LATEST NEWS.

[From the New York Eve. Star, Nov. 23.]

The packet ship Roscoe, Delano, arrived this morning from Liverpool, from which place she sailed on the 25th Oct.

Money Market, Oct. 24.—The money market was easier, the Bank of England discounting more freely, and Consols had advanced 88¾ to 89.

The money market and city intelligence article in the Times of the 24th—always the most authentic on these matters—is very long and full, and begins by saying that some of the joint stock banking companies are not in a sound and safe condition, owing to advances on their shares to the amount of half their capitals. The writer says—

"There are at this time five different rates of interest arising out of the different transactions from which the Bank of England derives its income—viz. on Exchequer Bills, 1½ per cent.; on loans to country bankers who do not issue their own paper, 3 per cent.; on loans to the London and Saint Katharine Docks, 3½ per cent.; on mortgages on land, 4 per cent.; and on Bills of Exchange and on other loans, 5 per cent. This is probably not to be paralleled in any banking establishment that ever existed in the world."

After a review of the liabilities and estimates of the Bank of England, the writer concludes:

"But the chief thing to be lamented in the present statement is the great and continued diminution of the Bank's stock of bullion, and which has now brought things to a point, that the actual stock of bullion in the coffers of the bank cannot at present exceed £4,600,000, and probably not £4,200,000. It must then also be remarked, that of this sum probably about 1,000,000 will consist of silver coin and bullion, which not being applicable to the payment of its notes, leaves the Bank with from £3,200,000 to £3,600,000 in gold for the payment of obligations amounting to £28,000,000. Considered, therefore, with reference to gold alone, and taking the mean of 32 and 36, the proportion which the specie held by the Bank bears to its liabilities is as about 12 to 100, and considered with reference to bullion generally, and taking the mean of 42 and 46, this proportion is as about 16 to 100.

"Now all this, it must be admitted, is not a very satisfactory state of things, particularly when it is considered that it is not impossible that the present adverse state of the foreign exchanges may be still further aggravated by the necessity for an importation of foreign grain."

The increase of nearly £1,000,000 under the head of customs, in the returns of the last quarter, has caused the attention of commercial men to be more than usually directed that way. They find that out of a Revenue so raised, of more than £16,000,000 annually, nine-tenths are derived from four sources, viz: tea, sugar, tobacco and timber.—The remainder arises from imposts on more than 500 articles. Were these reduced it is considered that our trade and manufactures would be greatly benefitted, and the customs establishment might be greatly reduced, while individuals would be spared much annoyance which they now endure from the examination to which they are subjected by the people at the Custom House.

Admiral Saumarez died at Guernsey, on the 9th Oct. at the age of 79 years.—He was one of Lord Nelson's pet officers.

A colossal statue to Shokespeare is to be erected in London, designed by Dr. Carque. It is to be raised on an elevation of 200 feet above the level of the Thames. The pedestal to be 60 feet, and the statue 80 feet high. This is a larger statue than was ever erected to any individual. The cost to be 20,000*l.* The King and Queen had consented to the patron and patroness of the project.

The most recent news from Madrid comes down to the 17th of October. It confirms the defeat of the Carlists under Gomez, by Gen. Alaiz. To mend matters, a second victory is announced, General Alaiz having again defeated Gomez, and taken 600 prisoners.

The state prisoners of Ham, ministers of Charles X. are at length released. Messrs. Peyronnet and Chantelauze first applied to the King for remission of their sentence, which was immediately granted; M. de Ranville then followed their example, with the like result; and Prince Polignac, at the solicitation of his lady and the British Minister has had his doom changed to banishment from France, under the full weight of his condemnation and sentence of civil death.

PARLIAMENT OF UPPER CANADA.

OPENING OF THE SESSION.

Toronto, 9th Nov. 1836.

The House of Assembly being assembled at the Bar of the Honorable the Legislative Council, Archibald M'Lean, Esq. informed His Excellency that the House of Assembly had chosen him for their Speaker, and claimed the usual privileges.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor was pleased to approve of the choice of the House of Assembly, and then addressed both Houses of the Provincial Parliament in the following Speech:

Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,

With great satisfaction, I congratulate you on the loyal feeling which pervades this Province, and on the stillness and serenity of the public mind.

The auspicious tranquility of the country offers you advantages, which the Legislature of Upper Canada has long been unhappily deprived of, and I gladly avail myself of the opportunity, to bring before your grave consideration some of these subjects, which the country has now reason to expect will be met by its Legislature, with a firm determination to bring them to a final settlement.

The most important of these is the long disputed question of the Clergy Reserves.

I invite your serious attention to this subject, in the full confidence that by moderation and sound discretion, you will have overcome the obstacles that have hitherto attended its discussion.

The beneficent intentions of His Majesty in granting a charter of incorporation to the University of King's College, have hitherto been productive of no useful result.

In calling your attention to this fact, I trust that the Province will shortly be indebted to your deliberations, for possessing within itself, the means of bestowing upon youth the inestimable blessing of a refined and liberal education.

The disposal of the School Lands, and the promotion of general education, are so intimately connected with the future destinies of this Colony, that I feel confident they will suggest themselves to your early consideration.

The term which intervenes between the Courts of Oyer and Terminer in this Province—the consequent crowded state of the Gaols—as well as the length of imprisonment suffered by persons charged with crime, are evils which I deeply lament, and I trust you will determine whether by an increase to the present number of Judges, they would not be effectually removed,

Having been made aware that cases of neglected misery and distress have long existed within the Province, from the want of some place of public refuge for those of our fellow creatures, to which, in His Divine Providence, the Almighty, by depriving them of reason, has given peculiar claims upon our care, I feel satisfied that the necessity of establishing a Provincial Asylum for Lunatics, need only be suggested, to receive your benevolent consideration.

I feel it my duty to call your attention, to the advantages which would be derived from opening communications, by which the agricultural produce of this Province, might readily be brought to a market.

Among various improvements of this nature, a great Western Rail-road will no doubt claim your favourable notice, as being of infinite benefit to this Province, as well as promoting our friendly intercourse with the neighboring States.

I also recommend to your consideration, an immediate inquiry into the state of the Welland Canal.

I regret to say that under existing circumstances it may not be deemed advisable to commence negociations with the adjoining Province for the improvement of the navigation of the Ottawa, but I recommend to your consideration the propriety of causing a survey and accurate estimate to be made, of the expense of connecting by the waters of that noble river, Lake Huron with the Ocean.

Having during the recess of the Legislature, given considerable attention to the neglected state of the Roads throughout the Province, I beg you to consider, whether some efficient system might not be devised, for placing them under a superintendence, to be held responsible, that the Statute Labour as well as the large sums of money annually voted for their repair, should be scientifically, economically, and impartially expended.

I have to inform you that for the purpose of encouraging Immigration, I have recommended to his Majesty's Government that such portions of the Military Reserves as are not required for defence, should, as early as possible be offered to the public. I also hope to be authorised to adopt a quicker, more convenient and more beneficial system, in the Land-Granting Department; and I am happy to add, that I have concluded negociations by which I have obtained from the Indians very extensive tracts of rich lands, which from feelings highly creditable to their race, they have cheerfully relinquished for the public good.

As the Constitution of Upper Canada secures to British Emigrants their own revered Institutions—as this noble climate and luxuriant soil offer them immediate independence and support, with a moral insurance that their land, whether it be cultivated well or ill, must in a few years unavoidably increase in value to a great extent—we may reasonably expect that the redundant enterprise, capital, and population of the Empire, will now flow towards this favoured Province, in which I conscientiously believe British Capital to be as secure, as it is in the Mother Country.

Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

I trust you will take immediate measures, for relieving the Government of this Province from the embarrassments it has laboured under, and is still suffering, from the Supplies for the Public Service having been withheld.

I shall direct the Public Accounts, together with estimates for the sums required for the support of the Civil Government, for the current and ensuing years, to be laid before you.

Honourable Gentlemen: and, Gentlemen:

I feel confident that the distinguished and conspicuous station which the people of Upper Canada have attained in the estimation, not only of the Empire, but of the civilized world, will, throughout the Session we this day commence be firmly upheld, by the dignity of your deliberations—by the wisdom of your proceedings—by the purity of your Legislation, and by your unceasing zeal for the public good.

As regards the duty of my situation in the Legislature, it is my intention so long as they may graciously be confided to me, to occupy myself to the best of my ability, in the internal improvement of the Country—in the impartial administration of Justice—and in maintaining unsullied, the commercial integrity of the Province.

The constant obedience which the British Constitution demands for its sacred Institutions, educates and dignifies the public mind—the moral discipline of their passions, organizes the power of the people—and eventually implants in the national character, justice, mercy, generosity, and forbearance.

It has long been asserted, that the British sentiments which would vegetate in the deserts of Arabia, are uncongenial to the soil of America; but the voice of Upper Canada has repudiated this libel on the land—and both reason and truth are now daily demonstrating, that the safest description of Self-Government, the securest mode of protecting life, property and liberty, is that honourable submission, and virtuous obedience to the laws, which the three branches of the Legislature, as well as the people of this Province I trust will ever continue to be proud to acknowledge.

The Legislature of Upper Canada, is not imbued with power to alter the Constitution imparted to it by an Act of the Imperial Parliament I therefore shortly after my arrival here publicly declared, that if the inhabitants of the whole Province were simultaneously to petition me to alter a single letter of that solemn Act, I had neither power nor inclination to do so.

Grateful for the manly support which the expression of this sentiment has procured for me, I feel it my duty again unequivocably to assure you of my determination, to carry into effect his Majesty's instructions, and thus "*to maintain the happy Constitution of this Province* INVIOLATE."

At a Public Meeting of the Freeholders of the County of Halifax, held in the Exchange Coffee Rooms on Wednesday se'nnight, it was unanimously resolved that the following Pledges be demanded of the Candidates:—That they endeavour the abolishment of Judges' Fees, and not to add to their salaries; to stigmatise, and abolish, if possible, the 2½ per cent. exacted by the Prothonotary of the Province, on sums voluntarily paid into Court to stay proceedings; to do no business with His Majesty's Council, while their meetings are held in secret; and that they use their best endeavours to have the Taxes fairly and equally divided among all classes of the community.—*Pictou Bee.*

COMMUNICATION.

Mr. CHUBB,—Sir,—In last evening's Chronicle I observed an announcement, that Mr. Pierce is again contemplating the daily publication of the Debates of the House of Assembly this Session, and that "he is now making preparations to furnish two Reporters," to enable him to effect this desirable object. I would therefore suggest, that, from the specimen of reporting witnessed last session, the success of Mr. Pierce's project on this occasion will essentially depend on the competency and fidelity of the Reporters; and as every body is now enquiring, "who is to report the Debates this session?"—it is manifestly to Mr. Pierce's interest to be early explicit in avowing the names of the parties to be employed; as it is quite certain that subscriptions will come but very slowly in till the public are satisfied on that head. AN ENQUIRER.

St. John, 3d December, 1836.

The Courier.

SATURDAY, December 3, 1836.

London dates to the 24th Oct. have come to hand this week, *via* New York. The American papers which we have received contain but few extracts, the chief of which are copied into our columns, to-day.

Boston papers of Monday last, brought by a Gentleman who came passenger, last evening, in the steamer from Eastport, have been kindly loaned us. They contain nothing of moment.

Arrival of the Delegates.—We have to-day the pleasing duty of announcing the return to this City of William Crane and L. A. Wilmot, Esquires, Members of the Legislature of this Province, who were deputed by the House, last session, to proceed to Britain, and lay before His Majesty's Government the Address of the Assembly on various matters of paramount importance to the Province.

Messrs. Crane and Wilmot arrived at N. York on the 23d ult. in the packet ship *Roscoe*, which sailed from Liverpool, on the 25th October, and came to town last evening in the steamer *Maid of the Mist*, from Eastport.

Our readers are already aware that through the representations of the Deputation, several hitherto unsettled questions relative to the Casual Revenue, &c. have been adjusted on terms highly advantageous to the Province; and we have now only to add, that, generally, the Deputation has fully succeeded in accomplishing the object of their Mission. In a few days the Provincial Legislature will assemble, when all the details relative to this important event will be made public.

We understand that these Gentlemen express themselves highly gratified at the manifest disposition of Lord Glenelg and the other members of His Majesty's Government, to give due consideration to every subject brought under their notice, and to remove every reasonable ground of complaint.

It gives us great satisfaction to add, that a large body of our most respectable and influential citizens have determined to invite the Deputation to a Public Dinner, on the occasion. The list already numbers upwards of one hundred names.—The following Gentlemen form a Committee to carry this object into effect:—Charles Ward, Wm. H. Street, John Kerr, Samuel Gould, L. Donaldson, James Whitney, and T. L. Nicholson, Esquires.

Grace Church, Portland.—The painful intelligence communicated in the following letter, will, we are convinced, cause sincere and deep emotions of regret in the breasts of all to whom the Reverend author is known. The zealous and faithful manner in which he has always discharged his pastoral duties, has caused him to be beloved and respected by all classes; and in the step which he is now compelled to take, the large and populous Parish in which he has for several years past laboured with unwearied assiduity, will sustain a loss not easily to be repaired.

Tuesday, November 29, 1836.

My dear Friends,—It would be impossible for me to convey to you any idea of the many and deep conflicts of feeling through which I have passed, in coming to the conclusion which it is the object of this letter to communicate—that of retiring from the pastoral charge of this Church, leaving it to the providence of God whether I am ever again to return to it, or whether this is to be the final dissolution of the endearing connection which has hitherto subsisted between the people of this place and myself.

You need not be told, that, for this some time past, owing to the state of my health, my pastoral duties, both in public and private, have been but irregularly performed; and I may add, that, notwithstanding the inefficient manner in which these have been attended to, the pressure of them has been so great as to prevent altogether my following the directions of my physician in attending to recently-discovered complaints which are now affecting my general health more than any one can conceive, and which indeed in themselves are assuming a character so serious as to call for speedy remedial measures.

I had cherished the hope of obtaining such assistance as might have enabled me to apply these remedies, without giving up my connection with the Parish; but in this I have been disappointed. In reply to my application to the Bishop, his Lordship, while he expresses the most affectionate desire of doing any thing that he can for my own comfort and the benefit of my flock, informs me, at the same time, that it is not in his power to comply with my wishes. My efforts also in other quarters, have proved equally unsuccesful. Thus no alternative is afforded me but the one which I have adopted—that of leaving my flock to Him who can, if he please, supply them with a shepherd; and my family to that gracious Providence, who, if my health should not be amended, is able to provide for their wants when what now remains of my pecuniary resources shall be exhausted.

Endeared to me as is this section of the Redeemer's Church by so many affecting associations, and where, as I look around upon it, so much that is encouraging presents itself, I feel that I could gladly spend and be spent in the service of my beloved flock; but it is this very affectionate concern for the spiritual interests of the Parish which you, my dear friends, represent, especially in the present promising state of the Church, and not merely a regard for my own health, that obliges me, from conscientious conderations, to retire altogether, and thus to leave the door open and unobstructed, that, should an opportunity present itself of your engaging a Minister, you may feel entirely free to avail yourselves of the same.

It is not for me to forsee whether the great Husbandman intends that my labours in his Vineyard are ever again to be resumed:—should, however, my life be prolonged, and my health, thro' the Divine blessing sufficiently restored to admit of my undertaking such a charge, and the Church in this place be at such time without a Clergyman, and the Parishioners desire me again to become their Minister,—I trust it is not necessary for me to assure them how I should rejoice to revive the relationship now about to be dissolved; still, under the present circumstances, I must know that it would be acting very unjustly towards them, to continue to retain my situation, inasmuch as it would be engaging myself to the performance of duties, which could not be discharged in a manner at all satisfactory to my own convictions.

I expect, therefore, on the coming Sabbath, to take my leave of the pulpit I have been accustomed to occupy; and, in making this communication, I of course relinquish all pretension to such subscription as may have been entered into for any period beyond the three years of my own ministry, now just expired. This subscription, with such aid as you may reasonably expect from St. John, will probably enable you to obtain the services of another clergyman, so as to admit of our little sanctuary opening its doors, as each returning Sabbath invites the Christian's thoughts to the house and ordinances of his God.

I shall not attempt the expressing of my own feelings upon this affecting occasion; but must be permitted to say that I can never cease to cherish a grateful recollection of the kindness which I have experienced from my beloved Parishioners, during the period which I have been permitted to minister to them in Holy things. The liberality with which they have ministered to me of their earthly substance, and the regard which, in so many ways, they have manifested for my comfort, have been marked by a cordiality that could not fail of finding its way to the heart, and which has neither been unfelt nor unappreciated; and I beg to assure them, that although it should be the will of God that the endearing relation now about to be suspended should never be resumed, I shall not feel less deeply interested in whatever relates to their present and everlasting happiness. Your sincere friend,

And affectionate Minister,
GILBERT L. WIGGINS.

To the Wardens and Vestry of Grace Church, Portland.

Portland, 1st December, 1836.

Reverend and Dear Sir,—It is with feelings of sincere regret that the Wardens and Vestry received your communication of the 29th of November, announcing to us the painful necessity you were under of retiring from the pastoral duties of this Parish.

We cannot but deeply regret that the state of your health is such as to induce you to come to this painful conclusion; and we cannot express our feelings to you in any other way than to assure you that for the three years you have laboured amongst us, you have lived in the affections of your flock; and in retiring from the important duties which you have discharged so much to their satisfaction, it would be almost unnecessary to say that you carry with you the affections of your people, and that we, in common with the rest of your parishioners, shall ever cherish the most grateful remembrance of you in our hearts.

On behalf of the Vestry.

JOHN C. WATERBERY,
THOMAS RUDDOCK, } *Wardens.*

Festival of Saint Andrew.—The St. Andrews Society, celebrated their Anniversary on Wednesday evening last, at the Masonic Hall. Upwards of 80 persons sat down to dinner, and the evening was spent with great hilarity. His Worship the Mayor, President of the Society, presided and was ably supported by James Kirk, Esq. the Vice-President. Numerous guests were present, and were highly pleased with the whole entertainment.

Reporting the Debates.—We are authorised to state, that Mr. Pierce will again attend the Legislature the ensuing Session, for the purpose of publishing the Debates daily. He is now making preparations to furnish *two Reporters*, and expects to be at Fredericton about the opening of the House of Assembly. It is also his intention to employ a person in Saint John, who shall take the daily reports to the house of each subscriber, immediately on their arrival in the city; which arrangement we have no doubt will give satisfaction to those who intend encouraging this useful public undertaking. We are convinced that Mr. Pierce was a loser in his former undertaking, but trust, however, that his labours this Session will be fully compensated.

Subscribers names will be received at the different Printing Offices in the City; and also at the News Room and Circulating Library.—*Chronicle.*

During this week, we have been shewn a small Painting, representing the loss of the steamer Royal Tar. It is the production of one of our young natives, Mr. John Stanton, son of Benjamin Stanton, Esq. As a self-taught artist, he has evinced some genius in the execution, and we have no doubt, were his talents promoted, he would attain great credit. We are informed that it is his intention to execute an enlarged improved copy, in order to have it lithographed, and if so, there is no doubt but his talents will be suitably rewarded by his townsmen and a liberal public.—*Chronicle.*

Yesterday, a Coroner's Inquest was held on view of the body of John Flaherty, laborer, whose death took place the evening previous, in consequence of falling into the hold of the ship Saint Andrew—when a Verdict was found of "Accidental Death."

United States.—*Election of President.*—The American papers of late have been filled with returns and speculations relative to the election going on in the several States. From the annexed article taken from the New-York *Journal of Commerce* of the 22d ult. it would appear that there is little doubt of the return of Mr. Van Buren; but the Boston *Atlas* of Monday last, states that his election was still doubtful, as the returns from some of the States in which it was supposed he would have majorities, were not completed.—The Atlas says, the votes, thus far, stand—for Mr. Van Buren, 138; opposition 113.

The Election campaign is nearly over. If North Carolina has gone for Van Buren, of which there can no longer be any doubt, he only wants seven more votes to elect him by means of the Electoral College. These he will obtain without difficulty. Arkansas is certain for him; Missouri and Illinois highly probable; and he has at least an even chance in Alabama, Louisiana, and Mississippi.

The whole number of Electors will be 291; equal to the number of members in both Houses of Congress. One hundred and forty-six are necessary to a choice.

The Electors of President already ascertained to be chosen, are as follows:

	Harrison.	*Van Buren.*
New York,		42
Pennsylvania,		30
Vermont,	7	
Delaware,	3	
Connecticut,		8
Maryland,	10	
Ohio,	21	
New Hampshire,		7
Maine,		10
Virginia,		23
New Jersey,	8	
Massachusetts,	14	
Rhode Island,		4
North Carolina,		15
Kentucky,	15	
	—78	—139

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Central Fire Insurance Company, on Friday the 25th Nov. Mr. Thomas Stewart was chosen a Director, in room of John Simpson, Esq. resigned.—*Fredericton Royal Gazette.*

A Poll was opened at Westmorland, for the election of a new member to serve in the room of E. B. Chandler, Esquire, appointed to the Legislative Council. State of the Poll on Thursday the 24th inst.—Dr. Wilson, 80; Avard, 17; M'Kay, 2; Weldon, 1.—*Ibid.*

Militia of England.—The bill for calling out, exercising and training the militia of England, during the present year was suspended by an act of the last Parliament. This is said to be the first time since the peace that the enrollment of the militia has been allowed to expire. We shall soon follow suit, there is no doubt.—*N. York Sun.*—And New-Brunswick, too, *we* trust.

Edinburgh, September 5.—On Saturday last, the Reverend William Andrew, lately ordained by the Presbytery of Edinburgh as Minister of St. Stephen's Church, in the City of St. John, New Brunswick, and who has been for many years known and esteemed as an eminent and successful teacher in this City, was presented by several parents of his pupils, along with others, his colleagues in the Kirk Session of Buccleuch parish, with an elegant pulpit gown, and an assortment of standard theological works, previous to his departure for America. Mr. Andrew carries with him the most affectionate regards of a numerous circle of friends, many of whom were formerly his pupils, and the best wishes of all who knew him. Notwithstanding his numerous engagements, and almost incessant labours as a teacher, he also zealously officiated as a visitor and preacher for a number of years past, in a very densely inhabited district of the City, by the population of which his ministrations will long be remembered with the most sincere gratitude and affection.—*Caledonian Mercury.*

War Office, Oct. 14, 1836.—43d Regt.—Major W. Beresford, from the h. p. Unattached, to be Major, vice E. G. W. Keppel, who exchanges.

New-York, Nov. 23.—*Coal.*—A parcel of 50 tons Liverpool sold at $13 cash. *Fish.*—The demand for all descriptions continues quite limited, and on Mackerel we notice a further decline in prices: sales of No. 1 at $9,25 to $9,50; No. 2, $8,25 to $8,50; and No. 3, $5,87½ to $6. *Flour and Meal.*—The demand for Western Flour, though not extensive, continues fair, and prices generally remain without material variation. The sales have been: common brands Canal at $10; fancy, $10,25; Troy, $9.87½; and Ohio, best brands, $9,87½ to $10. The transactions in Southern continue trifling, the stock remaining so light as to admit of but very limited operations: some further sales of Georgetown were made at $10,50; and some parcels of Philadelphia have sold at $10,25 to $10,50. Rye Flour is still very scarce, and has been sold at $7; Corn Meal remains dull at $4.87½ for barrels, and $22,50 for hogsheads. *Exchange.*—There have been considerable sales of Bills on England for the packet of the 24th, at 8¾ to 9 per cent. premium, cash. Nov. 19th.—*Plaster Paris.*—The last cargo sale was at $3,75 cash; but the article is now exceedingly scarce, and would probably command $4.—*Com. List.*

*** Intimation.—St. Stephen's Church will be opened for regular Sabbath evening service To-morrow, (Sabbath first,) at 6 o'clock, P. M. The seats on these occasions will be *free.*

By order of the Committee of Management.
Dec. 3d. J. WISHART, *Secretary.*

Intimation.—In consequence of indisposition in the Rev. Mr. Wilson's family, notice is hereby respectfully given to the Congregations of St. Andrew's and St. Stephen's Churches, that the Rev. Mr. Andrew will preach in St. Andrew's Church To-morrow forenoon, and in St. Stephen's Church in the afternoon and evening.
St. John, 3d December, 1836.

MARINE INSURANCE.

I. L. Bedell, Broker.

Committee of Underwriters for December:

James Kirk, Robert Summers, John Walker.

*** The Committee meet every morning at ten o'clock, (Sundays excepted.)

Winter Arrangement of the Mails.

ARRIVALS.

Tuesday—From Fredericton, at 12, M. and from Nova Scotia, via Digby, at 5, P. M.
Wednesday—From Saint Andrews, at 12 M.
Thursday—From Fredericton, at 12 M.
Saturday—From Halifax, Dorchester, &c. at 10 A. M. and from Saint Andrews, at 12 M.

DEPARTURES.

Monday—For Fredericton, at 11 A. M.
Wednesday—For Dorchester, Miramichi, Halifax, &c. at 1 P. M. and for Saint Andrews, at 6 P. M.
Friday—For Fredericton and Canada, at 11 A. M.
Saturday—For Nova Scotia, via Digby, at 7 P. M. and for St. Andrews, at 6 P. M.

Post Office, Saint John, Nov. 24, 1836.

THERMOMETRICAL TABLE.

Extreme Heat during the day, and Cold during the Night,

Indicated by a Registrating Thermometer.

Sat.		Sun.		Mon		Tues		Wed		Thu		Frid	
Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night
31	21	31	26	29	24	32	24	28	28	28	11	23	19

Brussels-street, Dec. 3, 1836.

MARRIED.

At Annapolis, Nova-Scotia, on Thursday the 24th ult. by the Rev. Edwin Gilpin, Mr. William O. Smith, of this City, to Mis. Eliza Mossman, of the former place.

At Carleton, on Sunday last, by the Rev. F. Coster, Mr. William Whitman, of Laurence Town, Nova-Scotia, to Miss Caroline, second daughter of Mr. Samuel Belyea, of the former place.

At Annapolis, on the 22d ult. by the Rev. G. Johnson, Mr. William B. Bent, to Charlotte, third daughter of Mr. Henry Hardwick.

At Halifax, on the 14th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Morrison, Mr. Thomas Dunbrack, of St. John, N. B., to Mary, second daughter of Mr. William Woodill.

At same place, on the 15th, by the Venerable Archdeacon Willis, D. D., John William Ritchie, Esquire, Barrister at Law, to Amelia Rebecca, second daughter of W. B. Almon, M. D.

DIED.

On Monday se'nnight, Nathan, infant son of Mr. Geo. Ziegler, aged 3 months and 12 days.

On Monday, Mr. John Vallely, cooper, aged 40 years, a native of Ireland, and latterly a resident in this City. He has left a wife and family to lament their loss.

On Monday evening, Mr. James Mason, carpenter, in the 30th year of his age.

On Wednesday morning, Isabella Maria, only daughter of Mr. Charles Kay, aged 9 months.

On Thursday morning last, Mr. John Brady, Butcher, aged 26 years. Funeral from his late residence in Great George's-street, To-morrow, (Sunday,) at 2 o'clock.

This morning, after a short illness, Maria Ann, second daughter of Mr. James Monroe, in the 17th year of her age. Funeral on Tuesday, at 4 o'clock, from her Father's residence, Parish of Portland, when friends and acquaintances of the family are requested to attend.

At Seymour, District of Newcastle, U. C. on the 17th September last, Lieutenant-Colonel R. Campbell, late 28th Foot, and formerly of H. M. 52d Light Infantry.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN—ARRIVED,

Tuesday—New brig Isadore, Pitts, Quaco—T. Wallace, ballast.
Schr. Boyne, Spears, from a fishing voyage.
Wednesday—New ship Marion, Green, Cornwallis—W. Mackay, 36 cords wood, and 4 barrels cider.
Thursday—Brig Peter I. Nevius, Brown, New York, 5—D. & P. Hatfield, assorted cargo.
Union, Perry, Philadelphia, 7—E. A. Price, assorted cargo.
Friday—Schr. Industry, Hamm, Pictou, 19—Ratchford & Lugrin, coals and salmon.

ENTERED—FROM NOVA-SCOTIA.

Nov. 25th—Schr. Ino. Wyman, Brier Island, 618 qtls dry fish, 142 brls mackerel, 3 do. oil, 185 lbs. butter, 15 doz. eggs, 69 pair mitts, 39 do. socks, 1 bbl salmon; Nile, Vaughan, Windsor, 65 tons plaster.

