The Evening Times.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPTEMBER 22, 1909.

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THE EVENING TIMES
THE DAILY TELEGRAPH

New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers

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Honesty in Public Life

Measures for the Material Progress and Moral Advancement of our Great Dominion.

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No Deals

"The Shamrock, Thistle, Rose entwine
The Maple Leaf forever."

JOIN THE ASSOCIATION

There should be a very general response n St. John to the appeal to citizens to become members of the Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis. The fee is merely nominal,, and yet if enough people pay it the Association will have a fair amount of funds to aid in the educative work so necessary in combating the white plague. The following paragraph from the Boston Herald is of special interest in this connection.

"An official of the National Tuberculosis Association, writing in The Survey, computes that the sum of $8,000,000 has been set aisde by the nation, the States, counties and cities of the country with which to fight tuberculosis during the coming year. Not only is prohibitory legislation relative to spitting increasing, not only are states, counties and cities building sanatoriums, but more and more it is coming to be understood that society must educate its members, and eleven states this year have made appropriations for this sort of work. It is interesting to note that in St. Louis the "open air" lectures on tuberculosis have been so popular that money making proprietors of "shows" have formally protested against them, because they kill business. In New York state this fall, the forty-two county fairs and the State Fair at Syracuse are to have tuberculosis displays, graduate students of Columbia University acting as demonstrators. Other states are adopting this line of propaganda. On every hand evidence multiplies showing that this form of salvation is getting a grip on the reason and conscience of the American people."

MR. SCHREINER'S VINDICATION

It will be remembered that the British government had a good deal of trouble with the Zulu leader Dinuzulu, and in that connection there was some harsh criticism of Hon. W. P. Schreiner, who being a Boer, would be the subject more or less of racial prejudice. The Natal Spectator tells the truth about Mr. Schreiner's connection with the case, and reveals him as an honorable gentleman, who let the critics criticise while he went ahead and did his duty, at personal loss to himself. The story is worth repeating, in an age when men's motives are perhaps too frequently questioned. We quote:—

"A good many hard things were said about the action of the Hon. W. P. Schreiner, K.C., M.L.A. (Cape), in allowing himself to be retained for the defence of Dinuzulu, and it was pretty broadly stated that he did so for the sake of filthy lucre. The accusation was the more bitter because, owing to his engagement in that celebrated case he was barred from acting as a delegate to the National Convention, and it was averred that he preferred making money at his profession to lending his brilliant talents in the greater cause. It is only recently that the true facts of the case have been disclosed and the affront proved baseless. In answer to a question in the House of Commons, Colonel Seely (Under Secretary for the Colonies), stated that it having been represented to His Majesty's Government that there was imminent risk of the defence of Dinuzulu breaking down through lack of funds, they decided, after communications had passed between the Natal government and themselves on the subject, to guarantee the sum of 2,000 guineas towards counsel's fees. The Government of Natal made an intimation accordingly to Mr. Schreiner, but at the request of the Natal Government it was arranged that the guarantee should not be disclosed until after the conclusion of the trial. The sum of 2,000 guineas was paid to Mr. Shreiner through the Government of Natal on behalf of His Majesty's Government soon after the conclusion of the trial. Of this sum Mr. Schreiner retained £1,999 11s 3d., representing the amount of advances made by him to his colleagues in the defence of Dinuzulu, on account of their fees. The balance of £100 8s. 6d. he returned to the Governor, £1,650 of his own tees remaining unpaid. Thus it will be seen that Mr. Schreiner was a considerable personal loser by the transaction, and that in undertaking the defence of Dinuzulu, he was actuated by the highest motives."

BACK TO THE LAND

Bradstreet's, commenting on Mr. James J. Hill's warning to the people of the United States to secure more farmers and better farming, makes some very interesting observations. It says:—

"All of us desire plenteous yields of farm products. What we want to see is reasonable prices on given quantities and fair profits without any more toil for the farmer. In other words, we want scientific farming and a larger yield per acre.

