## POETRY.

### THE CHILD OF POVERTY.

Ah ! see advance yon pensive form,
Keen sorrow dwells npon his brow ;
No garments neat his limbs adorn,
But tatters rudely round him flow :
His timid voice in piteous tone,
Steals gently on the passing ear,
And while he makes his sorrow known,
His cheeks receive the falling tear ;
Stranger, ask not who this may be,
It is the Child of Poverty.

With timid pulse his bosom beats,
As lowly to the earth he bends—
And fancies in each gaze he meets,
A look where soften'd pity blends ;
But no—ah ! view what pale despair
Now circles round his youthful brow :
He finds but indignation there,
And not a ray of mercy glow,—
For soon the stranger turns, you see,
And scorns the Child of Poverty.

See night approach, in all its dread,
The trembling boy no shelter finds,
The earth receives his weary head,
And horror o'er his slumber reigns ;
Spurn'd, and unknown, his youthful form
Sinks 'neath the sullen shades of even,
Exposed to many a reckless storm
That shake the darken'd vaults of Heaven ;
And bid their bursting power to free
The hapless Child of Poverty.

Now shrinking from the hollow blast,
His weary limbs no longer brave
Those storms, or scenes of sorrow past,
He sinks a victim to the grave :
Low down beneath the silent turf,
His bosom rests from all its woes ;
Freed from the poignant cares of earth,
Is pillow'd now in sweet repose :
Yet stranger, once this child like thee,
Was not the Child of Poverty.

Gay wealth, in giddy torrents poured
Around his home of stately mein ;
Gay circles join the festive board,
And friends in glittering crowds were seen ;
The gilded halls then rang with joy,
The parents loud their doatings prove,
They clasp'd, they bless'd their smiling boy,
The emblem of their wedded love ;
Nor did they dream that form would be,
The trembling Child of Poverty.

But fate approached with chilly hand,
And burst the joyous bands of mirth ;
One parant died in foreign land,
The other drooped to native earth ;
No more the revel laugh was heard
To sound along the gilded halls,—
Their wealth, by ruthless hands secured,
The structure soon to ruin falls,
And leaves the beautious boy you see,
The Child of Woe and Poverty.

Spurn'd now by all, the lovely youth
Was taught the rudest fate to bear,
And while he breathed his mournful truth,
Too few would deign to lend an ear :
The dark'ning clouds of sullen grief
Stole from his cheek its peaceful bloom,
And Death, with kindred, kind relief,
Soon swept his victim to the tomb ;
And not a friend now mourns for thee,
Sweet injur'd Son of Poverty.

Yet tho' no stately marble rears
To tell where now thy relics lay,—
Thy turf, in vernal bloom appears
In memory to thy dark decay ;
And oft some minstrell's harp shall tell
While wandering near thy hallow'd spot,
How soon thy guileless bosom fell
To earth, unnoticed, and forgot ;
And sound a requiem to thee
Departed Son of Poverty.

From an American Paper.

### THE TIMES.

The times—the times—I say the times,
Are getting worse than ever ;
The good old ways our father trod
Shall grace their children never ;
The turnip top and pumkin vine,
The produce of his toil,
Have given place to flower pots
And plants of foreign soil.

Farewell, the pleasant husking night,
Its merry after scenes,
When indian pudding smoked beside
The giant pot of beans ;
When lasses joined the social band,
Nor once affected fear,
But gave a pretty cheek to kiss
For every crimson ear.

Affected modesty was not
The test of virtue then,
And few took pains to swoon away
At the sight of ugly men ;
For well they knew the purity
Which woman's life should own,
Depends not on appearances,
But on the heart alone.

Farewell, the jovial quilting match,
The song and merry play,
The whirling of the pewter plate,
The many pawns to pay,
The mimic marriage brought about,
By leaping o'er the broom,
The good old play of blind man's buff,
The laugh that shook the room.

Farewell, the days of industry,
The time has glided by,
When pretty hands wore prettiest
At making pumkin pie ;
When waiting maids were needed not,
And morning brought along
The music of the spinning wheel,
And milkmaid's careless song.

## MISCELLANY.

### MARRIAGE.

Marriage was instituted in Heaven.—"The first Marriage was in Paradise—the first persons conjoined were the first parents of mankind, and the Great Dispenser of all good was there author of the union." With such an example as this, who will not exclaim, with Shakspeare, that marriage "is a pattern of celestial peace?" Indeed, I look upon marriage as an institution that creates all those finer ties of love and friendship which softens the heart and purifies the mind.

The marriage state is sometimes not productive of happiness, but it generally happens, where virtue is absent.

"No means of happiness when virtue yields ;
"That basis falling, falls the building too,
"And lays in ruins every virtuous joy."

