PURITY FLOUR

And Its Keeping Qualities

SOME people find it necessary to buy a considerable quantity of flour at one time—sufficient to last for a long period. Naturally they are anxious to procure a flour of the kind best adapted to lengthy storage.

There are two important reasons why PURITY FLOUR possesses these qualities. One is that it is made entirely from Manitoba Hard Wheat. The other lies in the fact that the careful milling necessary to produce "Purity" absolutely excludes all low-grade particles of the wheat berry. It's the high grade Manitoba Hard Wheat Flour that keeps—stands longest storage. That's "Purity."



"Purity" flour may cost a little more, but is more than worth the difference. Try it. Watch results both for quality and yield.

"More Bread and better Bread"

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO., LIMITED

Mills at Winnipeg, Goderich, Brandon.

Standards of Beauty

From time immemorial the question of woman's beauty has been of interest. Every nation that ever existed has had some particular standard up to which its women tried to measure themselves. There have been as many different standards as there have been nations, and the same is true of nations today and the beauty of their women. If a beauty contest should be held of the beautiful women of all nations, and each type placed under the microscope, the verdict and awards would be far from satisfactory to all concerned—for each nationality has its own standard of beauty and seems incapable of appreciating the standards of other nations. It seems almost hopeless to expect the world to ever agree on a standard of feminine beauty.

The English beauty is a woman of extreme height and well-built. She need not necessarily be thin, but her figure must be straight and her carriage irreproachable. Her features must verge on the classical, and, in fact, may be cold and even haughty in severity of line. The wealth of hair, the brilliancy of her eyes and the perfection of her lines are the beauty test for the Englishwoman.

A good figure, to the French mind, is very different. The French beauty must be slim, with a close-fitting gown and curves of exaggerated fashion. She is most generally petite, piquant and chic. Her vivacity is her chief charm.

Germany prefers a plump woman—not necessarily a fat woman, but one inclined to be stout. This roundness of figure and face suggests good health and practical housekeeping qualities to the German mind. Bright red cheeks and very blond hair are admired.

The Dutch beauty is the German type carried to the extreme.

The Irish standard prefers an enviable rosy complexion, abundance of hair and saucy features, with eyes of the heaven's own blue. Gay spirits and vivacity are welcome adjuncts.

The Japanese and the Chinese have a standard entirely different from other nations. They prefer a small, diminutive, silent woman, with timid, mincing steps and shy demeanor. Almond eyes and swarthy complexion in which there is no trace of ruddiness, with straight black hair profusely adorned with flowers. Small fans and ornaments are sought for. A Japanese woman at home in her own country, in her flowing kimono and the picturesque surroundings, is indeed bewitching, while she is equally awkward attired in English, French or American clothes. The Chinaman prefers, above all else, a woman with small feet. The binding of the Chinese woman's feet is a process with which the whole world is more or less familiar.

Swarthiness is the prevailing standard in India. The face and hair are generally partly veiled in a flowing white cloth. In Turkey obesity is admired—and the stout woman, the absolutely fat woman, is considered beautiful. In the dark continent, the African beauty adorns her nose, and her ears with rings and pendants. Finely chiseled features are of no importance for the simple reason that they do not exist.

The American girl?

In posters, paintings and illustrations she has been flung forth defiantly to all the world. There are many types—from the North, the South, the East and the West. Which is the prettier, is a mooted question. Every man, anyway, chooses his own, confident that she is the ideal type of feminine beauty—so what is the difference?



And each type placed under a microscope

Once More From The Great West

Comes Evidence of the Great Work Dodd's Kidney Pills Are Doing

Cyrille Magnel Cured of Rheumatism and Diabetes by the Old Reliable Kidney Remedy

Findlay, Man., Feb. 26—(Special)—Cyrille Maginel, a well known farmer living near here, furnishes further evidence of the great work Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing in the west.

