[Correspondence of the New-York Herald.]

WASHINGTON, July 11, 1849.

The Canadian Question—Annexation and Reciprocity—Exports and Imports to and from the British North American Colonies—Mr. Merritt's Mission, &c. &c.—The subject of Canadian annexation and Canadian reciprocity occupies at this time much attention. We alluded a few days since to the condition of those Provinces, and stated our reasons for believing that the annexation feeling there, though apparently at present confined to persons of one class of politics, would inevitably spread to all classes and all parties. Looking at it in that view—and we think no person at all acquainted with Canadian affairs, and who looks at the matter with an unbiassed eye, can regard it in any other—we are of opinion that the passage of a reciprocity bill would rather hasten than postpone the crisis. We know that this view is not the one now generally taken of it in this country, but still it is the correct one. The Canadian people are laboring under a state of great commercial depression; they find themselves encumbered with a heavy debt, and bereft of trade in consequence of the commercial policy which England has seen fit to pursue. And yet all this has but little to do with the present annexation movement. It has been caused wholly by a political contest which has resulted in the election of the reform party, with their allies, the French Canadians, and the consequent displacement from office of the tories, or ultra-loyalist party. The cry, so far as we have seen, has not been for democratic institutions, but for the suppression of the "Rebel bill"—not for universal suffrage, but to put down the "French." These are not feelings likely to make converts of their political opponents, and without such an accession to their numbers as would plainly give them a large, a universal majority of the people there, it is not, to say the least, probable they could succeed in either inducing England to agree to a peaceful separation, or in enforcing their demands, in opposition to a majority of the people, backed up by the constituted authorities.

We stated the other day that we believed it was "manifest destiny" that the British Colonies on our Northern frontier should be annexed to our Union, and we believe it now just as strongly. But the desire for annexation (mark our words) will proceed from admiration of our institutions, and not from a private party quarrel. That quarrel perpetuates British connexion in Canada, by arousing the passions of each party, and rendering the reformers deaf to all considerations but one—defeating their opponents. If this is not the case, why is it that nothing has yet been done? Surely if talking is any evidence of determination, the annexation party should, ere this, have made some demonstration. And they would have done so, had their cause been as strong as represented by them.

But we hear only one reason given by the annexation party for this sudden change from loyalty to its antipodes—the passage of a measure which, at worst, even if it did all they assert it does, would only pay the losses of men whose only offence was that of rebelling against the very power the annexationists desire now to be disconnected from themselves. Let this bill be but vetoed, and all their loyalty returns with tenfold vigor. Can much reliance be placed, then, in the republican declarations they are making?

We feel no desire to take sides in the present controversy, but there is certainly something glaringly inconsistent in the ground taken by the annexation party. It is not the proper feeling which should prompt a country to apply for admission into this republic; and unless they seek a union with us from a cordial detestation of anointed kings and State religion, they had better stay away—we might as well annex Mexico, with all her ignorance and superstition.

But how is reciprocity going to affect the matter? Briefly, by promoting an intercourse between the two countries, which, more than anything else, will dissipate the prejudices which now unquestionably exist; by bringing them into daily communion with our citizens, and forcing them to draw the contrast between their condition as colonists and ours as sovereigns. The passage of a reciprocity bill would not make their "civil list" (the salaries they have to pay their governor, and the expenses of the government generally) a dollar lighter; it would not relieve them from their debt of several millions; nor would it induce capitalists to send their money there. It might possibly be of some advantage to them in other points of view, but we have yet to learn that sound policy requires we should make no arrangements with foreign countries, no matter how much it may be to our advantage, unless we overreach them.

How far a reciprocity measure may be advantageous to us, cannot at present be decided. As a limited measure, merely applying to Canada, and restricted to certain articles, it could be of no service to us at all, beyond the mere carrying trade which New-York would secure. But as a broad and expansive measure, looking to all the North American colonies, and admitting all articles, it assumes a much more important character.

A correspondent of the *Boston Courier*, of the 7th instant, writing from here, says:—

The proposition of Mr. Merritt has been considered in the most cordial and friendly spirit by the administration, and an earnest desire was expressed to meet the commercial wants of Canada to the full extent that a just regard to the paramount interests of our own country will permit. But we think Mr. Merritt has returned home with the conviction that, notwithstanding the friendly disposition of the administration towards the British Provinces, it will not consent to propose to Congress any such schemes of reciprocal free trade with them as it was Mr. Merritt's desire to promote. *A law establishing free trade between us and them, would confer upon those Colonies very important benefits, but would bring little or no advantage to the United States.* And in this light we believe the present administration views the subject.

This paragraph speaks pretty authoritatively, and yet we have reason, and good reason, to believe that it is full of mistakes. In the first place, Mr. Merritt, although President of the Canadian cabinet, came here merely in a private character, armed with no powers whatever to enter into any negotiation. It is, therefore, highly improbable any "proposition" he might have made was considered at all. If Mr. Merritt made any proposition, which we doubt very much, it would have been somewhat of the character of the one made by a Yankee, who accosted a gentleman on a very fine horse—"I say, Mister, suppose I had a horse, how would you trade?" Of course, under these circumstances, if Mr. Merritt made any proposition, it could not be listened to, as the government would have had to "suppose" him invested with authority, where he had none. As to what the administration will consent to propose to Congress, it is another matter, and it is not altogether improbable that a scheme to admit upon terms of reciprocity all our productions, and throw open to us the fisheries of Newfoundland, would not be unacceptable either to the administration or to Congress. We differ in opinion with the correspondent we have alluded to, also, as to the trade of the Provinces being of little advantage to us. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1848, we exported to the British North American Colonies:—

Domestic produce,	$6,399,959
Foreign produce,	1,982,696
Total,	$8,382,655

whilst our imports for the same period amounted to but $3,646,467, showing a balance in our favour of $4,736,188. The trade is, therefore, important; and if so much to our advantage under a restricted commerce, a very serious and important question arises, as to whether it would not be greatly beneficial to us to extend that trade. This, however, must necessarily depend upon the result of careful and enlarged investigation, and we have not the slightest doubt that it will receive both from the eminent gentleman whose duty it is to look into it.

If such a measure should be recommended and carried out, the provinces would virtually be a portion of this Union, and but few months would elapse before they would be entirely so. The colonial system of government cannot stand alongside of ours a moment, when viewed by an unprejudiced eye; and the colonist feeling that he has been deserted by England, having no communication with her, and being in hourly intercourse with us, would rapidly learn that the cloak of ignorance and prejudice within which he wraps himself, but excludes him from the bright and genial influences of our institutions and the glory and greatness they produce.

OMEGA.

