

The Evening Times.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JAN. 29, 1909.

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THE EVENING TIMES THE DAILY TELEGRAPH

New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers

These papers advocate:

British Connection
Honesty in Public Life
Measures for the Material Progress and Moral Advancement of our Great Dominion.
No Graft
No Deals

"The Shamrock, Thistle, Rose entwined
The Maple Leaf forever."

THE GREAT RE-HASH

The people of Canada will be more impressed by the result of the late federal elections in New Brunswick than by the vapors of Messrs. Foster, Crockett and others in the House of Commons. The introduction of the Mayes affidavit into the debates of the House will do the Conservative party much injury, and will strengthen the position of the Minister of Public Works. The manner in which he played his opponents yesterday will probably deter any other foolish members of the party from returning to this subject.

Premier Hazen has no reason to be thankful to his party friends for having brought the question up at Ottawa. The Mayes affidavit and the manner in which it was handled caused a serious split in the party in this city and province. The blame was laid upon the shoulders of Premier Hazen, who assumed the responsibility of reading the document at a Conservative mass meeting. The exposure of the plot did irreparable damage to his reputation as a fair-minded public man. Possibly this fact was not so well understood throughout Canada as it was in St. John, but, after yesterday's speech by Dr. Pugsley in the House, the whole country knows how the Premier of this province stooped to a discreditable act in an effort to injure a political opponent. As Attorney-General, it was his duty, if he believed Dr. Pugsley guilty, to have pursued an entirely different course. That he did not do so, and that he has failed to produce the original of the notorious affidavit, convinces himself while it exonerates the Minister of Public Works. The citizens of St. John well remember the boastful mottoes at the Conservative mass meeting at which the alleged affidavit was read. These mottoes hailed the provincial premiers as the men who would carry Mr. Borden into power. How the prediction was fulfilled in New Brunswick we all know. The Minister of Public Works came out of that contest with flying colors. It would almost look as if those Conservatives who suffered through Mr. Hazen's folly had deliberately brought this matter up in parliament, in order that his blunder and the cause of their overwhelming defeat might be made known to the whole country.

Mr. Crockett of York did not shine in yesterday's debate. He persisted in reading a second declaration made by Mr. Mayes, after having accepted the statement of Dr. Pugsley that the statements made in the Mayes affidavit were false. If Mr. Crockett accepted the statement of the Minister of Public Works, he did not believe the statements made by Mr. Mayes. Why then should he read them? As an honorable man, he should seem to connect himself in any way with charges against a public man which he believed to be untrue. No member of the House could place himself in a more humiliating position than that in which Mr. Crockett placed himself yesterday when he read a series of statements against the Minister and then accepted the Minister's assurance that they were not true.

The Conservatives were very badly worsted in this discussion. They introduced no new matter, but merely served up stale charges upon which the people of New Brunswick had already pronounced judgment. It is to be regretted that the party did not profit by the lesson taught in the elections. To continue this kind of warfare is to betray a personal vindictiveness, directed against the Minister of Public Works, which the country at large will resent. If it is by such methods the party hopes to be returned to power in Canada, it must linger long in the shadow of public disapproval.

A MEDICAL INSPECTOR

The city of St. John should have a medical inspector, whose duty would take him not only into the schools, but into the homes of the people. It is quite clear to the careful observer that the prevalence of diphtheria and the outbreaks of contagious disease from time to time are due to disregard by very many persons of the rules of the Board of Health. Many persons and families suffer through the carelessness or obstinacy of others. To speak only of the schools, the Times showed recently, by quoting the report of the medical health officer in Montreal, how great is the need of this inspection. The

proportion of children suffering from disease or defect is very large, and these children, through lack of care, are greatly handicapped in their studies, and some of them are a menace to their school-mates and the general health of the community. This city is large enough to afford to have a medical inspector, who would devote his whole time to his duties. It must be remembered that the conditions of life in St. John have changed very materially in the last few years. Many foreigners have made their homes here, and some of these are not too careful about cleanliness and rules of health. In this respect they are, perhaps, no worse than some who are not foreigners. Now then a state of affairs is revealed in the case of some particular family which shocks the community; but how many such cases are there of which the community knows nothing? It is, in regard to sanitary and general health conditions, much as it is in the case of poverty. A citizen who lives on a street where the dwellers, for the most part, are persons in easy circumstances, said to the Times yesterday that his family had discovered a case of utter destitution, almost under their noses. It was the case of a family without food or fuel, and to whom immediate relief had to be given. The general public have no idea of the amount of suffering silently borne during a hard winter in this city. Neither does the general public know how many breeding places of disease there are in unsanitary houses, into which are crowded families of careless habits, and indifferent to the rules of health. For these reasons, a medical inspector would save the citizens much worry and loss and suffering.