"I suffered from Rheumatism and Diabetes," Mr. Maginel says in telling the story of his cure. "My sleep was broken and unrefreshing, and I was tired and nervous all the time. I was treated by a doctor but he failed to cure me. Reading that Dodd's Kidney Pills were good for brick sediment in the urine, led me to try them, and after using twelve boxes I am as well as I can possibly be. Dodd's Kidney Pills have made a new man of me and I am thankful."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are no cure-all. They cure sick kidneys and that is all that is claimed for them. But sick kidneys are the root of numerous diseases caused by impure blood. For you can't have pure blood with sick kidneys. It is the work of the kidneys to strain the impurities out of the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Diabetes because it is a kidney disease; they cure Rheumatism because it is caused by sick kidneys failing to strain the uric acid out of the blood.

Welsh Rarebit on the Chafing Dish

BY A MAN WHO CAN DO IT.

It isn't often that a man is interested in anything concerning the culinary department of the home—at least as far as the preparation of it is concerned. But there is one time when he wishes, vaguely at least, that he could perform as gracefully on the chafing dish as the chap who makes the rarebit after the evning's entertainment is over with. That fellow is strictly "the goods," and all eyes are centred upon him and his culinary efforts.

Most people take it for granted that the making of a Welch rarebit is as difficult and delicate a task as the untangling of the Gordion knot was in the long ago. In reality it s not. If one just wades in confidently—and carefully following directions—he finds it as easy as the cutting of that famous knot must have been. The writer of this has performed the stunt hundreds of times and felt the satisfactory glow of a success not in his line. He doesn't know cook book phraseology, but here is a recipe that any man who is careful can use successfully after not more than one trial. The secret of the ease with which a rarebit may be made by this recipe, is the mixing of the ingredients.

Use both pans of the chafing dish. Fill the water pan with just sufficient hot water to cover the bottom; let it come to a boil. Then put on the upper pan (the one with the handle), containing one pound of cheese (to every four people) broken up into little bits, keeping stirring, crumbling and mashing the bits of cheese with the long chafing-dish spoon continuously, making sure that all lumps are either mashed or removed. When the cheese is partly melted add a little cream, stirring it in well; then a little more cream, etc., until the mixture is fairly thin. Do not use beer (in the rarebit) nd do not let it get too thin.

Then take the yolks of two eggs, which some fair damsel has been beating the meanwhile, and pour them in, mixing and stirring well. The rarebit must be stirred continuously until ready to serve. Then add a bit of the whites of the same two eggs, beaten separately from the yolks by another maiden who is hefty enough to beat them until the plate can be turned upside down with the eggs still clinging to it closer than a brother. Put in just enough of the beaten whites to make the rarebit of the proper consistency. If too thin, add more of the yolks to thicken. If too thick, add more of the whites to make it thin. If disgustingly thin and scrawny—listen carefully, for this is a secret known to very few women even—think of it!—add a teaspoonful of FLOUR. This will thicken the "bunny" every time and often save your bacon, so to speak.

The add lots of Worcestershire sauce and a dash of salt. Don't fool with mustard and other seasonings. Be content to juggle the salt and the Worcestershire sauce, and let well enough alone. Put two or three crackers on each plate and cover them with a generous spoonful of the rarebit, but remember that somebody is going to ask for a second "helping" (if you've played your cards correctly), so prepare for it and thus save your hostess possible embarrassment.

When the men and maids assemble tell you what a corking good rarebit it is, look wise and assure them that will not rise up in the night and smite them.

If there is any rarebit left over, give it to the cook and not to your hostess' pet dog. No rarebit ever made will agree with a dog; if it did, you could try it on the animal first.

Mrs. Nellie C. Upham was the only woman delegate at the recent American mining congress which met at Pittsburg. She is the owner of a paying mine, which she manages herself.

Use it or not, as your doctor says

You could not please us better than to ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis. Thousands of families always keep it in the house. The approval of their physician and the experience of many years have given them great confidence in this cough medicine.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

NOVA SCOTIA MEMBERS THINK CHATHAM'S CLAIM IS A JOKE

They Cannot Understand Why Any Place in New Brunswick Except St. John Should Have a Look in for the Dominion Fair Grant—St. John's Chances Look Brighter.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—The St. John delegates left for home this afternoon and were not so discouraged at the time of departure over the prospects of getting the $50,000 grant. Other considerations have arisen which would indicate that the members may give great weight to the opinion of the minister of agriculture, who certainly wants the show to be held in the place that will reflect credit upon the dominion.

Nova Scotia members are humorous over the situation, saying that there was no thought there of any place but Halifax. Even Amherst, with all its prominence and success in exhibitions, did not pretend to be able to accommodate such a crowd as would go to the national show.

Members from the western counties, Digby, Annapolis and Yarmouth, are particularly interested in the outcome, because their people attend the St. John exhibitions. They maintain St. John is the only place and that the selection of a small town will be a reflection upon Dr. Pugsley as a minister. Liberal members, they feel sure, will not take advantage of his generosity in leaving the choice to them and take the show from his city, which happens to be the most important place in the province.

Dr. Pugsley, however, having passed his word not to interfere, will not move an iota to influence the members but no matter how much the choice of a smaller place will injure him he will abide by their decision.

The ministers and members think he is entitled to great consideration in making the choice.

THERE WAS MARK ON DOWNIE'S NECK

Witnesses in the Downie Case Yesterday Afternoon Swore He Was Apparently Unconscious When Found and His Neck Bore Finger Marks

The hearing in the case of W. Herbert Downie was continued in the police court yesterday afternoon and after the evidence of several witnesse shad been taken was adjourned until this morning.

In the afternoon four more witnesses were examined, and adjournment was made till 10.30 this morning. The teamster, Jeremiah McEachern, was the first on the stand. After returning from dinner to the factory, he said, he went up stairs to the smoking room, and about 1 o'clock returned to the office for some invoices. As he opened the door he saw Downie on the floor and called to Shepherd and Holmstead, who were passing, for help.

They rubbed Downie's hands and as he was returning to consciousness he said "the cash." Mr. Anderson came in soon afterwards, and Downie said to him that the cash was all gone. After Mr. Anderson had found that the money was really gone, he telephoned to police headquarters.

The witness went on to say that Downie claimed he had been choked but did not know by whom. He said he did not hear or see anyone, but someone caught him by the throat and pulled him, chair and all, backwards. At the time he was found, Downie was lying in the chair and he was lifted out and placed on the floor with a cushion under his head. Two of those who stood by helped Downie to get up and into his chair again.

To Mr. Price the witness said that he saw some dark marks on Downie's throat about on a level with the top of the collar.

Benjamin Shepherd was the next witness. He said he was called into the enclosure by McEachern. Downie was on the floor unconscious, and as he was coming to, said "the cash, the cash." The witness unfastened Downie's collar in front. He saw four dark marks on Downie's throat, there of which were on one side. Personally he did not examine them and could not tell whether they were left by dirty fingers or were the effects of choking.

Harold Holmstead next took the stand and described the three marks on the left side of Downie's throat. Two of these were very distinct, of a purplish hue. The witness asked Downie if some one had choked him. He replied, "Yes, someone choked the life nearly out of me." Downie was apparently unconscious when the witness entered the enclosure.

John Wood, who works in Simms' shipping room, was the last witness. He said that he was in the shipping room from 12 o'clock till after the occurrence in the office. He was positive no one passed through the place towards the office where Downie was during that time. There was no one in the room with the exception of himself and Thomas Rodgers.

As this was all the evidence offered, the prisoner was remanded until this morning.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS WILL CURE YOUR BABY

If your little ones are subject to colic, indigestion, constipation, worms, simple fevers, or the other minor ailments of childhood, give them Baby's Own Tablets and see how quickly the trouble will disappear. But better still, an occasional dose of Tablets given to well children will keep these troubles away. Mrs. Allan A. MacDonald, Island River, N. B., says: "My baby suffered greatly from constipation and stomach trouble and Baby's Own Tablets cured him. I always keep the Tablets in the home now." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



IGNORANT WOMAN.

Victim—This thermometer is no good. I can never tell by it how cold the room is.

Dealer—My dear madam, do you not know the word "thermometer" is derived from the Greek words meaning "a measure of heat?" Naturally, therefore, it isn't meant to measure cold.

METHODISTS ARE AROUSED IN TORONTO

Toronto Pastor Says the Story of the Creation and the Deluge is a Myth—Dr. Carman Replies to Him and Controversy is Bitter

Toronto, Feb. 26—A controversy which looks as if it might cause a cleavage in the Methodist church, is raging in Toronto at present. It began a week or so ago when Rev. George Jackson, of Sherbourne street Methodist church, delivered a lecture before an audience of Y. M. C. A. members in which he stated that in the light of modern criticism it was impossible to longer regard the story of the creation or deluge, as told in the early chapters of Genesis, as other than a myth.

The gage thrown down by Dr. Jackson was taken up by a number of persons in the city, but battle languished until this morning when Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent of the Methodist church in Canada, launched forth in slashing attack on Dr. Jackson, who, by the way, is not a minister or even a member of the Methodist church in Canada, but still retains his connection with the church in Britain, which he left only three years ago.

Both church and laity of the city are divided in sympathy, men of the old school holding with the general superintendent and declaring vigorously that any preacher who cannot teach the tenets of the Methodist church, as enunciated in the doctrines of the church, should get out. The younger men as a rule, hold with Dr. Jackson, and plead for a more liberal interpretation.

Dr. Jackson, who is one of the most popular preachers in Toronto, has been appointed professor of English Bible in Victoria College and, unless the present controversy ends in his ejection, will begin work next fall. A peculiar thing about the whole situation is that the Toronto conference has no jurisdiction over Dr. Jackson and cannot discipline him in any way. Though he is virtually pastor of Sherbourne street church he is nominally only assistant. Nor can the conference prevent his appointment to Victoria. It can only recommend. The appointment in the last instance lies with the board of regents. The members of Dr. Jackson's congregation are almost all on his side and it contains some influential men, such as Senator Cox, J. W. Flavelle and H. H. Fudger.

In his attack, Dr. Carman calls Dr. Jackson "a free lance not responsible to anybody in particular. He was brought from Britain," says the superintendent, "under some such arrangement as I trust may never be repeated in our Methodism, dishonoring and submerging the regular pastorate and throwing wide open the doors to all manner of irregularity.

"The esteemed brethren who employed him, generally careful of church order, must, I think, have trusted him or surely they would not have entered into so unmethodistic and so utterly an anti-connexional complication. How their employe has observed the claims of hospitality and kept precious trust, recent disclosures demonstrate; to cast upon the conference that gave him shelter and so upon the body of brethren the imputation of insincerity in their opinions, cowardice in their utterances and deceit even in their silence might at least border upon an abused trust and a violated hospitality. He himself that speaketh out is the hero and the honest man.

"For a man to say that a correct theory of the origin of the universe, the origin of the human race, and the origin of sin is no part of the christian faith shows very superficial and attenuated thinking."

Further on in his letter, Dr. Carman intimates that Dr. Jackson in "attacking historicity of the holy writ on points absolutely unassailable, is loosening moral bonds, debauching the public mind and producing ten or a hundred doubters where, as he boasts, he might, forsooth effect possibly the cure of one or two."

The Pace bill, providing for local option by a majority instead of a two-thirds vote, as heretofore, passed both bodies of the Arizona legislature.

"77"

Humphreys' Seventy-Seven breaks up Colds and

GRIP

The curious tricks of the Grip are met by "Seventy-seven."

