in Execution, Effects of insolvent Debtors, Goods damaged at Sea, and sold on account of the Owners or Insurers, within twenty-one days after the same shall be landed, shall in no wise be subject to, but are hereby altogether exempted and declared free from the Duty before mentioned.

IV. And in order more effectually to secure the Duty hereby imposed as aforesaid: *Be it further enacted*, That no Vendue Master or Vendue Masters, Auctioneer or Auctioneers, already appointed or hereafter to be appointed, shall presume to sell or dispose of any Goods, Chattels, Wares, or Merchandise, or Effects by public Vendue, Auction, or Outcry, until he or they shall have first given Bond to our Sovereign Lord the King, His Heirs and Successors, with two good and sufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, as the case may be, conditioned for the payment of the duties hereinbefore mentioned, to the Treasurer of the Province for the time being, or his Deputy; and for his or their good behavior, and due observance of this Act; such Bond, if within the City of Saint John, to be taken in the penal sum of Five Hundred Pounds; and if within any other part of the Province, to be taken in the penal sum of Two Hundred Pounds.

V. *Provided always, and be it further enacted*, That if at any time hereafter, it shall happen that any person or persons, so becoming surety for any Vendue Master or Auctioneer, should die, remove from the Province, or become insolvent, or in the opinion of the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, as the case may be, insufficient; it shall and may be lawful for such Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, to require such Vendue Master or Auctioneer, to enter into a new Bond, with other good and sufficient sureties, conditioned aforesaid; and if such Vendue Master or Auctioneer shall refuse or neglect to give such Security, within one Month after being required so to do, he shall be deemed and taken to have forfeited his appointment or Licence.

VI. *And be it further enacted*, That every Auctioneer or Vendue Master shall, at or within ten days after the expiration of every three months, to be computed from the time at which this Act goes into operation, render a just, exact, and true account in writing, upon Oath, to the Treasurer of the Province for the time being, or to the Deputy Treasurer of the District within which the sales shall take place, of all and singular the Goods, Chattles, Wares, and Merchandize, with the amount thereof, which he or they may have sold within the period for which such Account is rendered, and which are made subject and liable to duty by this Act, and shall forthwith pay to the said Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, as the case may be, the full amount of Duties on such sales; the oath required by this section to be according to the form set forth in the schedule in this Act, or to that effect: And if any Vendue Master or Auctioneer shall neglect or refuse to deliver such account on oath, and pay the duties as herein directed, he shall for each and every offence, forfeit and pay the sum of Fifty Pounds.

VII. *And be it further enacted*, That any person or persons presuming to sell or dispose of any Lands, Tenements, Ships, Vessels, Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, by public Vendue, Auction, or Outcry, without being thereunto duly Licenced and appointed, and without having given Bond as directed by this Act, shall for every offence forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred pounds: *Provided always*, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to affect sales made under the process, order, or escree of any Court of Justice, or by any public officer or officers, or by any Executor or Administrator of the Lands or effects of the Testator or Intestate, or of any property, real or personal, belonging to the Crown.

VIII. *And be it further enacted*, That the penalties imposed by the sixth and seventh sections of this Act, shall and may be recovered by information to be made and filed by His Majesty's Attorney-General, in the Supreme Court of Judicature; and the said Penalties, after deducting the costs and charges of prosecution, shall be paid into the Treasury of the Province for the use of the same.

IX. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the Province, and the Deputy Treasurers within their respective Districts, to require the returns and accounts to be regularly made as directed by this Act; and to cause proceedings to be instituted against such Vendue Masters or Auctioneers as neglect or refuse to render the same; and it shall and may be lawful for such Treasurer and Deputy Treasurer respectively, to examine, upon oath, any Vendue Master or Auctioneer, as to any sales made by him, or touching the sale of any Goods by Auction, or which may be considered by the said Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, subject to Duty under this Act.

X. *And be it further enacted*, That every Vendue Master or Auctioneer, who may be Licenced or appointed in any of the Counties of this Province, (the City of Saint John excepted) shall pay to the Treasurer of the County, within ten days after the beginning of every Year, such yearly sum as the Justices of the Peace of the County, at any General Sessions of the Peace, may direct and appoint, not exceeding ten pounds per annum, the same to be applied in like manner as other County rates; and every Vendue Master or Auctioneer, neglecting or refusing to pay the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty pounds, to be sued for and recovered by the County Treasurer for the time being, in his own name by Action or Debt, in any Court of competent Jurisdiction, together with costs of suit; and the same, when recovered, to be applied as above mentioned, in which action, any inhabitant of the County shall be considered a competent Witness.