It is probably not beyond the mark to say that farming in this country has been carried on in a haphazard way, execpt, of course, in a comparatively few instances. In earlier days virgin land was to be had aplenty, and it was worked until it became well-nigh sterile, when it was abandoned for newer lands. There was little systematic effort to compensate the soil for what it had given forth. The farmer worked the ground for all it was worth, and, like many others, his aim was to make the job pay while it lasted. But now that your husbandmen, speaking of them collectively, have enjoyed years of high prices, many of them, aided by state authorities, are eschewing old methods to embrace newer ones. Agricultural colleges are teaching new lessons — lessons which if put nt practice mean more dollars and cents than was heretofore obtainable. Moreover, signs point to a repeopling of abandoned eastern farms, and everywhere sensible people, stimulated perhaps by the high cost of living, are taking a greater interest in farm crops, and some are purchasing farms with an idea of making a living thereon. Then, too, we suspect that the city, with its expensive habits of life, is proving less attractive to many who have been accustomed to country life, but who are temporarily lured to the urban centres. At the same time, quite a few city folks have either taken farms in the east or are casting about for suitable places. In the long run all the facts cited may tend to produce an equilibrium. But in the meantime Mr. Hill is to be thanked for sounding a note of warning."

ENGLAND'S PAUPER PROBLEM

A London cable, in a review of the annual report of the British local government board, presents some striking facts relative to the extent and increase of pauperism in Great Britain. The following are extracts from the review:—

"The total number of paupers (excluding insane persons receiving medical relief only and casuals) relieved on the last day of December was 835,068, being an increase of 34,967 on the number a year earlier. The rate per thousand of the estimated population was 23.6. Durinng the first six months of the year 1908 pauperism ranged between 0.6 and 3.4 per cent in excess of the figures recorded in the corresponing period of 1907, and after a slight decline during the summer months the excess rose to over 5 per cent during November, though it subsequently declined during December. The number of all classes of paupers, except insane and casual paupers, on Jan. 1, 1909, was as nearly as the returns allow of the information being given, 842,279. A noticeable feature in the pauperism of the past twenty-five years is the increase in the numbers of paupers receiving indoor relief, who now form over thirty per cent of the total pauperism. The numbers of the outdoor poor in the same period have, on the whole, shown no material change, though they have fluctuated considerably at certain periods. It appears that the numbers of children in receipt of relief, excluding insane and casual paupers, were 225.040 on July 1, 1908, and 253,775 on January 1, 1909. The total expenditure relating to the relief of the poor and matters wholly connected therewith during the year ended at Lady Day, 1908 (other than expenditure defrayed out of loans), amounted to $71,542,120, being $18,867,140 in London unions, and $52,674,900 in unions not in London. The expenditure represented a total charge per head of estimated population as follows: In London, $3.75; out of London, $1.75."

The Unemployed Workmen Act appears to have produced fairly good results in 1908. The old age pensions act is also being taken advantage of to a considerable extent. On March 26th of the present year the number of pensions payable in England was 369,037, and in Wales 24,663, out of a total of 647,494 for the United Kingdom.

TAMMANY PARTIES IN GUN FIGHT IN NEW YORK STREET

New York, Sept. 22—After a day of hundreds of arrests for disorder at the polls, the most serious conflict incident to yesterday's primaries throughout Greater New York, occurred at a polling-place in Second avenue, just before closing time. The rival bands of two Tammany leaders clashed, forty shots were exchanged and three men were wounded, one of them fatally. The victims are Frederick Lucas, a pugilist; John S. Butcher, an engineer, and Christopher Wright, a clerk.

GONE BROKE.

Dills—I hear the bankers are down and out.

Mills—Did the panic do it?

Dills—Oh, no. They escaped that, but they passed all last summer trying to fix over an abandoned farm.

