

JANUARY SALE OF

Undermuslins

This is One of the Most Comprehensive Sales in Years.

This sale comprises thousands of immaculate cambric, nainsook and muslin undergarments for women, and it is with pride that we direct attention to this big January event, as it is of distinctive importance.

Everything that is new and fresh in fine underwear fashioning is shown and at prices that are notably moderate.

SALE STARTS TODAY, THURSDAY AT 8.30 O'CLOCK

Corset Covers—Corset Covers, made and designed by expert artist, of Nainsook, Cambric or Lawn, in a great variety, from the slightest to the most elaborately trimmed, 25c. to $2.25 each.

Drawers—Every new style will be found in this assortment of Fine Cambric or Nainsook Drawers, which are daintily trimmed with fine lace tucks or Hamburgs, 30c. to $2.90 pair.

Underskirts—Soft finished Cambric or Longcloth Underskirts, beautifully elaborated with Torchon lace, tucks or embroidery, 75c. to $5.25 each.

Nightdresses—Fine Cambric or Longcloth Nightdresses, made in every most desired style, with V neck, Dutch neck, low or high neck. All made extra full and of full length and daintily trimmed, 60c to $4.75 each.

Dressing Jackets—Fine White Lawn and Muslin Dressing Jackets in a variety of styles, $1.25 to $4.25 each.

Hand Embroidered Undermuslins—Fine Sheer Nainsook Under Garments, handsomely hand embroidered in a vast range of dainty designs, $1.98 to $3.75 a garment.

Special Purchase and Sale of Embroideries—Miles of handsome embroideries at HALF USUAL PRICE. DAINTY EDGES in every desired width. INSERTIONS, narrow to very wide. FLOUNCINGS in huge assortments. **Prices: 3, 5, 12, 15, 20, 28, 35 cents a yard.**

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Exceptional Values In

LADIES' FUR-LINED COATS

We are offering some exceptional values in **LADIES' FUR-LINED COATS** and intending purchasers should not miss this opportunity to **SAVE DOLLARS** on **RELIABLE FURS.** Read these prices:

$37.50 for **$45.00** coats
47.50 for one **$75.00** coat

$40.00 for one **$65.00** coat
45.00 for one **$80.00** coat

These Coats all have a good Black Cloth Cover, with good lining, and collar and revers, and are **EXTRA VALUES** at **THESE PRICES.**

D. Magee's Sons, 63 King St.

PALMER'S PERFUMES Lilac Sweets Violet Leaves Rose Leaves.

The Latest Odors from this American Perfumer in Bulk, any desired Amount

S. H. Hawker's, Prescription Pharmacy Cor. Mill St. and Paradise Row.

PUBLIC WORKS OF ST. JOHN TO COST MORE MONEY THIS YEAR

The various civic boards will be called to meet shortly to prepare the estimates for the coming civic year, which must be presented to the council and passed before the 15th inst. Director Murdoch is now preparing the estimate for the public works department, which is expected to be a little heavier than last year. Last year's total was $71,500, and at the end of the year the department had a surplus of $114.83. This was pretty close figuring, and for the result credit is due to Chairman McGoldrick, Director Murdoch and staff and Comptroller Macintyre. This year's estimate will of course be based on last year's expenditure. The accounts for the year which have just been closed show the appropriations and expenditures to be as follows. For purposes of comparison, the expenditures for 1908 are also given:

For the coming year the estimate for sinking fund and interest charges will be lower, as there will be a quantity of public works debentures maturing. For public grounds and for scavenger work the estimates will be larger.

There is also the recommendation of $96,000 for permanent paving, which, if passed by the council, will be expended on capital account and debentures will be issued to cover it. While this expenditure will be under the control of the department of public works it will not affect the assessment for the coming year, but will mean a larger appropriation for interest and sinking fund in years to come. With the permanent paving vote and the increased estimates, the public works department will control the spending of about $170,000 of city money in 1910.

