POETRY.

[FOR THE COURIER.]

THE BREATH OF MORNING.

When opening buds in beauty spring,
The gay green fields adorning,
And all around are blossoming,
How sweet the breath of morning!

When Nature opes the scented rose,
When Heaven's high arch is beaming,
When beauty wakes from sweet repose
To realize her dreaming.

The sparkling eye, the mantling blood,
The glowing cheek renewing,
When all around are fair and good,
And goodness all enduing;

When Zephyr's gentle breath that sped,
Along the garden sighing,
Is soft as sainted spirits' tread
Around the Happy dying;

When kindred souls unite to please,
Nor scorned then nor scorning,
When all are beautiful like these,
How sweet the breath of morning!

Then morn my willing mind embue,
With all thy chaster merit,
Refresh, invigorate, renew
My sinking, dying spirit.

That when the fragile body may
Be mixed with unadorning clay,
Or shrin'd in sculptured marble,
The winged soul in spheres remote,
May catch the echoes of that note
Enraptured seraphs warble.

THOMAS RICHARD DUFF.

St. John, 1st May, 1848.

The Courier.

DEFERRED ARTICLES.

A Special Sessions of the Magistrates of the City and County was held in the Court House of this City on Thursday, to take into consideration the necessity of claiming the appropriation apportioned to this County by the Relief Bill passed at the late Session. The Hon. Chas. Simonds moved a resolution to the effect that it was *inexpedient to take any action in the premises.* This was seconded by W. H. Needham, Esq., and after some discussion it was carried. *Ayes,*—Hon. Charles Simonds, and W. H. Needham, B. L. Peters, L. H. Deveber, Jacob Allan, Thomas Allen, Wm. Parks, Robert Keltie, John Gillis, Walker Tisdale, Wm. Hawkes, James Moran and Hugh Sharkey, Esquires. *Nays,*—Josiah Wetmore, George Bond, Robert Payne, James Gallagher, and Samuel Strange, Esqrs.—*Loyalist.*

The following is the copy of an Address presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, at his first Levee, held at Government House, Fredericton, on the 25th ult.—

To His Excellency Sir EDMUND WALKER HEAD, *Baronet, Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.*

We, the Clergy, Magistrates, Merchants, Freeholders, and other inhabitants of the County of York, beg to offer our congratulations to Your Excellency on assuming the Government of New Brunswick.

We regard Your Excellency's appointment as another instance of that paternal care and consideration which this Province has so frequently experienced at the hands of our beloved Sovereign.

On this occasion we have but to express our hopes that Your Excellency's Administration may be the means, under Providence, of establishing and preserving in this loyal Province, those truly British principles and institutions, by which its inhabitants may feel and know that New Brunswick is substantially a portion of the Empire.

Although the present is a period of no ordinary embarrassment in the commercial as well as the political world, we trust that, under Your Excellency's enlightened rule, this Province may long continue in the enjoyment of those blessings with which it has hitherto been so signally favoured.

It is our sincere prayer that health, happiness and every blessing may await Your Excellency, Lady Head, and Family, and that your stay among us may be attended by the affectionate regards of a people whose disposition it has ever been to venerate the Representative of their Sovereign.

REPLY.

Gentlemen of the County of York,

I thank you most heartily for your Address of congratulation on my assumption of the Government of this Province. I hope that the duties [illegible] may be so discharged as [illegible] which Her Most Gracious Majesty has [illegible] at all [illegible]

I can assure you with sincerity that I shall at all times and under all circumstances, endeavour to administer the Government in the manner most consistent with the spirit of the [illegible] tion. [illegible] weight with me, and I shall be swayed by no motives but those bearing on the welfare of this Province, and the general prosperity of that mighty Empire, of which it is, as you observe, substantially a portion.

I regret the existence of the difficulties to which your Address refers. I rejoice, however, to find that those difficulties are appreciated by you, because I feel confident that the same spirit of kindness which has indicated your Address will lead you to put a favourable construction on the acts of my Government, especially at the commencement of my Administration.

With reference to the last paragraph in your Address, I acknowledge, with gratitude, your good wishes on behalf of Lady Head and my family. She will, I know, appreciate the sentiments you have expressed; and in her name, as well as my own, I thank you again for our cordial welcome to this Country.

To the Clergy, Magistrates, Merchants, and Freeholders.

HOUSE OF LORDS, APRIL 5.

TAX ON EMIGRANTS TO CANADA.—Lord Stanley rose to call the attention of the House to a recent proposal of the Canadian Legislature to impose a tax of 10s. per head on all emigrants from this country, the present tax being 5s. and the tax at New York being about 7s. only. He wished to know whether the Government meant to ask the assent of Parliament to an Act so calculated to divert the stream of emigration to the United States, and which continued also other most vexatious provisions.

Earl Grey said the Act in question had passed the House of Assembly, and seemed likely to pass the Upper Chamber. He considered that many of the clauses were most objectionable, especially the 5th section, which imposed a penalty of £5 on masters of vessels if they should not make a return, which in many cases it would be impossible for them to make. At the same time there was a very strong feeling in Canada in favour of the Bill in consequence of the colony having been put to an expense of £44,000 in the last season alone for the maintenance of pauper emigrants. Add to this that the emigrants had carried out fever to the colony to a frightful extent. Therefore it was not unnatural that the provincial parliament should have gone so far. He was happy to say, however, that the law was only to last till the end of next year. At present, as the measure was not fully passed, he could not answer the Noble Lord's question but he proposed immediately to address a despatch to Lord Elgin to call on him to recommend the Legislature to re-consider some parts of the measure, which were the most objectionable. Should the Legislature refuse be considered it would be a very delicate point to attempt to interfere with them on a subject of which they were peculiarly able to judge, and especially when it was considered that to encourage emigration was clearly the interest of the Canadians.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 8.

TIMBER DUTIES.—The following new and reduced duties on timber and wood goods came into operation yesterday the 6th instant, viz:—Timber or wood, not being deals, battens, boards, staves, handspikes, oars, lathwood, or other timber or wood, sawn or split, or otherwise dressed, except hewn, and not being timber otherwise charged with duty, the load, 15s.; deals, battens, boards, or other timber or wood, sawn or split, and not otherwise charged with duty, the load, £1 1s.—or, in lieu of the duties imposed upon wood by the load, according to the cubic contents, the importer may have the option, at the time of passing the first entry, of entering battens, batten ends, deals, deal ends, and planks, by tale, if of and from foreign countries, according to their different dimensions and rates of duty, in which a considerable reduction is made, varying from one fourth to a moiety of the rates of duty hitherto levied thereon: staves, the load of 50 cubic feet, 18s.; firewood, the fathom of 216 cubic feet, 6s.; handspikes, not exceeding 7 feet in length, the 120, 12s.; exceeding 7 feet in length, the 120, £1 4s.; knees, under 5 inches square, the 120, 6s.; 5, and under 8 inches square, the 120, £1 4s.; lathwood, the fathom of 216 cubic feet, £1 4s.; oars, the 120, £4 10s.; spars or poles, under 22 feet in length, and under 4 inches in diameter, the 120, 12s.; 22 feet in length and upwards, and under 4 inches in diameter, the 120, £1 4s.; spars of all lengths, 4 and under 6 inches in diameter, the 120, £2 8s.; spokes for wheels, not exceeding 2 feet in length, the 1000, £1 4s.; exceeding 2 feet in length, the 1000, £2 8s.; timber, planed, or otherwise dressed or prepared for use, and not particularly enumerated nor otherwise charged with duty, the cubic foot, 4d., and further, for every £100 value, £10.

