"Altho' the objections which have been made that the expense of collection does not include the salaries of the Officers, and that the Officers are not requisite for Colonial purposes, cannot in the opinion of His Majesty's Government be supported: yet the Lieutenant-Governor has been expressly commanded to acquaint the House of Assembly, that it never was intended, nor is it now proposed that a larger charge for Officers salaries, should, in consequence of the abolition of fees, be imposed on this Province; still less that the Mother Country should derive pecuniary advantage from the change; and all that is desired by his Majesty's Government is, that the relief, which it has been their desire to afford to the Colonies, by the abolition of the fees, should not be made the means of additional and unreasonable burthens upon the Revenue at home.

"To show to what extent relief has been afforded to the Colonies generally by this measure, it is necessary to remark, that the sums levied in the several ports in the shape of fees on shipping, previous to the 6th Geo. 4, amounted to about 103,000*l*, while the total of the new and reduced Salaries of Officers of Customs, proposed to be defrayed out of the Colonial Revenue, amounts to no more than 73,000*l*.

"It is also proper to observe, that fees to a large amount, heretofore paid to the naval officers in the several Colonies, has been abolished, and that the compensation to these Officers, in lieu of those fees, is now paid out of the Revenue of Great Britain; the compensation so paid in the last year amounted to 5*l*,000 16 4¾.

"The Lieutenant-Governor has been further instructed to acquaint the House of Assembly, that His Majesty's Government, with every disposition to give due weight to the observations which have been urged by the Colonies, have not failed to notice the statements made relative to the burthen under the former system, not being wholly borne by the Colonies.

"His Majesty's Government have not however deemed it necessary that the exact proportions in which the fees on shipping were a tax upon the Colony, and the mother country, should be precisely defined.

"To the extent of that proportion which fell up on the Colony, the repeal of them has been a measure of Colonial relief, and that relief will be further extended by the addition now proposed to be made to the charges on the Revenue at home.

"His Majesty's Government have also consented that the Crown Revenues should continue to be charged with the incidental expenses of the collection of the customs, and with the compensation which it has been found necessary to assign to the Customs Officers, whose Salaries have been reduced; and if there should be any Colony in which the Salaries to the Officers exceed the amount of fees formerly levied, it is not intended that the excess should be defrayed by the Colony.

"With these qualifications, however it has appeared to His Majesty's Government by no means an unreasonable expectation, that the Colonies should either acquiesce in the deduction from the duties received in the Colony of the adequate Salaries now fixed for the Officers, or should themselves, which will be equally satisfactory, make a permanent provision for the Officers to that amount.

"By the adoption of either alternative the additional expense thrown upon the Mother Country will not be extravagant, and the Customs officers enjoying Salaries which are considered moderate, will still be placed in that state of independance, which is essential to the due discharge of their duty.

"The Lieutenant-Governor is further instructed to acquaint the Assembly, that His Majesty's Government have deemed it adviseable to postpone recommending to Parliament any amendment of the Act, 6, Geo. 4, c. 114, until they shall have before them the further proceedings of the Colonies on the subject, since the nature of that amendment must necessarily, in a great degree, depend upon the course which the several Colonies may pursue.

"The Lieutenant-Governor is also directed to lay before the House a detail of the charge for salaries heretofore defrayed by fees levied in this Province, and that now proposed to be borne out of the duties raised in the Colonies, and of the Salaries, compensation and expenses proposed to be defrayed by the Crown or out of the Revenue of the United Kingdom under the new arrangement which is to take effect from the 5th Jan. inst.

"The Lieutenant-Governor, in making this communication to the House of Assembly, cannot refrain from expressing his hope that the arrangement now proposed by His Majesty's Government, will be deemed satisfactory and that the House will not fail to perceive that the abolition of fees, which necessarily gave rise to the present mode of paying the Officers, was not only intended, but calculated to afford substantial relief to the trade of the Province, in some measure at the expense of the Mother Country." "H. D."

COLONY OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Fees paid prior to 1826, - -	£9,133	7 1
Salaries paid by the Crown prior to 1826, - - - - -	509	0 0
Incidental charge paid by the Crown 1826, - - - -	577	3 3¼
Total paid in 1826.		
By the Colony, - - -	9,133	7 1
By the Crown, - - -	1,086	3 3¼
Salaries to be paid out of the Colonial Duties, - - -	6,397	0 0
" " " " by the Crown,	509	0 0
Compensation paid by the Crown,	550	0 0
Incidental charge to be borne by the Crown, - - -	577	3 3¼
Total to be defrayed.		
By the Colony, - - -	6,397	0 0
By the Crown, - - -	1,686	3 3¼

On motion of Mr. Weldon.—Whereas it has been stated to this House, that William Cross did use threatening and abusive language towards a Member of this House touching his vote on a question before this House, and that the said William Cross did assault the said Member.