Stores open till 8 p.m. St. John, Sept. 22nd, 1909

New Fall Overcoats

We are showing a nice range of Medium Weight Overcoats, suitable for the cool autumn evening; they include the short topper in light covert goods, the light and dark Oxford greys made in the knee lngth with full silk facings, the black vicuna silk faced Overcoats. These coats are splendidly made, good style and perfect fitters

OVERCOATS, Fall Weight, : $8.75 to $15.00
OVERCOATS, Winter Weight, : : 7.50 to 22.50
RAINCOATS, : : : : : 7.50 to 15.00

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WALK-OVER SHOES

Here is a popular Walk-Over Model designed for men who desire pronounced style without sacrificing good taste or comfort. It looks pretty well here, still better in our window, but best of all on your foot.

See the variety of leathers and styles now shown in our window.



WALK-OVERS
For Men .: $5.25 and $5.50.
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Carried in A. B. C. D. and E. Widths.

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SIMPLY WONDERFUL

is the work which GOLD DUST accomplishes. All labors look alike to the Gold Dust Twins. They clean floors and doors, sinks and chinks—go from cellar to attic—and leave only brightness behind. Get acquainted with

Gold Dust Washing Powder

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST | Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning woodwork, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

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Ferguson & Page,
Diamond Importers and Jewelers
41 KING STREET

Schools Open Aug. 26th
And we are fully prepared with a complete stock of all kinds of
Books, Slates, Pencils, Bags, Etc.
Prices Lowest at
WATSON & CO.'S,
Cor. Charlotte and Union Sts.

RECTOL

You get your money back if it doesn't cure piles, any kind of piles!
Sold at this store only.
"Reliable" ROBB The Prescription Druggist 137 CHARLOTTE ST.

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS and COMFORTABLES.
A Good Stock Now on Hand.
Are You Making Quilts? We have Fancy Prints, Cheap Cottons and Shakers, Cotton Batting, Pound Patch Cotton.
WETMORE, GARDEN ST. Cheap Lace Curtains

BETTER THINGS

Better to smell the violet cool, than sip the glowing wine;
Better to hark a hidden brook, than watch a diamond shine.

Better the love of a gentle heart than beauty's favor proud;
Better the rose's living seed, than roses in a crowd.

Better to love in loneliness, than to bask in love all day;
Better the fountain of the heart, than the fountain by the way.

Better be fed by a mother's hand, than eat alone at will;
Better to trust in God, than say: "My goods my storehouse fill."

Better to be a little wise, than in knowledge to abound;
Better to teach a child, than toil to fill perfection's round.

Better to sit at a master's feet, than thrill a listening state;
Better suspect that thou art proud, than be sure that thou art great.

Better to walk the real unseen, than watch the hour's event;
Better the "Well done!" at the last, than the air with shouting rent.

Better to have a quiet grief, than a hurrying delight;
Better the twilight of the dawn, than the noonday burning bright.

Better a death when work is done, than earth's most favored birth;
Better a child in God's great house, than the king of all the earth.

—George Macdonald.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

SAYS McGOWAN:

"There's enough strong min t' foight, th' battles, but not enough plantin' flowers."—Cleveland News.

CARE INDEED.

"One has to be so careful in choosing a servant nowadaye."

"Yes, indeed. You never know what they'll testify to, if they're called upon as witnesses."

A WIFE'S LITTLE FLING.

"I really don't know what my husband will do while I'm away?"

"O, he'll get along all right."

"I presume he will. But he will have no one to blame when he cuts himself while shaving."

A HOMEBODY.

"What sort of a woman is his wife?"

"Splendid. She refused three invitations to join afternoon card clubs."

ALWAYS WITH US.

An enquirer wants to know where the liars go to, but up to date there is no evidence they have gone anywhere.

A LUCKLESS NAME.

"Your mascot hasn't any luck at all. I can give you a good name for it."

"Well, what is it!"

"Consumer."

IN THE DOG DAYS.

"I'm mad about him, dear papa—"
Her loving heart beat faster.
"Oh, very well," her father said,
"Just go and see the Pasteur."

MATRIMONIAL.

Most of the people who want to get out of the matrimonial frying pan do so because they want to get in it again.—Chicago News

FOR PARTY PLATFORMS

Hereafter party conventions should adopt for platform purposes the motto the railroads invariably attach to the time-table ads: "Subject to change without notice."