If you are subject to Influenza it attacks the head.

If your lungs are weak, the Chest is first affected.

If the Kidneys, then the pain seeks the back.

If bad Digestion, the stomach and bowels are involved.

All Drug Stores, 25c or mailed.

Humphrey's Homeo. Medicine Co., Cor. William and Ann streets, New York.

THREE HUNDRED SECONDS LATER

Or Five Minutes After Taking a Little Diapepsin All Indigestion and Stomach Misery Vanishes.

Miserable is the man or woman who suffers from dread Indigestion or Dyspepsia. There are few diseases which create such misery, long drawn-out suffering, as Indigestion. It pursues them before meals, after meals and between meals they take it to bed with them. It is with them wherever they go, though Indigestion is the simplest disease of all to cure.

Tell such afflicted ones, dear reader, of Pape's Diapepsin; urge the sufferer to go to any Pharmacy here and give 50 cents for a case. Such a sufferer would ever bless you, because five minutes after taking there would be no more Indigestion, no feeling like a lump of lead in the Stomach, or Heartburn, or fullness and discomfort, no Belching of Gas or Eructations of Sour food, Debilitating Headache, Nausea, Water Brash and other symptoms of a sour, disordered stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin will digest anything you eat without the aid of the Stomach.

Diapepsin is a wonderful Stomach purifier and splendid to keep the intestines clean and fresh; then your food will not ferment and poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Diapepsin will rest the stomach and increase the gastric juices; this is what is mostly needed—more and better digestive juices—and no Gas—then Indigestion and all stomach trouble will go.

Each 50-cent case contaimes sufficient to usually cure the most chronic dyspeptic.

HOW WHARF WORK IS PROGRESSING

The work of extending the new South Rodney wharves to the harbor line, which is being carried out by the dominion government, is making good progress. D. C. Clarke, the contractor, has one crib 200 feet long sunk on the northern face in the rear of No. 6 berth and built up thirty-six feet. The crib has been ballasted to a depth of five feet and is now being filled with mud taken from the dredging scows.

The capacity of the crib is about 5,000 cubic yards, and the "orange peel," which is dredging at the Ballast wharf, is sending over about twelve scow loads a day. The dredge Iroquois, which started work yesterday, will also contribute material as the work progresses. This method is effecting a considerable saving in towage, as the scows, when full, have only to be towed up the harbor instead of being dumped at Shag rocks.

The second crib on the northern face of the new wharf was towed around from the Old Fort about a week ago and is built up fourteen feet. It will be ready to sink in about a fortnight. The length of this crib is 243 feet. Two more will be required to extend the wharf to the harbor line on the northern side. When completed it will be the longest single berth in the harbor.

While it was at first the intention to use concrete in the superstructure of these wharves the idea was abandoned, and it will not figure in the work except as a foundation for the mooring posts. The space between the north and south faces will be filled in with mud, into which piles will be driven to ensure a solid surface.

KIDNEY DISEASE

COMES ON QUIETLY.

Perhaps no other organs work harder than the kidneys to preserve the general health of the body and most people are troubled with some kind of Kidney Complaint, but do not suspect it. It may have been in the system for some time. There may have been backaches, swelling of the feet and ankles, disturbances of the urinary organs, such as brick dust deposit in the urine, highly colored scanty or cloudy urine, bladder pains, frequent or supressed urination, burning sensation when urinating, etc.

Do not neglect any of these symptoms, for, if neglected they will eventually lead to Bright's Disease, Dropsy and Diabetes.

On the first sign of anything wrong Doan's Kidney Pills should be taken. They go to the seat of trouble, strengthen the kidneys and help them to filter the blood properly and flush off all the impurities which cause kidney trouble.

Miss Albertha B. Clarke, Stony Creek, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with kidney trouble for several years; my back was weak, I had such terrible headaches, and was so restless I could not sleep at night and tried everything without any benefit. Meantime a friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, so I got four boxes and they completely cured me. I now feel as well as I ever did and would advise everyone suffering from Kidney Disease to try them."

Price 50 cts. per box, or 3 for $1.25, all dealers or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering specify "Doan's."

OBITUARY

Mrs. G. H. Ludlow

Mrs. George Harriet Ludlow, widow of Dr. Jasper Nugent Murphy, of Fredericton, and sister of the late Judge Wetmore, died yesterday at her residence in Rothesay, aged eighty-seven years. She had been only a few days sick with congestion of the lungs. Mrs. Murphy was a daughter of the late George Ludlow Wetmore, of Fredericton. Her husband died about thirty years ago, and most of the time since she had lived in Rothesay. She is survived by seven daughters—Mrs. Vail, wife of Dr. Vail, of Sussex; Mrs. Breebon, of Brantford (Ont.); Mrs. Gray, who is now residing in Paris; Mrs. George Dickson Otty, of Hampton; Mrs. James Steeves and Mrs. William Avery, of Rothesay, and Miss Murphy, of Wolfville. She was well known and greatly respected by a large circle of friends, who will regret to hear of her death. The funeral will take place on Sunday at Rothesay.

Daniel Lyons

Daniel Lyons, one of the best known residents of Milltown (N. B.), died on Tuesday, Feb. 23, after an illness of ten days. He was sixty-five years of age, and was a prominent citizen.

The first of the meetings of the Men's Association of St. Andrew's church was held last night. The lecture room of the church was comfortably filled. A fine programme was carried out, after which refreshments were served by the younger members. The following took part in the entertainment: Messrs. Young, Brown and the Bonnell brothers, male quartette; Fred. McKean, bass solo; Ken Bonnell, reading; George Brown, tenor solo; Ed. Bonnell, bass solo. The next meeting will be on March 8. A good programme is being prepared.

PERRY BACK IN POLICE RANKS AND CAVANAUGH IS SUSPENDED

Chief Clark Sifts Evidence and Finds No Cause to Act Against Perry — He Suspends Cavanaugh for Three Days for Not Making His Report in Time

Policeman Ira D. Perry, who was under suspension during the investigation of charges preferred by Policeman Matthew Cavanaugh, was reinstated by Chief of Police Clark last night and at once resumed duty, while Patrolman Cavanaugh was suspended for three days.

In speaking of the matter last night, the chief said that under the evidence the only course for him was to place Perry in the ranks again, while he felt that he must suspend Cavanaugh for the period mentioned for neglect to report to him at the time of the occurrence what he did report on Feb. 20, nearly four months later.

The charge made by Cavanaugh was in substance as follows:

While performing night duty on the York Point beat during the week of Oct. 26 with Perry, he said, he tried the doors of the Brayley Drug Company building between 12 and 1 o'clock and found both locked; that the hour between 1 and 2 o'clock he spent in the Water street lockup and came out at 2.10 a. m. and met Perry in Dock street and asked the latter where he had been. The reply was that he had been in a place. Cavanaugh then said Perry took a pipe out of his pocket and offered it to him, but he returned it, saying that he did not want it; that Perry then took out another pipe and in the meantime one in a case fell out on the street; that Perry told him that he had found the Brayley Drug Company door open and had secured it with a spring lock.

On account of having locked up a prisoner, Cavanaugh expected to leave for home at 3 o'clock. At 2.40 he telephoned to Sergeant Campbell, who ordered him to remain on duty and he again went on the beat at 3.10, going as far as the Red Rose tea building and seeing no sign of Perry. He stood in the doorway of Gilbert's shop, he said, and in about five minutes Perry came from the hall door of the O'Regan building opposite with something under his cape that looked like bottles. He said Perry went down Dock street almost at a run. Cavanaugh said he followed and near the laborers' bell in Market square another policeman joined Perry and they talked for a while; that Perry went back to Dock street and met Cavanaugh then.