The Saratoga *Whig* publishes the subjoined letter by Gen. Scott, on the question of annexing Canada to the United States. It was written to a gentleman who, on a recent visit to Saratoga, communicated a copy for publication. The well known acquaintance of Gen. Scott with the frontier country on both sides, and his great intelligence generally, lend importance to the publication of his views. It is probable that the General is quite right in supposing a large share of our people sympathise in his views, and at the same time agree with him in wishing to see no "underhand measures on our part," with reference to the subject:—

WEST POINT, June 29, 1849.

My Dear Sir—The news from the Parliament of Great Britain, this morning, must, I think, increase the discontent of our neighbors on the other side of the St. Lawrence and the Lakes not a little; and that those discontents will, in a few years, lead to a separation of the Canadas, New-Brunswick, &c. &c., from the mother country, seems equally probable.

Will those Provinces form themselves into an independent nation, or seek a connection with our Union? I think the probability is greatly in favor of the latter. In my judgment the interests of both sides would be much promoted by annexation—the several Provinces coming into the Union on equal terms with our present thirty States. The free navigation of the St. Lawrence is already of immense importance to perhaps a third of our present population, and would be of great value to the remainder. After annexation, two revenue cutters, below Quebec, would give us a better security against smuggling, than 30,000 custom house *employees* strung along the line that separates us from the British possessions on our continent. I am well acquainted with that line, and know a great deal of the interests and character of the Provincials. Though opposed to incorporating with us any district densely peopled with the Mexican race, I should be most happy to fraternize with our northern and north-eastern neighbors.

What may be the views of our Executive Government on the subject, I know absolutely nothing; but I think I cannot err in saying that two-thirds of our people would rejoice at the incorporation, and the other third soon perceive its benefits.

Of course, I am opposed to any underhanded measures on our part, in favor of the measure, or any other act of bad faith towards Great Britain. Her good will, in my view of the matter, is only second to that of the Provincials themselves, and that the former would soon follow the latter—considering the present temper and condition of Christendom—cannot be doubted.

The foregoing views I have long been in the habit of expressing in conversation. I give them to you for what they may be worth. Faithfully yours,

WINFIELD SCOTT.

Dreadful Mortality in the Westchester Alms House.—The cholera made its appearance in the Westchester county Poor House, located a few miles east of Tarrytown, on Monday, the 2d instant, and on Wednesday thereafter, there had occurred forty-three cases, of which twenty-one were fatal. There were two hundred inmates of the institution on the breaking out of the epidemic, but in a short time there were not well persons enough remaining to take care of the sick. Those who could, fled panic-struck, and it was found necessary to send to this city for nurses for the sick. We also learn that the wife of Mr. Hait, the keeper of the Alms House is dangerously ill with the epidemic.—*N. Y. Exp.*

Extraordinary Mortality in one Family.—Margaret Foster, wife of Wm Foster, who died on Saturday of cholera, was conveyed to the Hospital at Fort Hill, very sick with cholera.—Roger Ryan, her father, died at the Hospital with cholera. Margaret Ryan, aged 14 years, was last week conveyed to Deer Island. They were all of the same family, and taken from 155 Ann-street.—*Bos. Times, July 17.*

Sudden Death.—James Smith, lately from Nova Scotia, a worthy and industrious man, of good habits, was found by the road side on Portland-street, yesterday afternoon, in a dying state. He was returning to his residence in the city from work on the farm of Mrs. Dole in Stroudwater, and was overcome by the heat and labour, which caused his death.—*Portland paper, July 17.*

The Philadelphia physicians say that the lighting of bonfires in the streets would serve as a preventative to cholera.

The Boundary Line between the United States and Canada and New Brunswick, run in accordance with the Ashburton treaty, cost the labour of three hundred men eighteen months. For three hundred miles a path was cut through the forest thirty feet wide, and cleared of all trees. At the end of every mile is a cast iron pillar, painted white, four feet out of the ground, seven inches square at the bottom and four inches at the top, with raised letters on its sides, naming the Commissioners who run the line, and the date.

On the 27th ult. the bridge across the Ottawa, built by Messrs. A. M. Delisle and B. H. Lemoine, was publicly opened with great ceremony, by the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal. The bridge is to be called *Le Pont de Sainte Ange.*

The Toronto *Patriot* says that the trials for Sedition, Parliament-House burning, &c. will not take place in Montreal, but in Quebec.

The Chambly Canal, which heretofore has hardly been made any use of, has this season been doing a very good business in the transport of lumber and grain to the United States.

Building Societies in Canada.—The twelfth sale of stock in the Upper Canada Building Society was held at Toronto on the 3d inst. when five shares of £100 each were disposed of at an average bonus of forty per cent.—Six shares in the Farmers' and Mechanics' Building Society were sold on the 4th at an average bonus of £40 3s. 4d.—the lowest being 39¾ and the highest 41¼ per cent. bonus.

Douglass Jerrold, author of the Caudle Lectures and other celebrated works, has sold his weekly newspaper—one of the most pungent journals of the age—and is to take charge again of the London *Punch*, which from the absence of his pen, has been rapidly running down of late. Jerrold is, perhaps, the most decided compound of philosophy, wit and satire—the latter predominating—living. From a poor boy, he has carved a way to fortune by his own efforts, and stamped his name upon a proud niche in the temple of literary fame.

INDIA AND CHINA.—By an Overland Mail, dates from Calcutta to the 25th April, and Bombay to May 12, have been received. The intelligence from India is of a peaceful and almost unimportant character, but from China it is pregnant with important but remote consequences. Some disturbances have taken place in the Nizam's dominions, in consequence of Appa Sahib, a pretender to the throne, having taken up arms. The British forces, under Brigadier Onslow, speedily put down the rebellion; but, in the moment of victory, Brigadier Onslow lost his life by accidentally falling from his horse over a precipice, when he was killed on the spot. Everything is quiet in the Punjaub and at Peshawur. The arrangements for the administration of the government of the Punjaub are still in progress of completion. The Governor General and Lord Gough are at Simla. Sir Charles Napier had reached Madras, and would be at Calcutta on the 5th or 6th of May.

From China we learn that the Emperor has refused to carry out the stipulations of the two treaties, which provided that Canton should be opened to foreigners. Seu, the Governor of Canton, has interpreted the Emperor's rescript "Be guided by a kind regard to the feelings of the people, and manage the business as circumstances may direct" into a plain refusal, or the Emperor had signified the same since. In the communication of Seu to Mr. Bonham, he says, the Emperor has determined "That as the people of Canton have refused to receive foreigners into the town, how can he force an opposite course to the people?" From the nature of the proclamation we think it is quite plain that the authorities were prepared to resist the entrance of the foreigners into the city; but, at present, a great sacrifice of human blood has at least been averted, by Lord Palmerston having given special directions that nothing more should be done but to report the repudiation of the treaty to him.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Office of the Provincial Secretary, until and including Wednesday the first day of August next, from such persons as may be disposed to contract for the Printing of the Journals of the House of Assembly, as they are at present executed, for four years, to commence with the next ensuing Session. The number required will be Five Hundred, three hundred and fifty of which to be distributed from day to day during the sitting of the House, and the remainder, one hundred and fifty, to be bound with the Appendices, and to be delivered to the Clerk within three months after the closing of the Session. The Tenders must also state the rate at which the one hundred and fifty copies of the Appendices to the Journals, so to be delivered, are to be furnished, and also the terms on which all Miscellaneous Printing ordered by the House, to be performed during the Session will be provided. Persons tendering will also state at what rates per one hundred copies, they will provide any additional number of Journals, to be distributed daily during the Session, should they be ordered by the House.