Thereupon ordered that the Sergeant at Arms do forthwith take the said William Cross in custody and bring him to the Bar of the House, to answer to such things as may be objected against him.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Sergeant at Arms had William Cross in custody in obedience to the order of the House.

The said William Cross was thereupon brought to the Bar, and made acquainted with the charges preferred against him.

Ordered, that the said William Cross do withdraw, and that the Serjeant at Arms do detain him in custody, to await such order as the House may make.

Resolved unanimously, that the Speaker do issue his Warrant for the committment of William Cross to the Common Gaol of the County of York, there to remain during the pleasure of the House.

On motion of Mr. Crane.—The House went into Committee of the whole, in further consideration of Supplies to be granted for the Public Service.

Mr. Partelow in the Chair of the Committee.

The Chairman reported, that having gone into further consideration of the business referred to them, he was directed to make the following report; which he read.

Resolved, that there be granted to Joseph Baxter, the sum of 2*l* to compensate him for work done on the Great Road leading from St. John to the Missequash, to be paid from the grant for that road this Session.

To His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor or Commander-in-Chief, the sum of 50*l* towards opening a road from the Bridge over the Magagaudavic River at the Block House, on the Great Road from Fredericton to St. Andrews, to the Settlement at Lake George, in the County of York, pursuant to the prayer of the Petition of Benjamin Miliken, and others, resident Freeholders of St. George in the County of Charlotte.

To His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor or Commander-in-Chief, the sum of 100*l*. towards defraying the expence of printing the Daily Journals of the present Session.

To Robert Scott, Esquire, the sum of 12*l*. 10, being a balance due him for building a Bridge over French Brook, in the Parish of Salisbury.

And that the following was moved:—

Resolved, that there be granted to Jas. Taylor, Sen. & Co. and William Cross, the sum of £ to remunerate them for extra expense incurred in the erection of the new college Building, it appearing that such extra expense has been incurred in consequence of the very imperfect plans and specifications upon which they were called upon to make their estimate, of the superior quality of the materials used by them, and the superior style in which the work has been executed,

£ part of the said sum to be paid in the present year, and the remaining sum of £ in the year 18.0, without interest.

And upon the question for sustaining the Resolution, the Committee divided—YEAS 18. NAYS 6.

And it was therefore passed in the affirmative.

And for making the Grant of £1000, to be paid in two equal payments, £500 to be paid this present year, and the remaining £500 the year following, it was likewise carried in the affirmative.

The following Resolution was moved:—Resolved, that there be granted to Daniel Green, the sum of to redress him for injury sustained by imprisonment on a Warrant from the late Solicitor-General. And upon the question for sustaining the Resolution, the Committee divided—

YEAS.—Messrs. Speaker, Palmer, Humbert, Scott, Harrison, Hayward, Rankin, Dow, Gilbert, Ketchum, Munro, Allen.

NAYS.—Messrs. Parker, Crane, Barlow, Weldon, Ward, Miles, Taylor, M'Kay, Clarke, Chandler, Freeze, Wyer, Campbell.

It was thereupon decided in the negative.

THURSDAY, 29th January.

Ordered, that Mr. Campbell, and Mr. M'Kay, be a Committee to join the Committee of Council to wait upon His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, with the joint address of the Council and Assembly, to be laid before His Majesty, praying an amendment of the Act of Parliament for the naturalization of Aliens, and to request His Excellency will be pleased to transmit the said address.

And further ordered, that Mr. Campbell communicate the said appointment to the Council.

The address as engrossed, being read, is as follows:

To The King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The joint and humble address of His Majesty's Council and the House of Assembly, of His Majesty's Province of New-Brunswick, in General Assembly convened.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY.

We the Council and Assembly of New-Brunswick, beg with sentiments of the deepest Respect, to approach your Majesty with this address; and to represent to your Majesty the peculiar situation in which several trusty and highly respectable Individuals, in this Province, are placed, by the operation of certain Provisions, in the existing act of the Imperial Parliament, being the 18th Geo. 2, cap. 7, for naturalizing such Persons, as are settled, or shall settle, in your Majesty's North American Colonies; which requires that "no person shall be naturalized by virtue of this Act, unless such Person shall have received the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, in some Protestant and reformed Congregation, within this Kingdom of Great Britain, or within some of the Colonies in America, within three months next before his taking or Subscribing the said oaths."—The Parties, in whose behalf, we thus venture to address your Majesty, are Persons, who, since the independence of the American states, have removed, or would remove hither with a view to become permanent settlers in your Majesty's Colonial Dominions, but who find themselves precluded from so doing, by certain religious scruples, which will not permit them to participate in the Holy Sacrament for their temporal purposes, and who are thereby debarred from availing themselves of the high Privileges, arising from this Act of Parliament.