XI. *And whereas*, by the Charter of the City of Saint John, the Mayor of the City for the time being, is authorized and empowered to Licence and appoint Vendue Masters and Auctioneers within the said City: *Be it further enacted*, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend or be construed to interfere with the right so granted as aforesaid: *Provided always*, that no Vendue Master or Auctioneer, so licenced or appointed, shall presume to sell without having given Bond as herein before described: And provided also, that every Vendue Master or Auctioneer, so Licenced or appointed, within the said City, shall pay to the Chamberlain of the said City, for the use of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, of the said City, such yearly sum as they may direct and appoint, not exceeding thirty pounds in any one year.

XII. *And be it further enacted*, That the said Province Treasurer and the Deputy Treasurers, shall keep exact and distinct accounts of the Monies arising from time to time by virtue of this Act, which may be by them respectively received.

XIII. *And be it further enacted*, That no Auctioneer or Vendue Master shall knowingly sell or dispose of any contraband or smuggled Goods, under the penalty of one hundred pounds, to be recovered and applied in the manner and to the uses directed in and by the eight Section of this Act.

XIV. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person or persons shall be guilty of false swearing in any affidavit, or upon any examination taken under and by virtue of this Act, such person or persons, so offending, shall, on due conviction thereof, be liable to suffer the pains and penalties by Law imposed for wilful and corrupt perjury.

XV. *And be it further enacted*, That this Act shall commence and go into operation on the first day of May next.

Schedule containing the form of Affidavit.

I, A B. [or we A. B. and C. D.] do solemnly Swear, in presence of Almighty God, that the Account now exhibited by me, [or us,] and to which I, [or we,] have subscribed my name, [or our names,] contain a just and true Account of all the Goods, Wares, Merchandise, and Effects, sold by me, [or us,] or any person or persons under me, [or us,] within the time in the said Account mentioned, which are liable to the Duty imposed by an Act of the General Assembly, intituled, "An Act for the better regulation of Sales by Auction," and that to the best of my [or our,] knowledge and belief, none of the Goods mentioned in the said account, or sold by me, [or us,] within the period aforesaid, were Contraband or Smuggled. So help me God.

Sworn at the day of
before Treasurer, [or Deputy Treasurer.]

AN ACT to extend the provisions of the several Acts regulating the exportation of Fish, to all Pickled Fish intended for exportation.

Passed 10th February, 1829.

WHEREAS it is deemed expedient to extend the provisions of the several acts now in force, for regulating the exportation of fish, to all Pickled Fish.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council, and Assembly, That the several provisions of an Act passed in the ninth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act in amendment of the Acts regulating the exportation of Fish;" and an Act passed in the fifty-ninth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, "An Act to regulate the exportation of Fish, and to repeal the Laws now in force relating thereto," be, and the same are hereby extended to Alewives, Gaspereaux, Mackerel, and other Pickled Fish, as fully as if the same had been particularly specified in such Acts.

COMMUNICATION.

(FOR THE COURIER.)

MR. EDITOR,—There are none so blind as those who will not see, says the old proverb, which your correspondent X. Y. in his "liberal and enlightened" communication of Saturday last has fully demonstrated.—I am not going into a long argument with him, respecting "advantages which will be derived from such an institution, founded on liberal and enlightened principles." He has been careful enough not to say, that the "New University established in this Province" is established upon *such* principles; no,—that would not answer; for no doubt, the obscurity of such an assertion, at the time he was recording his "pain" and "sorrow," stared him in the face.

I would beg to ask X. Y. a few questions, which he may answer, if he can, so as to justify the use of the terms "enlightened and liberal."

1st, When, and why, is a "Dissenter" to look for a preference, or even an equal chance, for an office that can be given only by a "Member of the Established Church," and an office too, in which he is materially interested?

2d, When are we to expect that the Chancellor will be other than a "Member of the Established Church?"

3d, What mighty change has taken place that can leave us to believe that Youth of the "Established Church," will be put under the tuition of a Professor, in "King's College," who is not a Member of the "Established Church?"—and

4th, Why should the sons of those, not of the "Established Church," not enjoy equal privileges with those of that Church, in an institution supported from the PUBLIC CHEST, and that upon the principle of *equality*?

Nay, Mr. Editor, all the "pain" experienced from X. Y's noticing your "Remarks" on the "New University," and his "sorrow" for the consequence of existing doubts, are not sufficient to blind the eyes of the public.—No! they are fully aware of the mistake (not deception) in the laying out of, some, fifteen thousand pounds; and in addition to which the sum of more than £2000 yearly is to be taken from the industry of the inhabitants of this *infant* Province,—and for what? Why, for the purpose of giving a few gentlemen an opportunity of having their sons educated in a COLLEGE, and to make "DIVINES" for one denomination, to the *exclusion* of all others. It is in vain Sir, to endeavour to make the Charter speak language unknown to itself.—Others, not members of the "Established Church" may better themselves if they can, and may comfort themselves with the fact, that *the cash is gone*, and they may look out for some other Seminaries for their sons, where those advantages that should be common for all can be obtained without having to submit to the adoption of any other religious creed than the one they actually believe in.