On leaving for home that morning Cavanaugh said, Policeman Thomas Sullivan and he walked up Dock street and stood in the door of Sullivan's home, opposite the O'Regan building in Mill street, and that Policeman Totten passed toward Main street with a lunch box and also carrying a parcel.

The chief said that the report had been made to him by Cavanaugh on Feb. 20 and he did not know why it was not made earlier. He requested Cavanaugh to put it in writing. This was done and Perry was suspended.

At the investigation about twenty-five witnesses were examined. Perry said that there were two pipes and they had been given to him on separate occasions by his brother, G. Foster Perry, of Moncton, and the latter had come to the city and given evidence in support of this.

Perry also said that after he had found the Drug Company's door open and secured it he did not go down Dock street, but went by way of Union and Smythe streets to the North wharf; that at the corner of Dock street and the wharf he hailed Policemen Hughes and Totten and had a conversation with Totten about some lumber lying on the wharf which he thought ought to be watched for fear of thieves.

Hughes said he did not see anything pass between Perry and Totten and Totten said there was nothing. The only parcel he remembered carrying home was one morning when he took his cardigan jacket rolled up in a newspaper.

The chief said there was some little difference between the stories of Policemen Cavanaugh and Sullivan about this occasion.

Charles Ferrand, manager of the Brayley Drug Co., said that he had lost nothing from his place. He added that he had no reason to have any suspicion of Perry and had heard nothing against his character other than what Cavanaugh had told him. A large number of policemen and sergeants who had done duty with Perry were examined and gave him a good name except in one or two minor instances. Sergeant Campbell said that one time he found him asleep on duty, as was reported at the time, and Sergt. Caples told that on one occasion Perry had reported to him that he had found the door of a milk place open and had a good drink of buttermilk at the same time inviting the sergeant to have one. Caples reprimanded him for his action at the time and told him that he should not have touched the buttermilk.

Chief Clark addressed all the men of the day and night divisions at roll call last night and announced his decision. He said he found Perry not guilty under the evidence and he reinstated him. He said Cavanaugh had made a mistake in not reporting to him at the time and in talking about the matter to others instead. For this he suspended Cavanaugh for three days, beginning tonight.

Perry resumed his uniform and went on duty in Brussels street last evening.

Chief Clark said to a Telegraph reporter later that he had no doubt Cavanaugh meant to do the correct thing, but he should have reported to him at once. Perry entered in the blotter at the time a report that he found the drug company building open; if Cavanaugh believed differently he should have said so at once. As to the statement of Cavanaugh that he saw Perry with something under his cape like bottles, the chief said he could not see how, at night, judging from the relative position of the men and the location of the lights in the street, that Cavanaugh could be certain.

CHATHAM PLANS FOR THE BIG FAIR

They Want the I. C. R Diverted into Town in Time for Dominion Exhibition

Chatham, N. B., Feb. 26—The news that a majority of the Liberals members in the province had declared themselves in favor of Chatham receiving the $50,000 exhibition grant, occasioned little surprise here. When the delegates returned a few days ago they were able almost definitely to tell what members would recognize the claims of Chatham and the result was expected. The feeling of business men is that when the matter is finally settled, the work of preparation for the fair should be begun at once, and no effort should be spared to make the show a success and to ensure the comfort of the expected thousands of visitors.

A more important matter is now engaging the attention of the citizens. J. S. O'Dwyer, of Moncton, government engineer, has been here for several days endeavoring to settle the claims for the right of way for the diversion of the I. C. R. into town. At a joint meeting of the board of trade and town council last evening. Mr. O'Dwyer submitted the plans for the railway and a majority of those present expressed themselves in favor of building the new section on the A. & R. Loggie property in the west end.

A resolution was unanimously adopted pressing upon W. S. Loggie, the county's representative at Ottawa, the necessity of obtaining a revote on the expended portion of the $40,070 voted last year. This amounts to $30,000, and a new vote of the same figure will make a total sum of $72,000 available for expenditure the coming summer.