We therefore most humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased, to take this address into your royal consideration and direct that the 2d section of the Act of the 13th Geo. 2, c. 7, be brought before the Imperial Parliament, with a view to the repeal of this particular provision, therein contained.

S. P. Hurd, *J. W. Weldon,*
F. P. Robinson, *Wm. Taylor.*
Colin Campbell.

Mr. Weldon, Chairman of the Committee of Privilege to whom was referred the Message from His Majesty's Council to the House of Assembly, under date of the 26th inst having attended to the duty required of them submitted the following report, which he read.

"That they have made diligent search into the former practice of this House, as to the mode of passing Revenue Bills, and in no one instance do your Committee find when sundry articles not included in provision Bills, are made subject to duty that it never has been usual to submit the same previously for the consideration and approbation of the Council. Should such be the case it would be contrary to all Parliamentary precedent, & tend to destroy the hitherto unquestioned previleges of the Assembly. Your Committee find that in 1796 the Council disclaim having a right to have each article of taxation sent up to them for their approbation or rejection, as being a departure from Parliamentary usage.

"In the year 1807, when "A Bill was passed for imposing a duty on Gypsum, or Plaster of Paris," the mode stated by the Council in their resolution, was not adopted or acted upon, nor does it appear by the Journals of the House of Assembly that the mode adopted in the British Parliament, in this respect has ever been departed from.

JOHN W WELDON,
E. B. CHANDLER,
COLIN CAMPBELL,
JOHN WARD,
JOHN ALLEN.

The report being handed in at the Clerk's Table was there again read.—Ordered, that the report be accepted.

On motion of Mr. Dow.—Further ordered, that the House, do to-morrow go into committee of the whole, in consideration of the said report.

On motion of Mr. Allen.—Resolved, that an humble address be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to direct the Commissioners for superintending the erection of Government House, to accompany a committee to be appointed by this House, to inspect the said Building and to report thereon.

Ordered, that Mr. Allen, Mr. Hayward, and Mr. Harrison, be a committee to present the address.

On motion of Mr. Crane.—The House went into committee of the whole, on a Bill to ascertain all ungranted Lands in the Township of Sackville in the county of Westmorland, and to vest all the vacant and unlocated wilderness Lots, within the same, in the Crown.

Mr. M'Kay in the chair of the committee.

The Chairman reported, that having gone into consideration of the said Bill, the committee had passed the following resolution:—

Whereas it appears that this Bill is entirely of a local nature, and tends materially to affect private rights: that there is no Petition before the Legislature, praying for the same to be passed, and such Bill has never been read at a General Sessions of the Peace for the County of Westmorland; and whereas it is highly just and proper that the said Bill should be published.

Thereupon Resolved, that the further consideration thereof be postponed until the next Session of the General Assembly, and that the persons desirous of having the said Bill passed, do cause the same to be thrice published in the *New-Brunswick Courier*, within three months, after the end of this Session, and also to be twice read at the General Sessions of the Peace for the said County.

Mr. Hayward, by leave, presented a Petition from William Cross, a Prisoner confined in the Common Goal of the County of York, by an order of this House, he having been guilty of a high breach of the privileges of the House, by insulting a member thereof; and praying to be released from such confinement. Which he read.

Ordered, that the said petition be received and lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Hayward—Whereas William Cross having expressed contrition for the offence committed by him against the privileges of this House.——Therefore Resolved, that the said William Cross be forthwith brought to the Bar of this House, receive a suitable reprimand from the Speaker, and be then discharged.

Mr. Speaker acquainted the House that the Sergeant at Arms was in attendance with the prisoner.—The said William Cross being brought to the Bar of the House, was reprimanded by the Speaker and discharged.

COMMUNICATION.

[FOR THE COURIER.]

Sketches of the North Eastern Boundary Line.

(Continued.)

The river Restook, commonly called Roostook, and by the Americans Aroostook, flows nearly 200 miles through the territory claimed by the State of Maine. It is a beautiful river, running through a fine country for forming new settlements, and its banks are covered with excellent timber, of a large growth and of various species.—There are also a number of fine islands of alluvial soil in the bed of the Restook; and its shores abound with excellent intervale land. The navigation on this river, for batteaux and canoes, is good for a considerable distance from its mouth,—and this will greatly facilitate the settling of the adjacent country, so soon as the line is settled.—Its navigation however is somewhat obstructed, about three miles from its junction with the Saint John, by falls of nearly forty feet.