The state of Europe has not, in any degree, become more settled since our last. The scene of the most interesting struggle, detailed intelligence of which has reached us during the past week, is Lombardy. The news of the successful insurrection in Vienna, falling upon the mind of a people exasperated by recent Austrian excesses, produced an instantaneous explosion at Milan. The populace rose as a single man to expel their foreign oppressors. Barricades started into resistance as if by magic, and to the number of not less than 2000. Pianofortes, rich furniture, noblemen's carriages side by side with omnibuses, cabs, paving stones and every available article of obstruction, were made use of by the people in their defence. Prodigious feats of valour were accomplished. All classes took part in the work and in the fray. For four days the contest raged; during four days the city gates were in possession of the military, and all communication with the adjoining country cut off. Radetsky, the Austrian commander, driven with his troops into the citadel, threatened bombardment. He was probably without the means of carrying his threat into execution. Provisions failed him. News from Vienna disheartened him; and by a feint he at length evacuated his post, and retired with his discomfited army towards the frontier of the kingdom. Meanwhile, Charles Albert, King of Sardiana, at the head of his soldierly, crossed the Tessin, and virtually proclaimed war against Austria. The last accounts leave him in quest of the Austrian force, which will probably be driven from the Italian territory utterly defeated. Several other towns have risen, and succeeded in thrown off the yoke. Venice has proclaimed a republic. Parma and Modena have driven out their Sovereigns; and present appearances indicate that Italy will successfully assert her independent nationality. Austria, if the reports as true, has made a declaration of her intention to recover the possessions which patriotism has wrested from her grasp; but it is very doubtful if Austria has the power to give effect to her will. "The mighty are fallen; the strong have become weak."

Denmark, too, has her rebellious provinces—Holstein and Sleswig. Matters look warlike in that quarter. Denmark insists upon her rights. The two provinces, abetted by Prussia, maintain a firm front, and stand prepared to try the arbitrement of arms. The cloud, however, it is hoped, will blow over—the latest accounts indicating some prospect of amicable arrangement.

In the midst of all these commotions, it was not likely that degraded and dissevered Poland would sit quiet. Once again, it was about to contend for a distinct nationality. Already Russia is engaged in making formidable preparations for a contest, and if troubles in the southern part of that kingdom do not prevail, will move an overwhelming force into the heart of Poland. The present state of Europe will undoubtedly favour the last effort of the Poles, and the certainty that it will be a last effort will probably nerve them to obstinate and protracted hostilities.

Among the financial schemes of the Provisional Government, it is reported, in bringing forward their budget, they will propose a reduction in the army estimate of 200,000,000 fr.; a suspension of the sinking fund requiring 120,000,000 fr.; reductions in pensions and places of 30,000,000 fr.; and should a person die, leaving no heir nearer than relatives of the fifth degree, that his property shall come into possession of the State. The general result of their financial measures will, it is expected, realise a benefit to the Exchequer of 450,000,000 fr., or eighteen millions sterling. The system of economy will increase the enthusiasm entertained for republican institutions.

FOREIGN AID TO THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH IN AMERICA.—The Association (in Europe) for the propogation of the faith, have granted to the missions in America, this year: $5,000 to the Bishop of Debuque; $6,000 to the Bishop of Detroit; $4,000 to Bishop of Cincinnati; $3,000 to Bishop of Philadelphia; $3,000 to Richmond; $4,000 to Bishop Hughes, New York; $1,000 to Priests of Mercy, N. Y.; $2,000 to Hartford; $3,000 to Nashville; $3,000 to Louisville; $8,000 to Bishop of Vincennes, and $3,000 to congregation of Holy Cross, same diocese; $6,000 to St. Louis; $2,250 to Milwaukie; 3,500 to Bishop of Little Rock; $7,500 to Bishop Quarter, at Chicago; $3,500 to Natchez; $4,750 to New Orleans; $7,500 to Mobile; $3,000 to Charleston; 6,000 to Lazarists in the United States; $2,150 to Society of Jesus, Mo.; $9,000 to Society of Jesus in Rocky Mountains; $760 to Dominicans in do; $10,000 to Dr. Odin, Vicar Apostolic, Texas; $3,000 to Jesuit missions in America; $26000 to West Indian and South American missions; 11,000 to the Archbishop of Oregon City; 4,000 to Vicar Apostolic, Hudson's Bay; $26,000 to the British American Missions; 11,500 to Oblats, Canada and Hudson's Bay; $6,000 to Jesuits in Canada. These grants, with the donations of the people will uphold a very large number of missionaries of the Church of Rome on this continent.—*Episcopal Recorder.*

From Papers by the Mail Steamer America.

AFFAIRS IN IRELAND.

In Dublin, the military precautions continue on the most extensive scale. [illegible] bridge is being constructed to throw [illegible] the destruction of the [illegible] barracks, in the event of the [illegible] the city being cut off by a [illegible] The horses [illegible] tling hook fastened at the [illegible] of the [illegible] course of manufacture. [illegible] this weapon is regarded [illegible] extremely effective in a charge [illegible] in the [illegible] Clarendon [illegible] in from all [illegible] One of the most influential is that presented by the leading wealth and respectability of the flourishing town of Belfast, a copy of which, together with his Excellency's reply, will be found subjoined.—*London Times, April 15.*

"May it please your Excellency,—We, the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the borough of Belfast, in council assembled, beg leave most humbly to tender, through your Excellency, our devoted allegiance to Her Majesty the Queen, with our fixed determination to maintain inviolate the legislative union of her kingdoms.

"We do not feel called upon or warranted to express to your Excellency any opinion on the changes that have recently taken place in so many of the continental kingdoms; but, approving most heartily of the declared purpose of Her Majesty's advisers to abstain from all interference with the internal arrangements of other powers, we naturally expect that this purpose will be reciprocated, and cannot look without jealousy upon every attempt that has been, or is being made, to bring foreign opinions, principles, or influences, to bear upon any part of Her Majesty's dominions.

"To your Excellency we desire to tender, not merely the respect that is due to the representative [illegible], but also the special regard that is [illegible] of Her Majesty [illegible] sonal talents that have distinguished [illegible] due to those [illegible] and to that wisdom of counsel [illegible] you through life, [illegible] that have been so eminently [illegible] and firmness of purpose [illegible] ur Viceregal government, [illegible] exemplified during yo [illegible] who rules alike over [illegible]

"And we trust in Him [illegible] of the means at kings and people, that by the [illegible] will be enabled to your disposal your Excellency [illegible] to restrain reclaim the misled to the paths of order and [illegible] the unreclaimable from their declared [illegible] ed purposes of blood, revolution, anarchy [illegible] liation, and to restore the peace and pro [illegible] prosperity of the kingdom committed to your care.

"So far as our individual and collective [illegible] and influence may extend, we most heartily tender them to your Excellency; and we feel assured that in the community with whose interests we are entrusted, there exists a spirit and a purpose [illegible] to attend with industry to their own affairs, then, to live in peace with all men, and to honour the laws with unreserved submission; but, should the laws be disregarded and the peace violated, with unswerving loyalty to maintain them both.

"Unanimously adopted at a meeting of Council and ordered to be signed in their name and authenticated with the corporate seal,

"GEORGE SUFFERN, Mayor."

REPLY.

"Dublin Castle, April 10.

"Sir,—I am commanded by the Lord-Lieutenant to thank you for the loyal address unanimously adopted by the corporate authorities of the important town of Belfast.

"In a community so conspicuous for its intelligence and industry, for its commercial enterprise, and scientific attainments, it is impossible that any mistake respecting the sources of prosperity or the causes of adversity in the country could be generally prevalent or could long be maintained. Your declaration in favour of the preservation of the legislative union between Great Britain and Ireland is therefore an expression of opinion which cannot fail to have its due weight with the country. His Excellency agrees with you in believing, that while the maintenance of that union is necessary to the integrity of the empire, it is most essential to the prosperity of Ireland. It is no part of our duty to discuss any of the political changes which have taken place in foreign countries further than to express a sincere hope that those changes may eventually tend to advance general civilization, and promote the peace and happiness of mankind. But, with you, his Excellency deprecates every attempt to bring foreign intervention to bear on the domestic affairs of this country. No man of sound and and honest feeling can view such efforts without regret and reprobation. The approval of the measures taken for the preservation of public tranquillity, bestowed by such an important body as the corporation of the enlightened town of Belfast, will prove a source of the highest satisfaction to every member of Her Majesty's Government. His Excellency trusts that they will continue to be found as efficient as they have hitherto proved in restraining violence and outrage, and preventing any serious infraction of the public peace.

"In conclusion, his Excellency takes leave to say, that all history and experience prove that a steady attention to the pursuits of honorable industry has ever been accompanied by a deep sense of the value of law and order, and a strong attachment to the institutions by which both are maintained; he therefore relies with confidence on your engagement to fulfil, when necessary, those high duties which you justly declare to be intimately associated with your own true interests.

"I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

"CORRY CONNELLAN.

"To Mr George Suffern, Mayor of Belfast."

The following highly important letter from the Most Rev. Dr. Murray, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Dublin, appears in the Evening Post:—

Mountjoy-square, April 12.

"My dear Sir,—In the supplement added to your excellent journal on Saturday last, you inserted a declaration, of which the following is a copy:—

"'We, the undersigned noblemen, clergy, bankers, merchants, and inhabitants generally of this city and its vicinity, being anxious at all times to maintain the peace of our city, and of the country generally, feel called on, under the present peculiar circumstances, to declare our fixed determination to support her Majesty, her Crown, and the laws of our country, by every legitimate means in our power; and that we will be prepared, at all times, to aid the Lord-Lieutenant in the furtherance of such measures as his Excellency may consider it expedient to adopt, to preserve the peace of the metropolis and of our country. And we entreat that our fellow-citizens will unite with us in using their best endeavour to prevent such persons with whom they may possess influence from being misled by others into any violation of the law.'

"In the list of the advocates of peace and order, who signed that declaration, I would be ashamed if my humble name—the name of one who, by the nature of his office, is peculiarly a minister of peace—were not to be found. It has, however, seemed good to an individual who signs himself 'One of my Flock' (whether truly or otherwise, I cannot say,) to call on me, on the part of himself and some others, to withdraw my name, through the public press, from that list. Will you have the great goodness to permit me to assure my correspondent, through you, that a sense of duty forbids me to comply with his request. No; I am an advocate for peace. While I join with the celestial choirs in the anthem, 'Glory to God in the Highest,' it is a duty dear to my heart to join with them also in the aspiration, 'On earth, peace unto men.'

"It is no secret that a certain class of persons openly called upon a portion of our population, supposed to be imbued with strong political opinions, to supply themselves with arms, for what purpose it is not for me to determine; but it was believed by many (let me hope untruly) that it was for the purpose of coming into hostile collision with the constituted authorities of the state, provided certain political concessions would not be granted within a limited time. At all events, the circumstance excited alarm. The public tranquillity was supposed to be in peril; and it was judged prudent to make suitable preparations to meet threatened danger, as the surest means of preserving the public peace, and of preventing the possibility of a collision, whereby the streets of Dublin would be deluged with the blood of its inhabitants. Oh! were Providence in its anger to allow such a calamity to fall upon us, how many widows and orphans would be left to mourn over their bereavement in hopeless sorrow! And how many souls would be snatched away from a scene of angry conflict, to stand unprepared before the throne of their judge, at the imminent peril of their salvation!

"Fifty years ago I witnessed the miseries which a convulsion—such as a scene like this might give birth to—inflicted on the political, social, and moral condition of this unhappy country. Can any one be surprised that a thrill of horror should rush through my soul at the bare thought of the recurrence of such a calamity? May God in his mercy avert it.

"With the political opinions of my correspondent I meddle not. That God may inspire our rulers with wisdom, and justice, and mercy, in providing for the happiness of our people, I fervently pray; and every lawful means that individuals or classes of the people may employ for promoting the general welfare; I am most ready to applaud. But civil war I abhor; and the ruin of souls which it would be sure to occasion, I cannot think on without awe—nor could I answer before the Great Bastor of our Souls, that I had, like St. Paul, 'spared not to declare to all the council of God,' (Acts 20, 27)—were I to omit, when thus called upon, to place before my correspondent (and his abettors, if he have any,) the following inspired record, left by St. Peter, as our rule:—'Be subject to every human creature, for God's sake, whether it be to the King as excelling, or the Governors as sent by Him for the punishment of evil-doers, and for the praise of the good: for so is the will of God, that, by doing well, you may put to silence the ignorance of foolish men; as free, not as making liberty a cloak of malice, but as the servants of God. Honour all men; love the brotherhood; fear God; honour the King (1 Peter, 2, 13, &c.)

"I have the honour to remain, with much respect, my dear sir, your faithful, humble servant,

† D. MURRAY.

"Frederick W. Conway, Esq."

An address of a totally different character appears in the Cork Examiner, received to-day. The following is the document—

To Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen.

"The Address of the Roman Catholic Bishop and Clergy of the united Dioceses of Cloyne and Ross.

"May it please Your Majesty—We the undersigned, the Roman Catholic Bishop and Clergy of the Dioceses of Cloyne and Ross, in the County of Cork, venture to approach your Most Gracious Majesty with sentiments of dutiful allegiance to [illegible] and respect for [illegible] at all times inculcated allegiance to [illegible] of Great Britain and Ireland, obedience to the laws of the empire, and respect for the constituted authorities, [illegible] the weight of the responsibility which devolves [illegible] as ministers of religion, in whom your Majesty's Roman Catholic subjects repose the fullest confidence, and to whose advice they have recourse in their difficulties, we feel it a conscientious obligation to state to your Majesty the fact that there exists in Ireland at present, a feeling of deep and general discontent, and an every day growing conviction amongst all classes that English legislation is utterly inadequate to remedy the evils of our social condition.

"We, therefore, most humbly but earnestly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to order the summoning of your Majesty's Irish Parliament of Lords and Commons in Dublin, and thereby allay the discontent of your people, and increase the security of your Throne, and the prosperity of your empire.

