

prevails. In consequence of the safe delivery of the Queen of Spain, the King has proclaimed general pardon for all those who were confined in prison; but to this a clause of exception is added, in which is enumerated every possible offence that man can commit. So much for Ferdinand's generosity.

Belgium.—The opening of the National Congress took place at Brussels on the 10th. De Potter's speech was, of course, the great object of attention; it was listened to with the utmost respect, and at its close received with loud cheers. It was more temperate than was expected, and, after entering at some length into the history of the grievances under which Belgium had laboured, by reason of its connexion with Holland, hinted that there was every prospect of the Belgians being allowed to choose their own form of Government without intervention from any of the great European Powers. It was reported at Brussels, that Flanders would soon be placed in the hands of the young Duc de Brabant, with a Regency, of which his mother, the Princess of Orange, would be the head. The Dutch Government are occupied in forwarding supplies of provision and ammunition to the citadel of Antwerp.—*Sun.*

Mr. Cartwright, who was sent as commissioner to Belgium to arrange the mode of intervention for the settlement of the differences with Holland, has returned from his mission. It seems he has been successful in inducing both parties to agree to a suspension of hostile measures, and avail themselves of the proposed mediation. It is arranged that each of the contending parties shall send, in due form, as if of their own originating, to solicit the friendly interference of our government. The basis said to be laid down is, that the territory of Belgium and Holland, respectively, shall be fixed as it existed previously to 1814, and, consequently, that Antwerp shall be surrendered. To this preliminary the King of Holland has been induced, with some difficulty, to consent; but the Belgians contend that they are entitled to claim the possession of Maestricht also, with the Island of Catsand, opposite to Flushing, and a portion of the territory of the Brabant, with the object of obtaining a control over the navigation of the Scheldt, which the Dutch government cannot do otherwise than claim as belonging, of right, on such a basis, to Holland.

(From the *Messenger des Chambers*.)
The public mind appears to be filled with expectations of war. Whatever may be the feeling at the thought of such a calamity, we cannot but contemplate with satisfaction the calm and proud attitude of a warlike nation who can boldly look forward to events, confident on turning back to the past that there is nothing to fear for the future. Alarm, however, has been created, and particularly by an article in the *Augsburg Gazette*, announcing that extraordinary activity prevails in the war department of Prussia, and that numerous recruits and reserves are being sent to the army on the Rhine; that Austria is preparing large armaments; that couriers are rapidly passing and repassing between Madrid and St. Petersburg, and that Russia urges the immediate meeting of the Continental Powers. The *St. Petersburg Gazette* also speaks of six corps being placed on a war-footing, and the marching of several divisions towards the western frontier of the empire, and of there being established in Volynia and Podolia. The Northern Courts may have been deceived by calumniators interested in the ruin of our prosperity, and news is slow reaching those distant countries; but now the truth having penetrated even to St. Petersburg, and the dispositions of the Emperor Nicholas and the King of Prussia have completely changed. A letter from Berlin, dated the 16th inst., arrived by an extraordinary courier, contradicts these reports of war in the most positive manner.

(From the *Constitutional of Tuesday*)
Upper Italy is now occupied, or rather invaded, by 200,000 Austrian troops, 60,000 of whom, under the command of General Walmoden, are stationed in the different towns of the Milanese.
The trial of the Ex-Ministers is proceeding. The time fixed upon for their pleadings to begin is the 15th Dec. and will probably last 8 days.
A Royal Ordinance has repealed the Bourbon provision, for the instalment and allowances of Cardinals. All these gentry resident in France, lose their fat stipends from 1st January 1831.—*Dublin Wanderer.*

From the *British Traveller of Friday*.
We have received, by express, French Papers of Thursday's date, and the other Papers and Letters of Wednesday. Various rumours were afloat in the French capital. 76,000 Prussians are stated to be assembled on the frontiers—the fortifications of Nimegue were undergoing repairs—the Emperor of Russia has collected 100,000 men in Poland, who are ordered to march southward; that insurrections had broken out at Milan—that Cadix, Carthage, and Valencia had hoisted the tri-coloured flag, and that Arragon had risen. Now, all these we give as rumours, and we are not inclined to credit them.