There are, as yet, but few settlers on the banks of the Restook, and their location is only of recent date. They consist principally of families from the United States, and from the river St. John: most of the latter of whom, have removed to this settlement, in order to evade paying their debts; supposing themselves, at this place, to be released from British controul. They have not yet made much progress in improving the country;—their number at present does not exceed sixty. There is no doubt but the unsettled state of the Boundary Line, has prevented this fine river from being more densely settled than it is: particularly by families from the United States.

From the Restook, to the lower part of the Madawaska settlement,—a distance of about twenty-five miles, the disputed territory is in a wilderness state.—This settlement is situated directly above the Grand Falls, and the prolongation of the disputed line crosses the Saint John, about five miles above that spot.

Madawaska is an old flourishing settlement, The inhabitants are generally French: some of whom have been settled there for more than fifty years, have always considered themselves British Subjects, and are warmly attached to the British Government. Madawaska is the general name for the whole district occupied by the French there. It comprises the whole Country from the Great Falls, up to the Mariumpticook stream. This was, originally, the only name given to all the French settlements on the river Saint John, above the Grand Falls. The upper part of them, was afterwards distinguished by the name of Chataqua, and, of late, the whole district has been divided into three sections or parishes:—the lower section having received the name of Saint Bruno, the middle, that of Saint Basil, and the upper one that of Saint Emilie:—the whole, still retaining the original general name of the Madawaska settlement.

The inhabitants confine their attention solely to Agricultural pursuits. The face of the country, along the river, is level as far as it is cleared, and is well adapted to the culture of wheat, of which the French raise great quantities.—It is also very suitable for the raising of oats, peas, barley, &c. and also for grazing; which accounts for its being so well stocked with cattle as it is.

The French settlers have displayed no great taste in their buildings; being generally content with the bare necessaries of life.—Their dwellings are chiefly log-huts; some of which are however, pretty large, comprising two or more buildings joined together.—For some years back, some of them have been imitating the English, in the construction of frame houses, which tend much to improve the general appearance of the Country.

The French inhabitants, here, are a peaceable, contented people, and are generally in possession of the substantial comforts of life. Being all of the Catholic religion, they have three chapels for the performance of divine service in the settlement.—The building of two new ones has lately been commenced. The first and principal chapel is situated in the upper part of the middle district, and is a good plain building, with a bell, &c.—Here divine service is duly performed, according to the rites of the Romish Church, and with considerable pomp by the Missionary who resides near the Chapel; and who, besides his spiritual duties, has the chief management of such of their temporal concerns as are of a public nature.

The main settlement of the French in this place, commences a few miles above the Great Falls, and extends to the Madawaska river, which falls into the river Saint John about forty miles above that place. In this space they are closely settled on each side of the Saint John. The Madawaska river runs to the northward, and receives the Tamisquata Lake, on which there are a few settlers.—From the mouth of the Madawaska river, for about six miles up, (following the Saint John,) the country is rough and but thinly settled From thence to the Mariumpticook creek, about six miles farther up, there are considerable tracts of intervale land, and some fine islands, and the inhabitants also are more nummerous than they are below: the French population extending as far up as that stream, where the American settlers commence. The whole population of Madawaska which, as was before observed, is chiefly French, from the best information, may be estimated in round numbers at about twenty five hundred souls.

[*To be continued.*]

Important to Farmers.

THE SUBSCRIBER having arrived from SCOTLAND, where he has regularly learnt, and for the last nine years followed the Business of a MILL WRIGHT; begs respectfully to tender his services to the Public in the line of his Profession. He will engage to erect OAT MEAL MILLS, GRIST MILLS, THRASHING & FANNING MACHINES, and LINT MILLS, or any similar Machinery, on the latest and most improved principles. It is his intention to remove from this Province on or before the first day of April next, should no encouragement be offered him. Persons therefore needing his services are requested to make an early application to the House of MR. R. WALLACE, (Painter,) Germain Street, or at the office of this Paper. JOHN BELL

Febuary 7.

NEW STORE

To be opened on TUESDAY NEXT.

JUST IMPORTED,

By the Manufacturer, and for sale

EXTRAORDINARY CHEAP.

THE Subscriber would inform the Inhabitants of ST. JOHN, that he has taken that SHOP in the Market-Square, lately occupied by Miss WINGFIELD, and next adjoining Mr. W. EMSLIE'S Shoe Store; where he offers for Sale, an extensive assortment of LOOKING GLASSES, SUSPENDERS, and a variety of other articies—the whole of which he will Sell at the lowest possible rates for CASH ONLY.

CHARLES HOWSON.