With much respect, your's,

A PATRIOT.

The Courier.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1829.

Bank of New-Brunswick.

Director next week, - - - - W. SCOVIL, Esq.

DISCOUNT DAY,.....THURSDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 3.

☞ *Bills for Discount, must be lodged with the Cashier before 3 o'clock on TUESDAY.*

Savings' Bank.

Managers for the ensuing week—

THOMAS MILLIDGE,
ALEXANDER WEDDERBURN,

Bank Hours—Every TUESDAY, from 10 to 12.

Marine Insurance Office.

Committee of Directors for the ensuing week:

STEPHEN WIGGINS,
THOMAS T. HANFORD.
DAVID HATFIELD.

Office Hours.—From Twelve to Three.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER IN THE SHADE.
From Feb. 21 to 27.

Days of Observation.	Hours of Observat. 8 a.m.	Noon.	4 p.m.	REMARKS.
21 Saturday,	20	25	24	In the early part of this week we had a considerable fall of snow again, which has rendered the traveling in some parts of the Country difficult. The weather however has been steady and Comfortable.
22 Sunday,	25	29	20	
23 Monday	15	29	27	
24 Tuesday,	20	32	31	
25 Wednesday	24	36	34	
26 Thursday,	24	23	22	
27 Friday,	25	31	32	

It is not in our power to supply our readers, this week, with any European intelligence of dates later than those given in our last number.

On a repersual of the latest papers, it appears to us, that an early termination of the War, between Russia and Turkey, cannot be reasonably expected to take place. The only hope, after the closing of the late campaign, that a reconciliation would be effected, was placed, in the power and effect of the Mediation of a Neutral party, or parties:—This, it seems has been refused by each of the Belligerents.—On the one hand, the Czar, having pledged himself to his own nation, and, in fact to the world, that he would not give up the contest, until the concessions which he had required of the Porte should be granted,—together with the partial advantages which he has gained; operate to inspire him with a determination to commence a fresh struggle:—on the other, the small losses which the Sultan has suffered, and the confidence which he seems to have in his own resources, stimulate him to use exertions for making another resistance.

Under these circumstances, therefore, it is as impossible, at this moment, to form any just conjecture with respect to the termination of the WAR IN THE EAST, as it was at its commencement. All hopes are now lost, with regard to a reconciliation between the parties by negociation, either between themselves directly, or by the mediation of a neutral Power; for the time of the cessation of actual hostilities, which has, on account of the season of the year taken place, instead of being employed in settling differences by an amicable arrangement, is now occupied in making preparations for continuing the war on an extended scale in the spring of the present year.

The situation in which England is placed, with regard to the conflict between Russia and Turkey, is certainly one of an unpleasant nature.—By the Treaty of the 6th July she is pledged to remain neutral; while at the same time, the holding of her dominion of some of her foreign possessions, would, to say the least, be less doubtful than at present, should Nicholas succeed in gaining possession of the Mahomedan Empire.—That this was his original intention, was suspected by many Politicians, both in England and elsewhere, notwithstanding *his* declaration to the contrary.

Great-Britain, however, it will be recollected, remains pledged to neutrality so far only as regards the Russians obtaining repossession of Moldavia and Wallachia; so soon therefore as she can discover any intention on the part of Russia to push her conquests beyond these bounds, she can, without violation of her national faith, interfere for the protection of Turkey;—and there can be no doubt, but that, on account of her own interest, she will do so.—In the meantime, her vigilance will be awake in obtaining information respecting the intentions of the Russian Cabinet.

Last week we gave extracts from the Journals of the House of Assembly, at the date of the prorogation of the Legislature,—the 10th instant; without having it in our power to give extracts from those of the 9th.—We have inserted them to-day. They refer to subjects of vital importance to the Province, namely, the expenditure of its Revenue.

Our readers are already aware, that there has been for several years past, voted by the Legisture, a sum of money to be paid out of the Province chest to operate as bounties on our fisheries, and on grain raised on new lands.—From the statements laid before the House it must be quite evident that the application of money for the latter purpose, has not been attended with that salutary effect which was anticipated:—Indeed we are fearful that it has had an *opposite* tendency, generally speaking;—and that, from the very great disproportion in the amount paid to the different Counties, there must have been something incorrect in the distribution of the money.—In fact, we are convinced, that had the settlers in the Province been left alone to be under the necessity of cultivating the soil for the purpose of supplying their own wants,—more land would have this day been cleared.—*Twenty thousand pounds* would have been saved to the Revenue for other necessary purposes; and, that in consequence of our becoming independent of foreigners for a supply of the *staff of life*, we would not, at this day, have been suffering from an unprecedented want of a circulating medium.—The law to provide for the means of granting a bounty for grain raised on new lands, was no doubt passed from the best motives—the settlement of the country, and the affording of relief to poor emigrants.—It is now obvious however that it has not been attended with the wished for result.—Necessity is said to be the mother of *invention*,—it might also be not inapplicably styled also the parent of *exertion*.

With regard to the bounties on our fisheries, although the sum actually paid, in the course of ten years, by the Province for the encouragement of that branch of our trade be very considerable, say £15,847 8 4, still the good effects which have arisen from such a measure, must be evident to every one. Besides;—the exportation of our fish is one of the principal means by which *Cash* is brought into the Country, and by which the importation of those articles, which serve to increase the Provincial Revenue is procured.

We feel anxious to see both our *agricu tural* and *fishing* interests flourish.—The former, however, would we think be best promoted by being left to the exertions of those particularly interested in it;—as regards the latter, so long as our sister Colonies give encouragement to them, we must do so also, or else lose that trade altogether.

We learn, with much pleasure, by accounts from Fredericton, that a Meeting of such of its inhabitants as are attached from principle to the creed of the Established Church of Scotland, took place a few days ago, for the purpose of entering into arrangements for the establishment of a Church of that persuasion.—Mr. Smith filled the Chair.

A Committee was appointed to carry the Resolutions of the Meeting into effect.—Mr. Thomas R. Robertson, was chosen Treasurer, and Mr. James Taylor, Jun. Secretary.

On Tuesday a Coroner's Inquest was held at the Parish of Portland, on view of the body of *Jane Campbell*:—Verdict, from some cause unknown to the Jurors, she fell on her face into the fire, and was burned and suffocated to death.

On the evening of the 23d, a Coroner's Inquest was held on view of the body of James Hailes, a mariner, belonging to the Brig William.—Verdict, Died by visitation of God.—*City Gazette.*

GENERAL JACKSON, President elect, of the United States, arrived in Washington on the 10th instant.

MORE TROUBLE IN CANADA.—Says a York, U. C. date of Jan. 26th—"An animated discussion took place on Thursday last, upon an address to His Excellency to remit the sentence passed upon the editor of the Canadian Freeman (imprisonment for an alledged libel.) The address was ably supported by Messrs. Rolph, Dalton, James Wilson, Matthews, Perry, Blacklock, Fothergill, Kilburn, Peterson, Ketchum, Woodruff, Baldwin, Wilkinson, Radenhurst, and Lefferty; and opposed by Messrs. M'Clean, Samson, and Bethune. The address was carried by a majority of 34.

His Excellency, having informed the House that he would not comply with its request, a resolution was proposed and unanimously carried, to suspend all proceedings until the answer was taken into consideration.

(From the New-York Albion.)

The disgraceful scene which has recently taken place in Upper Canada, as detailed in the last number of the *Gore Gazette*, is one fraught with interest of the deepest import, and calls loudly on every loyal person in the Province to look around him and anxiously examine the ground he is standing upon. We have always insisted that Upper Canada, notwithstanding her difficulties with the local Government, was loyal; but it is now vain any longer to deny that a spirit of treason and incipient revolution is now abroad in that country, and it is therefore better to know and to be prepared for the important truth at once. We contend that the proof of the existence of such a spirit is to be found in the words of the *label*, independently of the infamous insult put upon the King's representative and other concomitant circumstances. Will any one venture to deny that the hand which penned the label and the miscreants who perpetrated outrage were not disloyal? And will any one pretend to say that it was the work of some two or three individuals only, unsupported by others alike wicked and traitorous in other parts of the Province? We think not. This spirit has long been a canker worm secretly preying upon the vitals of the country—it has at last fortunately reached the surface and exposed itself in all its hideous and glaring deformity. We say fortunately, because it is better that the nature and extent of the evil be known than it should remain unseen, burrowing under and sapping the foundation of every virtuous principle. Danger to be successfully resisted must be known to its fullest extent.