	Expenditures 1908	Appropriation 1909	Expenditures 1909
Streets—East	$ 8,171.42	$ 6,300	$ 7,373.45
Streets—North	7,938.04	5,335	6,394.89
Streets—West	3,627.83	3,500	3,333.66
Scavenger Work	11,458.54	10,670	13,078.32
Street Plant—New Horses	625.00	500	425.00
Street Plant—Repairs and Renewals	2,341.81	2,425	2,206.43
Street Stables—Feed, Shoeing and Repairing	4,443.73	3,700	3,800.21
Public Grounds	2,192.98	2,134	2,500.80
Salaries	2,389.84	4,000	2,253.72
Bridges and Fences	275.91	388	293.47
Debentures, Sinking Fund and Interest	7,286.42	7,100	6,631.65
Asphalt and Sidewalks and Crossings	8,617.44	10,220	10,245.32
Wood Block Pavement	3,852.89	4,000	3,808.45
Retaining Walls	2,564.59	2,850	1,305.35
Grey Granite Curbing	148.82	....	....
Paving Gutters and Repairing Cinder Walks	490.24	485	475.54
Plank Sidewalks to repair, renew, curb	881.88	863	818.44
Ashburn Road	125.54	388	338.20
Boar's Head	113.31	145	149.42
Millidgeville Road	692.43	679	491.70
Pokiok Road	89.00	145	17.63
Sandy Point Road	406.47	435	433.22
Sundries	104.24	582	1,017.30
Stone Crusher	....	3,880	3,274.68
Waterloo Street	884.12	776	718.32
Total	$69,722.49	$71,500	$71,385.17

CANADA HAS POPULATION OF 7,350,000

Ottawa, Jan. 5—The Canadian Bureau of Census estimates that the population of Canada at the close of the year was 7,350,000. At the end of the fiscal year the population by provinces was estimated as follows:

Maritime provinces	1,038,112
Quebec	2,082,461
Ontario	2,619,025
Manitoba	466,208
Saskatchewan	341,521
Alberta	273,859
British Columbia	289,516
Unorganized districts	58,309

Since the close of the fiscal year there have been 150,000 immigrants entered Canada, bringing the total population to the figure first given.

Luke J. Deviney, of St. Joseph's college, passed through the city last night, from his home in Boston. While on his way to that city Mr. Deviney lost a grip, but through the carefulness of the railway officials, it was found at Petitcodiac, and sent by L. R. Ross to its owner.

A. E. CHAPMAN MADE PUBLIC BEQUESTS

Moncton, N. B., Jan. 5—The will of the late Alfred E. Chapman, of Moncton, probated here today, shows that handsome bequests have been made to religious and benevolent institutions. The Missionary Association, sustentation fund, supernumerary fund of the Methodist church and Mount Allison University, each received $5,000; Moncton Hospital, $2,500; Moncton, Y. M. C. A. and Central Methodist church $1,000 each; W. C. T. U. and Salvation Army, $250.

These bequests are subject to a life interest therein by Mrs. Chapman. All the residue of the estate is given to Mrs. Chapman. Letters testamentary were granted to Mrs. Chapman and Percy Black. It is understood the estate is valued at $50,000.

At tonight's meeting of the city council a report was read from the city engineer on the proposed second reservoir for the city. The council were of the opinion that an additional water supply was necessary and passed a resolution to this effect recommending the engineer's report to the incoming council for consideration.

A small boy likes to have his hair mowed with clippers so that he will not have to comb it.

To Be DYSPEPTIC Is To Be MISERABLE.

Dyspepsia is the prevailing malady of civilized life. It is largely due to gross errors in diet, over-eating, too free indulgence in stimulants and over-taxing the stomach with indigestible food, eating too rapidly without chewing the food sufficiently, indulging in hot biscuits, pastry, pickles, confectionery, etc.

Burdock Blood Bitters has an established reputation, extending over thirty-four years, as a positive cure for dyspepsia in all its forms, and from all diseases arising from it.

Can Eat Anything Now.

Mrs. Herman Dickenson, Benton, N.B., writes: "I have used Burdock Blood Bitters and find that few medicines can give such relief in dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was troubled for a number of years with dyspepsia and could get no relief until I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. I took three bottles and became cured and I can now eat anything without it hurting me. I will highly recommend it to all who are troubled with stomach trouble."

For sale by all dealers.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE WEEK OF PRAYER

The week of prayer services last night were well attended. The North End services were held in St. Luke's church last evening. There was a very large attendance. Rev. Gordon Dickie delivered an address upon the Bible as the work of God. Judge Forbes also spoke in reference to the work of the British and Canadian Bible Society.