DONT'S.

Don't eat too much
Don't drink at all.
And if you'd find
Some comfort small
And slumber through
A peaceful night,
Don't read the "don'ts"
That people write.

Washington Star.

REMEMBER!

If you are broke, my friend,
And ask 'em for two bit;
Remember those disposed to lend
Are those that haven't got it.

—C. K. Shetterly.

GIVING HER AWAY.

"Who gave the bride away?"

"Her little brother. He stood up right in the middle of the ceremony and yelled, 'Hurrah, Fanny, you've got him at last!'"

PEOPLE'S TRIBUTE TO GOV. JOHNSON

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 22—One of the most remarkable tributes ever paid to the memory of a public man in Minnesota was accorded the late Governor Johnson yesterday. From the hour that the governor's death was first publicly announced by tolling bells in Rochester, all public activity was abandoned, banks, stores and offices were closed and buildings were draped in black and purple crepe.

Governor Johnson's body was escorted to a special train for St. Paul by a throng of citizens from every walk of life. On the train were Mrs. Johnson, a few of her personal friends, state officers and friends of the late governor. As the cortege passed down the street leading to the railway station, the escort lined up on either side with bared heads and thousands of persons about the depot showed like respect. Mayor Thompson had proclaimed it a day of public mourning. The mayor and councilmen acted as pallbearers.

Along the route to St. Paul, flags were at half mast and buildings draped with crepe. At Zombrala the entire population of the town seemed to be at the station. A touching feature was the appearance of a large number of school children lined up along the platform, each provided with the national colors which were pointed downward. Similar receptions were accorded the special train at other points along the route.

At St. Paul, the train was met by detachments of all the local companies of the National Guard and an escort of police. In spite of a heavy downpour of rain, the procession to the state capitol with the militia acting as escort, was witnessed by thousands of persons.

WEALTHY CONDITIONS IN CANADA REVEALED

A very gratifying evidence of the expanding business throughout Canada is furnished by the bank statement for August, just issued by the finance department at Ottawa. The public deposits, which amounted to $700,989,497 as against $688,893,565 for July and $583,429,141 for August, 1908, show, in an unequivocal way, the fulness of money circulation throughout the Dominion in comparison with recent impecunious conditions.

Call loans for the month are pronouncedly large, amounting to $56,680,172, as against $54,603,054 for July and $39,511,570 for August, 1908, while loans elsewhere show an astonishing, increase, as follows: August, $120,059,509; July $114,685,537, and August of last year, $62,264,972. Current loans in Canada exhibit a good increase. Last month they came to $543,154,663 in July to $539,821,041, and for August, 1908, $517,984,921. Current loans elsewhere show a slight reduction from July but a large increase over August of last year. In August they amounted to $30,662,437, whereas for July they were $32,753,385, and for August, 1908, $23,729,816.

The salient characteristic of the statement, running throughout all the categories, is the consistent evidence it shows of the growth and augmentation of commerce and finance, the considerable accretion of money into Canada and the buoyant and prosperous feeling which is abroad as a result of such uniform and extended improvement.

Full Set $4.00



We have a scientific formula which renders the extraction of teeth absolutely without pain. We fit teeth without plates, and, if you desire, we can, by a new method, do this work without resorting to the use of gold crowns or unsightly gold bands about the necks of the teeth. No cutting off the natural teeth or painful grinding.

Gold Crowns .....$3 and $5
Bridge Work .....$3 and $5
Teeth Without Plate .....$3 and $5
Gold Filling .....$1 up
Other Filling .....50 cents

The King Dental Parlors
Corner Charlotte and South Market sts.
DR. EDSON M. WILSON, • Prop

We have just opened our
New Restaurant
at 86 Germain Street, opposite Church Street
New Chef, New Waitresses and best of satisfaction. Open day and night. Give us a try.
SCAMMELL'S
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"The Smardon Shoe"
For Women

Best in Canada and Superior to any imported shoe coming here.