TO RENT.

THAT commodious Stone House, owned by Craven Calverley, Esq situated at the lower end of Main Street, and lately occupied by the late Mr. French, Barrack Master.—There are on the Premises, a never failing well of water, a large barn, gardens, &c.—Apply to April 15. WM. JACK.

TO LET—*from the first of May next:*

TWO FLATS in that pleasantly situated House in Carleton-street, near the Stone Church, at present in the occupation of Mr. Chas. E. Fairweather. Please inquire of the subscriber, on the premises. G. W. G. FAIRWEATHER.
April 15th, 1848.

TO LET,

And possession given on the 1st May next:

THAT eligible Stand for business in Dock-street, next to the premises occupied by Mr. Alexander Yeats, and only a few doors from the Market Square. CHARLES SIMONDS.
St. John, 8th April, 1848.

To Lease, from the 1st May next:

ONE or two FLATS in the Dwelling House in Carleton, fronting on Ludlow-street, formerly owned by Vernon Hanson. Apply on the premises, or to the subscriber. [Apr. 8.] W. JACK.

To be Sold,

THAT HOUSE and BARN, with the two fine LOTS attached, at the East end of Britain-street, next the Willow Tree. The lots run back to the Main street. Enquire of T. BALDWIN,
April 8. Queen-street.

FOR SALE.

THAT commodious House situate in Peel Street, and fronting the grounds of the Chief Justice, at present occupied by the Rev. I. W. D. GRAY, Rector.
Apply at the office of J. H. GRAY, Esq.
February 5, 1848.

TO BE LET for one or more years:

THAT large and commodious BRICK HOUSE in Prince William Street, owned by the subscriber, admirably suited for a "Lloyd's Coffee House Establishment," or a General Boarding House, from being situated in the immediate neighbourhood of the Post Office, Custom House, and the contemplated new Steam Boat Landing. There is a never failing well of pure spring water on the premises, with Stabling and other conveniences, and the lower flat of the building can be easily fitted up as a Shop. In addition to the above, the premises afford great advantages for the establishment of PUBLIC BATHING ROOMS, where *hot and cold salt water baths* could be supplied at all seasons.—Immediate possession will be given. Rent moderate.

ALSO—

A SHOP and ROOMS in the Mill adjoining, suitable for a Tradesman; and a SHOP in Saint James'-street. [Feb. 26] WM. MACKAY.

TO LET for one or more years:

THE STORE and WAREROOMS over the subscriber's Stone and Brick Building, fronting on Prince William-street, presently occupied by Mr. H. McCullough. Apply to
Feb. 12. W. H. STREET.

STORE TO LET,

FROM first of May next:—That STORE, with Ware-room above, at present occupied by Mr. Robert Brittain, situate in Dock Street.—Apply at the Office of Messrs. HARDING & LEWIS, Market Square. Feb. 5, 1848.

Brick DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, Garden, &c.

TO BE LET FROM 1ST MAY:

THE large and commodious PREMISES in St. James' street, at present occupied by Lieut. KORTRIGHT, R. N.
Apply to JOHN SEARS, *King-street.*
March 11.

To Let from 1st of May next:

THE Dwelling House, corner of Duke and Germain Streets, belonging to L. Donaldson, Esq. and presently occupied by James William Boyd, Esq. Apply at the Office of JOHN WARD & SONS,
March 18, 1848. *South Mkt. Wharf.*

TO LET, from 1st May next;

THE DWELLING HOUSE at Reed's Point, Prince William-street, at present in the occupation of Mrs. Jane Adams.
Feb. 26. H. T. GILBERT.

TO LET,

And possession given the First day of May next—

THE HOUSE and Premises in Prince William Street, opposite the Custom House, at present occupied by Mr. Jones, comprising every convenience for two private families or a Hotel, with Furniture if required—a large Garden in a high state of cultivation.
Apply to ELIZA HANFORD,
Feb. 5. *Charlotte Street.*

TO LET.

From the first of May next—

THE Dwelling House in Union-street, at present occupied by the Rev. Mr. Gallaway. It contains parlours, sitting rooms, seven bed rooms, kitchen, and frost proof cellar, and has a large yard, barn, and well of water attached—the whole being a most convenient residence for a genteel family. Apply to
B. REYNOLDS,
Feb 12, 1848. *Germain street.*

TO BE LET

for one or more years, from the 1st of May next—

THE House and Premises situate on the South-West corner of Sidney and Sheffield Streets, near Mr. Fisher's Ship Yard, Lower Cove, now in the occupation of Alexander McDermott. For particulars enquire of JAMES FINN,
March 18. *Water Street.*

TO LET

From the first of May next—

A Commodious and comfortable two-story Dwelling-House, in Britain-street, Lower Cove—the premises are well adapted for the residence of one or two families, having every convenience. For further particulars inquire of Mrs. B. BECK, St. George's-street. March 18.

TO LET,

And possession given the 1st of May—

THOSE extensive premises lately occupied by Messrs. Ranney, Sturdee & Co. Wine Merchants, comprising the commodious Brick Building extending from Prince William to Water Streets, well adapted both for Wholesale and Retail business, having, in addition to extensive Ware-rooms, front STORES upon both streets, with extensive frost and fire-proof vaults, to which there is a very convenient entrance from Water Street.

Also to let—A STORE in the range of Brick Buildings in Water Street, to the Northward of the above; with an OFFICE over the same.

Also—A splendid SAIL-LOFT, in the range of Wooden Buildings on Merritt's Wharf. The Loft is plastered, and otherwise very comfortable and commodious.

Also, at a low rate—STORAGE to any extent (either in or out of bond,) in the Buildings on Merritt's Wharf.

For terms and further particulars, apply at the Office of the Estate of N. MERRITT, Esq. in WaterStreet. Feb. 12.

OFFICES to be let

IN the Subscribers' fire-proof Brick Building, Prince Wm. Street, (over the Store occupied by Messrs. Vaughans & Lockhart,) from the 1st May next.—Enquire on the Premises, to
Feb. 26. D. & T. VAUGHAN.

TO LET:

THE BRICK STORE in Water Street, at present in the occupation of Mr. George Beattie. [illegible] given 1st May. Apply to [illegible]

HIBERNIAN HOTEL

TO LET,

and possession given on the 1st of May next:

THIS well known Fire Proof Brick Building stands unequalled by any in the city from its central position, both to the Steamboat Landing and Market Square—and has lately been thoroughly fitted with Gas. A term of one to five years will be given. If not let before the 8th of March, it will then be let at Public Auction on the premises.

ALSO—TO LET:

The Wooden Building next adjoining, containing several small Rooms, with a frost proof Cellar, and a small Shop. Possession given the 1st May.

ALSO—TO LET:

A corner House, in Lower Cove, containing several Rooms, with a good SHOP and frost proof Cellar and Cellar Kitchen.

ALSO—TO LET:

That Two story Double Building, next adjoining the Gas Works, containing several Rooms with Franklins and Grates set, and well adapted for two genteel families. Apply at the Hibernian Hotel, to JAMES NETHERY.

☞ As it is the Subscriber's intention to retire from business on the first of May next, he desires to return his grateful thanks to those who have so liberally patronized him since his commencement in business, and requests all parties indebted to him to make immediate payment, that he may be enabled to meet his demands.
St. John, Jan. 29. J. NETHERY.

TO LET.

THE OFFICES in the Custom House Building, at present occupied by Wm. Wright, Esq. *Also,* sundry OFFICES in the same Building, with STORAGE attached, and an OFFICE in the Wooden Building, on the Wharf. Possession to the former on the 1st day of May, and to the others when required.—Apply to
Feb. 12. G. SUTHERLAND.

MILL PROPERTY for Sale or to Let.

Immediate possession will be given.

THAT VALUABLE FLOUR MILL, known as the ASHBURN MILLS, situated about 2½ miles from this City, containing two run of French Burr and one run Granite Stones, and an OAT KILN, Patent Cleanser, Bolt and Packing Machine. Also—A HORSE and SLEIGH, large WAGGON, CART, Double and Single set of HARNESS, with a variety of other furniture for working the Mill; together with a good HOUSE and BARN, and about seventy acres of LAND. The above will be sold at a very reduced price, and a liberal credit given. For further particulars, enquire of the subscribers.
March 18 HARRIS & ALLAN.

STEAM MILL, &c. to be leased.

THE Subscriber having put his Steam Saw Mill in Carleton in thorough working order, is prepared to lease the same for one or more years—or to cut Lumber by the thousand.

The above Mill contains Two Gangs of Saws, with Trimmers and Edgers, and is capable of sawing Timber and Logs of any length and size. There is also a large Yard attached to said Mill, with every other convenience for Mill purposes.

The Subscriber will also lease his Pond below the Falls.—It is 400x100 feet, securely boomed in, and is contiguous to the above property.

For Terms, &c. apply to JOHN CLARK,
25th March, 1848. *Carleton.*

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful Villa residence, occupied by Mrs. Wheeler, in the Parish of Lancaster, near Carleton, situate on the main road leading to Manawagonish. The property is delightfully situated, commanding a fine view of the scenery in the neighbourhood of the Falls, and of the City and Harbour of Saint John. The House is new, substantially and thoroughly built, finished in good style, and provided with every requisite for the comfort and convenience of a family. The land has a front of 120 feet on the highway and extends back 520 feet to the old Manawagonish road, and will admit of six building lots being set off from it, leaving ample gardens and other grounds attached to the dwelling house. The premises may be viewed at any time, and any further information will be given on application to the subscriber. GEO. WHEELER.
November 27, 1847.

FARM TO LET.

THE Upper Half of the Property known as the L'Etang Farm, in the Parish of Pennfield, containing about 250 acres, now in the occupation of Mr. John Carlyle. For particulars, enquire of R. THOMSON,
Feb. 12. *Prince William-street*

ON CONSIGNMENT.

Ex Zenobia, from Clyde—

11 PIPES, 8 hhds, 63 doz. in bottles, } superior PORT WINE,
5 butts SHERRY; 40 bags CORKS;
4 bags prepared Soda Water CORKS;
5 do. fine Pint CORKS; 5 do. Phial do.

Ex Cambria, from London:

6 hhds. 4 qr. casks } SHERRY WINE,
2 hhds. 4 qr. casks } PORT WINE,
6 cases MADEIRA, in bottles,
10 baskets CHAMPAGNE.
April 15. W. H. STREET.

WHEAT FLOUR.

Ex Nonpareil from Boston, on Consignment:

100 BARRELS Wheat Flour, landing this day, by
April 15. THOMAS HANFORD.

EARTHENWARE.

TWENTY crates assorted EARTHENWARE,—For sale by
April 22. ADAMS & KETCHUM.

Oil Clothing.

Received per steamer 'Admiral', from Boston—

4 CASES OIL CLOTHING, consisting of Suits and Jackets—for Sale very low, by
April 22. WM. THOMSON, Nelson-st.

Iron, Tin Plates, Canvass, &c.

Daily expected to arrive per Ship "New Zealand," Wilson, Master—

100 BOXES TIN PLATES—IC, IX, DC, and DX,
157 Bolts best Navy CANVASS, No. 1 to 6;
60 Bundles SHEET IRON, assorted, Nos. 20 and 22;
6 Pairs Blacksmiths' BELLOWS, 30 to 34 inch;
10,000 English FIRE BRICK,
100 Chaldrons COAL, for Steam purposes.
All of which will be sold cheap when landing, to save expense of storage.
WILLIAM CARVILL.
Nelson-Street, 15th April, 1848.

Iron, Steel, Canvass, &c.

The subscriber has in STOCK and for Sale, on reasonable terms—

200 TONS Common and Refined IRON, well assorted;
5 tons Swedes IRON, assorted;
280 bundles small round and square REFINED IRON, ¼ to ½ inch;
26 bundles PLOUGH PLATING;
5 tons SHEET IRON, No. 19 to 24;
2½ tons CAST STEEL, *Sanderson Brothers',* and *Naylor & Co's*
15 cwt. BLISTER STEEL;
1 CHAIN CABLE, 90 fathoms, 1 11-16 inch;
3 ANCHORS, 8 cwt. 1 qr. 22 lb.—3 cwt. 3 qrs. 9 lb.—3 cwt. 1 qr. 16 lb.;
2½ tons best London OAKUM;
½ ton PLOUGHSHARE MOULDS;
3 Blacksmiths' VICES;
6 warranted ANVILS, assorted sizes;
10 pairs Blacksmiths' Bellows, 30 to 36 inch;
12 boxes IC and DC TIN PLATES;
5 tons SPIKES, assorted, 4 to 10 inch;
300 bolts best Navy CANVASS, No 1 to 6;
300 lbs. Seaming and Roping TWINE;
4 tons CORDAGE, assorted.
THOMAS F. RAYMOND,
April 22. Nelson-street.

FRUIT, &c.

Now landing ex "Emily," and "Eliza Jane,"

20 BOXES Sweet ORANGES,
5 do. LEMONS,
6 brls. Hickory NUTS, 1 bag Cocoa Nuts,
2 bags WALNUTS, 4 bags FILBERTS,
10 barrels Baldwin APPLES,
4 boxes Clothes Pins, 1 bale Clothes Lines,
2 cases Lucca Oil, 12 dozen painted Pails,
10 barrels pure CIDER VINEGAR,
12 boxes "English Dairy" CHEESE,—for sale by ROBERT THOMSON,
April 4. Prince Wm. street.

Flour, Meal, Beef, Pork, &c.

Ex "Admiral," from Boston:

100 BRLS. extra CORN MEAL,
—IN STORE—
250 brls. Superfine FLOUR; 10 tierces RICE;
50 do. MESS PORK; 20 do. MESS BEEF;
5 do. PRIME BEEF; 88 brls. Prime PORK;
[illegible] boxes SODA BISCUIT, ROSIN, &c. &c.
—which will be sold low for Cash.
April 8. ADAMS & KETCHUM.

East India ALE & London PORTER.

JUST RECEIVED—

12 CASKS choice East India Pale ALE,
10 casks BROWN STOUT,
20 casks London PORTER.
In Store—25 casks best Scotch ALE—for Sale by [Mar. 25] BERTON BROTHERS.

BOOTS and SHOES, on consignment.

Just received by the subscriber, per steamer "Admiral,"

270 CASES of BOOTS and SHOES, well assorted for the trade of this Province. Also—250 reams Wrapping PAPER. The whole will be disposed of for a small advance. JOHN DOUGHERTY.
Saint John, N. B., April 1, 1848.

Pork, Beef, Sugars, &c.

Just received, and on sale by the Subscriber—

54 BRLS. Mess PORK,—N. York City Inspection;
25 barrels prime BEEF, ditto,
20 puncheons MOLASSES,
10 chests London fine Congou TEAS,
—Also in Store,—
25 casks London Brown Stout, each 3 dozen,
30 do. London Pale Ale, each 3 dozen,
5 hhds. pale HOLLANDS GENEVA,
March 18. JOHN V. THURGAR.

Rum, Corn Meal, &c.

Landing ex steamer *Admiral*—

25 PUNCHEONS STRONG RUM.
Ex schr. "Woodlands"—
44 brls. Onions, 10 cases Castor Oil, 10 cases Ground Ginger.
Ex brig "Emily" from New York—
50 barrels Corn Meal. For sale low at market rates, by BERTON BROTHERS.
April 1.

Seal Oil & Calcined Plaster.

10 CASKS SEAL OIL,
25 brls. Calcined Plaster of Paris,—For sale by JOHN V. THURGAR.
March 25. North Wharf.

Milled Lead and Lead Pipe, &c.

EX PERTHSHIRE—

2 ROLLS Milled LEAD, 6 & 7 lb.,
170 feet two inch Patent PIPE
220 feet 1¼ inch ditto.
—ON HAND—
120 feet 1½ inch Patent Pipe;
500 feet of inch ditto;
150 feet ¾ inch Heavy ditto;
37 cwt. Heavy Milled LEAD, suitable for Ships' Scuppers—for sale low.
The Subscriber would intimate to his friends and the public that he is now prepared to execute orders at the shortest notice, viz.—House and Ship Water Closets; Hot, Cold, and Shower Baths; Forcing, Lifting, Common, and Engine Pumps; Bilge, Head, and Deck Pumps; Scuppers, Hinges, Deck Plates, &c. on the most approved principles.
July 10. JOHN ROBINETT.

C. & W. H. ADAMS.

Have just received per ships Themis and Howard from Liverpool, part of their Fall Stock of HARDWARE, containing a good assortment of Shelf Goods—also—

6 ROLLS SHEET LEAD;
187 bags NAILS;
4 cases CAST STEEL;
11 bales BLISTERED ditto;
10 pair Blacksmith's BELLOWS;
2 casks Horse TRACES;
2 crates COAL SCOOPS;
20 bundles Eye Handle SHOVELS;
96 do. SHEET IRON;
1 cask CURLED HAIR;
2 casks PLANES;
1 cask Sheet ZINC; 2 cases GUNS;
3 casks TEA KETTLES;
1 cask BORAX;
October 23.

Chains, Anchors and Iron.

RECEIVED by ships Commerce and St. Clair from Liverpool: 7 Wood Stock ANCHORS, from 5 to 12 cwt.; 10 CHAIN CABLES, from ⅝ inch to 1¼ inch; 90 Tons Common & Refined Bar and Bolt IRON; 100 Bundles SHEET do.; 10 Tons SPIKES.
ALEXANDER YEATS,
Sept. 11. Dock Street.

RE-OPENED.

The well known "DOUGLAS ARMS INN," on the Nerepis Road, formerly Mather's.

THE Subscriber begs to intimate to his numerous friends and the Public in general, that he has leased the above Establishment which has been rebuilt in a splendid and commodious style, and in every way suitable for the convenience and comfort of Travellers and Private Families—and that the House is now open for the accommodation of the Public. All who visit the *Douglas Arms Inn* may rest assured that every attention will be paid to secure their comfort and happiness.
Feb. 26, 1848. OLIVER BYRAM.

FOR SALE.

A SHIP on the Stocks, of about 1200 Tons, building at St. Mary's Bay, to be launched on first May next.—
Length of Keel, 164 feet;
Breadth of Beam, 37 3-12 feet;
Depth of Hold, 24 feet;
Full Poop and Topgallant Forecastle, Oak Stem, Stern-post, and Apron; of superior model, and essentially copper fastened. Apply to Mr. JAMES MALCOLM, St. Mary's Bay, N. S. or at St. John, to W. H. STREET.
Saint John, 8th March, 1848.

FOR SALE.

ONE-THIRD part of the new Ship *HARRIOTT,* of the Register Tonnage of Three Hundred and Twenty-Eight Tons, with Masts, Spars, Boats, Anchors, Chain Cables, Hawsers, Blocks for Rigging, and sundry other articles on board, as she now lies at Adams' Wharf, in Union Street Slip. A liberal credit will be given on payment of the above. For further particulars apply to the subscriber, Little River, Digby Neck, Nova Scotia, or to my Agent, L. BURNS, in St. John, N. B. [Jan. 7.] GEORGE DENTON.

SHIP CHANDLERY,

Peters' Wharf.

THE undersigned has received per ships *Themis* and *Howard,* from Liverpool, an extensive supply of—
Compasses; Deep Sea and Hand Log Lines, Binnacle Lamps; Log Glasses; Telescopes; Paint and Dusting BRUSHES; Long and short handled Varnish Brushes; Sheet Lead; Stockholm Tar; VARNISH; 150 gallons prepared Wood OIL, for the prevention of Dry Rot.
☞ The above, in addition to an extensive stock on hand, constitute a complete and well selected assortment of every article in his line, which are offered for sale at the lowest market rates.
Oct. 23. JOHN WALKER.

Writing Papers, Playing Cards, and STEEL PENS.

SEVEN Hundred reams Writing and Wrapping PAPERS, assorted—Ruled and Plain—from 3s. per Ream upwards;
200 dozen superfine English Playing CARDS;
500 gross STEEL PENS, assorted, from 1s. 3d. per gross upwards; 10,000 QUILLS;
SCHOOL BOOKS, Blank Account Books; Family and Pocket BIBLES; TESTAMENTS; Prayer, Psalm, and Hymn BOOKS—together with a general assortment of STATIONERY and Miscellaneous Books, all of which will be sold at very low prices for CASH ONLY.
V. H. NELSON,
Dec. 4. *Victoria Book Store, King st.*

No. 4, DOCK-STREET.

Wines, Liquors, Teas, & Groceries.

The subscriber has received his Fall Supply, per ships *Lion, British American, Howard,* and other vessels—

20 HHDS. BRANDY, Dark and Pale,
15 casks GIN,
1 puncheon Jamaica RUM,
4 hogsheads Madeira WINE,
20 quarter casks OLD SHERRY,
15 hogsheads PORT WINE,
30 casks PORTER, in bottles,
10 casks ALE, do.
10 puncheons Demerara RUM,
50 chests TEA—best Congou,
5 chests do.—Extra Souchong,
15 boxes Young HYSON,
20 mats Old Government Java COFFEE,
10 bags Java Coffee, 10 hhds. refined Loaf Sugar,
3 hhds. Crushed SUGAR,
20 kegs assorted brands of TOBACCO,
40 casks MOLASSES, [illegible]
3 tierces RICE, [illegible]
80 boxes, [illegible] boxes RAISINS,
10 [illegible]
with a large assortment of Goods not enumerated.
☞ Ship and Fancy Bread Baked at this Establishment, and constantly on hand, Wholesale and Retail.
December 11, 1847. JOHN BRYDEN.

TOBACCO.

The subscriber is now landing ex *Robert* from New York—

70 BOXES TOBACCO,—among which are a variety of the choicest brands.
For sale at lowest market rates.
FREDERICK KAYE,
Dec. 11. *Nelson-street*

Cod Lines, Salmon Twines, &c.

Now landing, and for Sale at low rates—

100 DOZEN HERRING TWINE,
105 doz. Salmon & Shad Twine,
50 doz. 15 and 18 thread COD LINES,
30 doz. Pollock and Mackerel Lines,
2 doz. LOG LINES.
January 15. W. TISDALE & SON.

Cordage and Oakum.

12 COILS Liverpool CORDAGE, assorted sizes; 15 bundles OAKUM—For Sale low to close an account, by
G. SUTHERLAND,
Dec. 4. Custom House Wharf.

IRON AND STEEL.

The subscriber has received on Consignment—

2 CASES *Sanderson Brothers & Co.'s* best CAST STEEL, assorted sizes,
2 cases ditto, Extra ditto
—ALSO—
20 best Refined IRON SHAFTS, assorted sizes,
50 bars best refined IRON, assorted—3¼, 3½, 4, and 4½ inches square—4¾ and 4½ octagon—which he offers for sale at the lowest rates.
Nov. 27. JOHN V. THURGAR

CHEAP HARDWARE and CUTLERY.

T. R. GORDON,

Corner of Market Square and Dock-St.

Has received, and offers at low prices for Cash—

250 BAGS SPIKES, rose & clasp head NAILS, Boat, Clout, Horse, and Ox NAILS,
10 Smiths' Bellows, 8 Anvils, 1 basket VICES,
200 pairs Horse Traces, 50 Ox & Logging Chains,
1 cask Plate HINGES,
2 casks Curled HAIR and Hair Seating,
6 casks Tinned and Enamelled Tea Kettles, Sauce pans, Stew pans, Mortars, Preserving Kettles, Coffee MILLS, Italian IRONS, GLUE POTS, &c. &c.
1 cask WEIGHTS, & *Grocers' Coffee Mills,*
3 casks *Improved SMOOTHING IRONS,*
5 crates japanned Coal Hods, Scoops, Scuttles, Dust Pans, and Cinder sifters,
4 bales IRON WIRE, 6 bales Wire Riddles,
1 cask Lamp SHADES,
6 cases Mill, Pit, and Circular SAWS, (Hoole, Staniforth & Gray, and other makers,)
114 GRIDDLES, ass'd. sizes, 12 to 20 inches,
1 cask Lead PIPE, 2 casks SHOT, 5 rolls Sheet LEAD, 1 case Sheet COPPER,
1 cask Sheet ZINC, 5 cases AUGERS,
15 tons POTS, OVENS, Boilers, Fry Pans, Fire Dogs, Oven Covers, &c.
50 Heavy STOVES—20 to 30 inch.
1 bale Chalk Lines, 1 cask best RED CHALK,
82 casks Gunpowder, 3 cases Guns & Pistols,
5 cases *Sanderson Brothers & Co.'s* best CAST STEEL, 10 cwt. Blister Steel,
23 dozen SPADES and SHOVELS,
3 casks well assorted Table Knives & Forks, and Pen and Pocket Knives, superior quality and very cheap, having been manufactured expressly for the subscriber.
Fifty-four casks and cases containing—
Locks, Hinges, Latches, Screws; Fire Irons, And Irons; Japanned, Brass, and Plated Candlesticks, and Snuffers and Trays; Curtain Bands, Pins, and Rings; Cornice Ends; Tea Trays; Knife and Bread Baskets; Urns; Tea and Coffee Pots; Hot Water Jugs; GAS FITTINGS; Wool Cards; Wheel Heads; Curry Combs; Ox and Horse Cards; Flints; Percussion Caps; Shot Belts; Powder Flasks; Sparrowbills, Shoe Thread, and Hammers; Gimblets, Planes, and Plane Irons; *Cam's* Chisels and Gouges, Drawing Knives, &c.; Harness Mounting; Coffin Furniture, and Cord; Shoe, Paint, White wash, Black Lead, Scrub, and Hearth BRUSHES; Plate Baskets, Slop Kettles, Water Cans, and Foot Tubs; Cut and Wrought Brads & Tacks; Files and Rasps; Brass and Iron Castors; Table Catches and Screws; Window Furniture; Rules Compasses, &c.; SLEIGH BELLS; Fox and Rat Traps; Steelyards, Mops, Scales, &c. &c. &c.
Saint John, November 27, 1847.

Flour, Meal, Molasses, Tea, [illegible]

Received per schr. *Exemplar,* from New York [illegible]

150 BRLS. S'fine FLOUR, [illegible] To arrive per brig [illegible] New York, and schooners *Josephine* [illegible] from Philadelphia:—375 Barrels Superfine FLOUR; 75 barrels CORN MEAL, Hhds. Cuba MOLASSES, in Bond or [illegible]
—IN STORE—
25 chests TEA, fine Congo;
15 boxes Honey Dew TOBACCO;
40 boxes No. 1 Liverpool SOAP; [illegible]
JAMES N. T[illegible]
Oct. 9 South Market [illegible]

Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Flour, &c. &c.

The Subscriber has now landing and in [illegible] following Goods, which he offers to the [illegible] the lowest market rates, viz.:
Ex schs. *Ida* & *Chief Sachem* from Ph[illegible]
770 BRLS. Superfine Wheat F[illegible] 210 ditto CORN MEAL
140 do. Rye Flour, 10 tierces best RICE,
40 boxes Tobacco, assorted qualities,
Ex brig *Belle* from New-York
100 barrels Heavy MESS PORK, 15 [illegible]
15 barrels PITCH.
Also per late arrivals from Cuba
60 hhds. & 10 tcs. best Muscovado M[illegible]
550 hhds. & 30 tierces good retailing [illegible]
25 hhds. very bright Muscovado SUG[illegible]
Also—to arrive—
150 chests of good Congou and Souchong [illegible]
A. S. PERKIN[illegible]
May 1. South Market [illegible]

Teas! Teas!

THE subscriber invites the attention [illegible] ers to his present stock, comp[illegible]
200 Chests of Congo[illegible]
selected in London expressly for th[illegible]
Oct 2. FREDERICK KA[illegible]

WHISKY, Brandy, Wines, Loaf Sug[illegible]

Per "*Queen Pomare*", from Clyde, [illegible] *Caroline,* from London.
By the above vessels, the subscriber [illegible] his usual supply of LIQUORS, &c. [illegible]
15 PIPES BRANDY, (Martell [illegible]) do.
15 puncheons SPIRITS [illegible]
4 puncheons MALT WHISKY, [illegible]
20 hhds. GIN, (Schiedam), [illegible]
39 casks Port, Sherry and [illegible]
95 dozen LONDON PORTER, [illegible]
64 dozen EDINBURGH ALE, [illegible]
400 gross BEER CORKS, [illegible]
64 chests Hyson and [illegible]
6 hhds. REFINED SUGAR [illegible]
for approved payments. [illegible]
May 16. THOMAS P[illegible]

Chain Cables and Anch[illegible]

1 ANCHOR, 28 cwt.;
1 ditto, 24 cwt.;
1 CHAIN CABLE, 1⅜ in.;
1 do. [illegible]
1 do. [illegible]
1 do. [illegible]
Just landed, and for sale by JOHN ROBERT[illegible]
Nov 27.