We depart not, however, from our previously expressed opinions, that the bulk of the people of Upper Canada are sound and loyal, and affectionately attached to the parent state; indeed, we know that the most refined loyalty does exist there at the present moment, the purest gold is generally found in strata of the meanest value, a few grains of which will redeem an ocean of worthless matter; but we say it behoves all those who are loyal, and who do set a value on the blessings and privileges which they morally and politically enjoy, to stand forth in defence of the great principles that have led the country to its present eminence. We know that none will be more forward to do this than many of those who have heretofore been opposed to the local administration, for their opposition has in many cases been, as they supposed, constitutional, and a person who is constitutional in one case must be so in another—and we argue therefore, that this foul and disgraceful transaction will have the effect of developing the true feelings of the people, and of showing the traitors that their schemes are as futile as they are wicked and detestable.

It is most gratifying to observe the spirit with which this affair has been already met. The plan of offering reward, by subscription, for the discovery of the offenders is an excellent one. The individual subscriptions, however, should be small, and the names published, so as to allow every one an opportunity of making known his detestation of the transaction by the public contribution of his mite.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday last by the REV. DR. BURNS, Mr. JOHN LAWRENCE, to Mrs. ELIZABETH GIBB, both of this City.

DIED,

On Sunday morning last, after a lingering illness, Mrs. RACHAEL HANCOCK, widow of the late Mr. Joseph Hancock, in her 76th year.

On Thursday Morning, in the 78th year of her age, Mrs. ELEANOR LEIGHTON, widow of the late Mr. John Leighton. Funeral to-morrow, immediately after Morning Service, from the residence of Capt. Benjamin Stanton.

On Thursday, ELIZABETH, infant daughter of Capt. WM. LAWTON, aged 2 months.

Yesterday morning, JANE, daughter of Mr. WILLIAM AUSTEN, aged 3 years.

This Morning, in the 22d year of her age, Miss ELIZABETH JAMES, lately from Jamaica. Funeral on Tuesday next, at one o'clock, from Mrs. Cook's Boarding House, Prince William-street.

MARINE JOURNAL.

No foreign arrrivals since our last.

CLEARED.

Brig Alexis, Leekie, Jamaica, assorted cargo.

ENTERED FOR LOADING.

Feb. 24—Brig Volante, Hamm, Kingston, Jam.

AUCTION SALES.

VALUABLE AND EXTENSIVE SALE OF

BOOKS,

On MONDAY and TUESDAY, Evenings next, the 2d and 3d March, precisely at half past 6 o'clock, there will be Sold at the Subscriber's Auction Room:

ABOUT 6000 Volumes of BOOKS, amongst which will be found the Works of Burns, Bunyan, (5 editions of the Bible, including Bagster's,) Butler, Burke, Bushby, Brown, Buchan, Burkitt, Cowper, Cruden, Fielding, Goldsmith, Gibbon, Hume & Smollet, Hooke, Hazlitt, Johnson, Josephus, Jones, Locke, Levater, Newton, O'Meara, Osian, Pope, Paley, Plutarch, Robertson, Shakspeare, Stackhouse, Sterne, Stennett, Thompson, Ure, Voltaire, Walton & Cotton, Watt, Walker, White & Young, &c. &c. &c.

☞ *The Sale will be without any reserve whatever—and no purchase, however small or large, will be delivered until paid for.*

Feb. 25. SAMUEL STEPHEN.

CONFECTIONARY, &c.

On Tuesday next, March 3d, will be Sold at the Confectionary of CHARLES DAVIES, Princess-street, all his remaining Stock now on hand, among which are the following articles, viz.—

A QUANTITY of excellent and well assorted CONFECTIONARY,
50 Show Glasses, of different sizes,
20 Large Show Boxes, 20 Small ditto,
120 Bottles of excellent old Cordials,
Boxes and Bundles of of Spanish Cigars,
Bottles London Pickles,
Do, Durham Mustard,
Do, Essence of Anchovies,
1 Elegant Brass Patent Scale Beam, and Stand, with Scales,
1 Do. Superior London Lamp—complete,
Stand Casks and Kegs, with Taps, &c.
Oil of Peppermint, Do. of Lemon,
24 Dozen of Wine and Porter Bottles, with many other Articles, &c.

☞ The above will be Sold without reserve, in consequence of the Subscriber resigning that business. February 28.

On WEDNESDAY next, by the Subscriber, at his Auction Room, at 11 o'clock,

WITHOUT RESERVE,

A variety of GOODS, consisting of

BROAD Cloths and Cassimeres,
Printed Calicos, Bombazetts and Irish Linens; Striped Checks; Book and Cambric Muslins; Shawls; Cotton Handkerchiefs; Laces; Ladies Beaver Bonnets; unbleached Cottons, and various other Goods.

Also—A few Bags Hazel Nuts, and Boxes and Kegs Fresh Raisins.