The contents of the Brussels papers which have arrived, are important and satisfactory. On Monday the question, whether the government of Belgium should be Monarchical or Republican, was put to the vote and decided as follows:—
For a Monarchy 174
For a Republic 13

Majority in favour of a Monarchy, 161.
The Provisional Government published a Bulletin on Sunday last, of which the following is an extract:—
"An armistice has been consented to by the Belgic Government and that of Holland. In the interval all facility will be granted to communications by water and land to every part of the kingdom and territory; and, in consequence thereof, the blockade of all the ports and rivers has ceased and the free navigation been provisionally re-established."

We sincerely hope that the result may be a better understanding between Holland and Belgium than has ever before subsisted; and that each country, sensible of the blessings of peace, and unrestricted trade, may be allied by friendship although divided by territory.

RUM AND MOLASSES.
Just landing from on board the brig ROSEAU, from Dominica—
50 PUNS, fine flavoured RUM;
5 do. choice retailing Molasses,
For sale very low by
December 18. JOHN V. THURGAR.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.
The subscriber has just received from London, a general supply of
DRUGS, Medicines, Confectionary, Pickles, Sauces, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils and Colours; English, Surgical Instruments, and a variety of Fancy Articles, for sale at the Laboratory, 40, Old Bailey, London.
Dec. 18, 1830.

REFLECTIONS ON THE TERMINATION OF 1830.

"The past! 'tis gone!—another mass of days, Of minutes—seconds, is complete, And number only the bygone time! Another year of man's life and of grace Hath to my mortal span been added. The particles of time that form'd that year Were all for soul-improving uses giv'n. And have they all been spent, as in the eye Of dread OMNIPOTENCE will good be deem'd? Hath every moment of the vanish'd year Been used, as if appointed for the last? Hath every life should know? Hath nothing sped, Of all that host of seconds, fruitlessly, Or fruitfully, or usefully away?"

Say, oh! my soul, should death be drawing nigh—Should he surprise thee ere another day, Another year's first day, be given thee,—How would thy reckoning stand? Canst thou joy, In conscious sureness, that thy life's last year Hath so been spent that dying cannot scare? Hast thou thro' all that flitted space of time, Stood as never to have feared to die? Hast thou that evanescent moment us'd, As knowing that of all occasions due? Have sin's temptations been so well overcome—Have human frailties been so well escap'd—Have temper, disposition, conscience, heart, So perfectly been regulated—every wish, Desire, thought, passion, prejudice, intent, So thoroughly subdued and exercised, That thought of all the past year's deeds Presents a claim to penitence or grief? Oh! happy, infinitely happy were the man, Whose conscience, answering verily indeed, Could thus exonerate its questioner! But who of all apostate Adam's sons Would dare, with impious, flagrant falsity, To vaunt hypocrisy so blasphemous? Can I—canst thou, O reader, to thy soul Such flattering, self-deceiving uncious say, Say, rather,—"O how profitless and poor, How flat and spiritless have been the past, The vanished services of perished days. How wasteful of the precious, precious time—Time given, gone, and lost for aye—I've been! How have I been negligent of the days? The months, the year thus trifles spent! How have the moments roll'd successive on, Presenting each a means of doing well, And pass'd away as unimprov'd, unus'd, As if they never had aris'n to me! Oh! how shall I redeem the lavish'd past; How make atonement for neglected years? And oh! still further, how recall the deeds, The sinful deeds, that mark'd the seasons giv'n For better, brighter, holier occupation? Were centuries of time accorded now To this still evil-boding frame, Could added centuries of future years, Of holiest living, expiate the past, The countless crimes of thought, of word, of deed, That hitherto have mark'd my short career? Could e'en such centuries wipe out the stains My soul hath gather'd in her last-spent year? Stern conscience answers loudly—"No!—No good That thro' eternity of life could spring From my polluted nature, would erase The condemnation merited before!"

Then haste thee, soul—if never yet—haste now To that fount of fountain for forgiveness up'd And for all sin—thy Saviour's cleansing blood! Hast thou to His Cross, to His atonement fled; Lay fearless, firmly hold of that blest hope In Him presented to a sinful world. Let penitence, sincere, unlimited, And deep, and faith, unwavering and strong; And alter'd temper, principles and deeds, Betoken truly of a change within—A change of heart, of mind, of inmost thought; A change of views, of practice, and of life. So living, every closing year shall bring Reflections most consoling, grateful, sweet. To the assurance of forgiven sins; A humble confidence in God's name; A true repentance for detested guilt; A hearty gratitude for grace vouchsaf'd, Will be the feelings fondly cherish'd then; The blessings known and valued by the soul. These, these will render each succeeding year Far holier, happier, brighter than the last. Thine 'ere; thus die; and then to you, O friend, Whence'er th' angelic dead-awaking trumpet Shall shake the universe, the sound shall be A blissful summons to a life eternal, Which sin or sorrow never shall disturb.

December, 1830. SOTHE-SAGA.

The Courier.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 1, 1831.

BANK OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.
Director next week, . . . H. Johnston, Esq.
DISCOUNT DAY, . . . THURSDAY.
Hours of business, from 10 to 3.

Bills for Discount, must be lodged with the Cashier before 3 o'clock on TUESDAY.

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Committee for December:
JOHN WARD, President.
GEO. D. ROBINSON, THOMAS T. HANFORD, CHARLES HAZEN, JOHN V. THURGAR.

The Election of DIRECTORS of the MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, for the present year, having taken place at the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders, on the 5th instant, agreeably to the Act of Incorporation;—Notice is hereby given, that the Business of the Company is continued, and Risks taken upon the most eligible terms.

By order of the President and Directors,
THOMAS HEAVISIDE, Secy.
St. John, 24th July, 1830.

THIS being the first day of a NEW YEAR, we offer our PATRONS and READERS the usual congratulations, and wish them a continuance of good health, happiness, and prosperity. Above all, may the blessing of God attend them, which alone bringeth peace and adoth no sorrow.

It has been customary with us, at the commencement of the year, to take a short retrospective glance at the most prominent features of the past. The year 1830, in a particular manner, invites us to this exercise; but the crowded state of our columns to-day, prevents our attending to that duty on the present occasion.

THE news brought this week by the *Spray* and other vessels from home, lead us to take a view of the Mother Country in its present aspect. From the KING'S Speech at the opening of Parliament, which is before our readers in another column, we are led to believe that England is in a serious state of agitation. The formation of a New Cabinet, entirely Whiggish in its nature, is an additional proof. We do not dislike those who are called "Legislators" by the people—men that have promised much to the people—men that have frequently exposed existing abuses, and who will, no doubt, having all the means now at their command, endeavour to accomplish a complete reform. Such a course may save the country from ruin, and the restlessness and clamour of the people may be hushed into peace and submission. Retrenchment and economy are the order of the day. The KING has set the example. He has given up the whole revenue of the Crown to the disposal of Parliament, with a confident trust that they will make a suitable provision for his dignity and that of the Royal Family. This is a noble act, which will make him precious in every cottage and hamlet in the Kingdom. Enough and not too much should be given to every servant of the Crown—therefore, we hope, that the present Government, with an unsparring hand, will lop off every excrescence, so that the poor labourer of England may not have to complain of the complaint that what he earns with the sweat of his brow, is exacted from him to support, in some cases, the idle and profligate. Should such measures be adopted, we may yet see, under the blessing of God, all things take their ancient course—a loftier tone of morality among our Legislators—a stricter attention to their duties among the Clergy—and a system of strict honesty and integrity among all classes of the people.

The extraordinary mildness of the weather, at this season of the year, is, we believe, unparalleled in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. A great quantity of rain has fallen during the week, completely removing the winter covering of the ground, and, in some instances, damage has been sustained by the overflowing of cellars. We have just been informed, that a Gentleman who arrived in town yesterday, from Fredericton, states that the River between this City and that place, is now completely open—the weather, hitherto, not having been cold enough to form ice of sufficient strength to withstand the thaw that has latterly prevailed. A similar circumstance, we feel warranted in saying, has not before occurred since the first settlement of the Country.

By our Marine Journal, it will be seen, that no less than seven vessels have arrived from England and Ireland during the week. This, we believe, is unprecedented in the annals of our port. The weather, so far, has been favorable for loading the vessels now here, and must also have been peculiarly so to those which have late arrived or are now on our Coast.

The following extract exhibits the unpopularity of the Duke of WELLINGTON, previous to his resignation of the Premiership:

Unpopularity of the Duke of Wellington.
—As his Grace the Duke of Wellington was returning on Tuesday, after the opening of the new Parliament, to Downing street, he was followed by a mob who hooted and hissed him all the way. It was with difficulty his Grace was able to alight in safety. Violent threats were uttered against him. A party of the rioters perceived a carriage proceeding along the road, which it was suspected belonged to the Duke. An immediate attack was made upon it, and loud shouts were raised to drag him out. The servant who was behind the carriage instantly got down, and opening the coach door, convinced the mob that only ladies were inside. Previously, an attack had been made on the Duke as he went to his office in Downing-street, through the iron gate in the Park; several stones were thrown at him, one of which hit him on the shoulder. The mob shouted "Down with the Duke!" &c. His Grace seemed much agitated at the rough treatment he met with.—*London paper.*—These demonstrations of the popular feeling have been repeated on several occasions since the opening of Parliament.—*Liverpool Mer.*

On Sunday the 19th ult. as Dennis Conway, who resides in the Parish of Lincoln, was assisting a friend and neighbour of his in procuring wood for the night, and when in the act of carrying a stick into the house, his foot slipped and he fell, to relate, from the violence of the fall, he expired without a struggle. A Coroner's Inquest was held by Solomon Perley, Esq.—Verdict, accidental death by a fall on the ice.—*Royal Gazette.*

QUEBEC, DEC. 13.—It is stated that in consequence of some Act passed in England in the reign of Queen Anne, and the omission of the passing of some other Act in England since the demise of his late Majesty, doubts have been stated as to the validity of all commissions whatsoever in this Province issued by the Provincial Government, and that they will be renewed. It is not to be supposed that any expenses will be entailed on the Province or on individuals for these new Commissions, the former ones having cost £3 10s. each. A Proclamation on the matter will be issued in a few days.—*Gaz.*

It has been pretty cold for the last three days, but the high wind has prevented the ice from collecting on the river. The navigation may be said to be open, and a vessel might yet get to sea. In 1827 the *Quebec Packet* sailed for London as late as the 14th of this month.—*Ibid.*

CHARITY SERMONS.
The Annual Charity Sermon will be preached in the Baptist Meeting House, this evening, at 7 o'clock—when the usual Collection will be made in behalf of the Poor of this City. Jan. 1.

The Annual CHARITY SERMON will be preached in the Scots Church, by the Rev. Dr. BURNS, to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock—after which a Collection will be made for the benefit of the Poor. Jan. 1.

MARRIED.
At Saint Martin's, on Thursday evening last, by JOHN JORDAN, Esquire, Mr. WM. VAIL, to Miss JANE, second daughter of JAMES MORAN, Esquire, all of that Parish.

At Liverpool, County of Kent, on the 7th ult. Mr. WILLIAM W. SLACK, to Miss ELIZABETH, second daughter of the late Mr. John McNeil, of Wilmot, Nova Scotia.

DIED.
On the morning of the 23d ult. HELEN DOUGLAS, infant daughter of John R. Partelow, Esq. of the Parish of St. Andrew.

MARINE JOURNAL.
PORT OF SAINT JOHN—ARRIVED,
Monday, brig Robert Ray, Cronk, Kingston, (Jam) 35 days—D. Haffield & Son, ballast.

Tuesday, ship Mary, Armstrong, Cronk, 50—Scovell & Sumner, ballast.
Brig Spray, Home, Dublin, 23—J. Fraser, ballast.
Fleming, Dunbar, Kinsale, via Salem, P. Bernard, ballast.
Alexis, Moun, Cronk, 42—J. W. Wiggins, ballast.
Wednesday, ship Pacific, Johnston, Liverpool, 41—E. Barlow & Sons, goods—Spoke, on the 3d Dec. 1st. 48, 40, 25, ship Henry IV, from New-York, for Hamburg; on the 17th, 1st. 48, 40, 25, ship Francis, of and for New-York, from Liverpool.
William Booth, Linchey, Belfast, 50—Croskell & Walker, coals.
Friday, brig Eliza, Everitt, Demerara, 31—E. Barlow & Sons, rum and sugar.

CLEARED.
Ship Ann, M. Farlane, Liverpool, timber.
Caledonian, Picher, Cronk, timber.
Brig Elizabeth, Johnston, Cronk, timber.
Solon, Evans, Liverpool, do.
Olydie, Hall, Cronk, do.
Leslie, Gull, Cronk, London, timber.
Schr. Lively, Evans, Cronk, do.
Eliza, Nixon, Baltimore, plaster.
Ariel, Seaburn, New-York, plaster.

The Sarah Marianne, Archibald, hence, at Lancaster, Brig Margaret Miller, and Brothers, from this port, and ship Crown, Percival, and Mary, from St. Andrews, have arrived at Liverpool. The Jean Hattie, from Halifax, did so, 18 days.
Spoken, on the 23d Oct. in lat. 48, 20, 30, the *Lafra*, Leslie, from Liverpool, for Savannah, having on board the crew of the ship Sarah, of London, for St. Andrews, which vessel was abandoned on the 19th.
His Majesty's ship Briton, has arrived at Plymouth, (Eng) with the brig Kathleen, of St. John, in tow, which fell in with on the 8th October, about 18 leagues West of the Lizard, disabled and abandoned.—The master and crew were taken off and brought into this port some months since.

Extract of a letter from New-York to a Gentleman in this City, dated Dec. 21st:—The *Salvator*, of St. John, Captain Elliot, (who was knocked overboard) from Nassau, (N. Y.) for New-York, has been lost on Cape Henry.

Melancholy Shipwreck.—The Mount Union, a schooner, left in with on the 17th, lat. 42, 10, long. 64, the wreck of the brig Nelson, from St. John, N. B. bound to London, and the crew and passengers of the said vessel from a watery grave. The Nelson, Capt. Crawford, left Saint John, on the 6th December, with a fine wind, a crew of 16 men, Lieut. Flannet, lady, two children, and one female servant, cabin passengers; and Mr. Jones in the steerage. On the Monday, it blew a hurricane all night, and on the Tuesday a squall struck her, and did a deal of damage,—she began to take water very fast, and all hands were immediately called to the pumps—the pumps however, so soon became choked and unserviceable, at nine o'clock they commenced bailing, and continued till two o'clock the next morning, when they were forced to give up, being worn out with fatigue and cold, the water then being over the cabin floor, the passengers and crew took to the deck where they remained 2 days, having only a tarpoline and a few blankets to cover them, and the spray washing continually over the vessel.

On the third day they took to the top where they remained 8 days with little to eat, exposed to the inclemency of the weather having only a few blankets. From which situation they were rescued on the 17th by the Mount Union.—We are sorry to add that Lieut. Flannet has lost one of his children, who died after they went up in the top, he has lost all his plate, linen, cloth, the steering passenger, an elderly man, was found dead in the top on the morning after he went up.—*Halifax Acadian, Dec. 24.*

ASSIZE OF BREAD,
Published 1st January, 1831.

THE Sixpenny Wheaten Loaf of SUPERFINE FLOUR, to weigh THE Sixpenny Rye, And Shilling, Three-penny and Penny Half-penny Loaves in the same proportion.
LAUCHLIN DONALDSON, MAYOR.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

A QUARTERLY MEETING OF THE SAINT GEORGE'S SOCIETY, will take place on Monday evening next, at 6 o'clock.

By order of the President,
JOHN J. ROBERTS, Secretary.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, No. 29, meets at Masonic Hall, on TUESDAY Evening next, at 6 o'clock.—R. N. Jan. 1.

ALBION LODGE, No. 84, on the Registry of the Grand Lodge of England, meets at Brother Welch's, on FRIDAY evening next, at 6 o'clock.—R. N. Jan. 1.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP between the undersigned, heretofore carrying on Trade under the Firm of THOMAS MILLIDGE & CO. was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All Debts due by our said late Partnership, will be settled and adjusted by S. L. LUGRIN, who is duly authorized to receive and give discharges for the same.

THOMAS MILLIDGE, S. L. LUGRIN.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THOMAS MILLIDGE & CO. being dissolved, the Subscriber will continue the Business on his separate account. S. L. LUGRIN, 1st January, 1831. Peters' Wharf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber requests all those who stand indebted to him, to make payment to Mr. S. L. LUGRIN, who has authority to receive and grant releases.

THOMAS MILLIDGE, 1st January, 1831.

NOTICE.

At a Meeting of the Rector, Church Wardens, and Vestry, of Trinity Church, in the Parish of St. John, held on Saturday the 5th day of December instant:

IT WAS ORDERED—That in future a person be employed to collect the Rents for the PEWS, both in Trinity and St. John's Churches, in this Parish, from such persons who shall neglect to pay the same on the days appointed for that purpose, or within one week thereafter; and that an additional charge of five per cent. on such Rents be required towards the payment of such collector for his trouble, and that the amount of the Rents together with the additional five per cent. as aforesaid, be paid to such collector after being called for, the Rule requiring the Sale of Pews for the non payment of Rent, shall be strictly enforced.

By order of the Vestry,
ROBERT L. HAZEN, Vestry Clerk, Dec. 28.

MRS. COOK.

RETURNS her best thanks for the very liberal support she has received from her friends and the public, since her commencement in business in St. John. She is, by this means, enabled to keep her Table and every other comfort for the accommodation of either transient or permanent Boarders, equal to any in the Country. Mrs. C. has also lately fitted up a convenient and comfortable STABLE, where the best attention will be paid to Horses.

Prince William street, 1st Jan. 1831.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE.

THE Royal Mail Stage leaves the Post Office in St. Andrews for St. John, every Tuesday at 12 o'clock, and every Friday at one o'clock, stops all night at Johnson's, the half way house, and arrives at St. John the following day at noon.—It leaves Saint John every Thursday morning at 4 o'clock, and arrives at St. Andrews on the evening of the same day. It also leaves Saint John every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, stops at the half way house all night, and arrives at Saint Andrews at noon the following day.

For further information or passage, apply to Mr. D. ROSS, lower end of the South Market Wharf, St. John; Mr. GIBSON KNIGHT, Post-Master, St. George; or the Subscribers at St. Andrews.

PATRICK KELLEHER, MOSES S. JOHNSON.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE SUBJECTS AND MODE OF

BAPTISM.

Impartially and Scripturally considered.

BY

GEORGE BURNS, D. D.

Minister of Saint Andrews Church, in the City of Saint John, New-Brunswick.

Subscribers to the above Work, will receive their copies at the respective places where they left their names; and a supply for Purchasers is left at the Book Store of Mr. Mc MILLAN, Prince-William Street. Jan. 1, 1831.

SHEET ALMANACK!

Published and for sale at the Courier Office:

A Sheet Almanack,

FOR THE YEAR 1831.

THIS publication contains some very useful commercial tables, which, in addition to other general information, renders it peculiarly adapted to the mercantile community; and it will also be found very convenient to the public generally for reference, &c.

December 25.

LOST.

ON the evening of the 12th instant, a small SILVER WATCH, with a black ribbon, two gold Seals and Keys, one of the Seals bearing the initials C. S.—on the inner case of the No. 2136. Whoever has found the same, by returning it, or applying to the Courier Office, shall be liberally rewarded.

December 25.

FOR SALE.

And possession given 1st May next:—**THE HOUSE AND LOT OF LAND,** occupied by the Subscriber, in Wellington Row.—Persons wishing to purchase, may view the premises at any time.—Terms and other particulars made known upon application to

BENJAMIN F. MARSH.

December 25, 1830.

TO LET—From 1st May next:

THOSE valuable Premises in Princess-street, at present occupied by Mr. Charles Davies, comprising a well finished and commodious Dwelling House, and an excellent Bake House, with all the apparatus for carrying on the Baking business. The Dwelling House, besides a frost proof cellar, with a never failing well of excellent water in it, and a kitchen with an oven, &c. has a neat stove, with counter and shelves, and a sitting room, on the first floor—a large parlour, sitting room and two bed rooms on the second, and several well finished apartments in the garret. The whole being completely adapted for a genteel House of Public Entertainment, having been occupied as such for several years past. For further particulars apply to

December 25. WILLIAM BURTIS.