From reports which have come to The Times, it appears that the religious census of the city, taken yesterday, was not complete. One citizen, in whose family there are eight persons, tells this paper that no one called at his home yesterday, although the work in that ward is said to be complete. Another house, where there were three families, was not visited because a placard appeared on one of the doors, indicating the presence of a contagious disease. Several other instances are given which make it appear that the work of the enumerators was not as complete as it should have been. It is of course possible that in some of these cases the information was secured without visiting the house. To do the work thoroughly in one day, each enumerator should have put a small section to cover and should take pains to learn the whole number of persons living therein.

There will be much interest in the address of Professor Leacock, of McGill, before the Canadian Club on Tuesday evening next, on the external relations of the Dominion of Canada. When he set out on his tour of the Empire as Rhodes lecturer, Prof. Leacock delivered his first address before the Canadian Club of St. John. He is now fulfilling a promise then made to return to this city and deliver a second address. While in England on his tour, Prof. Leacock subjected himself to some criticism by his outspoken views. He is a man of strong opinions and the ability to give them clear expression. Those who attend the luncheon next Tuesday evening therefore will be well repaid.

The gentlemen of the civic treasury board are willing that incomes up to \$200 should be exempt from taxation, but are unwilling that those persons who enjoy this exemption should be permitted to vote. This view is not generally held by the citizens. There are men, whose income in some years for one reason or another does not exceed \$200, who are quite as competent to pass judgment on civic affairs as those who are in easier circumstances. There is no good reason for discrimination. If the rule is to be applied, then the man who has an income of \$1,000 should have two votes, if the man whose income is \$500 is to have one vote. The monetary test of a man's intelligence is not a good rule of citizenship.

The immigration authorities of the United States do their work well. Out of thirty immigrants, destined for the American ports, who arrived here on the steamer Montreal yesterday, twenty-six were detained owing to a lack of sufficient funds to meet the requirements of the department.

In parliament yesterday Mr. Crockett referred to the Standard, the conservative campaign paper in St. John, as a little poster. It was an expensive poster, but it printed the Mayes' affidavit. Mr. Crockett should speak more kindly of the dead.

Canada's credit is good. The new bond issue of \$6,000,000 has been very successfully floated in London.

JAPAN LOOKING FOR A CHINESE CONCESSION

Peking, Jan. 29.—The Japanese government has proposed to China to permit her to construct the Heilmintum-Fakumen Railroad on condition that all future extensions of this line be built by the south Manchurian railway. This means in substance that the Chinese railroad system will become Japanese from Fakumen onward. China has declined to entertain this proposal.

A. J. Russell is confined to his home with an attack of appendicitis.

Men's D. B. Suits Prices Greatly Reduced

We are stock-taking this week and using the knife very freely in prices. Yesterday we were into Men's Double-Breasted Suits, and the following price-cutting is the result:

\$6.00 to \$8.00 For \$4.95
D. B. Suits
\$8.75 to \$10.00 For \$6.98
D. B. Suits
\$12.00 Suits For \$9.85
\$15.00 Suits For \$11.45

OVERCOAT AND REEFER PRICES ALMOST CUT IN TWO.

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing & Tailoring, 199 to 207 Union St.

MONDAY, February 1st

Mark this date on your calendar, where you will be able to see it and remember that our

ANNUAL FEBRUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Commences on That Day

94 KING STREET
W. B. B. B.
FOOT LITERS

WRINGER SALE

We have just finished stock taking, and find we are overstocked on certain lines of Wringers. To clear these out we are making the following prices:—

10 in. Bayside, former price \$3.65
now \$2.70
11 in. Bayside, former price \$4.00
now \$3.00
10 in. Falcon, former price \$3.85
now \$2.90
11 in. Falcon, former price \$4.25
now \$3.20
11 in. Royal Canadian, former price \$3.75, now \$2.80

Washing Machines of all Kinds
EMERSON & FISHER, LTD., 25 Germain Street

Railway Supplies

HAND, PUSH, MOTOR, VELOCIPEDE CARS,
Track Tools, Shovels, Barrows, Barrett
Jacks, Well's, Lights, Fairbanks-
Morse Pumps.