AT PRIVATE SALE,

RUM, SUGAR and MOLASSES,
Cognac Brandy, Hollands Gin,
TEAS, a few firkins BUTTER, &c.

JOHN V. THURGAR.

February 28, 1829.

Spring Goods at Auction,

And no reserve whatever!!!

On WEDNESDAY, 11th March, and the following days, there will be Sold at the Store of W. W. CHURCH, Dock-street—his entire

STOCK IN TRADE,

—consisting of—

A GREAT variety of Goods, entirely new, and well adapted for the Spring. For particulars, see Advertisement in another part of this Paper. A liberal Credit will be given.

N. B.—W. W. C. will continue to give great Bargains till the day of Sale.

February 28, 1829.

Eligible Situation for carrying on the Fishery or Lumber Business.

To be sold by Auction in Monsieur Doucette's House, Bay Nipisighit, New-Brunswick, on 3d March, at 12 o'clock noon:

THE Dwelling House, Stores, Timber Booms, &c. &c. firmerly occupied by the late firm of John Miller, & Co. situated at the entrance of the Harbor—the buildings are in good repair and can be shewn by Mr. James Hill Liddell, Bathurst town. Terms of Payment will be made known on day of sale. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber.

To be positively sold by Auction, on the same day, if not disposed of privately.

Two Lots of Land, known by the name of Gordan's Lots at Babaneau, on which there are yearly cut between 30 and 40 Tons of Hay.

JOHN JAMIESON.
Attorney for Mr. Liddell.

Pictou, 31st December, 1828.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

And immediate possession given, if required:—

THE HOUSE in Germain-street, hitherto the residence of the late Hon. JOHN ROBINSON, with three Stall Stable, Coach-House, convenient Offices, a large Garden, in excellent order, and 140 feet of ground on the street.

ALSO,—Five LOTS in Main-street, and two in Sheffield-street.—For terms, apply to

W. H. ROBINSON,
BEVERLEY ROBINSON, } *Executors.*

28th February, 1829.

TO BE LET,

THE Property in Portland, formerly Munroe's Brewery, too well known to require description.—Enquire of JAMES HENDRICKS, Esq. North Market Wharf.

Feb. 28.

SUGAR.

13 HOGSHEADS SUGAR, of good Quality, Just received and for Sale by JOHN ROBERTSON,

28th Feb. *North Wharf.*

TO LET,

And possession given the 1st May next—

THE Premises in King-street, at present in the occupation of Mr. Balantine, and others, belonging to the Estate of James Scoullar. For particulars, apply to Mrs. Scoullar, Union-street.

28th February.

A GENTLEMAN residing in the vicinity of this City, wishes to engage a TUTOR for his Children. Persons desirous of such a situation may apply at the Courier Office. Jan. 31.

THE ART OF

Self-Defence.

W. FULLER begs to inform the Gentlemen of St. John, that he has arrived from Fredericton, and proposes remaining a short time in the City. W. F. will attend at his room at the Masonic Hall on Monday next, March 2d, between the hours of twelve and two o'clock, to receive the names of those Gentlemen, who are desirous of taking Lessons, that he may ascertain whether there will be a sufficient inducement for him to remain the time necessary to give a course of Lessons. February 28.

Saint Patrick's Society.

A QUARTERLY Meeting will be held at the Coffee-House, on MONDAY Evening next, at 7 o'clock. JAMES M'CLEERY,

28th February. SECRETARY.

TO LET,

For one or more years, from 1st May next:—

THE EXCHANGE COFFEE-HOUSE, now occupied by Mr. Strickland. For Terms, &c. please apply to Mr. WILLIAM O. CODY, St. John.

February 28.

TO BE LET,

And possession given the first of May next:

THE two flats over the store occupied by Mr. *Delap*; they will be Let separate or together. —For further particulars enquire of

JOHN MELICK,

7th February, 1829. on the premises.

TO LET,

And possession given immediately:

THE Two UPPER FLATS of the BRICK HOUSE, opposite the BANK, with Outhouses, GARDEN, &c. —ALSO—

That pleasantly situated COTTAGE, in Waterloo-Street, next the residence of H. N. H. Lugrin, Esq. ☞ For particulars, &c. enquire of

Feb. 7. *W. O. SMITH.*

TO LET,

From the first day of May next:—

THE GROCERY SHOP, and Rooms attached, on the lower floor of the Subscriber's House in Duke-street, at present occupied by Mr Peter Peddie. Apply to

JAMES GIBB,

7th February, 1829 on the premises.

TO LET,

THAT NEAT SHOP, at present occupied by W. J. STEVENS, & Co. in St. John-street, well adapted for the Grocery Business.