N. B.—A handsome allowance will be made to Retailers. *February 7, 1829.*

The Courier.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1829.

Bank of New-Brunswick.

Director next week, - - - - - *N. Merritt*, Esq.

DISCOUNT DAY,.....THURSDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 3.

☞ *Bills for Discount, must be lodged with the Cashier before 3 o'clock on TUESDAY.*

Savings' Bank.

Managers for the ensuing week—

JAMES CUDLIP,
GEORGE D. ROBINSON.

Bank Hours—Every TUESDAY, from 10 to 12.

Marine Insurance Office.

Committee of Directors for the ensuing week:

ZALMON WHEELR,
GEORGE D. ROBINSON,
JOHN R. PARTELOW,

Office Hours.—From Twelve to Three.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER IN THE SHADE, *From Jan. 31 to Feb. 6.*

Days of Observation.	Hours of Observat. 8 a.m.	Noon	6 p.m.
31 Saturday,	2*	14	17
1 Sunday,	10	25	17
2 Monday	22	31	30
3 Tuesday,	19	24	27
4 Wednesday	12	24	18*
5 Thursday,	4*	12	19
6 Friday,	12	24	25

*Below 0.

THE Weather during last week, has continued to be, with little variation cold, but pleasant.—A few more showers of snow have fallen, but we do not learn that the travelling has been impeded by it.

Another dearth of *Foreign Intelligence* has occurred;—we have it not in our power, to-day, either to amuse, or inform, our readers, with regard to any thing positively *new* on that head. Not a single item relative to European affairs has been added to our last week's stock of information.

It is reported that the present Session of the Legislature will be closed, either to day, or on Monday next:—We may therefore expect to be furnished with *viva voce* accounts of the proceedings of the House, subsequent to the date of the last Journal—that of the 30th ult.—by the arrival of our City and County members, on Tuesday or Wednesday next.

We understand also, that His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor will leave Fredericton, immediately after the prorogation of the Assembly, and may be expected to arrive here, in the early part of next week.—He will it is said, proceed from this place to Halifax, in order to take passage for England.—A number of public Bodies, belonging to the City and County, intend, we believe, to request permission, of His Excellency, to present him with addresses suitable to the occasion.

King's College.—This new establishment has been the means of creating much speculation, in the Province.—On this subject, we have lately received several communications, and we had, after making enquiry as to the weight and validity of the *pros and cons* prepared for this day's number, an article respecting them:—in consequence however, of having to give lengty extracts from the proceedings of the House of Assembly, the statements regarding the College discussion must, therefore, be deferred till next week.

The Journals are down to the 2d instant, but the latest came to hand too late to afford us an opportunity of making use of their contents at present,—they will however be attended to.

HERALD OFFICE, Saint Andrews, 2d February, 1829.

Shipping Intelligence per John Jay, Holdredge, at New-York, from Liverpool, sailed 16th December.

Arrived at Liverpool 14th Dec. Comet, from St. John.

Ilfracombe, Dec. 9.—The Navarino, Thompson, from St. John, N. B. to London, has put in here with four and a half feet water in her hold, loss of deck load, &c.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Russians had retreated from Silistria. The cause of the Turks was looking up.

The King would hold a Council on the 14th December, when a Proclamation for the convening of Parliament would receive the Royal Signature.

Wheat had advanced a triffle, and Cotton had declined a triffle.

Coroner's Inquest.—On Thursday the 8th ult. at the house of Mr. William Greenslade, in the Parish of Springfield, King's County, a Coroner's Inquest was held on the body of GEORGE SAUNDERS, a native of England, who was found hanging to a limb of a tree, (where he had been cutting wood,) by his neck-handkererchief.—Verdict,—*Came to his death by hanging himself by the neck, in a fit of insanity.*

MARRIED.

On Monday evening, by the Rev. Dr. BURNS, Mr. LAWRENCE HALCROW, to SARAH, eldest daughter of the late Mr. *Thomas Cooke*, of this City.

In Queen's County, on Thursday last, by the Reverend Abraham Wood, Mr GEORGE WASSON, to Miss MARY ANN M'LEAN, all of that place.

DIED,

Yesterday morning, JOSHUA, youngest Son of Mr. *Richard Lawrence.*—Funeral to-morrow at half-past 4, in the afternoon, when the friends of the family are invited to attend.

At Amherst, on Sunday the 11th ult. at the house of his brother, Mr. Richard Black, JOHN BLACK, Esq. of River Philip, aged 69 years, after a few days illness. Mr. Black was among the earliest settlers of that part of the Province, and long a Magistrate of the County of Cumberland.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN—ARRIVED.