The Canadian Fairbanks Co., Ltd.
58 Water Street

Lots of PAPER COVER BOOKS.

GAMES IN LARGE ASSORTMENT.

Violin Strings, Violin Bows, Musical Instruments,
Large Assortment of Cheap Glass Lamps,
Cheap Crockery, Etc., at

WATSON & COMPANY
Cor. Charlotte and Union Sts.

Don't Bark Your Head Off!

Get the remedy that will cure that cough.

McGregor's Cough Balsam.

A few doses and the cough is well. Contains no opium or other
narcotics. Safe for young. Safe for old.

25 cents Buys a Bottle Here.
"Reliable" ROBB The Prescription Druggist
137 CHARLOTTE ST.

NEW AND STYLISH NECK FRILLING

In White, Blue, Pink and Cream

Also SMALL BOXES, 3 FRILLS FOR 25 cts.

Home Journal Patterns
Wetmore, Garden St. Tending Tissue

Ferguson & Page

Jewelers
Watchmakers
and Opticians

41 KING STREET

WHAT'S THE USE?

What's the use of getting still when the world can use you? There's a niche for you to fill in the ranks of men. When opportunity sends word that he will choose you, don't you be ready—then buckle in! Make a noise about the earth. Let 'em know you're coming! Too few little 'hazoo an' keep the music of honor's walls. Don't you be a dead one till the under-taker calls. —E. A. Brimston in Los Angeles Express.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

EASY.

Mrs. Elvan-An' phat's yer son Moike doin' now, Mrs. Casey? He's a policeman, Shure. Moike ain't doin' anything, Mrs. Flynn. He's got a Government job.

WAGGERS.

Mary had a little dog Who wagged his little tail Wherever Mary went to jog He followed without fail. "What keeps the doggie acting so?" Said she, "I have no brag. But it's because, since you must know, He's such a merry wag." —Washington Star.

GREAT NEED.

A health journal has an article on "How to Lie When Asleep." What we need is a few pointers on how to induce people to tell the truth when awake.—Chicago News.

IN 1908.

Grandpa (peevishly)—Well, I can talk all you like about Rocketships, Monstrous-fliers and this here new line of New York and London night boats, but give me the good old times. Folks didn't use to be in such a tearing hurry. In my day, if we liked along at 62 miles an hour, we thought it was fast enough for anybody.—Puck.

TRUSTED, BUSTED, DUSTED.

They hired a girl who was trusted. To dust off a bust—but it busted. Then she peeked up each dust. And away she went to the dust. Although trusted, she busted, then "Dusted." —Los Angeles Express.

RATHER CUTTING.

When General Schenck, whose greatest fame rests upon his having introduced the game of poker into England, first arrived in London as American minister to the court of St. James, he kept a little of his spare time to visit the sights of the British capital. Among other places he visited Mrs. Tussaud's waxworks. "And what do you think of our great waxwork exhibition?" asked a friend. "Well," replied the general, "it struck me as being very like the ordinary English evening party."

A LOOK AHEAD.

In due process of time the battleship had reached the utmost limit of its development. Likewise the manufacture of deadly explosives had perfected machines capable of blowing a whole fleet out of water at any imaginable distance. In great haste the powers summoned a conference. "What's the use of carrying the thing any farther?" they said. "War has become so appalling and expensive that we can't afford to indulge in it any more."

Seeing that the jig was up they reluctantly inaugurated the era of universal peace.—Chicago Tribune.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

New Brunswick

At a meeting in St. Stephen recently to consider an amalgamation scheme to eliminate rivalry in the steamboat service to St. John from Charlotte county ports no action was taken.

H. McGrattan & Sons will resume operations in their granite works at St. George shortly.

It is reported that an experimental farm under the direction of James Keen of Aberdeen, Scotland, is to be established at Head Harbor Island by the Campbell's Land & Improvement Company. The farm will consist of 100 acres and it is the intention of the promoters to raise fancy breeds of cattle, guinea fowl, turkeys, geese, ducks and poultry.

Nova Scotia

The C. S. Bruce was unable to land at Lunenburg from Newfoundland on Tuesday. She returned to the night, and another attempt to dock in the morning was ineffectual, the storm having increased in force instead of abating. Shortly after noon, the steamship was headed for Louisbourg, which she reached in the afternoon.

