The Evening Times.

ST. JOHN, N. B., OCTOBER 9, 1909.

The St. John Evening Times is published at 27 and 29 Canterbury street, every evening (Sunday excepted) by the St. John Times Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd., a company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act.

TELEPHONES:— News and Editorial, 192; Advertising Dept. 705; Circulation Dept. 15

The Times has the largest afternoon circulation in the Maritime Provinces.

Special Representatives—Frank R. Northrup, Brunswick Building, New York; Tribune Building, Chicago.

British and European Representative—The Clogher Publicity Syndicate, 30 and 31 Outer Temple, Strand, London.

THE EVENING TIMES
THE DAILY TELEGRAPH

New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers

These papers advocate:

British Connection

Honesty in Public Life

Measures for the Material Progress and Moral Advancement of our Great Dominion.

No Graft

No Deals

"The Shamrock, Thistle, Rose entwine
The Maple Leaf forever."

THAT INQUEST

There can be no objection to an inquest into the recent fatal accident on the I. C. R. near Campbellton. The I. C. R. authorities have ordered a thorough enquiry on their own account, and that matter is in the hands of Mr. Brady, who may be depended on to do his duty to the railway and to the public.

If Premier and Attorney General Hazen desires to assist the promoters of the sale or lease of the Intercolonial in an effort to discredit the present management, it is in his power to do so.

The whole case is given away by the eagerness of the advocates. An inquest is to be held, not because the public interests are at stake, but that the present I. C. R. management may, if possible, be discredited. It is to be regretted that any such spirit should be displayed at such a time. The public will be content to await the result of both enquiry and inquest before passing judgment.

CHILD LABOR

It is stated on what appears to be good authority that quite a number of children are employed in factories or other work in St. John who, according to law, ought to be at school. Possibly they do not tell the truth about their age, and possibly employers do not make close enquiry. It would greatly assist the school authorities, and be of benefit to the community if employers would insist on having a certificate of age before giving a place to a boy or girl of apparently tender years.

Montreal has a similar condition of affairs. Dr. Laberge, the city health officer, in his report states not only that factories, and many other buildings are filthy, and that the health of employes is endangered, but states that in various places children, under fourteen years of age, are permitted to work. A very grave charge is made under this heading, says the Star. It is stated that in some factories children, under the age of fourteen, were hustled from the mill as soon as the word went round that the city's medical health inspectors were making an inspection.

Such conditions are injurious to the welfare of any city, and the authorities should take steps to secure reform at any cost. The children should be given a fair start in life.

A FORWARD STEP

Mr. F. B. Carvell, M. P., speaking at the Pugsley banquet, remarked that if he offered any criticism at all of government policy it would be to urge that the trade and commerce department make greater efforts to establish trade agencies in all countries with which Canada is able to do business.

An Ottawa despatch announces that a forward step is to be taken by the department by compiling an index of Canadian manufacturers, exporters and producers generally who desire to extend their trade abroad. This export bureau will be available at all times for the benefit of trade, and should prove of much value to the country. The Toronto World (Conservative) warmly approves of the proposal. We quote what it says:—

"Canada cannot do wrong in being entirely up-to-date in its methods of encouraging the foreign trade of the country. Among the reasons alleged for the failure of Britain to retain or improve its exports relatively to those of its main competitors, is its neglect of those agencies which modern requirements have shown to be absolutely necessary under high competitive conditions. Study of local prejudices and tastes, of transportation difficulties, of climatic influences, are all useful. In these directions and also by affording easy access to manufacturing and trading companies inclined to expand their exporting area, the government through its departments and other agencies can be of great service. British consuls and their assistants are now charged with a watchful regard of all matters that can assist or hamper imperial trade, and the Canadian Government can be of great service in giving their reports and recommendations wide publicity throughout the Dominion. In another column will be found the reprint of a circular which has been mailed to every daily, weekly and monthly publication in Canada by the federal department of trade and commerce. It has also been forwarded to all boards of trade, chambers of commerce and trade associations throughout the Dominion. What it is intended to accomplish is the compilation of a list of all Canadian manufacturers, including details of the goods they are in a position to send abroad. Once compiled the Canadian trade commissioners all over the world will be supplied with the same information in order that it may be available at their respective offices. This is an excellent proposal and The World has pleasure in calling public attention to it and in recommending all manufacturers interested to assist the department in its endeavors to increase the export trade of the Dominion."

AN ADMONITION

The Victoria Colonist (Conservative) censures those Conservative journals which seek to identify their party with the policy of English Conservatives in opposition to the British budget. The Colonist says:—

"Protection is not the issue. The Asquith ministry proposes to raise the revenue, which everyone concedes the country requires, by imposing taxes on property. To this the property owners object. They do not say so in so many words, but the inference from what they say is that they think the added burdens ought to be borne largely by the non-property owning class. That is the issue and that is all the issue. For the Conservative party of Canada to take sides with the landed interests upon an issue of this nature would not only be to interfere in a matter which does not concern the people of Canada at all, but to adopt a course that would alienate thousands of voters. Indeed to us it appears like rank folly for any party in Canadian politics to identify itself with political issues in the Mother Country. We have questions of our own that are sufficiently difficult without complicating them with matters with which Canadians have nothing to do."

FORESTRY IN FRANCE

There can be no comparison between Canada and a country in Europe in regard to forestry, because in Europe they have not the enormous stretches of timber lands which make so large a part of the natural wealth of all of Canada except P. E. Island and the prairie regions. But even on the prairies they are recognising the value of trees, and endeavoring to overcome the deficiency. The Ottawa Free Press observes:—

"The treeless prairies ought soon to be but a memory of the past. The Forestry branch of the Department of the Interior has this year provided 2,570,000 trees for planting on the plains and will give out many more next spring. There's practical aid for the farmer in its best form."

Referring again to Europe, the Toronto World tells of an experiment in forestry in France that has produced wonderful results not only in forest wealth, but in social and climate. We quote:—

"No better example can be found of the way in which forests modify for the better soil and climatic conditions than that afforded by the department of the Landes, France. Little more than a hundred years ago its 2,500,000 acres consisted mainly of shifting sands and pestilential marshes. Now the department is one of the richest, most productive and healthful in the country, and the change has been accomplished through the agency of the pine forests with which it was planted. These are now of immense extent and provide material for the many industries connected with the wood, charcoal, rosin and turpentine they yield. The climate, once bleak, is now described as mild and balmy, and the thin layer of clay below the sandy surface, once impervious to water, has been so pierced and loosened by the rots of the trees that natural drainage is easily effected. The forests are carefully supervised and cropped according to strict rule. Trees destined to 'short life' are 'bled to death' when thinning out becomes necessary, and as pit props find a ready sale in the English market. The most vigorous of the trees are allowed to grow until they are three feet or so in circumference, and are then lopped. When they attain 50 or 60 years of age they are cut down and used for telegraph poles and railway ties. The spread of fire is provided against by limiting each forest to a small area and protecting it by wide trenches, kept clear of inflammable material. Cultivated in this way, the department of the Landes is likely to maintain its prosperous condition indefinitely."

The Rev. L. Norman Tucker, of Toronto, who will address the Canadian Club next Tuesday evening on Canadian Citizenship knows his subject well. As organiser of Anglican missions he has had great opportunities to study the west. Moreover, he is a most interesting speaker, and will be heard with great pleasure by the club.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

The agreement with the company which proposes to manufacture concrete houses at Green Head being satisfactory to both parties, that locality should soon become a hive of industry. The council should now endeavor to make a satisfactory arrangement to secure the proposed sugar refinery.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

The fact that the Presbyterian synod adopted the resolutions in favor of prohibition and against the use of liquor at state functions is a striking illustration of the growth of public sentiment against the liquor traffic. Some things were said that were perhaps better left unsaid, but this was true of both parties to the discussion.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

The beginning of a Canadian navy will be a fine thing for Canada in many ways. It will open a new field for young men, intensify the national spirit and strengthen the empire.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

The transfer of the lumber property of the Adams, Burns Co, Ltd., in Gloucester county to an American company is another illustration of the fact that American investors know a good thing.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

By offering the promoters of the sugar refinery alternative sites the city council has shown a proper desire to secure the industry if it can be done on reasonable terms.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

Premier Hazen has made another entangling alliance. He is not usually fortunate, however, in his choice of weapons with which to attack the government at Ottawa.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

The Dublin paper that inveighs against emigration to Canada and describes this country as a howling wilderness should send a representative to this country.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

Canada's revenue continues to expand at a rate that shows a general improvement in the trade of the country. The outlook for 1910 is very bright.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

A leading German authority says there will be no war with England unless England declares it. Lord Northcliff has been busy declaring it for some time.

◈ ◈ ◈ ◈

Mr. Winston Churchill says there will be no compromise with the lords. But Mr. Churchill is given to much speech, and is not always borne out by results.

Stores Open Tonight till 11 o'clock St. John, Oct. 9th, 1909

OVERCOATS
YOU SHOULD SEE

We are showing a fine range of MEDIUM WEIGHT OVERCOATS suitable for the cool autumn weather. They include the short toppers in light covert goods, the dark Oxford greys made in the knee length with full silk facings, black Vicuna Chesterfield Overcoats with full silk facings; also heavier weights in English Melton and Beaver, as well as Fancy Tweed Overcoats, the whole making a very attractive range of Overcoats. They are well tailored, good fitters and have splendid style.

OVERCOATS (Fall Weight) $8.75 to $15.00
OVERCOATS (Winter Weight) 7.50 to 22.50
RAINCOATS - - - 7.50 to 15.00
Also BOYS' OVERCOATS in Great Variety

J. N. HARVEY
Opera House Block Union Street

Cheaper Steam Power
always follows a
Cyclone Shaking and Dumping Grate Bar Installation

Easy to install. No alteration in the plant is necessary.
Cheap at first cost; and built to last.
The most practicable fuel economizer yet devised.
Estimates and particulars gladly furnished.

F. W. BLIZARD, St. John, N. B.
Sales Agent Maritime Provinces.

The One Place
Where Appropriate Wedding Gifts of **Jewelry. Watches, Silverware, Cut Glass, Clocks, Fancy Bronze Ornaments, and an "Endless Variety"** of other useful and ornamental articles can be easily selected at the store of

Ferguson & Page,
Diamond Importers and Jewelers
41 KING STREET

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Violin Strings, Violin Bows, Accordeons, Harmonicas, etc.
2500 PAPER COVER BOOKS
All the latest Magazines and Papers on hand.
New lot of Cheap Crockery, Granite and Tinware at
WATSON & CO.'S,
Cor. Charlotte and Union Sts.
'Phone 1685. : : : Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

For a Good Clean Wash--"Our Castile"
There's nothing better for toilet purposes—fact is, nothing half so good! It's one of the purest soaps made. Olive oil and soda are its ingredients, and they clean and supply to the skin what other soaps do not—food for refreshment. Try some, then you'll know what good soap is, and does.
More for Your Money Than Soap Not Half as Good
"Reliable" ROBB The Prescription Druggist 137 CHARLOTTE ST.

New Goods Received Today
Flannelette Dress Plaids, Pretty and Cheap.
Shaker Blankets, White, Grey $1.00, $1.25 pair
Boys' Sweaters, Grey, Blue Trimmed
Wetmore, Garden St. Cashmere Hose, Ribbed and Plain 25c pr.

JIM PARKS'S STORE

You know Jim Parks? He used to farm
Out 'Hopkins' Corner way.
Well, he got tired of planting corn,
And cutting oats and hay.
It was too hard and dull a life—
He said he could make more
To move to town and open up
A little grocery store.

The opening up was easy done,
And things just 'peared to swim,
You work a farm, but keep a store—
It seemed like fun to Jim.
His trade? Well, he had more or less—
'Twas harly ever more—
But times would better in the fall,
And—he liked keeping store.

One day last week I called around,
And found him dreadful blue;
He'd kept the store all right, but kept
The things inside it, too.
"The business suits me lots of ways,
But tell me how," said Jim,
"A man can keep on keeping store
When it will not keep him!"
—Woman's Home Companion.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

NOT LOST AGAIN.

Mamma—"O John! John! What shall we do? Baby has swallowed its rattle!"
Papa—"Do? Nothing; now he'll have it with him al lthe time, and we won't have to be forever hunting it up when he cries."

HUMAN NATURE.

High up he stood
Upon a plank
That overhung
The river's bank;
He feared to make
The eight-foot dive
Until he counted
"Three, four, five";
'Twas thus he stood
When, if you would
Believe it, came
A pretty dame,
She smiled at him
He paused to cough,
Then jumped—it's human,
To show off.
—St. Louis Star.

CRAFT.

Pretty Housemaid—"Well, what do you want?"
Pedlar—"Oh—er—pardon me, madam, I am sorry to disturb you—it was one of the servants to whom I wished to show my goods."
(Pretty housemaid buys five dollars' worth of goods she can never use.)

BUT THE MOUNTAINS SNOW.

My sense of sight is very keen,
My sense of hearing weak.
One time I saw a mountain pass,
But could not hear its peak.
—Oliver Herford.

"WOT'S THE GOOD O' CROOKS!"

Many good stories are told about the popular labor M. P., Will Crooks, who is just starting on a tour around the world. He is idolized at Poplar, and the inhabitants look upon him as almost able to put right everything that happens to be wrong. There is one man living in the neighborhood, however, who has been heard to make a complaint against him. This particular person went about his house one day muttering, "Wot's the good 'o Crooks? 'E ain't no good!" "Wot yer talkin' abaht? Wy ain't he no good?" asked his wife. "Well," replied the grumbler, "it's three weeks that our sink's been stopped up and 'e ain't been rahnd to see abaht it yet!"

NO EXCEPTION.

Pat has been shown the sights of America. His Yankee guide, after showing him numerous wonders, brought him to a statue of Washington.
"I guess," he said, "there's a man, and a lie never passed through his lips."
"No," said Pat. "I expect like the rest of ye, he spoke through his nose."

WEDDED LIFE.

Nuwed—"I don't wish to find fault with this soup, my dear, but wouldn't it be well to put some meat flavor in next time?"
Mrs. Nuwed—"I don't think it very generous in you, Henry, to make fun of my bread pudding in that underhand way!"

STOOD IN WITH SCHOOL BOOK PUBLISHERS.

"Julius Caesar's literary attainments were truly wonderful," said the student.
'Oh, I don't know," answered the discontented youth with inky fingers. "Anybody could get his stuff published with a puff like Julius Caesar's—Washington Evening Starr.

KING'S DAUGHTERS

The afternoon session opened at 2 o'clock with a short service, by Mrs. John Seely of St. John, consisting of prayer, hymns, Bible meeting and talk. The minutes of the morning session were adopted. There were 43 voting members present at roll call. Mrs. John Ogilvie and Mrs. John Bullock were appointed tellers. An informal ballot was cast for the nomination of officers of the central council. A number of members were nominated and the voting will take place this morning.

Mrs. R. A. Jamieson, of St. John, read a paper called Philanthropy versus Spirituality. The world's one great need, said Mrs. Jamieson, is Jesus Christ. The business of the King's Daughters in this work was to lead Jesus Christ to it. The going forth to preach and to work could only be successful after tarrying with Jesus until we were embued with power from on high. "The people that do know their God," Mrs. Jamieson said, "shall be strong and do great things. Prayer," she said, "is the key that unlocks the treasure house of God."

A general discussion took place after the reading of this paper. Informal reports from various circle members of what they were doing, were submitted. Special mention was made of the new circle formed in Carleton under the leadership of Miss Louise Beatteay. This circle is composed mostly of young girls who sew for the poor and do other good work among those in need.