But these are but few in comparison to the number of marriages that daily occur. When the holy bond is cemented by the tie of continued love, and the heart vibrates at the pleasing impulse, we care little what that indescribable wanderer, the Bachelor, may say, for we

"By sweet experience know,
"That marriage, rightly understood,
"Gives to the tender and the good,
"A Paradise below."

"Marriage," says Dr. Johnson, "is evidently the dictate of nature." Men and women are made to be the companions of each other ; and, therefore, I cannot be persuaded but that marriage is one of the means of happiness.—It is a state not only suited to the conditions of some few individuals, but appropriated to all persons, under all circumstances—extended to the concave arch of heaven, and of incalculable duration. It will brighten affliction's gloomy countenance, and make sorrow wear a cheerful garment. It will deck the humble and contented cot with almost heavenly bliss, and waft its fragrance even to the most remote recesses of poignant misery.

If we trace marriage to a low state, we may there see cheerfulness and contentment depicted even in the white-washed wall and the clean fire-side—where, though luxury is unknown, the husband returns from his diurnal labour, and rests in the bosom of felicity, while the scanty mite is sweetened, when distributed by a wife's hands. But, say some, how is the marriage state when surrounded by a family? Why, if possible, enjoying more felicity : they, instead of detracting, in the least degree, from the happiness of this state, present themselves as living images and tokens of love, who live to cheer the parent when life shall have almost spun its web.

Marriage has been, by all nations, whether civilized or barbarous, ancient or modern, held with respect and veneration. We have instances of it on record, from the Hebrews, the Greeks, the Romans, &c. &c. ; indeed, many burthens have, at various periods, been imposed upon the bachelors, and honourable rewards offered to those who entered the marriage state.

Many persons take a too superficial view of the marriage life, only looking at the few difficulties with which it is sometimes entailed ; and by this means make that appear unproductive of happiness, which was by God himself instituted for the promotion of comfort in all his creatures. If the married man has more anxiety and cares than he who enjoys celibacy, he has, at the same time, a far greater portion of real felicity, than the bachelor can possibly enjoy.—Bishop Taylor, who seems to have well known the human character. has left some valuable truths on this head, which, though brief, contain much of sterling nature. He says, "Marriage is a school and exercise of virtue : and though marriage has its cares, yet the single life has its desires, which are more troublesome, and more dangerous, and often end in sin, while the cares are but instauces of duty and exercises o f piety. Here kindness is spread abroad, and love is united, and made firm as a centre. The virgin sends prayers to God; but she carries but one soul to him ; but the state of marriage fills up the number of the elect, and hath in it the labour of love, and the delicacies of friendship, the blessings of society, and the union of hearts and hands.—Celibacy, like the fly in the heart of an apple, dwells in perpetual sweetness, but sits alone, and is confined, and dies in singularity ; but marriage, like the useful bee, builds a house, and gathers sweetness from every flower, and labours, and unites into societies, and monarchies, and sends out armies, and feeds the world with delicacies, and exercises many virtues, and promotes the interest of mankind, and is that state of good things to which God hath designed the present constitution of the world."

Marriage, before engaged in, ought to be maturely considered, and formed on the basis of sincerity and affection. When this is not adopted, the result generally is unpropitious. But when marriage is raised upon the unsinking rock of love and esteem, the

"Perpetual fountain of domestic sweets"
will never cease to flow, but as time glides on, still continue with an almost more rapid stream."

"Hail wedded love ! mysterious bond, true source
"Of human offspring, sole property,
"In Paradise of all things common else—
"By thee, adulterous lust, was driven from men,
"Among the beastial herds to range ; by thee,
"Founded in reason, loyal, just and pure,
"Relations dear, and all the charities
"Of father, son, and brother, first were known."

*The Millenium.*—According to the confident prophecies of the Rev. Mr. Wolf, the converted Jew and missionary, some amongst us who have even passed the grand climacteric will live to see the advent of the Millenium. The prophecy is contained in the following passage, which we extract from a letter from the Rev. Gentleman to the Church of Christ in Great Britain and Ireland, and dated Jerusalem, April 20 :—"In short, I proclaimed for two months to the Jews the great truth—first, that Jesus of Nazareth came the first time on the earth despised and rejected of men, to die for poor sinners; and secondly, that he will come again with glory and majesty, and glorious in his apparel, and, travelling in the greatness of his strength, he will come, the Son of Man, in the year 1847, in the clouds of heaven, and gather all the tribes of Israel, and govern in person as man and God in the literal city of Jerusalem, with his saints, and be adored in the temple, which will be re-built, and thus he shall govern 1000 years ; and I, Joseph Wolff, shall see with my own eyes, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, in their bodies, in their glorified bodies; and I shall see thee, Elijah, and the, Isaiah, and thee, Jeremiah, and thee, David, whose songs have guided me to Jesus of Nazareth. I shall see you all here at Jerusalem, where I am now writing these lines !"