Monday, Schr. Huston, Bowman, Baltimore, 6—G. Chadwick, ballast.

CLEARED.

Ship William Pitt, M'Dormand, Liverpool, timber.
Schr. Huston, Bowman, Eastport, gypsum.
Cyrus, Sears, Philadelphia, do.
William Henry, Hatch, do. do.
Sloop Welcome, Baird, Galway, deals.

WESLEYAN MISSIONS.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Anniversary of the WESLEYAN MISSIONARY BRANCH SOCIETY, in this City, will be held in the WESLEYAN CHAPEL, Germain-Street, on MONDAY Evening next the 9th instant;—the Chair to be taken at 7 o'clock. In connection with this ANNIVERSARY, two SERMONS will be preached, and collections made TO-MORROW, Sunday.

February 7. R. WILLIAMS.

Rum, Sugar, and Molasses.

The Subscribers have received per Brig ELIZA, from Jamaica:—

11 PUNCHEONS RUM,
10 Hogsheads SUGAR,
100 SALTED HIDES.

Also, in Store—

120 Hogsheads Molasses, 40 Puncheons Demerara RUM, and 80 chests first quality congo TEA.—All of which they offer low for cash.

E. BARLOW & SONS.

7th February, 1829.

TO LET,

THAT New and Commodious COTTAGE belonging to the Estate of the late JOHN ALLAN, situate beyond *Jeffrey's Garden.* For further particulars enquire of

THOS. BARLOW,
ROBERT M'BEATH,
MARIA ALLEN, } *Adrs.*

7th February, 1829.

AUCTION SALES.

On TUESDAY, 10th February, will be Sold by Auction, without reserve—to close a Consignment:—

300 PIECES Assorted LACE;
20 ditto Bobbinnett;
2 Dozen Lace Caps and Collars;
50 Black and White Lace Veils;
6 Dozen fine Lambs-Wool Shirts;
6 " " " Drawers;
50 " Worsted, Cotton, and Silk Hosiery;
2 Pieces Real Welsh Flannel;
10 " Fine Lancashire do.;
12 Dozen plated on steel Dessert Spoons;
3 Sets Ivory-handled Table Knives and Forks, with desserts and carvers to match.

At the same time will be offered:

600 Pieces Grey and Bleached Cottons;
50 Ditto Printed Cottons;
London White Lead; Raw and Boiled Oil;
Casks London Brown Stout;
One Pipe Cognac Brandy, 1 do. Geneva;
Ten Barrels Sugar; Chests Congo Tea.

January 31. W. H. STREET.

ON MONDAY, the 16th day of February next, will be put up for Sale at Public Auction, by Mr. CALEB WETMORE, at the House of Mr. John Hays, in Norton, King's County:—

SEVERAL Valuable FARM LOTS, in Tracts of Land, of 200 Acres each, or thereabouts, composing the greater part of Knox's Grant—so called, situate in the Parish of Norton, in King's County, agreeably to the Surveyor's Plan of the same.

☞ The above forms part of the Real Estate of the late W. F. Knox, Esq. deceased, and will be Sold by virtue of an Order of the Governor and Council, obtained for that purpose.

The conditions of Sale—terms of payment, and urther particulars may be made known on application at Mr. Swymmer's Office, St. John.

December 26, 1828.

TO LET,

From the 1st of May next:

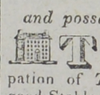
THE Dwelling HOUSE and premises belonging to the Subscriber, situate in King's Ward in this City, and fronting on Brussels-street, now in the occupation of Benjamin L. Peters, Esq.

H. N. H. LUGRIN.

7th February, 1829.

TO LET,

and possession given the first of May next.



THAT pleasantly situated House in Brussels-street, now in the occupation of *Thomas Hanford, Esq.*—Also:—A good Stable, Garden, &c. with every convenience to make a family comfortable.—For further particulars enquire of

SAMUEL H. M'KEE.

7th February, 1829.

TO BE LET,

And possession given the first of May next:

THAT Commodious Dry Good STORE, on the North side of the Market-square, at present in possession of Messrs. *Lowe & Groocock*.—Also:—The flat over the same.—Likewise:—The two flats over the store occupied by Mr. *Delap*; they will be Let separate or together.—For further particulars enquire of

JOHN MELICK,

7th February, 1829. on the premises.

TO LET,

From the first of May next:—

A STORE in that BRICK HOUSE in Saint John street, westward of the Bank of New-Brunswick.—*Also*, a HOUSE in Church street, with a good Well of Water in the same.—*Also.*—The flat of a House in Church-street, at present occupied by Mr. DOBIE.—*Also*,—A STORE and Lumber Yard, on the Subscriber's wharf. For further particulars enquire of

NOAH DISBROW.

