POETRY.

THE POET OF THE POOR.

EBENEZER ELLIOT, a poor iron dealer of Sheffield, (Eng.) sprung from the lowest ranks, is astonishing the world by strains worthy of a BURNS. The following comparison of the outward and visible glories of creation with the prospects which are opening on society from the light of knowledge, are extracted from one of his recent productions:

God said "Let there be light!"
Grim darkness felt his might,
And fled away;
Then startled seas, and mountains cold,
Shone forth all bright in blue and gold,
And cried "'Tis day, 'tis day!"

"Hail holy light!" exclaimed
The thunderous cloud that flamed
O'er daisies white;
And lo! the rose, in crimson dressed
Leaned sweetly o'er the lily's breast,
And blushing, murmured "Light!"

Then was the sky lark born,
Then rose the embattled corn—
Then floods of praise
Flowed o'er the sunny hills of noon.
And then, in stillest night, the moon
Poured forth her pensive lays;
Lo! heaven's bright bow is glad!
Lo! trees and flowers all clad,
In glory, bloom.

And shall the immortal sons of God
Be senseless as the trodden clod,
And darker than the tomb!
No, by the MIND of man!
By the swart artizan!
By God, our sire!
Our souls have holy light within,
And every form of grief and sin
Shall see and feel its fire.

By earth, and hell, and heaven,
The shroud of souls is riven!
Mind, mind alone
Is light, and hope, and life, and power,
Earth's deepest night from this blessed hour,
The night of mind is gone!

PHOSPHORESCENCE OF THE OCEAN.

We are indebted to a friend who sailed from this country not long since for England—and from whom, on behalf of our readers, we hope frequently to hear during his residence in the British capital—for the following facts in relation to the causes which produce the phosphorescent light of the ocean. Numerous theories have been advanced, to account for this wonderful and beautiful phenomena; but it has been left, if we mistake not, for our correspondent, by patient and persevering experiment, to "pluck out the heart of the mystery," beyond all gainsaying.

"On the third or fourth day from Sandy Hook, we found ourselves tossing about in the uncertain navigation of the Gulf Stream. Fearing to encounter the dreadful accumulations of ice and snow on the Banks of Newfoundland, the Captain had pushed on at once in a due east course, which I believe is not the usual route, and thus we were brought more speedily within the baffling influence of squalls, sunshine, calm, gales, and storms, always attendant upon the course of the stream. In one of these calms, hanging listlessly over the bulwarks of the ship, looking vacantly into the deep blue waters beneath, my attention was arrested by a number of fantastical forms, which seemed to have the power of motion like that of snakes, only slower. At length, urged by curiosity, I seized one of the ship's buckets, fastened the end of a rope to the handle, plunged it overboard, and pulled it up full of water. I looked into it, but seeing nothing save water, I immediately threw it back. I again and again essayed, without discovering the object for which I sought. I now looked over the side of the vessel, and still saw objects floating in great quantities, and every now and then sending forth a lingering flash of prismatic light, resembling an opal. By this time the water in the pail had become quiet; and, on looking more intently into its very midst, I discovered the object of my search; and gently putting the hollow of my hand under one of them, I brought it out of its element; and, wonderful to behold, found its lengthened form was composed of some scores of perfect living animals, each distinct in a living individuality, transparent and colourless, of the fashion and form of crystals, possessing two horns, projecting above its mouth, by which they were enabled to string themselves together, and become, to the common observer, one animal. A slight touch separated them, and a violent dashing of the water would also break the continuity. No one on board had ever observed them before. Elevating one upon the end of my finger, and placing it in relief against the bright sky, I found it to possess violent muscular motion, like the breathing of an animal after great exertion, but which I believe to be only muscular power.

"It was angular, like cut glass, and consisted of a thin, jelly-like substance, which soon dissolved and ran down my finger like water, leaving behind the membraneous covering, scarcely discernible. In the centre of each was an assemblage of very thin blue veins, two or three of which radiated until lost to the eye in their minuteness.

"I now found myself animated by the spirit of a naturalist. The languor and ennui of an idle voyager left me: I was ever after looking out for new objects of interest. A few days after, when we had made some ten or twelve degrees of east longitude, I noticed, as we swept through the water, a round, jelly-like substance, of a sponge-colour, floating at various depths. For one of these I fished a long time in vain; at last I induced the mate to try his luck, promising him a bottle of wine if he obtained me one. It was long before he caught one in a pail, and emptying it with the water into a white wash-basin, I kept it for three days in my state-room, changing the water twice every day. During this time I watched and noted down its habits. As it was a very curious animal, I made two coloured drawings of it, in two positions, in my sketch-book. It resembles in form a mushroom before it has reached its full growth.—It is perfectly transparent, and the body part colourless; but the great number of brown specks which are sprinkled over it give it the sponge-like colour, when seen at a short distance. On the under part of the rim are thirty-two points, or to express myself more properly, the periphery separates into thirty-two points, half an inch long, which contract and expand together. Inside of these are eight round pipe-like feelers, about the thickness of a fine straw, but of a bright pink colour. These last have the most astonishing power of extension, reaching even to ten inches or more, and of suddenly drawing themselves within the compass of half an inch in length. They are thrown out in fine lines in every direction, in search of food; and when they seize hold of their prey, it is hurried to their common mouth, situated in the same position as the stem of the mushroom, and of about the same size. At an inch in length, it divides into four speckled brown tapering tubes, opening in their entire length, but kept closed by a membrane of the same brown colour, and which is very similar to a shirt-frill. Into and within these folds the food is huddled. These four tubes and their frills serve also as a tail to steer the animal by, and are endued with great sensitiveness in every part. We here see the anomalous union of mouth and tail.

"It seems to have but two senses—feeling and taste. During the time I kept it, I fed it upon small pieces of beef and pork. In six hours a piece of beef three-fourths of an inch long and one fourth of an inch thick was digested. The animal being perfectly transparent, I could plainly watch the wasting process of digestion. The pork it first swallowed, but in the course of the night it had ejected it into the membraneous folds of its tail. In the night, my state-room being perfectly dark, I touched it with my finger, *when instantly every one of the thirty-two points flashed forth a luminous phosphorescent light!* I waited a short time, when placing my hand under it, I lifted it up, and the whole mass became luminous. Letting it drop, I found that it had transmitted some to my fingers, which shone brightly for a few seconds after. I have hence inferred that the animal is endowed with this wonderful property, to terrify 'the larger fry' that would otherwise prey upon it. In this case, the light is not attended with a shock like that of the electric eel. I now regret that I did not examine the first species by night, for it is my firm belief that they have equally the power of emitting phosphorescent light. If this be true, it will account for the opal-like irradiance noticed in the day-time. I have thus satisfied myself as to the cause of the luminous appearance of the sea. It does not proceed from putrescent matter held in solution, as formerly thought, but is unquestionably derived from these and other kinds of living jelly-fish, which are found of every size, from mere animalculæ to a foot or more in length. In fact they are a creation as multitudinous in variety as quadrupeds, birds, &c. In warm calms and other periods, they rise near the surface, when the agitation of the water causes them to flash forth their light; and when this is done in the midst of foam, every globe of air (foam being composed of air-bubbles,) becomes a lens to reflect light, varying in strength according to its proximity; and thus are the millions of lenses scattering and multiplying light, until the whole whitened mass appears a sheet of flame."—*Knickerbocker.*

Extraordinary Phenomenon at Derby.—On Thursday week during a heavy thunder storm the rain poured down in torrents, mixed with half melted ice, which battered against the windows in large patches; but, incredible as it may appear, hundreds of small fishes and frogs in great abundance descended with the torrents of rain. The fish were from half an inch to two inches long, and a few considerably larger, one weighed three ounces; some of the fish had very hard pointed spikes on their backs, and are commonly called suttle backs. Many were picked up alive. The frogs were from the size of a horse bean to that of a garden bean; numbers of them came down alive, and jumped away as fast as they could, but the bulk were killed by the fall on the hard pavement. We have seen some alive to-day, which appear to enjoy themselves, in a glass with water and leaves in it. Respecting the cause of this curious phenomenon, it is most likely a whirlwind has been the agent which has transported these animals from their own element to terra firma, and this is in some degree confirmed by the circumstance of many shrubberies being severely injured in this neighbourhood by the same storm.

HYDROPHOBIA IN A HORSE.—The Perthshire Advertiser has a terrific story of the madness and death of a horse at Perth, which was bit upon the upper lip by a dog in a rabid state, but seemed in no way affected by the accident till about a month afterwards. About that time he made a ferocious attack upon a carter who entered the stable, and who, with difficulty and great exertion of strength made his escape with his shoulder much torn.—Subsequently in another attack, the infuriate brute got him down, and would have torn and trampled him to death, but for the arrival of two men, one of whom struck the horse a heavy blow on the head with a hammer. From this time his convulsive frenzy increased to such a degree that it was found necessary to have him strongly barricaded in the stable. Two or three individuals, (says the account) anxious to see the animal in the heat of his paroxysms, made way into the loft above him. The scene was appalling in the extreme. Below them was the infuriate brute, dimly seen through a cloud of steam fed by the fires that raged through and distended his nostrils. Every vein and muscle was frightfully swollen, he had broken his binding, torn his collar to tatters, and was kicking and stamping furiously through the stable. Now he would neigh, now heave groans of the greatest agony, then shaking as with an ague fit, would gather himself up, and suddenly, with a scream, spring aloft making the very house shake with the fall. Then he would groan again, or gnashing his teeth, roll his eyes wildly and savagely around. He ever and anon tore with his teeth the flesh from his breast, would shake for a moment the quivering carrion, and then dash it from him, as if he found relief in the intensity of his sufferings. The walls of the stable were now literally covered with froth and blood; and in this dreadful state the animal continued till exhausted nature gave way. The poor brute died about two o'clock on the following morning. The carter's wounds are healing, and at present give no symptoms of further danger.