Style, Fit, Workmanship, Shape Retaining Features and Wearing Qualities cannot be excelled and these goods are sold twenty per cent. less than shoes paying duty.

Prices from
$3 to $6

Francis & Vaughan
19 KING STREET

THE DISAPPEARANCE OF WILD PIGEON

A. G. Leavitt's Explanation in Answer to Query of Times Correspondent

"What has become of the wild pigeon?" asks a subscriber, writing to the Times. The writer points out that some years ago myriads of of wild pigeons were to be seen here, but they have disappeared. Where have they gone is the question asked.

A Times man sought out A. Gordon Leavitt, who is a veritable encyclopaedia on all matters pertaining to birds, beasts or flowers, and propounded the question to him.

Mr. Leavitt said he would have to confess that it was a hard question to answer. He could remember very well when these birds, altogether unlike the domestic pigeons seen about the streets, had come here in thousands and had been a great pest to the farmer. They were of a brownish cream color. When they appeared in a field of grain they would soon destroy it, if they were not themselves destroyed.

The birds came here every summer, but on the approach of cold weather would disappear to return again with the warmer season. Finally, one year, Mr. Leavitt could not recall the date, they disappeared in the fall but failed to return the next season ,and since then they have not been seen in these parts.

Many theories have been advanced as to the reason for their not returning, but the reason has never been satisfactorily cleared up. Some have asserted that the birds went west to the grain fields, but Mr. Leavitt says he has never heard that they were seen there, and his experience has been that birds do not change their nesting and breeding ground in that abrupt manner. His own opinion is that the flock was probably caught in a severe storm and destroyed, and others hold the same view. At various times it has been reported that one of these wild pigeons has been seen, but investigation invariably proved that it was not the same.

MORNING LOCALS

While in Grand Bay yesterday the Ruddick tug "Joseph" sighted two young men clinging to the bottom of an upturned canoe. A boat was lowered and the pair taken aboard the tug and brought to Indiantown. They refused to give their names.

At an early hour this morning fire totally destroyed the blacksmith shop of William E. Day at Brown's Flats, together with all the tools, and it was with difficulty that Mr. Day's house was saved. The loss will be about $500.

Rev. Dr. Harry Wilson and Professor Eaton, who have been organizing an archealogical society in Halifax, will arrive here today, and tomorrow evening Dr. Wilson will lecture in the Natural History Society rooms on "Recent Discoveries in Rome."

Thomas Foley, arrested on charge of stealing a pocketbook from Mrs. H. B. Schofield, was yesterday committed for trial. He will go before Judge Forbes.

It has not yet been decided who will open the Orange Fair in Queen's Rink, Oct. 11. The committee last evening allotted booths and decided to have a band in attendance each evening.

Rev. Geo. W. Titus, of Coburg street Christian church, will leave in October to take charge of the Christian church at Port William, N. S.

Arthur Dogaine, from Cocaine, Kent County, was brought to the city yesterday and placed in the Provincial Hospital.

Tuesday, Sept. 28, has been fixed as "dog day" in the police court, when dog owners who have not taken out licenses will be called upon to pay up.

The Canadian Order of Foresters will parade to service to Main street Baptist church next Sunday afternoon. A sermon will be preached by Rev. D. Hutchinson.

Arrangements are being made by a joint committee from the Presbyterian churches for entertaining the delegates to the Presbyterian Synod, which will meet in St. David's church in October.

William Gibb, of Fairville, was injured on Monday while repairing an endless chain in the Partington pulp mill. The chain parted and Gibb was cut and bruised by falling down an incline.

While coming from Eastport to St. John yesterday on the steamer Governor Cobb, John Decher, a deckhand, fell overboard. The steamer was stopped at once, a lifeboat was launched and Decher was rescued little the worse for his ducking.

A proposal to amalgamate the Tabernacle Baptist and Coburg street Christian churches was discussed last night at a meeting in Tabernacle church, but no definite action was arrived at. The churches arranged, however, to hold joint prayer meetings and to secure an evangelist to hold special meetings.