Tuesday night's snow storm blocked the streets of North Sydney and interfered with traffic. The Liberals of Pictou County nominated George Gray, of the Acadia Coal Company, to contest the constituency in the provincial by-election on Feb. 16. A Conservative convention will be held at Westville on Monday.

Another liquor case against the steward of a so-called "club" was heard at Halifax yesterday. Five witnesses swore they were members of the club, and stated that their object in joining was to procure liquor when wanted.

News has been received in Halifax of a most distressing affair at Gerard Island. The residence of Howard Day, of that place, was on January 28th burned to the ground. The furniture and household effects were completely destroyed and his seven children of Mr. Day were left with only one thing save that worn at the time of the fire.

The phenomenal run of herring which struck in on the bay about Shelburne continued until a few days ago and the fishermen made quite a sum of money. Several American schooners came over and took almost the entire catch. The missing southwest buoy off Seal Island was found by the Xarmon tug and towed into Abbot's Harbor. The buoy is valued at \$14,000.

The largan factory, plant and effects at Riverside, Cumberland Co., were sold at public auction on Wednesday afternoon and bid in by B. L. Tucker for \$8,925. The plant, practically new, cost over \$10,000.

The Louisiana board of health have asked the government to establish a quarantine at that port and Newfoundland and St. Pierre. Smallpox is rampant in Newfoundland there being almost 400 cases of the disease. North Sydney has declared a quarantine against the colony. The collector of customs, pilot board, secretary and the quarantine officer gave suggestions.

The decision of the Halifax board of health in regard to Dartmouth ice will not take effect until next season. The ice men are at liberty to harvest and sell their ice as before, the board of health having found that there is absolutely no contamination of the water at present, nor has there been any. The precautions are being taken to insure the continuance of this condition.

The number of workmen has, during the last few weeks, been gradually increased at Rhodes, Curry and company's at Annerst, until all departments have resumed activity and a weekly output of ten box cars has been reached.

Mrs. Henry Morrell and two of her children who were stricken with diphtheria at Stellarton, were buried to the same coffin. Mrs. Morrell contracted the disease after attending the funeral of her thirteen year old son.

Full Set \$4.00



We have a scientific formula which renders the extraction of teeth absolutely without pain. We fit teeth without plates, and, if you desire, we can, by a new method, do this work without resorting to the use of gold crowns or unsightly gold bands about the necks of the teeth. No cutting off the natural teeth or painful grinding.

Gold Crowns \$3 and \$5
Bridge Work \$3 and \$5
Teeth Without Plate \$3 and \$5
Gold Filling \$1 up
Other Filling 50 cents

The King Dental Parlors

Corner Charlotte and South Market sts.
DR. EDSON M. WILSON, - Prop

We have just opened our New Restaurant

at 86 Germain Street, opposite Church Street.

New Chef, New Waitresses and best of satisfaction. Open day and night. Give us a try.

SCAMMELL'S

Phone 1115

Moccasins

For

Snow-Shoeing

BARGAINS

in all sizes

Men's - \$1.00
Ladies' - 85c
Children's - 65c, 75c

Store closes at 7 p. m.

Francis & Vaughan

19 King Street

RIBBON SALE

All Silk Ribbons and
Satin and Silk Ribbons

Good values at 30c per yard. Our price
for a few days

19c per Yard

And no charge for making the bows when the ribbon is purchased from us. Colors, black, white, cream, leghorn, navy, tabac, maroon, mexique, reseda, sage or Alice blue, myrtle, lotus, moss, champagne, sky, rose, cardinal, rosewood, turquoise, wine, parr, coral, gold, coquelicot, argent, lilac, prue and castor.

THE BEST RIBBON VALUES EVER OFFERED.

Marr Millinery Co.

Corner Union and Coburg streets, and 687 Main street, North End.
SAME VALUES ALSO AT MONCTON, N. B.

HOW THE AMERICAN "YELLOW" JOURNALS CLAMOR FOR WAR

Specimens of Editorial Utterances Calculated to Inflame Opinion Against Japan—The Bogy of an Unprotected Pacific

(N. Y. American)
The strongest incident in Mr. Roosevelt's administration was the sending of the fleet to the Pacific Ocean.

The most serious mistake of the Roosevelt Administration was in taking the fleet away from the Pacific.

It was a master stroke of strategy to send the fleet to the Orient. The American was the stalwart champion of that policy from the beginning, and gave it consistent support.