Also, the STORE and SHOP, at present occupied by Mr. THOMAS BEAMISH, on the Wharf of C. J. PETERS, Esq.

7th February. SAMUEL STEPHEN.

TO LET,

THAT New and Commodious COTTAGE belonging to the Estate of the late JOHN ALLAN, situate beyond *Jeffrey's Garden*. For further particulars enquire of

MARIA ALLEN, Adm'rx.
THOS. BARLOW,
ROBERT M'BEATH, } *Ad'rs.*

7th February, 1829.

TO LET,

and possession given the first of May next.

THAT pleasantly situated House in Brussels-street, now in the occupation of *Thomas Hanford, Esq.*—Also:—A good Stable, Garden, &c. with every convenience to make a family comfortable.—For further particulars enquire of

SAMUEL H. M'KEE.

7th February, 1829.

For Sale, or to be Let,

THAT commodious well finished two Story Dwelling HOUSE, with frost proof cellar, convenient Out-houses, &c. in Charlotte-street, now occupied by the Reverend I. WD. GRAY. Apply to

BETSY BREMNER.

Also to Let.—Two Houses in Horsfield-street. Apply as above: 7th February, 1829.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

And possession given the first of May next.

THAT valuable HOUSE, the property of the Subscriber, situate in Smith-street, opposite the head of Judge Chipman's wharf, adjoining the new slip, at York Point.—The House contains four rooms with fire places, a good Kitchen, and a frost proof Cellar. It is an eligible stand for a Grocer's or Mechanic's Shop.—For Terms and further particulars, apply to the Subscriber.

JAMES BALLANTINE.

February 7th, 1829.

TO LET,

And possession given first of May next—

THE Apartments at present occupied by Mrs. Majoribanks. Also—those occupied by Anthony Lockwood, Esq. in Prince William-street. For further particulars, apply to GEORGE BONSALL.

February 14.

SAIL LOFT,

To Let from the 1st of May next.

THAT commodious SAIL LOFT, at present occupied by Mr. G. T. RAY.—Apply to GEORGE A. NAGEL.

St. John, 14th February, 1829.

TO LET,

And Possession given on the first May next:—

FOUR good ROOMS, with fire places, in the House at present occupied by the Subscriber in Prince William-street—there is attached to the same, a Yard, Woodhouse, and Well of Water. —*ALSO*—

A Shop, with two rooms and two Bedrooms.—For particulars, apply to

WILLIAM W. EMSLIE.

February 14, 1829.

For Sale or to Let,

And possession to be given on the 1st May next:

THE pleasantly situated Dwelling HOUSE, in Prince William-street, at present in the occupation of Z. WHEELER, Esq.—apply to

JOHN V. THURGAR.

February 7th, 1829.

For sale or Lease for a term of years,

THAT Valuable and well known stand for a GROCERY at the Corner of Duke and Sidney-streets, formerly owned by Mr. HUGH FRIEL, and recently occupied by Mr. W. SKIMMINGS; also, several valuable building LOTS in the Lower Cove.—Terms liberal and made known on application to the Subscriber.

JAMES WHITNEY.

13th December, 1828.

TO LET,

THAT HOUSE, fronting on Queen's-Square, lately occupied by DR. SHORT.—For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

January 31. L. DONALDSON.

N. B.—Possession may be had at once if wished

TO LET,

and possession given the first of May next:

THE whole, or part, of that large and commodious HOUSE, in Germain-street, opposite Trinity Church.—*Also*—The STORE on the North Market Wharf, at present occupied by Mr. *George A. Lockhart.* Enquire of

GEORGE A. NAGEL.

7th February, 1829.

FLOUR, RICE, &c.

Now landing per brig William Penn, from New-York:—

BARRELS southern SUPERFINE FLOUR,
Half ditto ditto ditto,
Tierces RICE, Kegs TOBACCO,
Bale superior COTTON WOOL,
—In Store:—
5000 Bushels SALT, 600 Gallons Seal OIL.

B. TILTON.

February 21st, 1829. 6w.

WOOL CARDS, just received and for sale by the dozen or single pair.

21st Feb. HENRY BLAKSLEE.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of ROBERT WOOD, late of this City, Tobacconist, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within Three Months, from this date, and all those indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to *RACHEL WOOD, Adm'rx.*

February 21st, 1829.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of JESSE M. STYMEST, late of this City, Merchant, deceased, are requested to present the same to the Subscriber; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to S. L. LUGRIN.