BOLT IRON.

Received per ship *Royal Mint* from L[illegible] and *Delta* from Newport—
150 Tons BOLT IRO[illegible]
(ASSORTED.) [illegible] ALEXANDER YE[illegible]
Dock-street, August 21, 1847.

IRON, STEEL, Anchors, Chains, Tin Plates

The Subscriber has in Stock, and [illegible] *on reasonable terms,* [illegible] *Nelson Street—*
650 TONS best refined [illegible] and Common Bar [illegible] IRON—all sizes; [illegible]
20 ditto Swedes BAR IRON; [illegible]
35 tons small round [illegible]
10 ditto SHEET IRON, [illegible]
12 ditto best BOILER PLATE, [illegible]
5 feet by 2 feet; [illegible]
[illegible] ditto Hoop Iron, [illegible]
[illegible] ditto Plough Plate [illegible]
[illegible] ditto best ANGLE IRON, [illegible]
6 do. CAST STEEL [illegible]
[illegible] do. best Blister Steel, [illegible]
5 do. Spring and Shear Steel, [illegible]
30 Anchors, Iron & Wood Stock [illegible]
5 CHAIN CABLES, ⅝ to 1½ inch, [illegible]
5 tons best close-link CHAIN, [illegible]
20 do. Spikes, well assorted, 4 to 10 [illegible]
10 tons Parish picked OAKUM; [illegible]
5 ditto Bolt COPPER, ⅝ to 1¼ inch; [illegible]
115 bolts Extra Navy CANVASS; [illegible]
150 boxes *TIN PLATES*—IC, IX, DC, DX, DXX;
100 dozen Griffin's SCYTHES;
125 pieces best Irish *LINEN;*
600 Share Moulds and Anchor Palms;
15 Warranted Anvils; 20 best Smith [illegible]
6 pairs Blacksmiths' BELLOWS;
50 dozen long handled SPADES;
50 ditto Ballast SHOVELS;
400 boxes Liverpool SOAP;
10 tons HOLLOW WARE, consisting of Pots, Pans, Griddles, Camp Ovens, and [illegible]
150 Tea Kettles, Nos. 1 to 6;
30 half Register GRATES, handsome [illegible]
50 bundles Iron WIRE, Nos. 6 to 18;
12 bags Horse and Ox NAILS.
And per Lady Caroline—
10M. Fire BRICKS;
40 dozen Long Handled SPADES;
40 bundles SHEET IRON, Nos. 20 [illegible]
1350 bars Bolt Iron, ⅝ to 1½ inch;
40 dozen Spade Plates;
2 casks Miners' SHOVELS;
12 pairs Blacksmiths' BELLOWS, 24 [illegible]
102 bolts best Navy CANVASS, No. 1 [illegible]
July 10. WM. CARV[illegible]

No. 1, South Wharf.

Ex Mountaineer and Themis, from Liverpool
150 HOOLE & CO's Mill SAWS [illegible] to 7 feet;
2 cases Circular, Cross cut, Hand, Tenon, Pit, and other SAWS;
2 casks Mill Saw and other FILES;
2 casks ass'd. Cutlery; 10 pair Smith's [illegible]
6 Anvils; 1 basket VICES; 15 rolls [illegible] from 5 to 17; 10 doz. long handled Frying [illegible]
50 bags Spikes, 5 to 9 inch; 50 bags Cut [illegible]
10 bags Sheathing Nails; 9 casks Horse [illegible]
2 tons Block BUSHES; 1 cask LEAD P[illegible]
ZINC; 2 cwt. Block Tin, 1 ton Sad [illegible]
1¼ inch; 150 fathoms CHAIN, ¼, 5-16, [illegible] inch; 2 casks OX CHAINS and Horse [illegible]
40 SHARE MOULDS; half a ton of [illegible] PLATING; 1 ton *Sanderson Brothers* [illegible] STEEL, for Axes; 2 tons Sheet IRON [illegible] Tea Kettles, 4 tons pots, Griddles, [illegible] Casks containing Locks, Hinges, Coffin [illegible] brass Nails, Curtain Rings, Awl Hafts, [illegible] Bells, brass and metal Cocks, Castors, [illegible] Boys' & Men's SKATES, Counter Balances, [illegible] Weights, Carpenters Compasses, Shoe [illegible] es, Awls, Candlesticks, Iron and Copper [illegible] Scoops, copper and brass Wire, Braces and [illegible] Steel Yards, Screws, Coach Wrenches, [illegible] Horse Shoes, Sparrowbills, HAMMERS, [illegible] Rivits, and scupper Nails, Carpenters [illegible] Fire Dogs and Fire Irons, Shovels & Tongs, [illegible] paint, shoe, and other BRUSHES, Jews [illegible] Curry Combs; with a general assortment of [illegible] ware. 20 Doz. Barn SHOVELS and SP[illegible]
On Hand—Rowland's MILL SAWS; [illegible] *Griffith's* Circular Saws; POWDER, [illegible] Cannister. Ex "Wm. Carson" from L[illegible] Raw and Boiled Paint OIL; *Brandram's* [illegible] LEAD, Black, Yellow, and Red PAINT, [illegible] Thread, &c. &c., all of which are offered [illegible] rates for *Cash* by
October 30. W. TISDALE & [illegible]

Hardware, &c.

The Subscriber has received per late [illegible] England, the following articles, which [illegible] at low rates for prompt payment—
HOOLE, Staniforth & Co.'s Mill, [illegible] Pit and Hand Saws, assorted [illegible] Web Saws; Percussion Caps; [illegible] Pocket and Table Cutlery; Wilson's [illegible] Butcher and Sheath Knives; Locks, [illegible] Hinges and Screws in great variety; [illegible] cut, Pit and Hand-saw Files; [illegible] Hammers, Trunk Nails, Skates, [illegible] Horse Bells, Brass Snuffers and Trays, [illegible] sticks, Chisels, Sheep Shears, [illegible] Augers, Curled Hair, Coal Scoops [illegible] Sheet Iron, Iron Wire, Wrought Nails [illegible] Short-linked Iron Chain, Bench [illegible] penters' Compasses, Measuring Tapes, [illegible] Balances, Boat Compasses, Iron [illegible] Pocket Bevels, Horse Traces and Chain [illegible] Horn Lanthorns, Paint Brushes and [illegible] Wood Rasps, Plane Irons, Steel [illegible] hooks, Sand Paper, Shoe Pincers, [illegible] Slates, Iron and Tin'd Rivets, Pump Tacks, [illegible] Weights, Barn Shovels and Spades, [illegible] Tea Kettles, tin'd and untin'd, &c.
On Hand—80 bolts Canvass, from No. 1 to [illegible] 15 Kedge Anchors, 50 bund'es Oakum, [illegible] Seal Oil; 20 dozen Axes—Williams' [illegible] boxes Tin, IC and DC. For sale at [illegible] rates. JAMES N. C[illegible]
Nov. 27.—Hd Qrs.