Property owners present agreed to allow the land damages stand for another year, and the whole amount will be devoted to grading and laying of the rails.

On the authority of Mr. O'Dwyer it was stated the $72,000 would complete the railway as far as Morrison's Mill, just on the outskirts of the town. There will remain only the portion through town to be built in the summer of 1910, and it is hoped to have the changed line complete in time to bring visitors to the dominion exhibition.

SHE WAS ON.

Mrs. Boozer (3 a. m.)—This is a nice time for you to be coming home. Where have you been?

Mr. Boozer—Been setting up, my dearest, wiz a friend.

Mrs. Boozer—How many drinks did you set up?

At Havana a bill has been introduced in the senate to annual the order of the American military authorities abolishing the lottery.

VERY PREVALENT IN YOUNG WOMEN

A Condition of "White-Bloodedness" is Fast Increasing.

It is always associated with langour and sensitiveness to cold. All the mucous surfaces, such as the gums, lips and eyelids, are blanched and waxy looking, the skin is pallid and colorless.

The pulse becomes rapid and feeble; there is also loss of appetite and enfeebled digestion, palpitation of the heart, breathlessness and tendency to faint. In extreme cases there is complete disappearance of the menstrual flow and dropsical swelling of the limbs.

Physicians know of no remedy so prompt in results as Ferrozone, which contains all the elements lacking in debilitated blood.

Ferrozone not only improves the present quality of the blood, but actually forms more blood—the rich, red kind that nourishes and feeds the organs that require assistance.

"About a year ago," writes Mrs. S. G. Stanhope, of Rothesay, "my daughter complained of feeling tired. She was very pale and listless, and kept losing strength until too weak to attend school.

"We read of a similar case, that of Miss Descent, Stirling, Ont., being cured by Ferrozone, and this induced us to get it for Elaine. It took three boxes of Ferrozone to make any decided improvement, but when six boxes were used my daughter was beginning to be her old self again. It didn't take much longer to make a complete cure. It has made a new girl of Elaine. She has gained ten pounds in weight and looks the picture of perfect health. She is stronger and enjoys the best of spirits."

Every growing girl and young woman can make herself strong and healthy with Ferrozone. Price 50c. per box, or six for $2.50, at all dealers.

MONCTON VETERANS CELEBRATE VICTORY

Moncton, N. B., Feb. 26—The battle of Paardeberg was celebrated here tonight by the residents of Moncton who were with the Canadian troops in the Boer war. Some fifteen sat down to a banquet over which Mayor Willett presided. Quite a number of civilians participated in the celebration.

Much interest is being taken in the Starr trophy match tomorrow night between Moncton and the Halifax Crescents. The Crescents insisted on the largest number of goals in the two games deciding the contest, and the Vics, in order to have the games, yielded the point. Joe Crockett, who has been ill and it was feared would not be in the game, announced tonight that he will be able to play. Bob Meldrum, of Montreal, will referee.

In the district curling league play tonight between Sackville and Moncton, two rinks a side, Moncton led by five points. With two more rinks to play and Moncton with a lead of twenty-three, it naturally means that Moncton has won the league trophy.

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You can't keep up forever. Sooner or later Nature will rebel against the strain that is imposed on your overworked system. So far, will power and nerve may have tided you over, but the end is probably near at hand. Today the common complaint with weak men and women is lack of kidney vitality. Here you have the cause of your ill-health.

Wouldn't it be wise to use a time-tested remedy like Dr. Hamilton's Pills—they cure that "ailing" feeling in one night. Next morning you feel like new—bright, fresh and happy. Appetite improves, dull, sallow color grows ruddy and clear, proving that great good is being done by this scientific medicine. Because sure to cure, you should get Dr. Hamilton's Pills today; 25c. per box at all dealers.