7th February, 1829.

TO LET,

and possession given the first of May next:

THE whole, or part, of that large and commodious HOUSE, in Germain-street, opposite Trinity Church.—*Also*—The STORE on the North Market Wharf, at present occupied by Mr. *George A. Lockhart.* Enquire of

GEORGE A. NAGEL.

7th February, 1829.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

And possession given the first of May next.

THAT valuable HOUSE, the property of the Subscriber, situate in Smith-street, opposite the head of Judge Chipman's wharf, adjoining the new slip, at York Point.—The House contains four rooms with fire places, a good Kitchen, and a frost proof Cellar. It is an eligible stand for a Grocer's or Mechanic's Shop.—For Terms and further particulars, apply to the Subscriber.

JAMES BALLANTINE.

February 7th, 1829.

NOTICE.

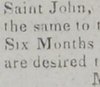
ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late JOHN BRUNDAGE, Esq. of the Parish of Lancaster, in the County of Saint John, deceased, will be pleased to present the same to the Subscribers, properly attested, in Six Months from this date, and all those indebted are desired to make immediate payment to

MOSES BRUNDAGE,
DANIEL BRUNDAGE,
WILLIAM OLIVE, } *Ex'rs.*

7th February, 1829.

TO BE LET,

And possession given the first of May next:



THE HOUSE and Premises now in the occupation of Mr. *Samuel Stephen*, in Germain-street. Persons wishing to rent them, for next year, can receive information, as to their accommodations, and the amount of rent, by application to the Subscriber at this Office.

ALEXANDER ROBERTSON.

7th February, 1829.

TO LET,

From the first day of May next:—

THE GROCERY SHOP, and Rooms attached, on the lower floor of the Subscriber's House in Duke-street, at present occupied by Mr. Peter Peddie. Apply to

JAMES GIBB,

7th February, 1829 on the premises.

TO LET,

And possession given the first May next.

SEVERAL ROOMS in that pleasantly situated House in Dorchester-street, nearly opposite JAMES WHITE'S, Esquire. For further particulars apply to R. BUNTING, on the premises, or to

JESSE WETMORE.

7th February, 1829.

For Sale or to Let,

And possession to be given on the 1st May next:

THE pleasantly situated Dwelling HOUSE, in Prince William-street, at present in the occupation of Z. WHEELER, Esq.—apply to

JOHN V. THURGAR.

February 7th, 1829.

TO LET,

THAT NEAT SHOP, at present occupied by W. J. STEVENS, & Co. in St. John-street, well adapted for the Grocery Business.

Also, the STORE and SHOP, at present occupied by Mr. THOMAS BEAMISH, on the Wharf of C. J. PETERS, Esq.

7th February. SAMUEL STEPHEN.

TO LET,

And possession given immediately:

THE Two UPPER FLATS of the BRICK HOUSE, opposite the BANK, with Outhouses, GARDEN, &c. —ALSO—

That pleasantly situated COTTAGE, in Waterloo-Street, next the residence of H. N. H. Lugrin, Esq. ☞ For particulars, &c. enquire of

Feb. 7. *W. O. SMITH.*

TO BE LET,

and possession given on the 1st of May:

THOSE ROOMS at present in the occupation of Mr. JOHN SMYTH, in the brick building belonging to the Subscriber, in Prince-William-street:—to whom for further particulars application may be made.

7th February. THOS. NISBET

For Sale, or to be Let,

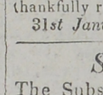
THAT commodious well finished two Story Dwelling HOUSE, with frost proof cellar, convenient Out-houses, &c. in Charlotte-street, now occupied by the Reverend I. W. D. GRAY. Apply to

BETSY BREMNER.

Also to Let.—Two Houses in Horsfield-street. Apply as above. 7th February, 1829.

TO LET

For one, or more Years from the 1st May next.



THE Subscriber's House, in St. John-street, containing besides the Shop, &c. spacious dwelling accommodations, and a complete frost proof cellar under the whole. For terms apply to GEO. MATTHEW.

January 31. 1829

TO LET,

From 1st May next:

STORE No. 18, South Market Wharf, now occupied by Barnabas Tilton,—apply to

31st January I. L. BEDELL.

TO LET,

THAT HOUSE, fronting on Queen's-Square, lately occupied by DR. SHORT.—For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

January 31. L. DONALDSON.

N. B.—Possession may be had at once if wished

TO LET,

THAT HOUSE corner of Germain and Duke Street, at present occupied by Capt. ALLAN OTTY, R. N. CHAS. WARD.

January 31.