The method of opening services in the different circles was discussed. Miss Thorne of Fredericton, advocated that a system be adopted for all the circles. Her plan is, to arrange a programme each year and to have a leader for each meeting. They could take up Biblical subjects and follow this with some book or authority on the subject. The services in connection with the bringing in of new members was also discussed. Miss Helen Barker was the only nominee for maritime secretary. A number of other members were nominated for different positions. The ballots will be received this morning. An amendment to change part of the constitution was suggested. This amendment provides that all the names nominated by the first ballot would also be included in the second ballot, when the count is taken.

The afternoon session closed at 5 o'clock with prayer led by Miss Thorne.

In the evening an illustrated lecture was given in Centenary church school room, by Miss Brown, dominion secretary, from Toronto, showing the work of the order all over the United States and Canada. Rev. Dr. Flanders led the meeting in prayer, after which hymns were sung and a chapter read from the Bible. Miss E. Smith gave a delightful piano solo.

The illustrated lecture was both instructive and interesting. The pictures showed the many magnificent buildings, hospitals and sanitariums erected by the King's Daughters in the United States and Canada. Miss Brown explained the nature of the work of the society in the different cities and showed the vast increase in workers within the past few years.

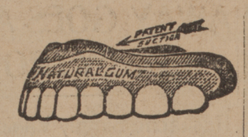
The evening closed with the singing of the hymn of the order, "Lead now as forth we go on."

This morning's session will be taken up principally with routine business. Rev. G. A. Kuhring will give a reading from the Bible.

This evening the guild will give a social to the delegates and all members of the guild in the city and elsewhere are invited.

On Sunday afternoon services will be held in St. David's church. The pastor, Rev. A. A. Graham will deliver a short address, followed by Miss Brown, dominion secretary, and Miss Thorne, recording secretary. This will mark the closing of the convention.

Full Set $4.00



We have a scientific formula which renders the extraction of teeth absolutely without pain. We fit teeth without plates, and, if you desire, we can, by a new method, do this work without resorting to the use of gold crowns or unsightly gold bands about the necks of the teeth. No cutting off the natural teeth or painful grinding.

Gold Crowns .....$3 and $5
Bridge Work .....$3 and $5
Teeth Without Plate .....$3 and $5
Gold Filling .....$1 up
Other Filling .....50 cents

The King Dental Parlors
Corner Charlotte and South Market sts.
DR. EDSON M. WILSON, - Prop

We have just opened our
New Restaurant
at 86 Germain Street, opposite Church Street
New Chef, New Waitresses and best of satisfaction. Open day and night. Give us a try.
SCAMMELL'S
Phone 1113

PRESCRIPTION WORK
Is our pride. This is the place to have yours rightly filled.
F. E. PORTER
DRUGGIST, : : 303 UNION ST.

WOOD When You Want a Big Load of DRY WOOD,
HARDWOOD, SOFT WOOD or KINDLING, Try City Fuel Co. Telephone 643

A Dressy, Stylish
Button Boot
at
$4.00

Ladies' Patent Colt, Black Cravenette Cloth Top, large Pearl Buttons, plain toe, short vamp, Cuban Heel, flexible Goodyear welted soles.

A Perfect Fitter
$4.00 per pair

Other styles in Patent Leather, Laced and Button Boots, $3, $4, $4,50, $5, $6.

Open evenings until 8
Francis & Vaughan
19 KING STREET

FOR SALE
SKATE FACTORY
and Equipment

The Whelpley Skate & Manufacturing Co., Ltd., offer for sale their Skate Manufacturing Plant at Greenwich, N. B., consisting of land, factory and complete equipment of machinery, tools and dies, in thorough working order for making a full line of modern pattern skates and similar articles.

This presents a good opportunity for persons desiring to engage in a profitable manufacturing business on a moderate investment.

Catalogue of machinery and full particulars obtainable from
HANINGTON & HANINGTON, St. John, N. B.
or F. W. WHELPLEY, Greenwich, N. B.