AUCTION SALES.

On MONDAY next, at 12 o'clock, will be sold by JOHN KERR, at his Auction Room:

A QUANTITY OF
British Merchandise, Household Furniture, &c.
Without any Reserve.

AT PRIVATE SALE.

5 PIPES Cognac Brandy, 4 ditto Holland GIN; Jamaica and W. I. RUM; Sugar in Hhds. and Tierces, and Barrels; Pork, Raisins, Cloths, &c. &c. all at very low prices.
January 1.

On TUESDAY next, at 11 o'clock, will be Sold at the Subscriber's Auction Room:

BLS. OF INDIAN MEAL; do. Pilot Bread; do. CRACKERS; do. RYE FLOUR; Half-Barrels BUCKWHEAT FLOUR; BLS. ONIONS; BLS. Spirits of Turpentine; Bags of BARLEY; Bags of CORN; Bales Cotton BATTING; INDIGO; Cakes assorted EAST INDIA WARE; Assortment of Hardware; assorted SLOPS; BLANKETS—Rose and Point; CARPETING and RUGS; PLAIDS; Flannel DRAWERS; SOCKS; QUILTS; BRACES; SPADES; Pins and Needles; A Box of ALMANACKS; and One Cask RAISINS.

1st January, 1831. J. & H. KINNEAR.

FOR SALE—very low:

THE expired Lease of a HOUSE in Dorchester-street, near the New Church. There are three years from the first of May next to come.—The House contains six rooms, four of which are finished; there are four fire places and a good frost proof cellar in the Building, with an excellent well of water in the yard. Further particulars may be known by applying to the Subscriber on the premises.

N. B.—If the house is not disposed of by the 24 January next, it will then be sold at Public Auction, by J. & H. KINNEAR, on the premises.

JOHN SUTTON, St. John, December 11, 1830.

HIDES.

Just received, and for sale very low for Cash:

350 S. SALTED, and 200 DRIED HIDES.

D. & F. LEAVITT, 1st January, 1831. North Market Wharf.

COALS.

100 CHALDRONS superior HOUSE COALS, per ship William Booth, from Belfast—For Sale by Jan. 1. CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

PORK, &c. &c.

Per the Pacific and William Booth, received and for sale—

100 BLS. PRIME MESS PORK, 14 Hundred Weight BACON, 2 Hogheads WHISKY, 54 Casks assorted NAILS, 50 Boxes Liverpool SOAP. Jan. 1, 1831.—4f J. & H. KINNEAR.

PORK, HARDWARE, &c.

Received per Lord of the Isles, and Pacific, from Liverpool, and for sale by the Subscribers:

30 BARRELS IRISH PORK, 2 Tons cast Iron POTS and BAKE PANS, 5 Crates of Saucepans and Tea Kettles, 7 Dozen short handled FRYING PANS, 2 Casks FILLS, assorted, 2 Casks HARDWARE, assorted, 150 Casks Cut NAILS, 2 Chain CABLES, 2 Crates EARTHENWARE, &c. &c. WILLIAM STOKES & Co. 1st January, 1831.—6f Nelson street.

COD OIL.

10 BARRELS COD OIL—For Sale by DANIEL & LEWIS SMITH, 1st January, 1831.

SOAP.

Just received, and for Sale:

120 BOXES YELLOW SOAP. J. & H. KINNEAR, December 25, 1830.

DEMERARY RUM.

10 PUNS, just received—and for Sale low by December 18. E. D. W. RATCHFORD.

FOR SLIGO—DIRECT.

The fine copper fastened Brig

CUPID.

Only one year old, will sail for Sligo about the 1st of January. Any persons desirous of a Passage thither, or who may wish their friends brought on here very early in Spring, will please apply to the Captain on board, or to the Subscriber.

M. DELAP, St. John, December 18, 1830.

FLOUR, APPLES, &c.

Landing this day, ex Brig GEORGE, from New-York—