TO LET,

From the first of May next.—

THE Premises in *Saint John-street*, at present occupied by Captain MOSSOP.—There are six ROOMS, with fire-places, several Bed Rooms, and part of a Cellar,—the whole well calculated for a Boarding House.—Apply to

THOMAS SANDALL.

31st January, 1829.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Keeps constantly on hand, for Sale—

A LARGE assortment of Free Stone, adapted to the various purposes for which that article is used in Building.—*Also*,—Hearths, Chimney Pieces, plain and ornamented Mantle-Pieces, and a variety of Head and Tomb Stones, which will be neatly lettered to order.—*Likewise*,—Well Seasoned LUMBER, in large or small quantities and Sawed LATHS, in lots to suit purchasers.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM.

N. B. He expects per first arrivals from the United States an assortment of Marble Head, and Tomb Stones ——☞ All orders from the country thankfully received and punctually attended to.

31*st January*, 1829.

SELLING OFF.

The Subscriber intending to retire from Business, has commenced selling off his STOCK IN TRADE, at unusual low prices, for Cash, or Approved Endorsed Notes, for sums over £10:

The Stock is entirely new and consists of the following Articles, viz:—

LINEN Damask, and diaper Table Cloths, and Towels, from 4-4 to 12-4 wide; open and flounced Robes; Lace and Book Muslin Collars; ¾ and 4-4 Irish Linen; a few sets Linen Shirts, strong and neatly made; a great variety of Fancy and Furniture Chintz Calicos, of the most fashionable patterns; grey and white Sheeting and Shirting Calicos; Dowlas; Ginghams; Crossovers; Checks; Bonnet, waste, cap, and binding Ribbons; Shammy and Kid Gloves; Fancy Handkerchiefs; silk, cotton, worsted and Cloth Shawls; Jaconet, Leno and Book Muslins; Doilies; printed jean Trowsers and Vests; white Drill for ditto; homespun and cloth Trowsers; cotton Socks and Stockings; worsted do.; cotton Balls and spools, Thread, Tape; Needles; Thimbles; Umbrellas; shoe Thread; a few fine white goose Feather Beds; Blankets; red and white Flannels; School Books; Ink and Quills; Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, made remarkably strong, of the best leather; Warren's Paste Blacking; Starch; Soap; a variety of Hardware; Children's Toys; a small assortment of JEWELLERY, consisting of a beautiful Cornelian Necklace, &c. &c.: fine gold Breast Pins and Broaches; finger and Ear Rings; Seals; Keys and Chains; fruit Knives; salt Spoons; Pencil Cases; two Gold Hunting Watches; one Silver ditto; one ditto Patent Lever, with maintaining power, and eight Jewels—*warranted*; pinch back ditto; a ladies Work Box, beautifully stained in imitation of shell; three elegant Scotch Mulls mounted with real Stones set in silver tops; a pair of very superior double barrelled Pistols 10 inches, double twist barrels and chain Locks, made by Weston; 20 dozen floor MATS—very cheap and durable; a very neat Desk and Show Case for ribbons, &c.; Twine; Glassware, with many other articles, all purchased for Cash within eight months, in the best markets at home.

WILLIAM W. CHURCH.

January 24th, 1829. *Dock street.*

FOR SALE,

Eligible Situation for carrying on the Fishery or Lumber Business.

To be sold by Auction in Monsieur Doucette's House, Bay Nipisighit, New-Brunswick, on 3d March, at 12 o'clock noon:

THE Dwelling House, Stores, Timber Booms, &c. &c. formerly occupied by the late firm of John Miller, & Co. situated at the entrance of the Harbor—the buildings are in good repair and can be shewn by Mr. James Hill Liddell, Bathurst town. Terms of Payment will be made known on day of sale. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber.

To be positively sold by Auction, on the same day, if not disposed of privately.

Two Lots of Land, known by the name of Gordan's Lots at Babaneau, on which there are yearly cut between 30 and 40 Tons of Hay.

JOHN JAMIESON.

Attorney for Mr. Liddell.

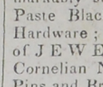
Picton, 31st December, 1828.

PASSENGERS FROM IRELAND.

The superior fast sailing copper fastened ship

ANN,

J. W. SMITH, Master;



WILL leave LONDONDERRY about the 10th May, for this Port. Passengers will be engaged for the said ship until the 15th of March. Apply to JEDEDIAH SLASON, Esquire Fredericton; or to WILLIAM P. SCOTT, Market-square, St. John.

St. John, N. B. 24th January, 1829.

Tutor Wanted.

A GENTLEMAN residing in the vicinity of this City, wishes to engage a TUTOR for his Children. Persons desirous of such a situation may apply at the Courier Office. Jan. 31.