CANADA GETS MANY AMERICAN SETTLERS

Bringing in Wealth to The Dominion—Average is $1,000 Each

Winnipeg, Oct. 9—"Fully one-third of the immigrants to Canada for the first three months of the fiscal year of 1909-10 have been Americans," said J. Bruce Walker, Dominion Commissioner of Immigration. "The actual figures for those three months of immigrants from the states is 32,924, which number shows an increase of 64 per cent. over the same months of last year. The vast wealth that these immigrants brought with them is not yet detailed in figures, but with regard to the actual cash, stock and implements, it is significant to note that from the four states sending the fewest numbers, viz., Michigan, Montanna, Illinois and Massachusetts, the per capita in actual possessions reaches the satisfactory average of $998.

"My continual assertion is that the American brings with him an average of $1,000. These four states alone average up to $998, and there are the states of Iowa and Dakota, whose immigrants bring considerably more wealth than that, and the average must certainly be above the figures I have stated. The total immigration for the past three months of the fiscal year is 74,136.

Of these 23,663 are English and 17,549 are Continental immigrants, are chiefly Scandinavians and Belgians. During April, May and June there were 2,110 rejections at the United States border, which shows the rigid supervision that is maintained as to the coming flood of immigrants.

MORNING LOCALS

The harvest festival will be celebrated at St. John's (Stone) church tomorrow and will be marked by special music. Mrs. Carter will assist the choir.

A lumber wagon owned by the Christie Wood Working Co., broke down in Main street yesterday and the cars were unable to pass for some minutes.

Policeman Marshall has reported a cabman named McInerney for having his team at King Square after the regular hours.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Holly returned yesterday after a moose hunt. Their little twelve year old son, James, was successful in shooting a caribou.

Miss Nettie Colpitts, of Petitcodiac, who came to work in the city last week was taken seriously ill last night and was conveyed to the hospital.

An important meeting of all the standing boards and committees of the General Synod of the Anglican church in Canada will be held in this city next week beginning on Tuesday. It will make special arrangements for missionary work in Canada and the foreign fields. Public meetings will be held in the Anglican churches on Wednesday.

The Orange Fair will be opened in the Queen's Rink on Monday at 8 p. m. by Hon. Wm. Pugsley. The rink has been handsomely decorated, and the booths neatly arranged. Several voting contests promise to liven proceedings.;

B. Haimel of Ottawa, will today make an examination of an iron deposit within thirty miles of the city. He is connected with the department of mines, Ottawa.

Wm. Ruddock, of Ruddock Bros., tugboat men, was knocked down and severely injured by a street car yesterday in Union street, Carleton, and will be confined to his house for some days.

At a meeting of the St. John City and County Teachers' Association last night the following officers were elected: President, W. L. McDiarmid; vice-president, Miss Webb; secretary treasurer, Miss McNally; executive committee, W. J. S. Myles, S. Worrell, Miss Graham and Miss McAlary. Joseph Harrington was made a member of the teachers' pension committee.

Wm. Vassie has purchased the house on Paddock street formerly occupied by Thomas B. Hanington.

CAMPBELLTON POLICE MATTERS

The investigation into charges of false arrest against Chief of Police Crawford, of Campbellton, is still going on. It was clearly shown that Wendell P. Thompson, the St. John drug clerk, arrested on a serious charge, was entirely innocent and the affidavit of the girl in the case was read exonerating him.

At a meeting of the town council of Campbellton, held recently, a resolution was passed expressing the view that Policeman Yerxa had been dismissed unjustly. The resolution states that action taken was ill considered and that there was no evidence to show that the policeman was drunk or neglectful of his duties.

Correct Stick Pins

It is always interesting to note the fashions in stick pins for men. It is the fad at the present time to wear the very large variety and the pins that are quite striking. The latest style for the more correct men is not to wear any stick pin at all in the morning or to business. If they do, however, they should be of a very small design. It is not considered "correct" to wear any kind of a pin with certain stydes of four-in-hand ties, being considered out of place with all "knotted ties."

London Life



POLICIES "GOOD AS GOLD"
Larger Cash Guarantees
You cannot pin a Company down and MAKE them pay you cash equal to their estimates. To avoid future disappointment look for larger CASH GUARANTEES. You'll find them in our Reserve Dividend Policies. Ask our agent for particulars.

"R. P. Pierce, Supt. Industrial Branch, Globe Building, St. John."