Satisfactory security will be required for the due performance of any Contract that may be entered into.
J. R. PARTELOW,
CHAS. P. WETMORE.
Fredericton, June 15, 1849.

REMOVAL.

JOHN DOUGHERTY has removed to that large Brick Building in Water Street, formerly occupied by Mr. Samuel Gardner, where he has for sale a general assortment of Sewed and Peg'd Boots, Shoes and Brogans; Books, Music, Paper, Prints, and Playing Cards; Fancy Soaps, Perfumery, Essences, and Combs in great variety; Looking Glasses, Bohemian Vases, Wooden and Glass Toys and Fancy Boxes; superfine Flour and New York Soda Biscuit, &c. &c.
Also, 50 Bags of superior Live Geese Feathers, 15 warranted English Patent Lever Gold Watches, from £12 to £20 each.
N. B.—Storage on moderate terms.
St. John, 21st April, 1849.

DRUGS and MEDICINES, Paints, Oils, &c.

Ex Ship "LISBON," from London.

THE subscriber has received his usual supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, Surgeons' Instruments, SPICES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, &c. &c. &c.
—ALSO—
5 tons Brandrum' genuine WHITE LEAD, in 14lb., 28lb., 56lb., & 112lb. kegs;
38 hhds. Raw and Boiled Linseed OIL;
30 barrels Rose Pink, Red Lead, Red and Yellow Ochre, Venetian Red, Litharge, Crome Yellow, Prussian Blue, Servants' Friend, and GLUE;
50 barrels WHITING and Paris White;
1 pipe OLIVE OIL. W. O. SMITH,
May 5. No. 1, North side Market Square.

MEDICAL HALL, Opposite King's Square.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the Public generally, that he has again resumed business in one of Mr. Secord's new Stores, fronting on King's Square, and second building from the corner of King Street, where he will be happy to serve his friends and customers with DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, CONFECTIONARY, DYE STUFFS, PAINT, OILS, &c. &c., of the very best qualities.
Pure Ærated SODA WATER, with Syrup adapted to the taste, may be had at all times.
R. D. McARTHUR,
Late Assistant to Dr. Livingstone.
P. S.—R. D. McA. desires it be made known that the business is now conducted entirely on his own account. June 2, 1849.

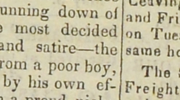
Working Cutlery Establishment, STANTON'S BRICK BUILDING, *DOCK STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.*

W. B. NICHOLSON, *Working Cutler & Surgical Instrument Manufacturer*, (late Cutler at the SHEFFIELD HOUSE,) would respectfully inform the inhabitants of this City and Province, that he has commenced business in the above line, and that he is now prepared to execute any orders entrusted to him, and trusts, from long experience in the various branches of his trade, both in England and in this City, to give entire satisfaction.
☞ All kinds of Cutlery Ground, Polished, and Repaired; Pen, Jack, and Table Knives Rebladed; Razors Ground and Set;
Lancets and Surgical Instruments Ground and Polished;
New Handles to all kinds of Cutlery;
Steel Fenders & Fire Irons Ground & Polished;
Ornaments in Shell, Ivory, and Pearl repaired;
CUTLERY MADE TO ORDER;
A Stock of Cutlery, &c. on hand—Cheap.
☞ TERMS CASH. ☜
May 26.—3m

JUST RECEIVED, The Latest Summer Fashions for 1849.

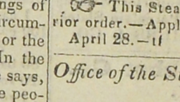
GENT'S furnishing Goods, &c. &c. consisting in part of—
Plain and Figured Black Italian SATIN Square HANDKERCHIEFS;
Do. do. Lustre SILK Handkerchiefs;
Do. do. Madras Cut NECK do.
Do. do. New style Lawn Fancy Crossbar do.
Do. do. CAMBRIC MUSLIN do.
Do. do. PONGEE SILK Pocket do.
Black Mattioni, 32, 34, 36, & 38 inch Neck do.
BANDANNAS, in endless variety, do.
ALGERINE and TURKEY do.
Figured, Plain, Fancy, & Black OPERA TIES;
Do. do. do. Satin Self Adjusting STOCKS;
Do. do. do. Bombazine do. do.
Do. do. do. Satin & Silk stripe do.
Do. do. do. do. with long ends do.
Do. do. do. Stocks with bow and buckle;
do. Military style Stocks without bows;
French and Plain White SHIRTS;
Do. pink, fancy, blue, striped, & lilac Regatta do.
A new lot under Shirts, made by the Quakers;
Angola, Flannel, and other various qualities of do.
Cotton and Flannel DRAWERS;
Fleecy Lined Cotton do.
Black and Colored FRENCH KID GLOVES;
Do. and do. Lisle Thread, Silk, Kid and Cashmere GLOVES;
Very superior white & Grey Angola half HOSE;
An endless variety of Mens' and Boys' do.
Elastic and Knit India Rubber & Web BRACES;
CARPET BAGS, VALISES, &c. &c.
P. S.—CASH, WITHOUT DISCOUNT.
GARRETT & SKILLEN,
Corner of King and Cross-streets, St. John, New-Brunswick.
June 16.

Reduced Fare!



THE fast and splendid Steamer SAINT JOHN, is now fitted up in a superior style, as a NIGHT BOAT, and will ply on the River as follows:—Leaving Indian Town every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock, P. M.; and Fredericton, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at the same hour.
The SAINT JOHN is well adapted to carry Freight, as there can be a thousand barrels put under cover.
The proprietors of this fine Steamer having spared no expense to fit her up in a superior style with two new cabins and several state-rooms, she offers great inducements to passengers.
Freight will be received in the warehouse at Indian Town, when the Boat is not at the Wharf. The proprietors of the SAINT JOHN have also obtained a Storehouse for the accommodation of persons who wish their Freight to remain at Fredericton until called for, and they trust, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ISRAEL MERRITT, *Agent.*
May 12.

STEAM Between St. John, Dorchester, Bend and Sackville.



THE Steamer SAXE GOTHA will leave for DORCHESTER and the BEND every Saturday afternoon; returning, will leave for St. John on Monday morning, two hours before high water.
The Steamer will also leave for SACKVILLE, after the 5th May, every Wednesday afternoon; returning, will leave for St. John on Thursday afternoon, at high water.
☞ This Steamer has been put in very superior order.—Apply to the Master on board, or to
April 28.—tf JAMES WHITNEY.

Office of the St. John Water Company, 1st June, 1849.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. JAMES ROBERTSON has been appointed Secretary and Manager of the above Company.
JOHN DUNCAN, PRESIDENT.

Office of the St. John Water Company, 1st June, 1849.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that I have been instructed by the Board of Directors, forthwith to collect all outstanding debts due to the St. John Water Company, and otherwise to superintend the business of said Institution.—The Office is at present in the Brick Building, corner of Prince William street and the Market Square. JAMES ROBERTSON,
Secretary and Manager.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ALL Creditors upon the Estate of J. BARBER & Co., of this City, Merchants, who have signed the Trust Deed, upon proving their Debts, will receive a Dividend of *Five Shillings and Six Pence in the Pound*, by applying at the Office of Messrs. OWENS & DUNCAN, on or after Monday the 11th instant.
J. DUNCAN,
JAMES TRAVIS, } *Trustees.*
A. M'L. SEELY,
Saint John, N. B., June 7, 1849.

Apprentices.

FARMERS and others desirous of having either male or female apprentices of sufficient age to be of service, are requested to make early application to the Commissioners of the Alms House. A number of fine healthy children will be bound out to proper persons, on immediate application.
Alms House, St. John, 9th June, 1849.

REMOVAL.—The subscriber would beg to inform the public that he has removed his UNDERTAKING Establishment to the Shop lately occupied by Mr. P. Shuttleworth Germain-street, and one door North of his old Stand, where he will furnish every article in his line at his usual low prices.
May 5, 1849. M. N. POWERS.

TEA.

350 CHESTS CONGO TEA, selected with great care in London and New York, expressly for this market, for sale by
EDMUND KAYE,
28th April, 1849. *North Market Wharf*

TEA.

JUST RECEIVED:—25 Chests of Fine Congo TEA, equal if not superior to any in the City.
Feb. 19. THOMAS P. CRANE.

Wholesale and Retail Warehouse, Prince Wm. Street.

J. & J. HEGAN,

HAVE received per *Peruvian* and *Queen Pomare* from Glasgow, *Infanta* and *Harmony* from Liverpool, and *Pilgrim* from London, the whole of their SPRING IMPORTATIONS, comprising a very extensive and general assortment of the newest and most fashionable FANCY and STAPLE GOODS suitable for the season, which will be sold wholesale and retail at the lowest possible prices for *Cash only.*
BONNETS by the case. May 12.

Spring Importations!

Received per *Infanta* and *Portland*, from Liverpool, *Lisbon* from London, and *Ant* from Glasgow—A large assortment of Goods suitable for the season—consisting of—
NEW Styles DRESS MATERIALS, in Mohairs, Glacies, Brilliants, Cashmeres, Coburgs, Muslins, Organdies, Balzarines, Ginghams, Silks, Satins, and Orientals,
SHAWLS, Hdkfs. and Fancy Neck Ties,
LACES, Nets, Quillings and Edgings,
GLOVES, Hosiery, Umbrellas and Parasols,
Broad Cloths, Fancy Doeskins and Cassimeres,
Cassinet Tweeds, Russell Cords and Cashmerets,
Plain and Fancy Bonnet and Cap Ribbons,
LINENS, Lawns, Diaper and Twilling,
Grey, White and Printed COTTONS,
Gent's Silk, Beaver, and Paris HATS,
Ladies' and Children's STRAW BONNETS in great variety.
Tailors' Trimmings, Cotton Warp, &c. &c.
Which are offered at very low prices, wholesale and retail. J. & H. FOTHERBY.
May 5

GLASGOW HOUSE. Spring Importations.

Per "Lisbon" from London, "Peruvian" "Ant" and "Queen Pomare" from Glasgow, and "Harmony" from Liverpool:—
BALLENTINE & BOWMAN would direct the attention of Purchasers to the Stock of SPRING GOODS now opening at the GLASGOW HOUSE, King-street, consisting, in part, of the most Fashionable Style of
DRESS STUFFS, MUSLINS, SILKS, Bonnets, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.
personally selected in the Home Markets, which are offered at extremely low prices.
Wholesale and Retail, for *CASH.*
May 5th 1849.

Brandy, Wines, Whisky.

Ex the Ship Lisbon, from London, and Peruvian, from Glasgow:
30 CASKS, in pipes and hhds., Hennessey's Prime Old Cognac BRANDY;
15 hhds. first quality Pale GENEVA;
2 puns. superior Malt WHISKY;
15 half pipes } PORT and Sherry WINES,
20 qr. casks } of very first quality.
Also, 4 cases Linen THREADS, assorted numbers, a very superior article, &c. &c.
JOHN V. THURGAR,
April 28. *North Mkt. Wharf.*

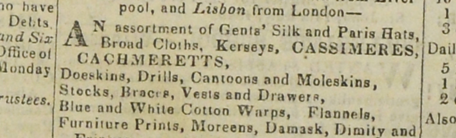
MORRISON & CO.

Have received per *Lisbon* from London, *Infanta* from Liverpool, and *Peruvian* from Glasgow:
AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF
NEW GOODS,
which they are selling at decidedly Low Prices,
FOR CASH.
A Choice lot of the NEWEST STYLES of
Bonnet and Cap Ribbons,
A great variety of FANCY NECK TIES, LACES, GLOVES, and HOSIERY,
Sewed MUSLIN COLLARS and Habit Shirts, Black, White and col'd Lace Falls and Veils, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 *Black PATENT CRAPE, Ærophanes, Gauze and Crape Lisse,*
Black and Colored German Velvet Ribbons,
Sewing Silk, Twist, Gimp and Fringes,
BLACK, BROWN, COL'D AND SHOT
SILK PARASOLS,
A Select Stock of Dress Materials,
in Orleans and Coburg Checks, Plain and Printed ditto, Shot Lustres and Coburgs, Alpacas, Challies, Chameleons, Californias, Mohairs, Lois, Zephyrs, Linen and Crape Checks, &c.
PRINTED MUSLIN, BAREGE, LENO AND ORGANDY DRESSES,
BLACK SATIN AND GRO DE NAPS, PERSIAN, SARSNETS,
Black and Colored Satin, Cashmere, Barege, Norwich, Edinburgh, Paisly, &c.
Shawls and Handkerchiefs,
GENTS.' FANCY SILK, SATIN, AND MUSLIN NECK HANDKERCHIEFS,
DeJoinvilles, Operas, Scarfs, Stocks and Stiffeners,
CAMBRIC AND SILK POCKET HDKFS,
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Fancy Trowserings and Vestings,
LINENS, Lawns, Diapers, Table Linens and Towelling; Brown, Checked and Slate Hollands; Drill, Duck, Canvas and Osnaburg,
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 Printed Calicoes,
MUSLINS,
FRENCH, EARLSTON, LINEN AND MUSLIN
GINGHAMS,
Homespuns, Checks, and Regatta SHIRTINGS,
White and Grey Cottons and Sheetings,
TICKS, Counterpanes, TOILET COVERS,
Marseilles and Toilet QUILTS,
MOREENS and DAMASKS, with Fringes,
LACE, and Tassels to match,
SCARLET, WHITE and BLUE FLANNELS,
UMBRELLAS, Stays, Braces,
BUTTONS, THREADS, &c. &c. &c.
With a General Stock of Small Wares and Trimming. May 9.

Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Porter, Ale, &c. &c. &c.

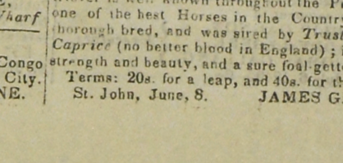
Now landing ex Lisbon, from London:
10 HHDS. choice old Port, Sherry and Madeira WINE;
30 Hhds. old Pale and Brown Cognac BRANDY—Martell's, Henessy's, &c.
20 Hhds. finest Pale Schiedam GENEVA;
1 Hhd. and 10 Cases fine English Cordial Geneva;
150 Casks best London Porter and Double Brown Stout,
50 Casks Bass' celebrated East India Pale Ale, } In Pint and quart Bottles.
Which with their Stock of choice Old Wines and Liqueures of every description, in Wood and Bottle, are for sale by
RANNEY, STURDEE & CO.
Wine Merchants, Prince Wm. Street.
St. John, 21st April, 1849.

MAY 1st, 1849.



SPRING GOODS!

Received per *Infanta* and *Portland* from Liverpool, and *Lisbon* from London—
AN assortment of Gents' Silk and Paris Hats, Broad Cloths, Kerseys, CASSIMERES, CACHMERETTS,
Doeskins, Drills, Cantoons and Moleskins,
Stocks, Braces, Vests and Drawers,
Blue and White Cotton Warps, Flannels,
Furniture Prints, Moreens, Damask, Dimity and Fringes,
Grey, White and Printed Cottons,
Sheetings, Shirtings, Muslins, Linens, Lawns,
Cambrics, Canvas, Duck and Holland,
HOSIERY and GLOVES of all kinds,
Gimps, Fringes and Artificial Flowers,
Fancy SHAWLS, Hdkfs, and Neck Ties,
Worked Collars and Habit Shirts,
PARASOLS, Umbrellas, Nets and Laces,
Fancy Bonnet and Cap RIBBONS,
A variety of new DRESS MATERIALS in Mohairs, Glacies, Checks, Coburgs, Silks, Satins, Orientals, &c. &c.
Which, together with Four Thousand Pairs of Boots and Shoes, are offered at the very lowest market prices. W. G. LAWTON.



The famous Stud Horse *Retriever* (the property of the subscriber for the present season, for the purpose of covering), will stand at his Stables, Waterloo street, St. John. Retriever is well known throughout the Province as one of the best Horses in the Country. He is thorough bred, and was sired by *Trustee* out of *Caprice* (no better blood in England); is of great strength and beauty, and a sure foal-getter.
Terms: 20s. for a leap, and 40s. for the season.
St. John, June, 8. JAMES GREEN

IRON, TIN, ANCHORS, CHAINS, &c.

The Subscriber has just received per ships *Wm. Carson, Infanta, Portland*, and *Harmony*, from Liverpool, *Ant* and *Wandsworth* from Clyde,—
300 TONS Scotch and English Refined and Common IRON, well ass'd,
4 tons HOOP IRON, ass'd, 1 to 1¼ inch;
6 tons BOILER PLATES;
50 boxes best Charcoal Tin Plates, IC & DC;
50 bundles Iron Wire, assorted, No. 6 to 18;
250 bags SPIKES, assorted 4½ to 10 inch.
20 bags HORSE NAILS, 5 to 8 lbs.;
300 Anchor Palms and Ploughshare Moulds;
1200 fathoms best proved short-link CHAINS, assorted, from ¼ to 1½ inch.;
15 best proved Stud Chain Cables, assorted, ⅞ to 1⅞ inch.;
15 Iron and Wood Stock ANCHORS, assorted 2 to 35 cwt.;
8 tons best Liverpool OAKUM;
200 bolts "Gourock" Canvass, ass'd, No. 1a6
In Store—200 tons Refined and Common Iron;
15 tons small Round and Square Refined Iron, ¼ to ½ inch.;
10 tons SWEDISH IRON, assorted sizes;
2 tons *Sanderson's* best Cast Steel, for axes;
2 tons *Naylor's* Cast Steel, flat and square;
5 tons Blistered Steel, CC ND, and hoop L,
50 dozen Long Handle IRISH SPADES;
40 do. MINERS' SHOVELS;
6 tons Hollow-ware, in Pots, Bake Ovens, Griddles and Pans;
150 TEA KETTLES, No. 1 to 6;
150 bolts NAVY CANVASS, ass'd No. 1 to 7;
Smiths' Anvils, Bellows and Vices,
120 pieces superior Irish Linen;
2000 lbs. Wrapping Twine; 5 bales Shoe Thread
100 doz. Writing Ink, Black, Blue and Red;
5000 English Fire Brick, 1 cask Sad Irons.
The whole of which he offers for sale at lowest prices for approved payment.
WM. CARVILL.
Nelson-street, May 5, 1849.

Offley, Webber, Forrester & Cramp, OPORTO, 6, St. Helen's Place, LONDON; Lancaster Buildings, Liverpool,

HAVING successfully introduced into England the system of supplying consumers of Port Wine, directly from their own Cellars, with their well-known Vintages, beg respectfully to acquaint the Gentlemen of Saint John, that, for the purpose of offering their Wines to them, they have appointed as Agents
Messrs. Colley & Webster,
who alone are authorised to supply the same.

PAUL CLOSSMAN, & BOYES, Bordeaux and London,

THROUGH the present medium, have pleasure in announcing that they have appointed Messrs. COLLEY & WEBSTER sole Agents for the Sale (in the North American Provinces,) of their fine flavoured and carefully selected FRENCH and RHENISH WINES.

Colley & Webster, *Wine and Spirit Merchants,* PRINCE WILLIAM-STREET,

WITH reference to the foregoing announcements, beg respectfully to inform their friends and the public generally, that they are opening the Premises lately occupied by Messrs JARDINE & CO., with an extensive assortment of superb WINES, selected personally from the Cellars of the above and other first class Firms—which, together with a choice Stock of SPIRITS, ALE, BEER, and PORTER, in wood and bottle, they are prepared to sell at lowest rates.
St. John, May 5, 1849.

TEAS! TEAS!

Landing, ex Harmony, from London—
50 CHESTS Fine London Congou TEA, 20 chests Fine SOUCHONG do.
For Sale at lowest market price, by
COLLEY & WEBSTER,
May 5. Prince Wm. street.

Canvas, Fishing Lines, & Twines.

10 BALES of Edmund Baxter's celebrated Dundee CANVAS, assorted, Nos. 1 to 6—a splendid article;
10 casks FISHING LINES and TWINES, comprising Salmon, Shad and Herring Twines, assorted; Pollock, Cod, and St. Peter's Lines,—ex the Harmony—For Sale by
May 5 COLLEY & WEBSTER.

Wrapping Paper, Pipes, &c.

300 REAMS Wrapping PAPER, 20 boxes PIPES, assorted.—For Sale by COLLEY & WEBSTER,
May 5. Prince Wm. street.

Cutlery, Files, Scissors, &c.

4 CASKS of Sheffield Goods, containing an assortment of TABLE and POCKET CUTLERY, SCISSORS, FILES, &c.
Six complete Joiners' TOOL CHESTS,
Two cases of splendid Double and Single barrel Guns—ex the 'Harmony.'
May 5. COLLEY & WEBSTER.

Muscovado Molasses.

Ex Volante, from Matanzas—
150 PUNCHEONS MOLASSES, new crop, of superior quality.
For sale by GEO. SUTHERLAND, or BERTON BROTHERS.
May 5th, 1849. [News]

Ship Stores.

BEEF and PORK of extra quality, *in Bond*, for sale by *EDMUND KAYE,*
28th April, 1849. *North Market Wharf.*

RECEIVED

By the ships *Commodore* and *Belmont:*
25 CHAIN CABLES, from ½ to 1¼ inch. 24 Anchors, from 2 cwt. to 21 cwt.
ALEXANDER YEATS.
Dock-street, July 15.

FOR SALE

At the MANCHESTER HOUSE Wholesale and Retail Store, adjoining the premises of W. O. SMITH:—
A LARGE Quantity of English Printing, Post, Note, Pot, and Wrapping PAPER, received from Liverpool ex "*Harmony.*" ALSO: A superior lot of Mill Boards, suitable for Book-binding purposes. [May 19] WM. HOWARD.

NO. 7, DOCK-STREET.

The Subscriber has just received per the *Peruvian* from Glasgow—
3 PIPES fine old Cognac Brandy, 6 hhds. do. do. } *Martell's*
6 hhds. fine pale Schiedam GENEVA,
2 puncheons superior Old Islay WHISKY,
6 bales WRAPPING PAPER,
100 boxes Tobacco Pipes (superior quality),
15 brls. fine Pot Barley. 5 brls. Split Pease,
10 boxes Patent SOLUBLE STARCH,
4 casks Washing Soda.
Ex the *Lisbon* from London—
10 hhds. fine Dark BRANDY, 2 do. Pale do. } *Martell's,*
30 casks best London Porter and Double Brown Stout (*Bridges'*).
25 casks East India PALE ALE,
50 chests fine Congou TEA (superior quality),
5 casks Pickles and Sauces (*Crosse & Blackwall*)
2 cases best Blue Starch,
10 kegs fine Mustard,
10 do. sup'fine do.
2 cases Bottled do. } (*Coleman's*)
10 casks *Day & Martin's* BLACKING,
1 case Servants' Friend,
3 cases Sperm Candles, and 1 cask Nutmegs.
Daily expected per the *Portland* from Liverpool:
5 hhds. crushed Sugar, 2 do. Refined Loaf do.
1 hhd. Bath Brick, 1 bale Candle Wick,
2 cases best Blue Starch (*Irvine, Son & Jones*).
Also, per the *Queen Pomare* from Glasgow, and *Pilgrim* from London—
10 hhds. fine Cognac BRANDY (*Martell's*),
10 do. PALE GENEVA.
Ex the schrs. *Olivia* and *Cuba* from Boston—
6 tierces Head Rice, 10 barrels Dried Apples,
5 boxes Shell'd Almonds, 1 box Shakers' Pipes,
2 quarter-casks White Wine Vinegar,
5 casks Cider Vinegar,
20 boxes and half-boxes Tobacco (sup'r quality).
IN STORE, from recent arrivals—
20 casks Falkirk ALE,
8 quarter-casks Old PORT WINE,
3 ditto ditto (superior),
4 ditto GOLDEN SHERRY ditto,
5 ditto MADEIRA ditto,
15 hhds. Porto Rico SUGAR,
20 hhds. Muscovado MOLASSES,
50 boxes RAISINS,
50 half-boxes ditto,
100 qr. boxes ditto, } NEW FRUIT,
4 casks Zante CURRANTS,
75 packages Soda and Sugar BISCUIT.
Also, Fresh Ground COFFEE every morning, warranted equally as good as any manufactured in this City.
For sale low by ROBERT ARMSTRONG.
April 28.

LANDING ex *Charles* from Halifax—25 Barrels Nova Scotia Prime PORK. Apply at the Ship Chandlery.
April 28. JOHN WALKER, Ward-street.

FLEWWELLING & READING, No. 10, KING STREET,

Have just received per "Lisbon," from London, "Peruvian," from the Clyde, and late arrivals from the United States:—
24 HHDS. Martell and Hennessey's Dark and Pale BRANDY,
10 quarter casks Old PORT WINE,
40 kegs Hall & Son's F and FF Gunpowder,
25 dozen Lazenby & Son's PICKLES, assorted,
25 doz. " " Mushroom Ketchup,
5 doz. " " Essence of Anchovies,
5 boxes Sperm CANDLES, 10 brls. Currants,
3 kegs Coleman's F, SF, & DSF MUSTARD,
5 cwt " STARCH,
18 dozen Robinson's PATENT BARLEY,
18 dozen " " GROATS,
1 cask NUTMEGS,
10 barrels Day & Martin's BLACKING,
2 chests Old Hyson TEA, 1 chest INDIGO,
40 chests Fine Congou TEA,
50 boxes TOBACCO, assorted, 6 tierces RICE,
1 barrel SNUFF, in bladders,
4 casks Saleratus, 10 bales Wicking,
2 casks Epsom SALTS, 1 cask SULPHUR,
1 cask ground RICE, 1 barrel Castor OIL,
20 barrels Cider Vinegar, 1 barrel Pecan NUTS.
April 28.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber begs to notify his friends and customers, that he has removed to the Store recently occupied by Mr. John Bryden, No. 5 Dock-street, (West side) a few doors from the Market Square. (May 5) A. HASTINGS.

No. 5, Dock-street.

The subscriber has received per the "Lisbon," from London, "Portland," from Liverpool, and "Peruvian," and "Queen Pomare," from Glasgow—
10 HHDS. Dark, 2 hhds Pale } BRANDY,
15 hhds. GIN, 1 puncheon superior WHISKY,
3 hhds. Old PORT WINE,
3 hhds. MADEIRA do.; 2 do. SHERRY do.
45 chests Fine Congou TEA,
5 chests Orange Pekoe do.;
5 chests Young Hyson do.; 3 do. Gunpowder do
3 hhds. crushed SUGAR,
1 hhd. Refined Loaf SUGAR,
20 cases Blue STARCH,
10 kegs MUSTARD, } Coleman's,
10 kegs Ground GINGER,
5 casks PICKLES and SAUCES,
50 boxes TOBACCO PIPES,
5 casks Day & Martin's BLACKING,
20 barrels best London PORTER,
20 barrels ALE; 10 bags ALLSPICE,
10 bags PEPPER; 3 cases Florence OIL,
3 bales CANDLE WICK,
Per the 'Olive Branch,' from New-York—
5 tierces Head RICE,
50 boxes SODA BISCUIT,—For Sale by
May 5. A. HASTINGS.

New Boot and Shoe Store, Prince William-street.

THE subscribers having entered into Co-Partnership as Shoe Mercers, beg respectfully to call the attention of the Ladies and the public to their extensive and varied assortment of English and French BOOTS and SHOES, personally selected with great care by Mr. FRANCIS—just received ex "Lisbon," from London, and now opening at the Store lately occupied by Mr. F. Crozier, adjoining the Store of Messrs. L. H. De Veber & Son, in Prince Wm. street; comprising
Ladies' BOOTS & SHOES; Parisian Shoes; Girls' and Childrens', Mens', Youths' and Boys' BOOTS and SHOES, &c. &c.
which they offer for sale wholesale or retail, cheap for Cash.
☞ Boots and Shoes of every description made to order, at the Manufactory, corner of Duke and Prince Wm. street, at low prices, for Cash, and equal to any work that can be produced in the City. Old Boots and Shoes repaired with Gutta Percha Soles, if required, completely Waterproof. FRANCIS & COUGHLAN.
St. John, April 28. 1849.

Selling off for Cash only, *at very REDUCED PRICES!!!*

The Subscriber offers for sale at the
VICTORIA BOOK STORE,
his whole Stock of BOOKS and STATIONERY comprising—
A LARGE collection of STANDARD and MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.
Superfine Laid and Wove Writing Papers, Pocket Books, Card Cases, Albums, Drawing Pencils, Quills, Steel Pens, Wafers, Wax, Office Tape, Parchment, Inks and Ink Powders, Slates, Copy Books, Memorandum Books, Blank Books, Picture Frames, Drawing Paper, Artists' Materials, FULTON and KNIGHT'S PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY; The Tutor's Assistant, by Lawrie, with Key; UNIVERSAL SPELLING BOOK, new edition, 1846; British Primers, Mothers' Catechism, Gray's Arithmetic, Fogo's Geography, &c. &c.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
The latest and best Editions, such as are in general use throughout the Provinces; Primers, Spelling Books, Class Books, Readers, Grammars, Dictionaries, Geographies, Catechisms, Arithmetics, Classical Works, &c.
MAPS OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES IN NORTH AMERICA.
PLANS of the CITY and HARBOUR.
MODERN GEOGRAPHY, designed for use in Schools throughout the British Colonies, by JAMES PATERSON, LL.D., Principal of the Grammar School, St. John, N. B.
August 12. *V. H. NELSON.*

PROTECTION *Insurance Company of Hartford,* SAINT JOHN AGENCY.

THE subscriber having been appointed Agent of the above Company, will attend to the renewal of Policies issued by the late Agent, W. H. SCOVIL, Esq. as also to effecting new Insurances against Fire, on Houses, Furniture, Merchandise, Ships on the stocks and in harbour, &c.
Sept. 2, 1843. A. BALLOCH, AGENT.

TRY ERE YOU DESPAIR.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

CURE OF ASTHMA.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Benjamin Mackie, a respectable Quaker, dated Creenagh, near Loughall, Ireland, dated September 11th, 1848.
To Professor HOLLOWAY.
RESPECTED FRIEND,—Thy excellent Pills have effectually cured me of an Asthma, which afflicted me for three years to such an extent, that I was obliged to walk my room at night for air, afraid of being suffocated if I went to bed by cough and phlegm. Besides taking the Pills, I rubbed plenty of thy Ointment into my chest night and morning.
(Signed) BENJAMIN MACKIE.

CURE OF TYPHUS FEVER, WHEN SUPPOSED TO BE AT THE POINT OF DEATH.
A respectable female in the neighbourhood of Loughall, was attacked with Typhus Fever, and lay for five days without having tasted any description of food. She was given over by the Surgeon, and preparations were made for her demise. Mr. Benjamin Mackie, the Quaker, whose case is referred to above, heard of the circumstance, and knowing the immense benefit that he himself had derived from Holloway's Pills, recommended an immediate trial, and eight were given to her, and the same number was continued night and morning for three days, and in a very short time she was completely cured.
N. B.—From advice just received, it appears that Colonel Dear, who is with his Regiment in India, the 21st Fusileers, cured himself of a very bad attack of Fever by these celebrated Pills. There is no doubt that any Fever, however malignant, may be cured by taking, night and morning, copious doses of this fine medicine. The patient should be induced to drink plentifully of warm linseed tea or barley water.

CURE OF DROPSY IN THE CHEST.
Extract of a Letter from J. S. Mundy, Esq. dated Kennington, near Oxford, Dec. 2d, 1848.
To Professor HOLLOWAY.
SIR,—My Shepherd for some time was afflicted with water on the chest, when I heard of it, I immediately advised him to try your Pills, which he did, and was perfectly cured, and is now as well as ever he was in his life. As I myself received so astonishing a cure last year from your Pills and Ointment, it has ever since been my most earnest endeavour to make known their excellent qualities.
(Signed) J. S. MUNDY.
☞ Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London; and by S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 2, King street, Saint John, N. B.; James F. Gale, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alexander Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and James G. White, Belliale;—in boxes, at 1s. 9d., 4s. 6d. and 7s. each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each pot. *March 3, 1849.*

NATIONAL LOAN FUND Life Assurance Society of London,

A Savings' Bank for the Widow and Orphan,
EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
Capital, £500,000 Sterling.
Exclusive of a Reserved Fund (Surplus Premium) of £37,000 Sterling.

LOCAL DIRECTORS, SAINT JOHN BRANCH,
ROBERT F. HAZEN, Esq. *Chairman.*
Edward Allison, Esq. William Wright, Esq.
John H. Gray, Esq. F. A. Wiggins, Esq.

Advantages offered by this Society.
PERFECT SECURITY, arising from a large Capital, totally independent of the Premium Fund.
LOANS.—Two-thirds of the Annual Premium paid, or half the Premiums for the first five years which half may remain on interest, to be deducted from the amount of the Policy at the death of the assured.
LOW RATES OF PREMIUM.—The rates of Premium are as low as any Society of equal standing.
DIVISIONS OF PROFITS.—The Bonus' in this Society are declared annually, and each year the Assured has the option of receiving the profits in CASH, in reduction of Premium, or in addition to the sum insured.—The Bonus' are permanent.
Premiums may be paid Annually, Half-Yearly, or Quarterly.
Insurance may be effected for one year, for five years, or for life, with or without participation in the profits of the Society.
A liberal allowance for the surrender of policies.
Every information as to the Society's Rates of Premium, mode of Insurance, and blank forms of application, may be had at the Office of the subscribers, or of the Sub-Agents, who have Pamphlets for gratuitous distribution, and all documents required for effecting Insurance.

SUB-AGENTS FOR NEW-BRUNSWICK.
Bathurst—Theophilus Desbrisay, Esq.
Chatham—William Carman, junior, Esq.
Dorchester—Albert J. Smith, Esq.
Dalhousie—William S. Smith, Esq.
Fredericton—George Lee, junior, Esq.
Hampton—Samuel Fisher, Esq.
Hopewell—Thomas B. Moore, Esq.
Monkton, (the Bend)—Bliss Botsford, Esq.
Newcastle—Edward Williston, Esq.
Richibucto—William Bowser, Esq.
St. Andrews—George D. Street, Esq.
St. Stephens—Alexander Campbell, Esq.
Shediac and Cocagne—Richard C. Scovil, Esq.
Woodstock—James Robertson, Esq.
WILLIAM J. STARR,
FREDERICK R. STARR,
Managers, St. John, N. B.
January 29th, 1848.

UNITED KINGDOM LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON.

Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.
The Annual Income exceeds £94,000 Sterling.
Division of Profits in 1841 and 1848.

IN 1841, the Company added a BONUS of £2 per Cent. per Annum on the Sum Assured, to all Policies of the *participating class*, from the time they were effected to 31st December, 1840; and from that date to 31st December, 1847, £2 5s. per cent. per Annum was added at the General Meeting on 6th July, 1848, without reference to the age of the Assured.
The plan of Distribution of Profits being different to that adopted by *some other* Companies, the following Table is submitted for the information of the *many* persons Assured by the Company in this Province, and of the Public in general:

Age.	Annual Premium paid by the Assured.	Bonus per cent. added to the Policy per Ann.	Bonus equal to the undermentioned per cent. on the Annual Premium.
15	£1 14 1	£2 5 0	£132 0 7
20	1 18 8	2 5 0	116 7 7
25	2 2 11	2 5 0	104 17 1
30	2 8 2	2 5 0	93 13 0
35	2 14 8	2 5 0	82 6 4
40	3 3 4	2 5 0	71 1 1
45	3 14 9	2 5 0	60 4 0
50	4 10 7	2 5 0	49 13 7
55	5 10 10	2 5 0	40 12 1
60	6 17 9	2 5 0	32 13 4

ELUCIDATION:—A person aged 45 years, and who paid an annual premium of £3 14s. 9d. per cent. received an Annual Bonus equal to £60 4s. per cent. on the amount of premium paid. A person of 25 years, who paid an annual premium of £2 2s. 11d per cent. received an Annual Bonus equal to £104 17s. 1d. per cent. on the premium. And a person of 15 years, who paid an annual premium of £1 14s. 1d. received an Annual Bonus equal to £132 0s. 7d. per cent. on the premium paid.
Notwithstanding these *unprecedented* divisions of Profits, the Premiums are on the most moderate scale, AND ONLY ONE HALF NEED BE PAID FOR THE FIRST FIVE YEARS, when the Insurance is for Life.
The EXTRA heretofore charged for Passage from America to Europe, or from Europe to America, within the limits, by a recent vote of the Directors, has been RESCINDED. No extra charge made for Residence on this Continent North of 36 degrees North Latitude, and 50 and 85 degrees of West Longitude.
Information as to Rates of Premium, forms of proposals, &c. and Pamphlets, furnished *gratis* by application to A. BALLOCH,
Agent for New-Brunswick.
☞ Agency, Prince William Street, Saint John. 21st April, 1849.

☞ *NOTICE is hereby given that the Boards of Management of the* GREAT BRITAIN MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, *and that of the* INDIA AND LONDON LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY *are united; and that henceforth the business of both will be transacted at the Office of the* GREAT BRITAIN MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, 14, *Waterloo-place.*

GREAT BRITAIN MUTUAL Life Assurance Society, AND India and London Life Assurance Company,

14, Waterloo-place, and 79, King William-street, City, London.

DIRECTORS:
The Chisholm, Erchless Castle, Inverness-shire, and Chapel-street, Grosvenor-place, London, CHAIRMAN.
Richard Hartley Kennedy, Esq. (late Physician-General, Bombay), Deputy Chairman of the Oriental Bank, Resington-lodge, Notting-hill, Deputy-Chairman.
Colonel Michael E. Bagnold, Bombay Army, Hamilton-terrace, St. John's Wood.
Henry Stroud Barber, Esq. 36, Fenchurch-street and Wanstead, Essex.
Francis Brodigan, Esq. Garden-court, Temple.
James William Deacon, Esq. Walbrook, and Southwick-place, Hyde-park-square.
Harry George Gordon, Esq. 58, Porchester terrace, Chairman of the Oriental Bank.
Henry Allan Harrison, Esq. St. Leonard's on-Sea, Sussex, Director of the Oriental Bank.
Alexander Robert Irvine, Esq. 14, Waterloo-place.
John Inglis Jerdein, Esq. Upper Ground-street, Blackfriars.
James John Kinloch, Esq. Kair, Kincardineshire, and Gloucester-road, Hyde Park gardens.
Henry Lawson, Esq. Fortress-terrace, Kentish-town.
Robert Francis Power, Esq. M.D. Queen-street, May Fair.
Archibald Spens, Esq. Bombay Civil Service, Manor house, Inverosk, N. B.

THE GREAT BRITAIN MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
This Society is established upon the most approved principles of the Mutual System, and allows credit for half the amount of the first five Annual Premiums.
The first division of profits will be in the year 1849.
Proposals of every description entertained involving the contingency of human life.
A. R. IRVINE, *Managing Director.*

INDIA AND LONDON LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
Capital, 250,000, in 5000 Shares, of £50, each.
This Company assures the lives of healthy persons in any part of the world, at as low rates of premium as can be taken consistently with perfect security, whilst, for the accommodation of the assured, a Half Premium Table (No. 2), has been constructed on a plan peculiar to this Office, and affording greater advantages to parties assuring for short periods, with the option of continuing for the remainder of life.
Also invalid lives, whether afflicted with mental or bodily infirmities.
And lives of Naval and Military Officers and Civilians in India, in any of the Colonies, or other parts of the world.
Annuities granted, and endowments for widows and children.
A. R. IRVINE, *Managing Director.*
☞ For Prospectuses and Printed Forms, apply to ADAM JACK,
April 15. Agent for New-Brunswick.