you came down among the common people and swung a twenty-pound sledge hammer eight hours a day for twenty or thirty years, your face all smudged with coal and oil, your back near broken, your limbs so weak you could just reach home. I guess the psalm-singer heaven would be all right then.

Now what do our home people think of the doctors' views? I will tell you. The Church of England has just had a great meeting here. A great many ministers were here. They have laid out lots of works for years to come, and will raise monuments, and through it all not one word of Eliotism. The King's Daughters had a great meeting here, but they were silent as the dead on Dr. Eliot. The churches are preparing for their winter work; our separated brethren, the Roman Catholics, have had the greatest of all their meetings lately, but the doctor was very dead indeed.

Sincerely yours,
A. TURNER B. HOWARD.

HEALTH MEANS POWER Power Spells Success



No matter what may be your work, whether you are a teamster, a blacksmith, a salesman or a college professor, it's the man with the greatest vitality in any walk of life that wins! It's the man who jumps out of bed in the morning after eight hours' refreshing sleep, the man with a clear head, a strong heart and warm, red blood dancing through his veins who makes his mark in the world!

Give me a man who crawls around "packing" a load of Dyspepsia, dullness of eye, a drowsy brain, a lame back, tired legs and a woeful look in his face, and I can transform him into a man of brawn and brain with my Electric Belt—a man full of life and action, able to face the world, to fight his battles and conquer.

It's a grand thing to meet a healthy, hearty man. He gives you a hand a grip that's an inspiration—the very tones of his voice proclaim his power; he radiates cordiality like a depot stove radiates heat. What is the secret of his success? Energy. This Magnetic force is within the reach of all of us. Thousands and thousands of men—forceful men, successful men, today—came to me, wrecked in mind and body, and I have restored them to health and happiness with my Electric Belt. These men are shouting the praises of Electro-Vigor, and they'll gladly tell you what my great appliance has done for them.

Electricity is life! It's the greatest curative factor in the world today. I have developed a method of applying this force to the body by means of my Belt that has resulted in more cures than any system of applying Electricity ever devised by man.

It restores the Vital powers to men and women. It makes strong and healthy men and women out of mental and physical wrecks. It is a positive and lasting cure for Indigestion (Dyspepsia), Constipation, Headache, Drowsiness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Weakness of the Back, Weakness of the Nervous system, Sleeplessness (Insomnia). It overcomes the terrible results of early indiscretions. It restores the vitality that is lost. It corrects every sign of mental impairment and physical breakdown. Here we give you a few samples of the kind of letters we receive every day by the score from people who have found Health, Strength and Happiness through the use of my Belt.

Dear Sir—I have worn your Belt for a month now, and I am glad to say that I have received the greatest benefits from it. My back is a great deal stronger, and the pain in my legs and arms have gone and I may use this letter in any way you wish.

WILLIAM MCCONNELL,
Bon Accord, Vio. Co., N. B.

Dear Sir—Your Belt has done wonders for me. I have not suffered with my back or bladder for two years. Your Belt is all right and does its work as represented. I thank you for the kind attention you have given my case.

J. M. GREENO,
Newport, N. S.

To those who still doubt there is any cure, because they have been misled by false representations and want of evidence of cures in their own cases, before paying, I am willing to take the chances of curing your case. Give me reasonable security, and

It Will Cost You Nothing Until Cured

Call at our office and let us explain my treatment to you. If you can't do this, cut out this coupon, send us your name and address today, and we'll mail you, closely sealed, our elegantly illustrated 80-page book, which is FREE. Our FREE BOOK for women (80-pages) is now ready. All men and women who are interested in recovering their health should read these books, for they point the way to Health and Happiness. Office Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Wednesday and Saturday until 5.30 p. m. Write plainly.

M. C. McLAUGHLIN
214 St. James Street, Montreal.
Please send me your book for men (or women), sealed, free.
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NAME.....

MANCHESTER LINE PROFITS FOR THE YEAR JUST ENDED

Annual Meeting Held in Manchester—Some Adverse Factors

The report of the directors—Sir Christopher Furness, M. P. (chairman); Sir Edward George Jenkinson, K. C. B.; Sir Richard Mottram, Marmaduke Furness and Robert Burdon Stoker (managing director)—of the Manchester Line, Ltd., submitted at the eleventh annual general meeting in Manchester on the 15th inst., is as follows:

The directors herewith submit accounts to the shareholders for the year ended June 30, 1909. The depression in steamship freights referred to in the last report continued with increased acuteness during the financial year just closed, and this was further accentuated by reason of the Lancashire cotton strike, which occurred at the commencement of the cotton-carrying season, and also by the prohibition of the export of cattle from Philadelphia, which withdrew from the company's returns for six months an important freight adjunct. Despite these conditions, however, the directors are able to report a profit on working of £16,026 7s. 10d.