The meeting tonight will be in St. Matthew's church. Rev. D. Hutchinson will speak, and the meeting will be led by Rev. Neil McLaughlin.

On the West Side last night's services were held in the Charlotte street Baptist churches, when congregations of all the West Side churches united. Rev. W. R. Robinson spoke on "Our young peopde." His address was highly interesting.

The meeting tonight will be held in Carleton Methodist church. The topic will be "Our Country."

CANADIAN NEWS NOTES OF INTEREST

Woodstock, Ont., Jan. 5.—As a result of an accident at Beachville, five miles west of here, last night, two more lives will probably be added to the tolls of the deadly level railway crossings. Miss Marion Zuselt and Ernest Zuselt, sister and brother, are so badly injured that it is stated this morning their chances for recovery are practically nil.

London, Ont., Jan. 5.—The Canadian Pacific's morning express for Toronto was wrecked this morning. The engine and five cars were ditched. The accident happened about three miles west of Ayr, the whole train running off and rolling on its side in the snow. Everybody was severely shaken up but no one seriously injured.

St. Thomas, Ont., Jan. 5.—Michigan Central Railway Telegraph operators here received an increase in wages dating from December 1, 1909. Three hundred men are affected. The increase will average about $3 a man per month.

Tuesday evening from a fishing schooner in the harbor, a suit of clothes, a watch and chain and $35 were stolen, the property of Frank Reilly.

TARIFF REFORM LOSING

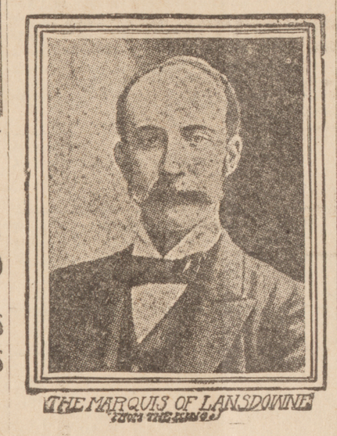
Lansdowne Now Advocates Reform of the House of Lords

NEWS OF CONTEST

Churchill Favors Nationalization of Railways and Pay for Members of Parliament — Mob of Thousand Breaks Up a Unionist Meeting—Germans on Balfour

London, Jan. 5—The Conservatives claim that Balfour's statement that Germany is not prepared to allow Britain to adopt protection, and his reference to naval weakness, are worth many votes to the party. In fact they are greatly heartened by the reappearance of their leader and his speech at Hanley.

Liberals, on the other hand, deprecate a man of Balfour's position and responsibility dealing in "such perilous stuff," for, as they allege, platform purposes. Infinitely more impressive to Germany than any valiant assertions of what we are going to do in the future, says one of the more responsible Liberal organs, is the solid fact that our landed classes and rich men are on strike against further expenditure.



THE MARQUIS OF LANSDOWNE
From the Times

At the present moment, Liberals say, just as Britain is watching Germany for evidence that the money strain is beginning to tell, so Germany, similarly watching her, is drawing encouraging inferences from the rejection of the budget. The people, Liberals declare, are refusing to be stampeded by the invasion scare, and the majority believe Asquith when he said the British navy is unassailably supreme.

Lansdowne For Reform

German newspapers contain sarcastic comment on the ex-premier's speech, which is attracting universal attention in Germany. The Kreuz Zeitung regrets that Balfour has joined the professional warmongers, and the Tageblatt says it would have been grateful if Balfour had given the names of the Germans who forbade the adoption of tariff reform, in order that they might receive medical care.

Lord Lansdowne, addressing a great meeting at Liverpool tonight, responded to the demand for a scheme to reform the lords by adopting that of Lord Rosebery. He is opposed to an elected chamber because it would demand equal powers with the Commons. He said, however, there much be a check upon the Commons and cabinet in order that the will of the people may prevail. Both parties should join in the reform. The lords, he said, opposed the budget on its own account, and also because they did not want the country to be switched off tariff reform and switched on to another policy which they believed to be suicidal.

Lancashire, he admitted, looked with some hesitation upon tariff reform, as she had enormous interest at stake, but Lancashire had nothing to lose from a system which would make foreigners pay for the use of our markets. Even supposing prices were to rise a little, they could not rise much, because nobody talked about anything except a moderate scale of duties. The country would not have such a bad bargain, as the duties would have the effect of giving much needed revenue.

Winston Churchill, speaking at Dundee, declared for the payment of members of parliament and the nationalization of railways.

Sir Edward Grey said the navy had been fully maintained and was in a position to protect the country from any probable combination of fleets.

Reginald McKenna described the navy scare as absurd and ridiculous and declared that no attempt had been made to argue the matter seriously. "How can we reason with rumor or reply to shrieks?"

Lloyd George has compelled Lord Savile to admit he has no proof that the chancellor cheered the defeats of the army in South Africa from his seat in the commons.

The fierceness of the campaign is becoming accentuated. One thousand people at Stafford stormed the Unionist meeting, smashing the windows and surging into the hall.

Troubled With Backache For Years.

Now Completely Cured by the Use of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Thousands of women suffer untold misery every day with aching backs that really have no business to ache.

Backache is simply a warning from the kidneys and should be attended to immediately so as to avoid years of terrible suffering from kidney troubles.

Doan's Kidney Pills will cure you in the same way they have cured thousands of others, and they cure to stay cured.

Mrs. W. C. Doerr, 13 Brighton St., London, Ont., writes:—"It is with pleasure that I thank you for the good your Doan's Kidney Pills have done me. Have been troubled with backache for years. Nothing helped me until a friend brought me a box of your Kidney Pills. I began to take them and took four boxes, and am glad to say that I am cured entirely and can do all my own work and feel as good as I used to before taken sick. I am positive Doan's Kidney Pills are all you claim them to be, and I advise all kidney sufferers to give them a fair trial."

Price 50 cents per box or 3 for $1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering specify "Doan's."

BACKACHE MEANS DIRTY KIDNEYS

A Few Doses Clean and Regulate Your Kidneys and Make You Feel Fine.

No man or woman here whose kidneys are out-of-order, or who suffers from backache or bladder misery, can afford to leave Pape's Diuretic untried.

After taking several doses, all pains in the back, sides or loins, rheumatic twinges, nervousness, headache, sleeplessness, inflamed or swollen eyelids, dizziness, tired or worn-out feeling and other symptoms of clogged, sluggish kidneys simply vanish.

Uncontrollable urination (especially at night), smarting, discolored water and all bladder misery ends.

The moment you suspect the slightest kidney or bladder disorder, or feel rheumatism pains, don't continue to be miserable or worried, but get a fifty-cent treatment of Pape's Diuretic from your druggist and start taking as directed, with the knowledge that there is no other medicine, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which is so harmles or will effect so thorough and prompt a cure.

This unusual preparation goes direct to the cause of trouble, distributing its cleansing, healing and vitalizing influence directly upon the organs and glands affected and completes the cure before you realize it.

A few days' treatment of Pape's Diuretic means clean, healthy, active kidneys, bladder and urinary organs—and you feel fine.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape, Thompson & Pape, of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

Accept only Pape's Diuretic—fifty-cent treatment—from any drug store—anywhere in the world.

There Are 1,330 Candidates

London, Jan. 5—The privy council meeting which is to take action on the dissolution of parliament, will be held on Jan. 10, at Buckingham Palace. After the King has signed the proclamation for the dissolution of parliament, business incidental to the issuance of writs for the election of the new parliament will be hurried on.

The first elections will be held Jan. 15. It is understood the dissolution proclamation will fix the date for the opening of the new parliament on Feb. 2.

There are no fewer than 1,330 candidates for election in the field. Of this number 601 are Unionists. This party will have a walkover in three places, at Burton, Penrith and West Birmingham, the latter, Joseph Chamberlain's constituency where the Liberals and Laborites have made no nominations.

(Toronto Telegram Special.)

London, Jan. 5—Fifty newspaper men from all parts of England were around the press tables at the Balfour meeting at Hanley. If the signs pointed to a tariff reform victory over the budget, these trained observers would be the first to see it. They represented papers of all opinions, and have been at every big meeting, and so far as they had time to talk at all, their talk did not indicate that they regarded a Conservative victory in the United Kingdom as possible, or a Conservative victory in England as probable.

The Manchester Guardian man, putting aside the preference of his paper, declared that tariff reform had no chance in Manchester, and that the Unionists are sure to lose the seat that Joynson-Hicks gained from Winston Churchill.

Results do not always fulfil the best informed guesses, and next week may change the outlook, but at present it is none too promising for a Unionist majority, even in England.

London, Jan. 5—Two phases of the election struggle now claim attention, first, the disorderly interruptions to which many Conservative meetings and almost all of those addressed by peers are subjected, so that it is practically impossible for any Unionist peer to obtain a fair hearing, and, second, the realization by the peers themselves and the Unionist press of the necessity of the House of Lords advocating its own reform, as the only means of meeting the storm of protest the peers' action upon the budget aroused in the country.

The reform of the House of Lords has been openly urged by the Times and other Conservative organs, and was tonight the most interesting point of the speech of Lord Lansdowne at Liverpool. He admitted that the present house was too unwieldy for an effective second chamber, but declared his belief in the preponderating power of the House of Commons, and suggested a House of Lords within the upper house and that this reform ought to be the work, not of one but of both political parties working together.

In conclusion, Lord Lansdowne advocated tariff reform, with a moderate scale of duties as the only visible remedy for the evils all desired to remove.

All the great leaders were again speaking in various parts of the country tonight. Austen Chamberlain challenged Premier Asquith to produce proofs of his assertion that unemployment was felt as much in protected countries as in Great Britain.

The campaign seems to have a great attraction for the literary class. Alfred Austin, the poet laureate, joined the fray tonight by issuing a letter in which he points out that the present House of Lords includes 200 members who served the country in the army and navy, a hundred of them on the battlefield, to say nothing of those who perished in the shock of war. One hundred and seventy had been members of the House of Commons and he declares that it is impossible to call such a body unrepresentative.

Chamberlain's Views

The presence of Joseph Chamberlain would be as the strength of ten men to the tariff reform cause, and his absence adds to its weakness. But though unable to take the platform, he is busy with his pen. One of his most important utterances appears as preface to a book, "Tariff or Budget," J. L Garvin.

Chamberlain maintains that the peers in this controversy are vindicating the interests of the masses, and urges the workers "to stand by the peers, who in this case are standing by them," and "to pull down free imports and foreign privileges in our markets, and not the Second Chamber, whose only offence is in giving the nation a chance to speak for itself."

The Liberals are fighting upon a false issue, and not upon the policy of tariff reform, which has made its evident impression upon the country, and which they desire to put aside.

Tariff reform is the only alternative to the budget. It is the only policy dreaded by the authors of the budget.

Two things, then, have clearly to be decided.

In the first place, we have to determine once for all whether, in disregard of the experience of our own flesh and blood elsewhere throughout the English-speaking world, we, above all nations, can do without a second chamber. I do not think that our people are prepared for such a change as this, and I believe that a House of Commons entirely uncontrolled would be a great public danger.

The second point is whether tariff reform is now to become the basis of our fiscal system or whether Cobdenism—especially as regards the freedom of foreign imports from all taxation, while heavier burdens are laid upon our own trade—is to be considered the final principle. The new demands made by the budget are having their natural effect. Our people must find means of providing for the fresh requirements that every day are pressing more hardly upon them. The time has surely come for the tariff policy which would promote British trade and welfare, instead of the budget policy, which, in every respect, would surrender our interests and our security to foreign rivals. It is better to abolish Cobdenism and not the constitution; to pull down free imports and foreign privilege in our market and not the second chamber, whose only offence is in giving the nation a chance to speak for itself. Let the workers defend their work and stand by the peers, who in this case are standing by them. If the issue of tariff reform were submitted by itself there would be no doubt whatever of the reply.

Lord Cromer is president of the Men's League, opposed to woman suffrage, and in a letter sets forth the reasons for opposing "votes for women." He says it would change the present electorate of 7,500,0000 to one of about 20,000,000, among whom the women would be in a majority of more than 1,000,000 over the men.

Moreover, it is certain that the bestowal of the suffrage will be followed by a demand for seats in parliament, and for the appointment of women to be ministers.

It is untrue in any but a technical sense that in our existing system of government the opinions of women are misrepresented. Untrue in every sense that their interests are appreciably disregraded.

The greatest petition ever presented to parliament by women was opposed to the franchise. Their opposition rests upon the broad fact that the physiological distinction of sex carries with it the widest divergence of mental and moral aptitudes.

In the United States of America, where a few states adopted female suffrage some long time ago, there appears to be no tendency whatever for their neighbors to follow their example.

The expectation, and probably, with reasonable people, the strongest argument, for suffrage, namely, that the position of women of the working classes will thereby be raised, is negatived by an examination of the actual causes that have affected both wages and the conditions of work.

The outrages committed by some of the suffragist agitators may fairly be adduced as an addition reason why their fitness to vote should not be admitted. It would weaken the deference now accorded women.

In a speech at Ilford, Lord Hindlip said they had been told that it would be better for the House of Lords if they had passed the budget and allowed the people to stew in their own juice for the next two years. They were not all calculating barometers like the president of the board of trade. The budget was a vampire, stifling with foul breath the vitality of trade and all that was good in the country. It was the creation of the minds of impoverished politicians, and it was this beast the lords had placed in a state of inanimation.

It was for the people to decide whether the foul breath should be pumped back into the body or whether it should be allowed to lie and rot.

The meeting gave three cheers for the House of Lords.

F. E. Smith, one of the Unionist headliners, addressing the voters at Chipping Norton, Oxford, said:

Why should a working man every time he spends sixpence on whisky get a pennyworth of whisky and pay the rest to Mr. Lloyd-George? Why should he pay 600 per cent on the tobacco he enjoys? The reason was because under the system of one-sided free imports they paid more in taxation on their food, drink, and tobacco than any country in the world.

Germans on Balfour

Berlin, Jan. 5—The speech delivered by Mr. Balfour at Hanley yesterday, in which he dwelt upon the comparative strength of the British and German navies, has caused both irritation and ridicule in Germany.

The newspapers of the German Empire print the speech prominently and comment upon it reprovingly.

Such authoritative journals as the Cologne Gazette, the Kreuz Zeitung, and the National Zeitung, deplore the fact that Balfour descended to stir up anti-German feeling in Britain, for, notwithstanding his professions of disbelief in Germany's hostility, his statements did not differ intrinsically from those of the war-scare-mongers who goad the anti-German instincts of masses.

It is also contended that the Unionist cause must be in a parlous state when even the most moderate of their leaders is driven to paint a foreign foe on the wall.

UNIMPEACHABLE—If you were to see the unequalled volume of unimpeachable testimony in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, you would upbraid yourself for so long delaying to take this effective medicine for that blood disease from which you are suffering.

The People Are Attending The

Dissolution Sale

WILCOX BROS.,
Dock Street and Market Sq.

Great Reduction Sale of Fancy China and Glass

We Will Sell at Half Price Many Articles to Clear Before Xmas

FRUIT DISHES, regular price 30c., reduced to.. .. ..15c.
TEPLITZ ORNAMENTS, regular price 50c., reduced to.. .. ..25c.
BISCUIT JARS, regular price 60c., reduced to .. ..35c.
TOBACCO JARS, regular price 80c., reduced to.. .. ..50c.
CHINA CAKE PLATES, regular price $1.50, reduced to.. .. ..75c.
CHINA WALL PLACQUES, regular price $1.75, reduced to.. .. ..$1.00
JARDINIERES and VASES, regular price $2.75, reduced to.. .. ..$1.50

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Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Silverware

GIFTS AND REMEMBRANCES.

For Ladies Wear		*For Gentlemen*	
Chains,	Sprays	Albert Chains	Bosom Studs
Bracelets	Crescents	Double Vest	Society Emblems
Necklets	Stars	Curb Chains	Watch Charms
Lockets	Sunbursts	Ribbon Fob	Fob and Seal
Brooches	Love Knots	Scarf Pins	Key Rings
Barpins	Beautypins	Sleeve Links	Fountain Pens
Lacepins	Chatalines	Shirt Buttons	Ink Wells
Hatpins	Mesh Bags	Cuff Holders	Match Boxes
Collarpins	Purses	Tie Clips	Safety Fastenings

And an endless variety of Watches, Rings, Silverware, Toilet Sets, Manicures, Field, Opera, Eye Glasses, Spectacles.

All warranted to give satisfaction and offered at most reasonable prices.

Yours Respectfully,

W. Tremaine Gard, *Goldsmith and Jeweler 77 Charlotte Street*

WASSON'S

STOMACH TONIC For Indigestion 45c & 75c Bottle

MONEY BACK IF YOU RECEIVE NO BENEFIT

The Drug Store 100 King Street **CHAS. R. WASSON**