26th—Schr. Neptune, Fowler, Apple River, 30,000 ft. deals; Prospect, O'Brien, Douglas, 3000 feet deals, and 15 tons plaster; Robert Ellis, Spence, Cumberland, 130 brls. beef, 3 do. pork, 23 firkins (1320 lbs.) butter; Adventure, Spence, Parrsboro, 15 tons hay, 9000 feet deals, 3000 feet birch boards, 8 cwt. oatmeal, 30 bushels oats, 20 do. turnips, 2 brls. pork; Mary Jane, Spence, Cumberland, 45 brls. beef, 20 do. pork, 60 firkins (3600 lbs.) butter, 60 tons plaster, and 2 cords wood; William Gilbert, Martin, Cumberland, 13,000 feet deals.

29th—Schr. Charles Thomas, Elderkin, Apple River, 42,000 feet deals; Element, M'Burnie, Parrsboro, 30,000 feet deals; Seven Sons, Gray, Parrsboro, 12,000 ft. deals, 20 brls. beef, 100 bushels oats, and 70 firkins (4480 lbs.) butter; William Henry, Martin, Cornwallis, 1100 bushels potatoes, 50 do. apples, 40 do. oats, 60 brls. cider, and 1 do. pork; steamer Maid of the Mist, Hennebray, Annapolis and Digby, 10 firkins (6 cwt.) butter, 3 brls. apples, 2 do. poultry, 6 oxen; 6 sheep, and 12 chairs.

30th—Schr. Betsy, Calhoun, Amherst, 21,000 ft. deals; S. G. W. Archibald, Wier, Parrsboro, 36,000 feet deals, 5000 feet birch boards, 4000 feet pine boards, and 370 lbs. pork; Friendship, Pineo, Cornwallis, 700 bushels potatoes, 60 bushels apples, 40 brls. do. 2000 lbs. fresh meat, 50 lbs. ham, 50 lbs. dried apples 50 brls. cider, 60 lbs. poultry, 20 bushels turnips, and 1 brl. herrings; Victory, Campbell, Cumberland, 30,000 feet deals; Henry Bowser, Vaughan, Windsor, 90 tons plaster; Dolphin, Chisholm, Parrsboro, 20,000 feet deals, 2000 staves, 25 barrels pork, 30 do. beef, 40 lbs. tongues, 1280 lbs. pork, 750 do. butter, 60 do. lard, 10 barrels shad, and 30 geese and ducks; Admiral Digby, Wright, Digby, 20 bushels oats, 5 brls. cider, 9 oxen, 73 sheep, 10 dozen eggs, 9 bushels turnips 1 brl. appies, 12 geese, 96 lbs. mutton, 17 chairs; Dart, Tauch, Digby, 2 oxen, 1 horse, 15 sheep, 5 carcasses mutton, 100 lbs. butter, 20 bushels potatoes, 2 barrels apples, 7 brls. mackerel, 1 do. shad, and 10 boxes smoked herrings; Active, Sandford, Windsor, 30 M. feet deals.

Dec. 1—Brig Temperance, Allen, Parrsboro, 100 tons timber, 1000 feet deals, 5000 do. boards, 9 cords lathwood, and 6 do. fire wood; schr. Good Intent, Messenger, Annapolis, 3 tons hay, 3 cows, ten sheep, 3000 staves, 9000 feet deals, 20 barrels cider, 20 do. apples, 5 cwt cheese, 50 lbs. butter, 15 bushels oats, and 200 do potatoes; William Charles, M'Kenzie, Parrsboro, 24,000 ft. deals, 1000 feet boards, and 1 cord lathwood.

2d—Schr. Sarah, Goodwin, Digby, 5 cords wood, 4000 feet scantling, 1000 staves, 12 brls. cider, 4 do. apples, 14 bushels turnips, and 130 do. potatoes; Thorne, Potter, Canso, 150 brls. mackerel, 80 do. herrings, 10 quintals dry fish, and 8 chaldrons coals; Mary Ann, Crouse, Digby, 12 cords wood, 25 bushels potatoes, and 5 do. oats.

COASTWISE.

Nov. 25.—Schr. Alert, Wane, Black River, ballast; Post Boy, Heney, Welchpool, 95 brls. herrings, 66 do. mackerel, 21 casks dry fish, 4 brls cod fish, 1 M. shingles, 1 M. laths, 54 pieces scantling.

26th.—Schr Isabella, Pangbourn, St. George, 40 M. ft. deals; Tripoli, Patterson, Salmon River, 10 M. ft. deals; Antelope, Sharp, Musquash, 30 M. ft. boards; steamer Gazelle, Smith, St. Andrews, passengers.

28—Schooner Helen, Halcrow, Dorchester, 49,000 shingles, 16,000 feet deals, 120 pieces grindstones, 3 barrels oysters, 5 firkins butter, and 10 hides.

29th—Schr. Russell, Cornwell, Dorchester, 15,000 feet boards, 3000 do. deals, 30 brls. beef, and 25 firkins butter.

30th—Schr. Lark, Cole, Dorchester, 22,500 feet deals, 2300 feet hardwood boards, 13 brls. beef, 23 firkins [1150 lbs.] butter, and 5 hides; Nelson, Dickson, Hopewell, 12,000 feet deals; Norna, White, Petticodiac, 580 feet deals, 100 bushels oysters, 10 bushels oats, and 10 geese; Alert, Wane, Black River, 30,000 feet deals; Elephant, Kyffin, Petticodiac, 110 tons timber; Victory, Beaumont, Petticodiac, 12 cords wood and 15 bushels oats; Delight, Brown, Tynemouth, ballast.

Dec. 1—Schr. Mink, O'Brien, Musquash, 12 M. feet deals; Salisbury, Boyd, Petticodiac, 11,000 feet deals, 7 M. shingles, and 15 brls. oysters; Margaret, Campbell, Dipper Harbour, 12 cords wood; Eliza, Ellis, Dipper Harbour, 5 brls. oats, 3 hides, and 3 cords wood; Edwin Botsford, Lewis, Hillsboro, 36M. feet deals, and 30 firkins butter; Enterprise, Irving, Petticodiac, 30 M. feet deals, 6 firkins butter, 6 cwt. pork, 2 cwt. poultry, & 15 hides; William M., Price, Crow Harbour, 40 M. feet deals; Phœbe, Bancroft, Grand Manan, 3 brls. oil, 2 do. blubber, 2 quintals dry fish, 12 dozen eggs, and 10 lbs. butter.

ENTERED FOR LOADING.

Nov. 26—St. George, Kay, Newry.
28—Calcutta, Reid, Liverpool.
Dec. 1—St. Andrew, Smith, Liverpool.
Elizabeth, Hall, Clyde.

CLEARED.

Ship Voyager, Wilson, Hull, timber.
Clifton, Havelock, Bristol, timber.
Glasgow, Stephenson, Liverpool, timber.
Mozambique, Cronk, Liverpool, timber.
Liverpool, Johnston, Liverpool, timber.
St. Patrick, Breen, Londonderry, timber.
Schr. Samuel Gould, Simpson, Montego Bay—fish and lumber.

The Union spoke on the 24th ult. off Cape May, schr. Thistle, hence for Philadelphia.

Ship Brothers, Poole, from Richibucto, at Liverpool, in 23 days.

Ship Elizabeth, Scott, at this port, from Liverpool, on the 20th October, in lat. 49, 54, N. long. 17, 15, W. fell in with the hull of a brig or barque, named "*Superior*," of Cardiff, coppered, quarter galleries, a bust head with a long beard black or brown, bowsprit standing and part of the foremast, anchors on the bows, fore and after hatch off—apparently deal laden, as they appeared through her stern. No person on deck.

Schr. Zealous, and cargo, (owned by Mr. W. M'Auley, of this City,) was lost on Mary's Point, Shepody, on the night of the 21st ult: crew saved.

Arrived at Boston, 27th ult. schr. Ray, Lingley, hence, and British Token, Thomas, from Cumberland.

At Savannah, 10th ult. schr. Louisa Ann, Faulkener, of this port, from Montego Bay.

Cleared at New-York, 26th ult. schr. Argonaut, A. Betts, of this port, for Jamaica.

The schr Leo, Rees, of this port, from Argyle, N. S. arrived at Gibraltar 3d Oct. and sailed for Malaga.

Left at St. Mary's, River Gambia, Oct. 20, schr. Margaret, Garrick, of and for this port, to sail in a few days.

Schr. Edwin, belonging to Argyle, D. Goodwin, master, with a load of wood, bound to Boston, was unfortunately wrecked on Cape Cod, on Thursday the 3d inst. in a heavy gale of wind. The Passengers (among whom were three females, and Mr. Geddes, of Barrington,) with the crew, were all saved, but the Master perished, being thrown overboard by the violence of the surf. Mr. Goodwin is much regretted as an honest, industrious man.—*Yarmouth Herald.*

The brig Sir William Maitland, Robinson, master, from Quebec for Sunderland, was driven on shore at Langley, in a squall on the 26th Oct. —crew saved. A large barque has drifted on shore at Lamlin, Newfoundland, no person on board.—*Prince Edward Island Gazette.*

Most distressing Shipwreck.—The Ship Bristol, Capt. M'Kown, was driven ashore at Far Rockaway, about 25 miles below this City, on Sunday night last, and of one hundred and twenty persons on board, only thirty-two have been saved. All the rest perished. The ship also has gone to pieces, and with the cargo is a total loss. Among the survivors are the Captain and crew. It appears that in consequence of the heavy surf no communication could be had with the ship until Monday noon, when, as before stated, only 32 persons were found alive. The ship filled immediately after she struck.