21st February, 1829. *Executor*

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been apprised that some person or persons are in the habit of selling new work, engaging the repairing of old work, receiving payments, &c. &c. in his name, hereby gives notice, that he will not, after this date, either warrant, account for, nor answer to any thing sold, engaged, or contracted for, except by his own positive order, or that which may be left at his well established Shop, in Dock-street, York Point, where he offers and has for sale, an extensive assortment of ready made TIN WARE, of best materials, and best workmanship, at very reduced prices.—Strict attention will be paid to all Orders in the line of his profession, left with him; and CASH and the highest price given for Old Pewter and Lead.

SAMUEL MOORE.

Feb. 21. *Tin Plate Worker.*

TO LET,

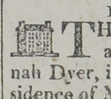
THE House and Store in Prince William-street, now occupied by Miss WALLACE, (either separate or together) from the 1st May next. For particulars, apply to the Subscriber.

MARY PRICE.

☞ Three or four YOUNG GENTLEMEN, can be accommodated with steady board, by applying as above. 21st Feb. 1829.

TO BE LET,

From the first of May next—



THE HOUSE and Premises owned and lately occupied by Mr. Jonah Dyer, in Union-street, opposite the residence of Mr. James Whitney.—The house is new, well finished, and very convenient, for one or more Families—with Woodhouse, Stable, &c, in the rear Apply to

Feb. 14. *DYER & MACDONALD.*

TO LET,

And possession given immediately:

THE first and second Flats of that large commodious HOUSE in Portland, at present occupied by the Subscriber. The first Flat contains a Grocery Store, two Rooms, and a Kitchen. The second flat contains two Rooms, with fire places, and four Bedrooms—well adapted for the accommodation of a genteel family.—Apply to

JACOB TOWNSHEND,

14th February. On the Premises.

TO LET,

For a term of One Year, from the first of May next.

A PART of the HOUSE occupied by the Subscriber, at York Point, consisting of a GROCERY STORE, and that appartment presently occupied by Mr. *Johnstone*, as a Pawn Office, together with suitable accommodations for a family, with the privilege of an excellent Well of Water. The premises are two well known to need farther description.

—ALSO—

That SHOP and BAKEHOUSE and other convenient premises formerly occupied by the Subscriber, and opposite the House of Mr. *Gerow*, York Point Slip.

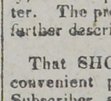
The premises can be viewed and other particulars known on application to

WM. BOOKWOOD.

February 14th, 1829.

TO LET,

From the 1st of May next:



THE Dwelling HOUSE and premises belonging to the Subscriber, situate in King's Ward in this City, and fronting on Brussels-street, now in the occupation of Benjamin L. Peters, Esq.

H. N. H. LUGRIN.

7th February, 1829.

TO LET,

And possession given the first May next.

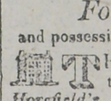
SEVERAL ROOMS in that pleasantly situated House in Dorchester-street, nearly opposite JAMES WHITE'S, Esquire. For further particulars apply to R. BUNTING, on the premises, or to

JESSE WETMORE.

7th February, 1829.

For Sale, or to Let,

and possession given on the first of May next:



THAT valuable PROPERTY situated on the South Eastern corner of *Horsfield's Alley*, and *Saint John-street*, at present occupied by ROBERT ROBERTSON, Esquire, and others.—Enquire of

ROBERT W. CROOKSHANK, Jun.

14th February, 1829.

TO LET,

Possession given on the first of May next:—

COMFORTABLE apartments for a small family in the subscriber's house, situate in Charlotte-street. WILLIAM BREEZE.

21st February, 1829.

TO LET,

For one or more years,—and possession given on the first of May next:—

THAT large and commodious Dwelling HOUSE, Out-Houses, and Garden, in Princess-street, at present in the occupation of *John, V. Thurgar*, Esq.—ALSO:—The House adjoining, at present occupied by Mr. *Thomas Booth*. For further particulars, apply to

THOMAS SANDALL.

February 21st, 1829.

Fancy Goods.

The Subscriber has received from London, per Volant, a select assortment of—

FANCY GOODS,

consisting of:

SABLE MUFFS and TIPPETS; Sable Trimmings; Cloaks and Nap Cloaking; Satins; Gros de Naple Silks; Black Lace and Green Gauze Veils; Bobbinet Caps; Kid and Beaver Gloves, &c. &c.—Which will be disposed of on most reasonable terms for cash.

S. FARLEY.

14th Feb. 1829.

Bay View Farm.

To lease for such term as may be agreed on:

TWO Lots of said FARM, part improved, situated on the Lower Loch Lomond Road, three and a half Miles from the City, containing forty acres each, with Woodland, and watered by a Rivulet.—Apply to

ALEXANDER M'GROTTY.

St. John, N. B. Feb. 21st, 1828.