Although the very adverse freight conditions prevalent necessitated the temporary laying up of a portion of the fleet all the regular services have been fully and efficiently maintained.

The fleet has continued to run free from serious accident, which has enabled a reduction to be effected in insurance rates. The vessels have been maintained in a state of efficiency, all repairs, renewals and maintenance have been defrayed out of revenue.

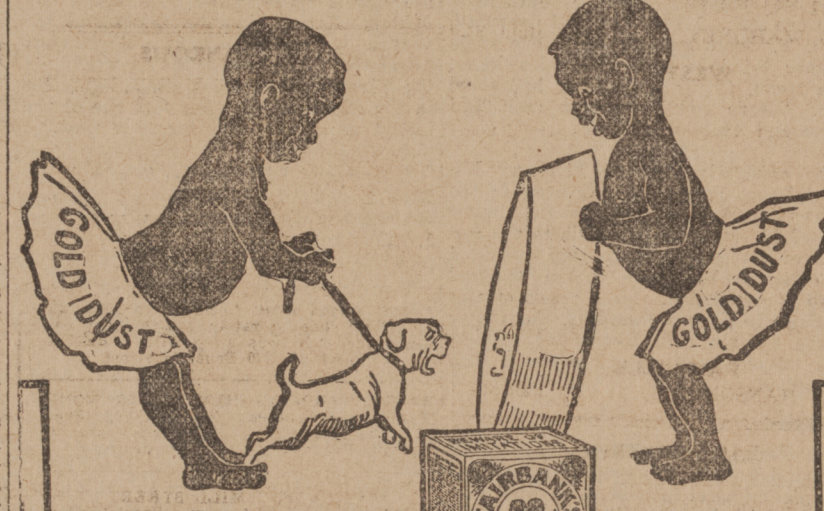
During the year, in accordance with the provisions of the debenture deed trust, debentures to the amount of £10,500 were purchased and canceled, leaving the amount outstanding at June 30 last £183,909 out of the original issue of £200,000. After providing for debenture interest, etc., the balance available is £10,075 15s. 10d. This sum your directors propose carrying forward to the credit of next account. The profit on steamers' voyages, commissions, interest on investments, etc., after providing for up-keep of steamers, insurance, etc., and all office and general expenses, and including the balance brought forward from last year, amounts to £12,542 7s. 2d., transfer fees £10 2s. 6d., making a total of £21,552 9s. 8d. Out of this had been provided: Debenture interest, £5,000 10s.; debenture sinking fund expenses (further proportion), £538 6s. 7d.; debenture trustees and directors' fees, £1,325; depreciation on office furniture, £162 18s. 10d., leaving a credit balance of £10,605 11s. 10d.

As they have saved round birch wood at only \$1.75 per load delivered.

The jet button craze already shows signs of waning. Some of the dainty new silk stockings have lace insets.

Corsets are longer over the hips, but cut lower at the top.

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



The Dog and The Shadow

You remember the fable of the dog who dropped a real bone for its shadow which he saw in the water. "Bear in mind that all is not Gold Dust that glitters under the name of washing powder. Don't accept a shadowy substitute; get the real

Gold Dust Washing Powder

with the Gold Dust Twins on the package."

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST: Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleaning bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

A FULL FUEL BIN CORSIAN IN PLACE

A Coal Shortage or Higher Prices Should Not Find the Bins Empty

The strikes have entirely shut off the supply from Springhill mines, and so shortened the Cape Breton supply that American soft coal has to be imported. But if you want good coal, Gibbon & Co. can still supply Picton, Broad Cove, Scotch Soft Coal and Winter Port coal. Winter Port is good coal, only \$4.50 per ton delivered.

Scotch Hard and Triple X Hard Coal for self-feeders are still selling by Gibbon & Co. at low prices.

As they have saved round birch wood at only \$1.75 per load delivered.

The jet button craze already shows signs of waning. Some of the dainty new silk stockings have lace insets.

Corsets are longer over the hips, but cut lower at the top.

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SOAPS THAT "eat" dirt also "eat" Clothes.

So beware of "Dirt-Eaters"! Naphtho Soap contains the correct proportions of powerful Dirt-Removing—not "eating"—ingredients, and Removes dirt, grease-spots, or stains without boiling—without injury to clothes or hands. Some soaps, when used in hot water, turn white clothes yellow. Naphtho may be used in hot or cold water, leaving white clothes beautifully white, pure, sweet. No back-breaking—less rubbing—less time—no pills from wash-day chills. Naphtho lathers freely, weighs more, and lasts longer than other soap.

Valuable Premiums for Naphtho Wrappers.

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