A SIMILE.—If, reader, you have ever looked through a solar microscope at the monsters in a drop of water, perhaps you have wondered to yourself how things so terrible have been hitherto unknown to you; you have felt a loathing at the limpid element you have hitherto deemed so pure, you have half fancied that you would cease to be a water-drinker; yet, the next day you have forgotten the grim life that started before you, with its countless shapes, in that teeming globule; and, if so tempted by your thirst, you have not shrunk from the lying crystal, although myriads of the horrible unseen are mangling, devouring, gorging each other, in the liquid you so tranquilly imbibe: so is it with that ancestral and master elephant called Life. Lapped in your sleek comforts, and lolling on the sofa of your patent conscience, when, perhaps for the first time, you look through the glass of conscience upon one ghastly globule, in the waters that heave around, that fill up, with their succulence, the pores of earth, that moistens every atom subject to your eyes, or handled by your touch, you are startled and dismayed; you say mentally, "Can such things be? I never dreamed of this before! I thought what was invisible to me was non existent in itself, I will remember this dread experiment." The next day the experiment is forgotten. The chemist may rarify the globule—can science make pure the world?—*Bulwer's new novel, Night and Morning.*

DESTRUCTIVE KISSING.—Cicero speaks of a bronze statue of Hercules which had the features worn away by the frequent osculations of the devout. Several instances of the same kind have occurred in modern times. The face of the Saviour, among the bronze bas reliefs which adorn the Casa Santa at Loretto, has in this manner been quite kissed away. The foot of the famous statue of St. Peter, in the Vatican, has lost most of its metal by the continued application of the lips and foreheads of its votaries, and it has been found necessary to protect the foot of the statue of the Saviour, by Michael, in the Minerva, from similar injury by a brass buskin.

AERATED WATERS.

J. G. SHARP, Chemist, &c. begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Saint John and its vicinity, that he has lately erected a NEW PATENT ENGINE, for manufacturing AERATED SODA and SEIDLITZ WATER, LEMONADE, GINGER BEER, SARSAPARILLA, &c.,—which, from the great POWER and superior ACTION of the MACHINERY, will be produced in the highest state of perfection; and may be had from the Fountain, which is well supplied with ICE,—or put up in strong glass bottles, and sent to any part of the City free of expense.

St. John, June 26, 1841.

McDERMOTT'S

Looking Glass and Picture Frame Manufactory,
GERMAIN STREET.

JUST received by the schr. "*Teazer*," from NewYork, *the most extensive assortment of* MAHOGANY FRAMED LOOKING GLASSES *ever imported into this city at one time,*—which together with the stock on hand, amounting to **2500 Glasses,** form a collection, that, for *extent, variety* and *quality,* is unequalled in the British Provinces.

This valuable collection of Goods, together with a large quantity of Crown and Sheet Window and Picture GLASS, of all sizes; Picture Frames of every description; Window Poles and Cornices of the richest and most fashionable patterns; and a beautiful collection of Engravings, from the burines of the most celebrated artists of the day; Gold Leaf, Varnish, Glue, Sand Paper, &c. are offered to the public at a reduction of 10 per cent. on former prices, for Cash.

N. B.—The public may find at this establishment, every kind of Goods above enumerated, at once calculated to suit their wants, and at prices that will convince them that the proprietor's object is business. F McDERMOTT.

Saint John, August 7, 1841.

Splendid Silk HATS,

LONDON AND FRENCH STYLE,
Manufactured with light Beaver bodies.

J. MAGEE, Beaver and Silk Hat Manufacturer, most respectfully returns his thanks to the public for the liberal encouragement he has met with since his arrival in Saint John and announces that he has completed his Hat Factory upon the newest and most approved system, where the above business will be carried on with spirit and good taste; and having formed communications in London and New-York, he will have forwarded to him the *best materials* and *newest fashions,* from both Cities, as soon as introduced. Gentlemen who may feel disposed to encourage Domestic Manufacture, are requested to visit the establishment, and inspect MAGEE'S *Black and Drab Superfine HATS; low Broad Brims;* Children's Fancy HATS; Ladies' Riding Hats; Field Officers' Cocked Hats, made to the newest regulation.

TAKE NOTICE.—*Magee's* HAT MANUFACTORY, *Golden Ball; and* STORE, *South side of King-street.*

☞ Hats repaired and altered to fashion.

Saint John, July 17, 1841.

☞ NOTICE. ☜

THE Subscriber intends closing his present business immediately, and therefore requests all persons having any claims against him to present them for adjustment, and all those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

Aug. 7. THOMAS M. SMITH.

☞ NOTICE. ☜

THE undersigned having obtained Licence as AUCTIONEERS, beg leave to tender their services to the Public in that capacity, and to assure their friends that the most prompt attention will be given to any business entrusted to them. Advances made on consignments.

M. & J. M'DONNELL.

Saint Stephen, N. B. Aug. 11, 1841.

To Tailors.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the Trade that he has been appointed Agent for the sale of T. OLIVER'S REPORT OF FASHIONS, as also his *self varying Shoulder Measure System*—the most simple and best adapted to fit the human form of any other yet offered. Persons wishing can receive the *Fashions* or *System,* with or without instructions.

Terms—System of Cutting without instructions, ... £2 0 0
Ditto with instructions, . £3 0 0
Report of Fashions . . £0 15 0

Can be sent to any part of the Province.

JAMES REYNOLDS,
Opposite Mr. Vernon's Brick Building.

Aug. 14. *Germain Street*

NEW VESSEL.

For Sale on accommodating Terms:

THE HULL and SPARS, complete, of a new VESSEL of the following dimensions, viz.:—Length of Keel, 62 feet; breadth of Beam, 18 feet 9 inches; depth of Hold, 10 feet 3 inches; will register about one hundred tons, old measurement, and can be launched in all next month.

Also for sale,—

A CARGO OF BRIGHT DEALS, to load—suitable for the English or Irish market. Apply to J. & G. KNIGHT, *Pennfield.*

June 19, 1841.

CHOCOLATE & PORK.—Landing ex *Charlotte,* from Halifax,—30 brls. Chocolate, 100 brls. Prime Mess Pork; for sale by

Aug. 14. SANCTON & CROOKSHANK.

BRANDY, WINE, &c.

The subscriber has received, per "Perthshire" from Glasgow:

20 PIPES BRANDY, (*Martell's best.*)
40 hhds. do., 5 pipes GENEVA,
10 hhds. GENEVA,
30 pipes and hhds. Port, Sherry, Madeira, and Teneriffe WINE, 11 puns. WHISKEY,
10 hhds. Refined SUGAR,
100 doz. London PORTER, 100 ditto ALE,
300 gross Beer CORKS. The whole will be sold low, while landing, for cash or approved paper.

THOMAS PARKS,

May 8. *Dock-street.*

Water-Street, 7th August, 1841.

Received per ship Montrose and brig Saint George, from Liverpool, and Rose, from London:

6 CASKS assorted HARDWARE;
7 cases containing Mill, Circular, Pit, X Cut, Hand, and Tennon SAWS;
2 casks Files and Rasps, assorted;
3 do. Joiners' Tools, assorted;
2 do. Sickles and Reaping Hooks;
100 bundles Plough Plate Iron, assorted;
200 Plough-share Moulds, *Foster's make;*
130 bundles Staffordshire Hoop Iron, ⅞ to 4 inch;
15 do. assorted Moulding Iron, for iron doors;
250 boxes Window GLASS, 7x9, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, and 10x15;
200 brls. ROMAN CEMENT;
50 tierces Whitning, assorted sizes;
20 casks Red Ochre, do; 20 do. Yellow do. do.;
10 do. Lamp black, in ¼, ½, and 1 lb. papers;
5 tons Putty, in 7, 14, and 28 lb. bladders;
50 bolts Copper, ¾, ⅞, 1, 1⅛, and 1¼ inch;
125 rolls Sheet Lead, 3 lb. to 8 lb.;
6000 bars common and refined English IRON, assorted, round and flat;
200 bars Swedes IRON, assorted;
250 bundles SHEET IRON, assorted;
150 boxes TIN, IC, IX, IXX, DC, DX, and DXX;
A large assortment of Common Oil, Shop, Hall, Table, and Hanging LAMPS, from 15s. to £20.
Lamp Shades and Chimneys of every description; Wicks, &c.
Which, together with their extensive Stock of Hardware, will be sold at their usual low prices.

THOS. M'AVITY & CO.

SOAP, CANDLES, &c.

The Subscriber has just received per ship *Montrose,* from Liverpool:

250 BOXES SOAP and CANDLES,
10 bales NAVY CANVAS,
10 tons CORDAGE, assorted sizes,
5 tons OAKUM; 50 brls. COAL TAR;
All of which he offers for sale at the lowest market rates, while landing at Hatfield's wharf.

7th August. J. WISHART.

FLOUR, CORN, &c.

Just received, ex schooner Teazer, from New York, and Woodlands, from Philadelphia:

200 BRLS. RYE FLOUR,
100 do. Philadelphia superfine and Fine FLOUR,
100 brls. Genessee superfine FLOUR,
25 half barrels ditto, ditto, (put up expressly for family use,) 300 bushels Yellow CORN,
5 barrels MESS PORK,

—*IN STORE*—

150 brls. Corn MEAL, 200 bushels CORN,
10 brls Prime MESS PORK,—which will be sold low for Cash.

PERKINS & HATFIELD.

July 24. No. 3, South Market Wharf.

IRON, PORK, &c.

60 TONS Common and Refined IRON,
16 brls. prime N. S. PORK,
25 do. PITCH and TAR.

July 17. [Her.] JOHN ALEXANDER.

IRON PUMPS.

FOR sale by the subscriber,—2 Iron PUMPS, 20 feet long; 10 tons best OAKUM.

Aug. 7. CRANE & M'GRATH.

No. 1, South Wharf.

WALKER TISDALE & SON

Have received per Montrose, from Liverpool:

20 CASKS containing a very general assortment of HARDWARE, &c. Tea-kettles and Saucepans, steel and brass Fire Irons, Andirons, Coffee Mills; Trying, Jack & Smooth ing Planes, Tea Trays, Candlesticks, Stair Rods, Hinges in great variety, Screws, Padlocks, Handpads, Iron Braces, Chest Handles, Pin Mauls, Scupper and Brass Nails, Cornice Rod Hooks, Hasps, and Staples, Iron Squares, Tea and Table Spoons, Curtain Bands, Roller Blind Furniture, Patent Weighing Machines, Patent Corkscrews, Snuffers and Snuffer Trays, japanned Wood Knobs, Dog Collars, Carpenters' Rules, Size Sticks, Chest and Till Locks, Brass Cocks, Hand-rail Screws, bell-metal Preserving Kettles, Sewing, Rigging, and Bead Awls, Bullet Moulds Percussion Caps, Gun Worms, Slate Pencils, Shutter Latches, Brass Screws, &c.
2 cases containing BRASSES in great variety,
1 do. BORAX (refined);
1 do. GUNS and Pocket PISTOLS;
6 bundles FRYING PANS;
6 baskets Sand Scythe Stones;
6 Blacksmiths' Bellows, 28, 30, 32, 34 inch.

Which are offered at exceedingly low rates for approved payments. *August 7.*

OATMEAL.

JUST received by the subscribers—20 Barrels OATMEAL, first quality.

Aug. 7. CRANE & M'GRATH.

No. 4, North Market Wharf.

The subscribers have received per late arrivals a general assortment of GOODS—among which are,

HARDWARE and CUTLERY, in great variety; bales white, grey and printed COTTONS; do. Prints, Bedticks, Moleskins, rolled Jaconets, Counterpanes, ready-made CLOTHING; bales Canvas; Stationery; Fishing Lines, Twines and Nets; shoe and sewing Threads, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

50 chests fine Congo TEA; 100 boxes SOAP, 30 boxes mould Candles; 10 do. Blue; 16 do. Pipes, 30 do. Starch; 10 casks boiled and raw OIL; 1 ton London White Lead; 1 do. Putty; 1 do. Oakum; 10 boxes Tin Plates; 10 bags Black Pepper;

Casks Blue Vitriol, Allum, Copperas, and Bath Bricks, rolls Sheet Lead; coils White Rope, &c with a great variety of other articles, which will be sold at low rates by

May 29. ESTEY & BLACK.

Canvas, Cordage, Coals, &c.

The subscribers are now landing ex Victoria, from the Clyde:—

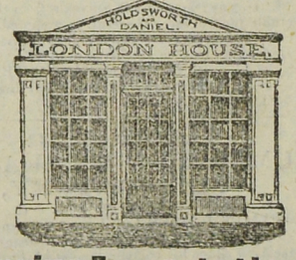
200 BOLTS OSNABURGHS and brown SHEETINGS;
200 bolts bleached } CANVAS;
150 do. brown }
300 do. Gourock }
150 coils CORDAGE and BOLT ROPE;
HAWSERS, 4 inches to 8½ inches;
HOUSELINE, HAMBERLINE, RATLINE, SPUNYARN, &c. &c.
7 tons OAKUM; 27 tons IRON, assorted;
5 bales WRAPPING PAPER;
0 cases THREADS, assorted;
DRY GOODS, consisting of Jim Crow HATS; Caps, assorted; Orleans and Saxonies; SILKS; SLOPS; HOSIERY; and a variety of other articles. —ALSO—
100 tons best Scotch COALS;

Daily expected from London:—

170 kegs Canister and Blasting POWDER.

For sale low by

June 5. MUNRO, WALLACE & CO.



Spring Importations

Per ships "Canton" and "Emerald."

ORLEANS Cloths, Saxonys, Summer Cloths Cantoons, Moleskins, Muslins; white, grey and printed COTTONS; Ginghams; HANDKERCHIEFS; Linings; Quilts & Counterpanes; Linens, Lawns and Hollands; Regattas; Shirting Stripes and Homespuns; COTTON WARP, &c. &c.

London Goods,

Per "Rebecca".

A large assortment of Mousselin de Laines, Orleans Cloths, Saxonies, Summer Cloths, Bombazines, Crapes, Shawls and Handkerchiefs, Gro de Naples, Satins, Persians, Nets, Quillings, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves and Hosiery, Silk Handkerchiefs, Broad CLOTHS, Buckskins and Kerseymeres, Scarfs, Parasols and Umbrellas, &c. &c.

THOMAS DANIEL.

Market Square, St. John, May 29, 1841.

Roasted and Ground Coffee.

THE subscriber having erected on his premises a COFFEE ROASTING APPARATUS, intends giving particular attention to that line of the *GROCERY BUSINESS*; and respectfully informs the public that they can be supplied, at all times, in any quantities, with Mocha, Java, and other

FRESH GROUND COFFEES,

on the most favourable terms, and of *Superior Flavour.*

☞ He has now on hand such an assortment of GREEN COFFEES as cannot fail to give general satisfaction. JOHN SEARS,

New Brunswick Tea Store,
July 31. *King street.*

FLOUR.

THE Subscriber having erected a set of GRIST MILL MACHINERY at *Black River,* of the best English manufacture, with five run of French burr stones, is now grinding FLOUR of an excellent description from sound and sweet American WHEAT, which he will supply to Bakers and Families at the lowest market rates, for prompt payment.

A constant supply of *FLOUR, Horse Feed,* and *Bran* kept on hand at his Store, South Market Wharf. ROBERT D. WILMOT.

November 14, 1840.

FLOUR & MEAL.

THE subscriber offers for sale the cargo of the schooner *Matilda,* Spates, master, from Philadelphia, now landing at his Wharf, at low rates for Cash:—738 barrels SUPERFINE FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, and CORN MEAL,—*all fresh ground.*

Aug. 21. B. TILTON.

JUST RECEIVED

by the subscribers:—

20 TUBS prime Cumberland BUTTER;
150 brls. prime Quebec PORK;
20 hhds. prime Porto Rico SUGAR;
1200 COCOA NUTS.

For sale by CRANE & M'GRATH.

St. John, Aug. 7, 1841.

CHAIN CABLES.

Per Elizabeth Bentley:—

1 CHAIN CABLE, 90 fathoms, 1 5-16 in.; 1 do. do. 90 fath. 1¼ inch; 1 do. do. 90 fath. 1⅛ in.; 1 do. 90 fath. 1 in.; 1 do. do. 60 fath. 1 5-16 in.; 1 do. do. 60 fath. ⅞ in., 1 do. do. 60 fath. ¾ in.; 1 do. do. 60 fath. ⅝ in.; 9 iron-stock'd ANCHORS, from 5 cwt. 13½ cwt. Which will be sold at cost and charges on application to

Aug. 21. JOHN ROBERTSON.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just received per ships *Victoria* and *Sister Ann* from Glasgow, and *British Queen* from London, the remainder of his Spring Supply of DRY GOODS, which will be sold low.—A great variety of Summer SHAWLS and Handkerchiefs; *Materials for Summer Dresses;* and his usual supply of other articles.

Carpeting & Hearth Rugs

ready for inspection.

JOHN D. MACINTYRE.

June 5th, 1841.

Port, Madeira, Geneva,

SHERRY BRANDY, &c.

By late arrivals from London, Liverpool, and Glasgow:—

PIPES, hhds. and qr. casks Choice Old Port, Genuine Vintage of 1834,
Butts, hhds. and qr. casks golden & brown Sherry,
Pipes, hhds. and qr. casks London Particular, and East India Madeira,
Hhds. and qr. casks Brandy, (best brands)
Hhds. and cases fine Pale Geneva,
Hhds. and cases Lisbon and Barsac,
Puncheons Old Jamaica Rum,
Puncheons Islay and Cambleton Whisky,
Puncheons Irish Malt Whisky,
Hhds. Brown Stout & Porter, & Hodson pale Ale,
Casks, 4 doz. London Brown Stout and pale Ale,
Cases Chedder Cheese; and a few qr. casks o South Side Madeira, a very choice Wine,

IN STORE,—

90 hhds. and qr. casks best Brandy; 48 hhds. Pale Geneva; 50 puns. Jamaica, Demerara, and St. Croix Rum—and an extensive stock of Choice Wines, in Wood and Bottle, which the subscriber offers for sale at his Warehouse in Prince William-street.

June 5. W. P. RANNEY.

INDIA HOUSE.

Wholesale & Retail

Tea, Wine, and general Grocery Establishment.

THE public are respectfully informed that the above establishment is now opened, and the subscriber is confident, from the quality of the Goods which he is determined to keep constantly on hand, and from the advantage he has in purchasing in the best English, Scotch, and Irish markets, that a trial is only wanting to insure a liberal patronage. The TEAS have been purchased personally in London since the great reduction, and their superior strength and flavour will no doubt give general satisfaction.

Private families will find it greatly to their advantage getting their supplies at this establishment, as nothing will be sold that will not be warranted of the best description and as cheap as any other house in the city. Every attention will be paid to customers and the smallest purchases gratefully acknowledged.

Dock-street, June 26. JOHN M'CONKEY.

Armstrong & Christy

Have received per LATE ARRIVALS:

5 TONS Liverpool SOAP; 11 cwt. No. 1 London Blue Starch; bales English Cotton Warps, kegs No. 1 White Lead; barrels and casks Day & Martin's Blacking; crates CUTLERY, containing Knives and Forks, Dessert do. jack and pen knives, large and small scissors, hand-saw files, &c.; packages 'Griffon' Scythes bags Corks; boxes Tobacco Pipes; chests fine Congo and Hyson TEA; kegs s'fine Mustard; do. Ground Ginger (English); tierces Rice, Coffee, Tobacco, hhds. Loaf Sugar, a few doz. superior Mushroom Ketchup, &c. which, with their stock on hand of Oils, Paints, Glass, Putty, Nails, Indigo, Dye Stuffs, Corn, Corn Meal, Wheat and Rye Flour, and a very general assortment of

GROCERIES & DRY GOODS,

are offered at lowest rates for Cash or approved payments.

☞ T. BARLOW & Co.'s PLOUGHS constantly on hand. *May* 29.

REMOVAL.

The Subscriber having removed his Watch, Clock and Jewellery Establishment, to his new stand in that House lately occupied by Mrs. HENDRICKS, *corner of King & Cross Streets, begs to call the attention of his Friends and the Public in general to his new and varied assortment of* Watches, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY, SILVER PLATE, &c. *just received per Ships* Eagle, Mearns, *and* British Queen, *from London, Liverpool and Greenock, consisting of—*

LADIES' and Gents. Patent Lever and Lepine WATCHES in gold and Silver cases, capp'd and jewell'd; Vertical ditto in ditto; Plain Vertical ditto; a large collection of Eight day and Spring Clocks, suitable for offices and halls; Ladies' and Gents. solid fine Gold and Gold plated Stone and Pearl set Finger RINGS; plain ditto; Fancy gold Snaps; Camyo and other Brooches, set in fine gold; Gold Lockets and Vinegaretts; Gents. bosom chain Pins; solid gold and gold plated Seals and Keys; fine gold top and drop, fancy and plain Ear-rings; Filagree ditto; silver plated bread Trays, Cake Dishes; Cruet Stands with 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 cut glass bottles; Cream Ewers, richly gilt inside; Egg stands, cups and spoons to match; Candlesticks, Snuffer Trays and Snuffers; sterling silver Table, Dessert, Tea, Salt and Mustard *SPOONS*; Sugar Tongs; Tweezers, Tooth Picks, fine silver and Silver plated Pencil Cases; solid and plated gold and silver Watch Guards; Thimbles, Fob chains, German silver Chains in variety, Pickle Forks, Butter Knives, sterling silver Snuff Boxes, wood do; 4, 3, and 2 tuned Music Boxes; Sextants; Quadrants, Compasses, Parallel Rulers, day and night Telescopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Ladies' tortoise shell and horn Card Cases. And a variety of small but useful articles, which together with his former stock he offers for sale wholesale or retail, on reasonable terms for cash or approved paper. JAMES AGNEW,

Watchmaker, &c.

Corner of King and Cross Streets.

FOR SALE,—2 superior Two Days' Ship's *Chronometers,* on moderate terms.

J. A. begs further to state that he continues to repair and adjust ships' and pocket Chronometers, Watches and Clocks of every description; also, Astronomical and Philosophical Instruments, in the most correct manner and on reasonable terms.

☞ Engraving on Stone and Metals done to order. *St. John, May* 16, 1840.

NEW GOODS.

The subscriber has received by the ships "Sophia", "British Queen" and "Westmoreland"—

A LARGE and elegant assortment of LONDON GOODS, comprising FASHIONABLE MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS; also, a great variety of Silk, Straw, Tuscan, Rutland, Dunstable, and Devon BONNETS; all of which will be opened in the ensuing week. Also, a beautiful assortment of MANTILLAS, of the latest fashions and newest patterns; VELVET, SATINS, CHINE, &c. GRO DE NAPS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, and OSTRICH FEATHERS.

☞ The subscriber would call the attention of the public generally to the above assortment of GOODS, and he feels confident that purchasers will be pleased with the selection, as much care has been taken to suit this market.

DANIEL ANSLEY,

May 29. *Prince William street*

GREAT ATTRACTION!

St. John Clothing Mart.

The subscriber offers for sale at his CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT, (in the store lately occupied by Messrs. B. TILTON & Co. *Water-street,*) an extensive assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and FANCY TROUSERING, ex ships *Rebecca, Sophia, British Queen*—

4 CASES containing 80 ends superfine West of England and Yorkshire WOOLLENS in a varied assortment; 200 ready-made Dress and Frock Coats; 119 do. summer do.; 550 silk, plain and fancy Vests; 250 Moleskin Pants; 400 Cloth, Cassimere, Buck and Doeskins; 20 dozen red and blue Flannel Shirts; 10 dozen striped Regatta do.; 12 dozen white do. with Linen fronts; Gent's Stocks, Braces, and silk Bandannas; Mackintoshes; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Boots and Shoes, Beaver and silk Hats; seamens' pea and monkey Jackets, Canvass and Duck Trowsers, Oil Cloth suits, Hammocks and Mattresses, Guernsey and Duck Frocks, Pilot Caps; with other Goods—making a complete assortment for wholesale or retail purchasers.

☞ Gentlemen selecting their own Cloth and leaving their measures will be punctually attended to. F. NEILL.

St. John, June 5, 1841.

THE

WONDERS OF CASH,

With all its influence and effects may be seen at

HAGUE & ALLEN'S
NOTED CHEAP
Liverpool Clothing Store,
No. 3, Merritt's Brick Buildings,
WATER-STREET.

T. HAGUE & CO. of the British and American Clothing Hall, Liverpool, beg leave to inform the Public, that in consequence of the great sacrifice made upon Goods in England, from Bankrupts' Sales and *Insolvent Estates,* their Mr. Hague, being on the spot, and in the habit of attending all the principal manufacturing markets, has availed himself of an opportunity of watching the sales of the different stocks belonging to the many respectable manufacturers who unfortunately have been obliged to bring their business to a close; and from their extensive business in Liverpool, together with that in Saint John, and not being limited for that wonder-working article, CASH, they have been enabled to buy several

Bankrupts' Stocks

of Superfine CLOTHS, in every colour and quality; Rich SATINS; Velvets; Valencias; Quiltings; and other Vestings; with fashionable TROUSERINGS, of every description—and have caused the same to be made up (*under their own inspection,*) into GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING, in the first style of fashion, the whole being cut by a first rate London artist;—which have just arrived per ships *Emerald* and *Alexander Edmond,* and are now on sale.

T. Hague & Co. do not think it requisite to enter into any minute explanation to convince the Public of the advantages an establishment possesses that has always a buyer in the market, and ready to take every opportunity of purchasing their Goods under the most favourable terms. Is it likely that persons who are obliged to appoint Agents to make their purchases in England, or who visit it at a great expense, can possibly make up their Clothing within TWENTY PER CENT. of those who make up every garment at their own establishment, and purchase every article for the purpose from the manufacturers themselves, or, as in this case, from Thirty to Forty per Cent. less than the manufacturers' prices?

N. B.—A large quantity of M'Intosh CAPES and COATS, *warranted;* Silk and Stuff HATS, which will be sold cheap.

☞ *For Cash only and no Abatement.*

Saint John, 15th May, 1841.

CLOTHING, HATS, *CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.*

A General Outfiting Establishment.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

For the New London Clothing Warehouse, per ships Perthshire, Emerald, Rebecca, British Queen, Avon, and Abeona:

57 CASES and bales best and most fashionable assortment of CLOTHING ever offered to the public, consisting of
Gentlemen's Frock and Dress COATS;
VESTS, in silk, satin, silk velvets, valencias, silk and cotton toilanets, quiltings, &c.
PANTALOONS, in cloths, buckskins, doe skins, cassimeres, fancy tweeds, cantoons, gambroons, &c.
2000 pairs plain and fancy moleskin, beaverteen, and grand drill Trowsers and Jackets;
750 gent's. and youths' blue, black, and olive Cloth Jackets;
5 cases Gloves, silk and satin Stocks, Braces, Shirt Collars, Fronts, &c.
1 do. India Silk HANDKERCHIEFS;
7 do. Cloth CAPS, well ast'd.;
1 do. Children's Beaver Hats, very fancy;
1000 gents'. Silk and Beaver HATS;
Hhds. and cases glazed and japanned Hats and Caps; 1 case Travelling Bags;
2000 pairs gents' and youths' best Walking and Dress BOOTS and SHOES;
300 pairs fancy Wellington, Clarence, Operas, Albert, and Albertonian BOOTS, of doeskin, calf, morocco, and patent leather, of *latest Parisian Fashions;*
250 Macintosh, Tagliona, and Chesterfield Coats and Capes, in camlet, lama, super ditto, woollen cloths;
Fishing Boots and Stockings, Leggings and Overhauls, in sateen, camlets, and fustians, direct from the patentee: no other genuine;
17 packages wove and knit lambs-wool, worsted and cotton Hosiery, consisting of Pants, singlets, hose, and half hose;
200 doz. Regatta Stripes and Shirts; white linen and cotton do. with linen fronts, collars, and wrists; 1 case Travelling Bags,
2 bales TamO'Shanter and Glengarry Bonnets,
2 do. Scotch Plaidings, 1 do. silk and cotton Umbrellas, 20 doz. hair & flock Mattresses
General assortment of SEAMEN'S OUTFITS, consisting of Pilot, Beaver,