*Anecdote.*—At the close of an election for Lewes, in 1771, the Duke of Newcastle was so pleased with a man who gave a casting vote on his side of the question, that he almost fell upon his neck, exclaiming, "My Dear friend, you are the best creature living; what can I do for you? I long to serve you." "May it please your Grace," replied the voter, "the exciseman of this place is very old ; when he dies, I shall be glad of his place." "You shall have it; I wish for your sake he were dead and buried already ; as soon as he is, set out to me, be it night or day, insist upon seeing me ; I'll give orders for you to be admitted at any sime." The voter swallowed every thing with ecstacy, and in the following winter the exciseman took his leave of this wicked world; the Duke's friend started for London ; and reached Lincoln's Inn at two o'clock in the morning. About this time the King of Spain was taken ill, and not expected to survive. The Duke, wishing that he might not, had despatched messengers to Madrid who were commanded to return with unusual haste as soon as the death of his Catholic Majesty should be announced. Ignorant of the hour at which they might arrive, he had given orders to his attendants to send any person to his chamber who should demand admittance. When the voter asked if his Grace were at home, he was answered in the affirmative, and immediately shewn up, when rushed into the room, and in the transport of his joy, cried out, "My Lord, he is dead !" "That is well, I am glad of it with all my soul, when did he die?"—"The morning before last, and please your Grace."—"What, so lately?—Why you must have flown ; how shall I reward you?"—"All I wish for is to succeed him."—"You, you blockhead, what pretensions have you to the Grown of Spain? Let me look at you." The astonished Dkue threw back the curtain, and saw with rage and disappointment the face of his electioneering friend. The poor devil was at first dismissed with all the violence of anger, and refused ;—but at length, the victim of the minister's anger became the object of his mirth ; and when he felt the ridicule that marked the incident, he raised the candidate for monarchy into a post, which, from the colour of the presen times, and the conduct of the *peticoat embroiderer* may seem at least as honourable—he made him an exciseman.

A young lady going into a barrick room at Fort George, saw an officer toasting a slice of bread on the point of his sword ; on which she exclaimed, "I think, sir, you have got the *staff of life* on the *point of death.*"

"Why did you not admire my daughter?" said the late lady Archer to a gentleman—"Because," said he, "I am actually no judge of *painting.*" "But surely," rejoined her ladyship," not in the least disconcerted, "you never saw an angle that was *not* painted."

*A hint.*—A capitalist being asked what he thought of the innumerable new speculations now afloat, replied—"They are like a cold bath ; to derive any benefit from which, it is necessary to be very quick *in* and very soon *out.*"

*Whooping Cough.*—A plaster of gum galbanum, applied to the Chest, cures this complaint.

*Broken hearts.*—There is a certain cant among authors touching the more delicate feelings of woman—their strong surceptibilities—and liabilities to that interesting climax of wretchedness—a broken heart ; but I believe there are as mgny men die of broken hearts as women ; indeed the only broken heart I ever saw was that of a man. It was in the Anatomical Museum of the celebrated Mr. Brookes, who introduced it to my notice with all the pathos of which he was capable. "Here," said he, "is the palpable illustration of a—broken heart !—this heart, this heart, sir, is of"—"Of whom?" said I, impatient at his pause. "Of a coal-heaver," said he, "who died suddenly from the effects of that rent, caused by overstrained exertion in carrying a heavy sack of coals !"—*Wilmot Warwick, vol.* 2.

*Easy shaving.*—The French have long had a shaving fluid which they call *essence de savon*, and in this country there have been from time to time substitutes for shaving without soap. Another, and we believe the only successful one, has just been announced under the hard title of *Eukeirogeneion.* The inventor, politely, and probably with a proper view to his own interest, sent us a bottle for trial, and we are glad that we can recommend it to gentlemen who find their strong beards too obstinate for soap lather. It is really an elegant and very useful composition.

*How to stop a runaway horse.*—A few days ago two boatmen having resolved to become competitors in the ensuing Regatta, took their boats over the New Ferry, on the Cheshire shore, to fit her up for the occasion. When the tide fell, the boat which they intended to haul up to be painted was left high and dry on the beach, and having procnred a small cart, they packed into it, the masts, sails, and other appurtenances, including a cable and anchor, and were proceeding with them to the ferry house, when the horse, a powerful animal, took fright, and furiously dashed along the shore. Finding all their endeavours to arrest his progress in vain, and apprehending as one of them said, that they should 'upset' or 'founder,' a parley was held as to how they should act. 'Shiver my timbers' said Jack, 'let go tho anchor!' No sooner said than done. A turn was taken round the trams or 'bits of the cart, and at the words 'let go!" down went the anchor, and the cable was paid out. In a moment the cable came to its tension, the anchor was ploughed into the gravel, and holding firmly, the furious animal was brought to a stand still, surprised at finding a 'stopper' put so suddenly to his 'course.' 'There now!' said Jack, 'that's what I call bringing the ship up all standing!' We would recommend some of the young gentlemen who sport with their tilts in the neighbouring lanes, or along the north shore, and who are but indifferent horsemen, to take a hint from the cool contrivance of these tars in a gale, and carry a small anchor and cable behind their saddles, in case of accidents.—*Liverpool Albion.*

*French Piety.*—The "Constitutionnel" contains a curious account of a maid-servant, in the employ of Baulard, Lepine, &c. who, having gone into the church Petits Peres to porform her devotions, had scarcely kneeled down when she was laid held of by one of the reverend fathers with such violence that her arm long retained the violence of his grasp. She was then handed over by him to two servants, who boxed her ears and turned her out of the church. The cause of all this pious embullition was, the fair one had come to say her prayers without taking the curling paper out of her hair.

*A military Dandy of Bon Ton.*—"Will you sup, Sir Harry," said a noble hostess to a Lieut. of the 10th, who was rolling and guizzing and attitudnizing through her splendid apartments. 'Neo, me Leddy, I cut all suppers decoidedly." "You play?" "Neo, I cut keards too." "Then you must dance." "Neo, me dear Leddy Mary, I abau-m-inate dancing." "But you must, Sir Harry, I have a partner for you." "Well, trot her out."


## Now Exhibiting

At Masonic Hall—A VARIETY OF PAINTINGS. *First.*

A perspective view of the TUNNEL under the river Thames, as it was before the inundation. This Picture is 13 feet by 10½ ft. Some of the figures are nearly three feet high, and workmen are seen at work in the Shaft.

*Secondly,*

A Drawing of LIVERPOOL, [England,] more than 17 feet long—being a complete View of the Harbour, Shipping, Boats, &c.

*Thirdly,*

A Panorama of This City, 10 feet long, with other Paintings and Decorations making the whole worthy attention

The room will be lighted early in the Evening
Admittance, 1s. young persons, half priee.
*October* 31.

## Newspapers.

FOR SALE.—A number of Volumes of CITY NEWSPAPERS, from the Year 181[illegible] upwards. They are neatly bound, and would be a valuable acquisition to a Public Office or Library, as furnishing data for reference, &c. *A liberal offer will take them.*—Inquire at the Courier Office.
October 24, 1829.

## STOLEN,

From the house of the Subscriber, on the night of Wednesday last,

## A SILVER WATCH,

No. 9796, maker's name, *Charles Walters*, Liverpool. Whoever may detain said Watch so that she may be recovered, shall be handsomely rewarded. And it is expected that the person in whose possession said Watch may be found, will also be detained, so that he or she may be brought to punishment. THOMAS BARLOW,
31st Oct. 1829. *Carpenter*

## New Goods.

The Subscribers have received per Brig *Tween* from London, Ships *Augusta* and *Briton*, from Liverpool, and *Forth*, from Greenock :
*Their* Spring Supply *of*

**BRITISH MERCHANDIZE,**

*—comprising—*

BALES SUPERFINE, Black, and Blue BROAD CLOTHS ;
6 Do Bleached and Unbleached Cottons ;
2 Do Fashionable Prints and Linings ;
2 Do check and striped Cottons ;
4 Do Cotton Warp, assorted Nos. ;
1 Do Bleached, unbleached and Striped Drill,
1 Case Umbrellas ; 1 do. silk Handkerchiefs,
2 Do. Threads and Small Wares ;
1 Do Ladies Worsted and Cotton Hose ;
Gentlemen's White & Mix'd Cotton ½ do. ;
4 Bales Slops assorted ; 1 do Ships' Colours ;
100 Bolts Bleached and Unbleached Canvass ;
50 Do Duck ; 14 Do Osnaburgs ;
1 Case Irish Linens and Brown Hollands ;
1 do Stationary, assorted ;
1 do Ladies and childrens Morocco Shoes;
3 do Centlemens and Boys Beaver & Wool Hats;
1 Bale Salmon and Herring Twine ;
2 do Cod, Pollock, Mackerel, and Chalk Lines ;
1 do Shoe Thread, 1 do Bed Cords ;
5 Tons Cordage assorted, from 6thd. ratline, to 4½ in Hawsers ;
1 do 2 and 3 thd. Spunyarn & White Rope ;
15 Casks HARDWARE assorted ;
1 Do Cutlery ; 1 Case Fowling Pieces ;
2 Cases Ship's Compasses and Log Glasses ;
16 Bundles long and short handled Spades and Shovels ; 4 do. do. Frying Pans ;
62 Kegs wrought & cut Nails, from 4d. to 40d.
25 Do Spikes, from 4 to 8 inches ;
20 doz. Griffin's Scythes ; 25 do. Sickles ;
1 Cask Cart Boxes ; 1 do. Block Bushes ;
2 Tons Iron Pots, Bakepans, and Spiders ;
20 Do assorted round, square and flat Iron ;
3 Bundles best German Steel ;
10 Boxes Tin Plate, I c. and I x ;
1 Ton Shot assorted, from BB. to No. 8 ;
32 Boxes Crown Glass ;
1 Hhd. Loaf Sugar ; 10 Bbls. Raisins ;
3 Do SHERRY WINE ;
12 Crates Earthenware, assorted ;
2 Do common Garden Pots ;
20 Boxes Mould Candles, 6's and 8's ;
1½ Tons Brown Soap, in ½ and 1 Cwt. boxes,
2 Casks boiled and Raw Linseed Oil ;
20 Jars do do do ;
3 Tons London White Lead, in ¼ cwt. kegs,
½ do Red and Yellow PAINT ;
3 casks blue, green and Black Paint ;
1 do Putty ; 1 do Whiting ;
1 do each Yellow and Red Ochre ;
1 do Allum, 1 Do Copperas ;
Bbls. Coal Tar, & Black & bright Varnish,
1 Chest best quality Indigo, [der ;
100 Bags fine stoved Salt, &40 Kegs Gunpow-

☞Which, with their former Stock of DRY GOODS, FLOUR, CORN, & GROCERIES, they offer for Sale Cheap for Cash, at their Store No. 1, South M. Wharf.

—IN BOND—

50 M. RED OAK STAVES.

M'KENZIE & TISDALE.
*St. John, May* 23, 1829

## *GREAT BARGAINS ! ! !*

The Subscriber has received, (in addition to his former supply,) per the brig Mary, from *Liverpool*, and the ship Edward Downs, from *Belfast*, an extensive assortment of

## Goods,

which he will sell cheaper than has been offered in the market, being direct from the Manufactures, and purchased with Cash.—Amongst the selection, are the following :—

175 PIECES Printed Calicos, newest patterns ;
100 Do. Jaconet, Mull, Book, Cross-barred, and Hair cord MUSLINS ;
200 Do. Shirting and Factory Cottons, various width and qualities ;
50 Ditto Checks and Stripes ;
Silk, worsted and cotton HOSIERY ;
1 Case Irish Dinens and Diapers ;
Gentlemen's Leghorn HATS ;
Bombazetts and Bombazeens ;
An elegant assortment of Bobbinet & Laces
Superfine black, blue and mixed broad Cloths;
200 Pieces Handkerchiefs—various descriptions ;
Cotton Balls, Reels, and a variety of other Articles.

ALSO, received this day per the *Hope* and *Susan*, from Philadelphia :—
4 Bales Cotton Warp, assorted, numbers from 6 to 10 ;
1 Case of Morocco and Denmark Satin Shoes ;
1 Do. Childrens Boots of different colours ;
30 Boxes Spermaceti CANDLES ;
1 Bale Sattinetts—of different colours ;
100 Dozen of Hair Combs—of various sizes ;
200 Ditto side ditto.

LIKEWISE ON HAND :
A quantity of Hyson and Souchong Teas ;
All of which will be sold low for Cash, or short approved credit, at his store in Saint John-street, opposite Mr. J COX'S Auction Room.

N. M'GLINCHEY.
June 27th, 1829.

## Flannels, Blankets, &c.

Received per brig *Perseverance*, from Liverpool and for sale by the Subscribers :—

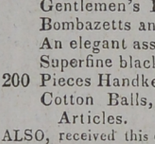
BALES Red and white FLANNELS,
Do Rose, Witney and Point Blankets,
Do. Flushing and other Slops,
Do. Superfine and second Cloths.
*Per brig* Newcastle, *from Sunderland* :—
50 Bolts bleached CANVASS, No. 1 to 8,
50 Coils CORDAGE—assorted,
Hawsers, from 3½ to 6 inches,
3000 Pieces Brown EARTHENWARE.
100 Boxes Yellow SOAP.

ALSO,
100 Chaldrons HOUSE COAL,—afloat, warranted of superior quality.

In Store,—
Jamaica RUM and SUGAR,
Antigua MOLASSES, &c. &c.
*CROOKSHANK & WALKER.*
29th August, 1829.

## FRESH TEAS.

*Just received from Halifax, per Hannah Smith:*




40 CHESTS comprising: Fine Hyson ; Real Souchong ; and first and second qualities of Congo, which will be Sold by the Chest or retail at the very lowest rates in the Market. ALSO,

*on consignment per* Wanderer, *and for Sale,—Very Cheap :*
25 BARRELS FINE FLOUR ;
2 TIERCES WHITE BEANS.
August 22. BRAGG & WARNE.

## FRESH FRUIT.

Just landing from on board the Ship Jane, from Liverpool :

A FEW Bags WALNUTS ; Ditto soft She ALMONDS, and HAZEL NUTS ; 5 Boxes Prime Muscatels, & a few Kegs Raisins
JOHN V. THURGAR.
October 3, 1829.

## Jamaica Rum.

35 PUNCHEONS and 2 Hogsheads of Jamaica RUM, just received per Schr. Edward, from Jamaica, for sale by
WILLIAM BOWMAN.
26th September, 1829.

The Subscriber has received per ship Augusta, from Liverpool :—
7 BALES very well assorted SLOPS, suitable for the season,
30 Boxes of very superior Mould CANDLES,
—IN STORE—
50 Barrels prime Quebec PORK,
100 Half barrels Prime Mess ditto.
*JOHN ROBERTSON.*
3d October, 1829.

OCTOBER 10th, 1829.

## E. De W. RATCHFORD,

*Offers for Sale at his Auction Room, very low for Cash, or approved paper :—*

BEST Cognac BRANDY, in pipes and half pipes ; Jamaica Sugar ; Sugar, in hogsheads and barrels ; refined Sugar ; Coffee ; Molasses ; Wines ; Gin ; Ale and Porter, in wood and bottle ; Souchong, Congo, and Bohea Teas, in chests and boxes ; Boston Mould and Dipt Candles, English and Campo-Bello Soap ; an extensive variety of manufactured Tobacco—some very superior, 16 hanks to the lb. ; ground and root Ginger ; Mustard ; Pepper ; Brimstone ; Sulphur ; Alum ; Crown Blue ; imperial and common Barley ; Nova-Scotia Oatmeal ; Nova-Scotia, Quebec, and United States Pork and Beef ; bags of Pease ; Arrow Root ; Muscatel Raisins ; white, yellow and green Paints ; boiled and raw Oil, in jars and casks ; Spirits Turpentine, in jars ; Cordage of all sizes, from 6 inches to Spunyarn ; Hawsers ; Canvass ; Oakum ; Lines ; a few Anchors, from 2 to 20 cwt. ; a small Chain Cable ; a set Composition Rudder Braces, suitable for a vessel of 300 tons ; a patent Compass ; Patent Deck Lights ; Coal Tar : Pitch ; Tar ; Rosin ; Turpentine ; Lamp Black ; an excellent assortment of Bar and Bolt Iron ; Sheet and cut Nails, of all sizes ; Spikes ; 2 casks well assorted Hardware ; Rowland's Philadelphia Mill Saws ; Smiths' Bellows and Vices ; 50 crates Iron ; Ploughshare Moulds and Slab Iron ; wrought well assorted Earthenware ; 15 casks Warren's Blacking ; a quantity of Red Wood and Log Wood ; 5 tons Lignumvitæ ; Mahogany ; Baizes ; Flannels ; Blankets ; Slop Clothing ; London Prints and Muslins ; a few pieces elegant Furniture Prints ; a few pieces assorted Cassimeres ; bleached and unbleached Cottons ; Muslins and Muslin Handkerchiefs ; 200 Reams Writing Paper ; a quantity of Japan and Cabinet Ink, in bottles of three sizes—and other Stationary ; Saddlery. Also, a quantity of OTTER CAPS and FUR COLLARS.

## THE SUBSCRIBER,

HEREBY informs the Citizens of Saint John, that he has commenced business in the Store next adjoining that occupied by Samuel Stephen, in Saint John Street, where he intends manufacturing and repairing every description of Tin Goods.—Also,

SHEET IRON STOVES AND STOVE PIPES, &c.

As his work will be warranted superior, he hopes for a share of Public patronage, and as it is not his intention to give credit, his charges will be found to correspond. E. STEPHEN.
St. John, October 3.
N. B.—Two Journeymen Tinsmiths, and one Apprentice, wanted.

## Raisins, Brandy, &c.

*Just received per brig Perseverance from Liverpool, and for sale low, if applied for while landing ;—a large assortment of Goods, suitable for the season, among which are the following articles, viz :—*

200 BOXES and 100 half Boxes of Mustatel RAISINS,
3 Pipes very superior Brandy, 6 hhds. do.
150 Boxes Crown Glass—assorted sizes,
10 Bales Ducks and Osnaburgs,
30 Dozen blue Mackerel Lines,
20 Do. black Thread No. 20 to 25,
5 Tons Cordage assorted sizes,
10 Crates Earthenware, well assorted,
18 Tons Iron assorted,
2 Tons 3½ x ½ best hammered Iron,
5 Bales Slops, assorted,
1 Case Braces,
1 Trunk Cotton Reels, [Felt,)
8 Bales Sheathing Paper, (imitation of
50 Reams Laid and Wove Pot Paper,
4 Casks Hardware, assorted, &c. &c.
JOHN ROBERTSON.
50 Chaldrons of very superior Coals, landing ex brig Moon.—Apply as above
August 22d, 1829.

## HARDWARE.

The Subscriber has just received per Briton and Augusta from Liverpool—
HIS SPRING SUPPLY OF

## GOODS,

viz—

34 HHDS. and Cases HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.
8 Tons rose, clasp and horse Nails, ass'd. ;
10 do. Flat and round English Iron, do. ;
1 do. Swedish Iron, ass'd. ;
3½ do. double refined Axe Iron, 3 to 3½ inches,
3 do. Pots and Bake Pans, assorted ;
1 do. German, Blistered, and Cast Steel,
2½ do. Double & single Plough-share Moulds,
1 do. Plough-plate Iron assorted ;
1 do. Shot and Sheet Lead,
2 Hhds. Tea Kettles and Griddles,
10 Doz. Frying Pans, 12 Boxes Tin ass'd. ;
1 Cask Putty, 1 do Blue, 1 do Lamp-Black,
1 Ditto Red and Yellow Ochre, 1 do. Allum,
1 Ton White Lead, 12 Doz. Scythes, ass'd ;
12 Dozen Shovels and Spades,
1 Box Looking Glasses, assorted ;
1 Bale Hair Cloth and Curled Hair,
1 Hhds. Shoe Thread assorted ; 2 cases Hats ;
10 Crates Earthenware, ass'd ;
800 Stone Jugs assorted ;
1 Cask each boiled and unboiled Linseed Oil ;
1 Bale Cod Lines, assorted, &c. &c.
ALSO—2 Barrels White Mustard SEED of the very best quality. ☞All of which will be Sold very Cheap for Cash.
N. SMITH DE MILL,
May 16. *No. 3, S. Market Wharf*

## NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber has received by the Daniel O'Connell, from Great Britain, part of his

*Fall supply of Goods,*

and is daily expecting the remainder, which have been selected by himsslf, at the best markets, and which will be found to be the newest patterns and latest fashions.

Also.—An extensive assortment of Cut, Flint and common GLASS ; now opening, and will be sold on the most moderate terms, at his well known store, south side of the Market-square.
Edward Dougherty.
17th October, 1829.

## BANK STOCK, For Sale.

25 SHARES of THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE BANK OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, or any part of the amount may be purchased from CROOKSHANK & WALKER.
October 10.

## SOAP,—On Consignment.

100 BOXES each 20lbs. best hard yellow Soap, packed expressly for family use.
100 Boxes Mould and Dipt Candles,
And a few Tierces Rice,
For sale by JOHN V. THURGAR.
10th Oct. 1829.

**BUTTER.**

*Just received, and for sale by the Subscriber*

15 FIRKINS BUTTER, first quality.
*HENRY BLAKSLEE.*
10th October, 1829.

## Evening Tuition.

MR. C. GIBB begs to intimate that he proposes to commence his Evening Classes on the first Monday of November.

The Branches intended to be taught are, *English Grammar, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Latin, Greek, Navigation, Trigonometry, &c.*

Instructions will be given in *Stenography*, if required.

Terms, Hours of Attendance, &c. will be made known on application.

N. B. Mr. G. has opened a Class for Young Ladies in his Day School.

Seminary, Union-street, October 3d, 1829.

*St. John Marine Insurance Company.*

THE Capital or stock of the *Saint John Marine Insurance Company*, having been paid by the Stockholders agreeably to the Act of Incorporation—The President and Directors do therefore give notice that they have commenced the business of the said Company.

Orders for Insurance, with a full description of the risk, to be addressed to the President of the Saint John Marine Insurance Company. JOHN WARD, Jun.
*President.*
St. John, N. B. July 10, 1826.

## Protection Insurance Company, of Hartford Connecticut.

ANGUS M'KENZIE, Agent of the above Insurance Company in this City, offers to Insure Houses, Stores, Mills Factories, Barns, and the contents of each, together with every similar species of property against

**Loss or Damage by Fire.**

The rates of Premium offered, are as low as those of any simular Institution.—Being in possession of documents from the most respectable sources, of the firm standing of the Office, and its equitable as well as liberal principles in settling losses, he is ready to produce the same for the satisfaction of all persons who apply to him for Insurance. He would beg leave to inform the public, that the monies accumulating to the Office under the Agency at this place, are left under his controul, and let out at interest upon the best security, available to meet a loss ; and further, that he will hold himself always in readiness for taking surveys of premises offered for Insurance in any part of the City, free of charge to the assured.—Applications for Insurance attended to by the aforesaid Agent at the store of M'Kenzie & Tisdale, head of the South Market Wharf.
St. John, May 2d, 1827

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut, continue to Insure HOUSES & BUILDINGS of all descriptions, GOODS, FURNITURE, &c. within the Province of New-Brunswick, on the usual terms, for which, with any other particulars, please apply to the Subscriber, who is duly authorised to issue *Policies, Renewal Receipts, &c.*
ELISHA DeW. RATCHFORD,
St. John, May 24, 1828. *Agent.*