At a meeting of the board of management of the Seaman's Mission last evening R. Morton Smith, as the Times intimated, was elected president to succeed the late H. C. Tilley. R. T. Hayes was elected fourth vice-president and L. P. D. Tilley was made a member of the board.

Granite Rock Division, No. 77, S. of T., are arranging to celebrate the 67th anniversary of the founding of the order, on Oct. 29.

Henry E. Williams, of West Quincy, Mass., has been appointed professor of chemistry at Acadia.

Word has been received that No. 3 Company 3rd Regiment C. A., captured first place at the match held in Petewawa this year. No. 3 Co. scored sixteen hits and No. 1 Co. secured second place with twelve hits.

P. J. Ellis, of Mace's Bay, shot a moose with an antler spread of 43 inches, on the Lepreaux river last week.

A petition was sent to the commissioners of the public hospital recently, signed by twenty-seven local medical men, asking permission for doctors not on the staff to be allowed to attend private or semi-private patients in the institution. The request was not complied with. Yesterday a number of the physicians met and decided to make an effort to secure legislation giving them the privileges they desire. The following committee was appointed to take the necessary action:—Dr. George A. Hetherington, Dr. C. H. L. Johnston, G. G. Melvin, J. C. Mott, and J. S. Bentley.

A yachting party, consisting of W. R. Turnbull, Francis Walker, Dr. Ritchie, H. F. Puddington, Duncan Davidson, Miss Davidson, Mrs. W. R. Turnbull and Ernest Alward, returned last night after a cruise along the loast of Maine in W. R. Turnbull's fast twin screw auxiliary yacht.

WOOD When You Want a Big Load of DRY WOOD,
HARDWOOD, SOFT WOOD or KINDLING, Try City Fuel Co. Telephone 643

MORNING NEWS OVER THE WIRES

The marriage of Miss Marion England and John A. McDonald, at Chatham has been postponed on account of the illness of the groom.

At Boiestown yesterday, a horse was found dead, tied to a tree and hitched to a wagon. It is thought to have been one that was stolen some time ago and abandoned when pursuit of the thieves was begun.

It is said that the management of the Allan line is planning a change of registry from England to Canada, which will mean the addition of 160,000 tons to the aggregate tonnage of this country.

The Charlotte County Teachers' Institute will hold its 27th session in Milltown on the 23rd and 24th of this month. It will be followed by the Charlotte County fair for the next three days.

Charles Moore and Nelson Letereau were arrested by Chief Crawford of Campbellton, yesterday on suspicion of stealing about $200 from Robert Carlin, a St. John stevedore. Moore jumped from the train on which he was being taken to jail, and escaped. It is thought that he went to Bathurst.

To hear an inquest at Thornton, (Ont.) last night, ten cents a head was charged in order to raise money to pay for the hall in which it was being held. The inquest was into the death of Harvey Scott, accidentally killed.

Rabbi Bernard Amdur officiated at the marriage of Miss Sarah E. Rich and Louis Fram in Chatham. A large number of guests attended.

THAW PETITION DENIED

Pittsburg, Sept. 22—Without comment on the petition, Judges Coben, Swearingen and Carnahan handed down a decision refusing to appoint a commission to determine if Harry K. Thaw is insane.

The petition was filed in behalf of Attorney James B. Graham, of New York, who alleges he has a claim of $2,954 against Thaw.

Cholly—Could you swim over to that buoy and back to me?

Marguerite—If there were any other boy here I'd never swim back to you.

Hay's Hair Health

Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Color and Beauty.

No matter how long it has been gray or faded. Promotes a luxurlant growth of healthy hair. Stops its falling out, and positively removes Dandruff. Keeps hair soft and glossy. Refuse all substitutes. 2½ times as much in $1.00 as 50c. size. Is Not a Dye.

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Send 2c for free book "The Care of the Hair."
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Hay's Harfina Soap cures Pimples, red, rough and chapped hands, and all skin diseases. Keeps skin fine and soft. 25c. druggists. Send 2c for free book "The Care of the Skin."

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