

It has been announced that Mr. O'Connell for the County of Kerry...

Despatches were received this morning at the Foreign Office, from Mr. Barkley...

Intelligence has been received from Constantinople through the German papers...

On Saturday Captain Ross left Woolwich in his steam-vessel, the Victory...

The Admiral Benbow, an outward bound Indiaman, was attacked by pirates on the 14th of April...

Destruction of the Royal Bazaar.—About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a fire broke out in the Royal Bazaar, Oxford-street...

Chinese Theatre burnt, with the loss of sixty lives.—A short time since, says the Register, at the district of Shantak...

A decision was given in the Insolvent Debtors' Court on Thursday, which was of the utmost importance to the creditors of insolvent...

THE MAGNETIC POLE.—Christiana April, 23.—Letters have been received from Professor Hansteen and his companions...

KING'S COLLEGE.—A meeting of the Subscribers and donors to this Institution was held on the 16th May...

[From the London Morning Herald.]

The distress of the people about Manchester has reached that point which renders men reckless of their lives...

It is still rumored that a treaty is going forward with the consent of the Emperor of Austria...

COMMERCIAL DISTRESS.—The most important feature in every paper we receive, whether from France or Germany...

Rochdale.—On the committal of some of the rioters to jail, an attack was made on the guard, who had to take shelter in the guard-house...

THE EARL OF WINCHELSEA.—The withdrawal of this nobleman's name from the list of subscribers to the King's College...

KING'S COLLEGE.—A meeting of the Subscribers and donors to this Institution was held on the 16th May...

TURKISH FRIGATE.—There is now in the roads of Marseilles a frigate built by order of Mahomet Ali...

The Courier.

SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1829.

Bank of New-Brunswick. Director next week, Stephen Wiggins, Esq.

Hours of business, from 10 to 3. Bills for Discount, must be lodged with the Cashier before 3 o'clock on TUESDAY.

Marine Insurance Office. Committee of Directors for the ensuing week: DAVID HATFIELD.

THE MANUFACTURING DISTRICTS.—The latest accounts from England, relative to the State of Trade, represent the labouring classes as being still in a refractory state...

And forming, as her Colonies most certainly do, an integral part of her immense and valuable possessions...

We have generally found it to be somewhat difficult, to account for the causes of this general distress, experienced almost every year...

From our own experience, we know, that so long as mankind have mouths, something must go into them: and it is no more than reasonable to suppose, when the poor artisan, finding he cannot support his labour and honest industry...

We have been irresistibly led into this train of reasoning, from an attentive perusal of the remarks, which follow, extracted from a late number of the Liverpool Times...

We perfectly coincide with the remedies proposed. And what are these? That TIME, alone, can bring about a recovery from the effects of a shaken credit...

We confidently hope that this extraordinary depression will soon disappear; and that the most strenuous exertions will be made by Ministers, to prevent similar visitations.

But whilst we contend that there was no ground for despair, we maintained also that there were most powerful inducements for the government and legislature to adopt every practicable means of relieving the country from its burdens...

It is obvious, however, that with our views of the CAUSES of the national distress, we cannot look for EFFICIENT relief to any specific measures which Parliament could adopt.

gent doses, heroically depriving all such considerations as the peculiar nature of the complaint, or the strength and Constitution of the patient.

We really cannot advance any pretensions to compete with these gentlemen in the vigour and valour of their talk.

We do not say, however, that nature is not to be assisted. Though we believe that the present stagnation of trade and all that is urgent in the distress of the country will have passed away before any measures of relief can be adopted...

The settlement of the Catholic question will enable government to make a great reduction in the military force hitherto maintained in Ireland, especially as we trust the foreign policy of Ministers is decidedly pacific.

One of the greatest national desiderata is a Free Trade in Corn. Whilst this is denied, the principles of free trade are violated in the most important particular...

Next in importance to the object of relieving domestic industry from its clogs, is that of removing every restriction which closes foreign markets against our manufacturers.

We are persuaded that abuses have been so long life in the North American Colonies that their inhabitants will never think themselves secure, till public officers are made responsible in the Colony, till the Legislative Councils are independent for their livelihood...

The West India monopoly ought to be abolished, as well as the East India monopoly. The duties which protect the sugars and coffee of our West India possessions are just as objectionable as the restrictions, on the silk trade, the corn trade, or any other branch of commerce...

[From the Quebec Gazette of July 2.]

The Independence of the Judges in the Colonies, dismissal of Mr. Justice Willis, in Upper Canada, and the Duke of Wellington's Speech, May 16.

After the dismissal of Mr. Justice Willis in U. Canada by prerogative alone, confirmed by the King in Council in England, it would expose any one to well merited ridicule to talk of the independence of our Judges.

We are thrown back to the times and circumstances which formed the Treasurers, the Scroggs and the Jeffreys. Such is the security which is now offered to the King's subjects in the colonies, for their property, their reputation and their lives, against it may be, a bad, a rapacious and vindictive administration of the local government.

There is at this moment a great stir among the naval powers of the world. Great Britain, France, and Russia have a powerful navy in the Mediterranean.

But we shall suppose that a Governor is so far just and honorable, so fully persuaded of his responsibility as not to suffer himself to be influenced by a desire of suppressing complaints against himself, so intelligent as not to be biased by a crowd of servile, self interested flatterers in their instinctive antipathy to popular rights...

His Grace of Wellington if he thinks that the right of petitioning alone is a safeguard for the lives, the property, the reputation and well-being of the subject in the Colony, labours under a grievous error, and which is, in some degree, inexcusable.

A stronger proof how readily men of the greatest penetration fall into mistakes in regard to countries concerning which they are deficient in local knowledge, can hardly be needed than is to be found in the Duke of Wellington's speech, wherein he grounds his objection to an improvement in the composition of the Legislative Council of Upper Canada upon the difficulty of getting large proprietors to attend at the capital.

AMERICAN NAVY.—The New York Morning Courier and Enquirer, of the 24th inst. is commended upon this subject says:—It is rumored that the ship Ohio, 74, now lying at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, will be fitted for sea.

There is at this moment a great stir among the naval powers of the world. Great Britain, France, and Russia have a powerful navy in the Mediterranean.

But we shall suppose that a Governor is so far just and honorable, so fully persuaded of his responsibility as not to suffer himself to be influenced by a desire of suppressing complaints against himself, so intelligent as not to be biased by a crowd of servile, self interested flatterers in their instinctive antipathy to popular rights...

There is at this moment a great stir among the naval powers of the world. Great Britain, France, and Russia have a powerful navy in the Mediterranean.

DISTRESS AT MADAWASKA.—We have often called the attention of our readers, to accounts of misery and starvation, existing in the Manufacturing Towns of England, not entertaining the remotest idea, that we should have to give publicity to somewhat similar scenes, occurring in our own Province, until we perused the British Colonist of yesterday.

It will be seen, from what follows, that His Honour the PRESIDENT, with several other charitable individuals, have already exerted themselves in the formation of plans for their relief; and a great number of Families have already experienced temporal aid.

"The public generally are not acquainted that unparalleled distress now exists in the settlement of Madawaska, occasioned by the failure, for the two last years, of the wheat crop.