*WEST OF SCOTLAND*

## Insurance Company,

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

PATRON.
THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF GLASGOW,
EXTRAORDINARY DIRECTORS.
Henry Monteith, Esq. of Carstairs, M. P.
John Buchanan, Esq. of Ardoch, M. P.
Ludouvic Houston, Esq. of Johnstone.
John M'Kirdy, Esq. of Birkwood.
Patrick Playfair, Esq. of Dalmarnock.
William Dunn, Esq. of Duntocher
Jacob Dixon, Esq. of Dumbarton.
John Greenshields, Esq. of Kerse.
Michael Rowand, Esq. of Glasgow.
William Hozier, Esq. of Newlands & Barrowfield
Colonel John Reid, Frankville, Ayrshire.
John Kinnaid, Esq. of Kinnaid.
Donald Cuthbertson, Esq. Accountant, Glasgow.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.
Patrons.
The Right Hon. the Earl of Glasgow.
The Right Hon. Lord Belhaven and Stenton.
*Extraordinary Directors.*
General Campbell, of Saint Andrews.
John M'Kirdy, Esq. of Berkwood.
Patrick Playfair, Esq. of Dalmarnock.
Jacob Dixon, Esq. of Dumbarton.
Michael Rowand, Esq. Banker, of Glasgow.
John M'Neil, Esq. of Collansay.
Malcom M'Neil, Esq. of Islay.
Duncan M'Neil, Esq. Advocate.

THE Public are respectfully informed that the West of Scotland Insurance Company, will take Risks on property of every description, against Loss or Damage by Fire, and will insure Lives on terms equally moderate, with the most respectable Offices in London. Proposals will be received, and Insurance effected by the Subscriber, and every information granted.
N. B. No charge for Policies.
JOHN ROBERTSON,
Agent for the Company.
Saint John, N. B. May 16, 1829.

## Notice is hereby Given,

THAT We, the Trustees appointed in the matter of *Robert Gibson*, an Absconding Debtor, in pursuance of the Power and Authority in us thereby vested, request all Creditors of the said Robert Gibson, to attend at the residence of Mr. John Hargraves, in Nelson-street, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, on TUESDAY the first day of DECEMBER next, when we, the said Trustees, will also attend to examine and ascertain the amount of the Debt due to each Creditor, who shall choose to attend as aforesaid, and on such adjustment we will then and there proceed to make a distribution as pointed out by the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
GEORGE A. NAGEL,
JOHN HARGRAVES,
JAMES BUSTIN.
September 26th, 1829.

## PUBLIC LIBRARY.

THE Inhabitants of the city of Saint John, are hereby respectfully informed, that the Eclectic Library has been by its proprietors ordered to be re-opened for the use of the Public, on the following conditions, viz.—

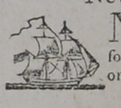
Each Subscriber will be entitled to the use of 2 volumes, of whatever size, (two periodicals or Magazines, to be considered equal to one Volume.)

Annual Subscription,...20s.
Half-Yearly do.....12s. 6d.
Quarterly do..... 7s. 6d.

The Library will be opened in accordance with the above order on Wednesday the 3d day of June next ensuing, and continue opened every Wednesday and Saturday following from 3 till 4 o'clock for the purpose of receiving and issuing Books.

☞Subscription Money must be paid, and the Bye-Laws subscribed, previous to Books being issued. *By Order of the President.*
W. O. SMITH, Secretary.
St. John, May 23, 1829.

## New Vessel, for Sale.



NOW on the stocks in Cumberland, and can be launched in four weeks—a new Vessel, dimensions as follows ;—
50 FEET KEEL,
18 FEET BEAM,
8 1-2 FEET DEPTH OF HOLD,
Will Register about One Hundred Tons,—she will be sold at a low price, and payments made easy.—For further information, apply to
J. & H. KINNEAR.
*26th September*, 1829.

*On Sale,*

SPRUCE Deals, Deal Ends, 1½ and 2 inch Plank ; Boards and Scantling. For further particulars enquire at the store of WM. FLAHERTY, *Water Street, or to*
June 6. E. C. WADDINGTON.

## SUGAR.

20 HOGSHEADS Jamaica SUGAR, of an excellent quality for sale by
Oct. 10. I. L. BEDELL.

## MARE FOR SALE.

A WELL broken MARE, either for the Saddle or Harness, is offered at private Sale, very cheap for Cash ; it is requisite to mention that she is offered for sale only for the want of employment.—Apply to Doctor F. GOURAUD, Surgeon Dentist, Germain-street nearly opposite Trinity Church.
*October 10th*, 1829.


Blanks for sale at the Courier Office