The wisdom of the trip was vindicated and emphasized in a dozen vital results. It magnified our country. It enthused and thrilled our own people. It captured the respect and admiration of the commercial countries of South America. It elevated our navy in the respect of all nations. And it distinctly and effectively quelled the belligerent attitude of Japan, and in all probability saved us a foreign war.

From the day that the White Squadron turned Cape Horn the martial assertiveness of Japan subsided into suave and gentle courtesy. No discussion of trifling incidents—which continued to occur in California—ruled the peaceful temper of Japan. It welcomed our magnificent fleet with hospitality and petted our sailors with flowers, as Japan so well knows how to do.

But, mark you, almost on the hour in which the locks of the Suez Canal are shut upon our battleships in the Mediterranean Sea, Japan hurls once again its slender arm against a California incident, and our State Department is hectoring anew with the stern reminder, "You must not provoke us."

There is no peace or dignity possible in our relations with Japan without the fleet in the Pacific seas.

Mr. Roosevelt should have known that Japan's professions stand for nothing and never did. They are as cheap with us as they were with Russia, and as meaning less. The only way to treat an overture with Japan is behind great guns on our ocean decks in the harbors of Honolulu and San Francisco.

Mr. Roosevelt has followed a great strategic move with a great strategic error. He has made a mistake. There is yet time to redeem the mistake for himself and for the country.

Send the battleships back to the Pacific as the pledge of peace.

When the fleet is in the Pacific to stay, public opinion will force Congress, and that speedily, to build another for the Atlantic coast!

THE THRILLING APPEAL OF THE FACTS.

The Army Board at Washington officially confirms all that Mr. William R. Hearst and Congressman Hobson have been claiming for the last twelve months.

In case of war with Japan the Pacific coast is practically at the mercy of the Japanese troops. Its harbors, its territory, its valleys, hills and cities would fall before the trained Japanese soldiers already landed as immigrants, and the others so easy to land upon our shores. Think of the unspeakable shame of it! The statement is official, convincing, unanswerable. The president knows it, and so does the state department.

The stated facts make an appeal for national defense by land and sea, which no honest citizen can deny and which no patriotic citizen can refuse. The facts call in thunder tones for the return of the fleet to the Pacific. Pitiful and complacent conservatives at

Washington, smug and self-satisfied in their obstinate refusal to recognize conditions, have placidly felicitated themselves upon their "balance" and "serenity," while they sneered and mocked the President and his Cabinet, and the American and Hobson in their logical demand for naval protection for our endangered brethren and fellow citizens upon the Pacific Coast! Wise men these! Great statesmen—safe counselors? They should be given a holiday—a long one—and the Pacific slope should see to it that only its sons and protectors are henceforth put on guard at Washington!

The crisis is upon the country now. The present temporizing does not abate it. California is compelled to yield her just rights as a Sovereign State in order to placate Japan.

But this time-honored compromise—made at the cost of dignity and independence to an American Commonwealth—only delays the issue—and we know it. The American in or out of Congress who does not stand clear and resolute for the return of the American fleet, the increase of the navy and the strengthening of our Western harbor defenses, is unworthy the protection of the flag and the protection of the Republic.

Let the peril of the West appeal to the East. Let the defenseless Pacific be answered from the fortified Atlantic. "Fortify San Pedro harbor!" And to prevent the seizure meantime, or its capture on the land side, and use as an enemy's bast and stronghold, let the storm of public opinion swiftly raise the fleet back to the Western coast.

JURY DISAGREED

Union City, Tenn., Jan. 28.—The jury in the case Ed. Marshall, alleged night rider, charged with having taken part in the murder of Captain Quinton, disagreed today and was discharged. The case went to the jury last night.

PRESENTATION TO PASTOR

Cambridge, N. B., Jan. 28.—A few evenings ago a large gathering of the parishioners and friends of Rev. A. W. Currie, met at the parsonage and made him the recipient of a purse of \$80. Mr. Currie is deeply beloved by the people of his charge and it is greatly regretted by all that he has deemed it advisable to give up his work here and remove from this county, where he has made many friends.

Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional. Both are important, both are essential.

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the Local.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative is the Constitutional. The former—Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—is a topical mucous membrane suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is wholly an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, seeking the repair of all nerve, all tissue and all blood ailments.

The "Night Cure," as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed discharges, while the Restorative, easing nervous excitement, gives renewed vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, bringing about renewed strength, vigor and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—as a general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS