David Russell Jack Bequest.

The New-Brunswick Courier.

NEW SERIES. { VOLUME X. NUMBER 28. }

SAINT JOHN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1851.

VOLUME XLI. { NUMBER - - - - 34 WHOLE NUMBER, 2115 }

THE
-BRUNSWICK COURIER
ed every Saturday, by Henry Chubb & Co
Office in Chubb's Brick Building, (nearly op-
e Commercial Bank,) Prince William-street,
hn, New-Brunswick.
15s. per annum, (half in advance.)
G in general, executed at the shortest notice.
l terms.

VEEKLY ALMANACK.

1851. EMBER.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Moon Sets	High Water
y . . .	7 45	4 19	10 39 a	2 56
y . . .	7 45	4 20	11 39	3 38
ay . . .	7 45	4 21	- - -	4 23
esday . .	7 45	4 22	0 37 m	5 19
day . . .	7 45	4 22	1 39	6 30
. . . .	7 45	4 23	2 41	7 33
ay . . .	7 45	4 24	3 45	8 35

ter 30th, 8 h. 50 m. morning.—N. E.

OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.
s E. Millidge, Esquire, President.
xt week, - - - - - - John Boyd, Esq.
ount Days—Tuesdays and Fridays.
Hours of business, from 10 to 3.
or Notes for Discount must be left at the
One o'clock on the days immediately pre-
iscount days.

IAL BANK OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.
McLaughlin, Esquire, President.
t week, - - - John M. Walker, Esq.
nt Days . . . Tuesdays and Fridays.
Hours of business, from 10 to 3.
or Notes for Discount must be lodged
'clock on the days preceding the Discount

F BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
SAINT JOHN BRANCH.
W. Wood, Esquire, Manager.
Directors:
Robertson, Wm. H. Street, Esq.
J. V. Thurgar, Esq.
Days—Wednesdays and Saturdays.
ours of business, from 10 to 3.
and Bills for Discount to be left before
he days preceding the Discount days.

NEW-BRUNSWICK
Assurance Company.
n every day (Sundays excepted) from
10 to 3 o'clock.
. Wiggins, Esquire, President.
ns for Insurance to be made in writing.

ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Duncan, Esquire, President.
Commercial Bank Building) open from
10 to 3 o'clock
tions for Insurance to be in writing.

Insurance Company.
Fairweather Esquire, President.
rence, Zebedee Ring, } Directors.
y, S. K. Foster, }
Robinson, Esquire, Solicitor;
Woodward, Esquire, Secretary.
for Insurance against Fire to be made
the Secretary, North Market Wharf.

Fire Insurance Company,
AT FREDERICTON.
haupter, Esquire, President.
obertson, } Local Board,
claughlin, Esq. } St. John.
rge Thomas, South Market Wharf.

Marine and Fire Insurance
any of Toronto, C. W.
PITAL, £100,000.
Board for New-Brunswick:
et, Isaac Woodward, and
rles McLauchlan.
s issued on Ocean and Inland Marine
d on Fire Risks in Town and Country.
and information furnished by
CHARLES L. STREET,
-1y. Agent.

ERIFF'S SALES.

WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of
at the Coffee-House corner, between the
o'clock, noon, and 5 o'clock, afternoon:
ght, title, and interest of John Con-
of, in, and to all, that certain Lot,
l of Land, situate and being in the
caster, known as Lot number One, in
rant, so called—granted to Ebenezer
ded on the West by Lot number Five,
ffith Lot, on the South by Lot number
to Samuel Willard, on the North by
to Brundage & Coombs, and on the
by land owned by Samuel Gillespie,
ith all buildings and improvements
same having been seized and taken
virtue of an Execution issued out of
Court. CHARLES JOHNSTON.
ffice, Sept 1, 1851.—6m Sheriff.

on Saturday the seventeenth day of
at the Coffee House Corner, in the
t John, between the hours of twelve
n, and five of the clock in the after-

right, title, and interest of JAMES
, of, in, and to all the Eastern half
at certain lot, piece or parcel of Land,
and being in the City of Saint John
wn and described in the plan of the
he number 163; the said half part or
lot having a front on Hanover-street
extending back the same breadth 100
with the buildings and improvements
ng and being.—The same having been
en under and by virtue of an Execu-
t of the Supreme Court.
CHARLES JOHNSTON,
e, St. John, N. B. } Sheriff.
ber 11th, 1851. }

Wednesday the fifth day of May, at
House Corner, between the hours of
noon, and 5 of the clock afternoon—
ght, title, and interest of NATHAN
E, of, in, and to Lots 472, 473, and
n Leinster-street, in Queen's Ward,
Saint John, together with the Build-
ovements thereon standing and being.
having been seized and taken under
of an Execution issued out of the Su-
CHARLES JOHNSTON,
ce, Nov. 1, 1851. Sheriff.

sh and Intervale.

FOR SALE, an excellent FARM,
containing 216 Acres, 20 of which
uperior Marsh, (improved,) about 15
ntervale, within 1½ hours' drive of
his City; Land and Water Convey-
ions, good Fishery, abundance of ma-
nure, in a pretty and exceedingly
on, and in every respect calculated to
r Farm and handsome Country Seat,
ing low sum (if applied for imme-
00, ½ down and time for balance,
out 27s. 9d. per acre, while the
lone is valued at £25 per acre.
particulars please apply at the Store of
GARNETT, Prince Wm. St.; or
PH MYSHRALL, Fredericton.
th Sept.

LET OR SELL:
A pleasantly situated COTTAGE,
with thirteen acres of Land, about
ten or eleven miles from the City,
on the Gondola Point road, com-
manding a beautiful view of the
River: it has recently undergone com-
d is now well suited for a citizen's
nce. For particulars, enquire of
MAGEE BROTHERS & CO.

TO LET,
THE FIRST OF MAY NEXT—
two story Dwelling House in Duke-
t, opposite the Madras School, lately
pied by Mr. A. Yeats, well calculated
Residence.—Rent moderate. Apply
S. COOPER,
51. Dock-street.

ARD TO LET.
th side of York Point Slip, suitable
ber, &c. Apply to R. F. Hazen or
RD. St. John, April 19, 1851.

se and Office Premises,
TO LET.
substantial fire-proof Brick Store,
ng on Johnston's Wharf, lately in the
ation of Mr. George Beattie, with
l accommodation required in the
ining, being well calculated for a
ouse, or general business. Immediate
be given.
ars, apply at the Office of the Sub
JOHN WISHART,
Johnston's Wharf.

Commercial Bank of New-Brunswick,
Saint John, 11th July, 1851.
THE NOTES of this Bank are redeemed in Canada by the Quebec Bank, at par.
G. P. SANCTON, Cashier.

Central Fire Insurance Company OF FREDERICTON.

Incorporated in 1836—Capital, £50,000: ALL PAID UP.

Hon. John Robertson, } Local Board,
Daniel J. McLaughlin, Esq. } St. John.

PROPOSALS for Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, will be received and Policies granted by this Agency, (without referring to the Board at Fredericton,) on application to
GEORGE THOMAS,
"Agent" for St. John, N. B.
South Market Wharf, Feb. 15, 1851.

Fire! Fire!

BRANCH OFFICE OF THE
NEW-YORK PROTECTION
Fire and Marine Insurance
COMPANY.
Capital, $250,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

John Stryker,	Calvert Comstock,
George K. Thomas,	Gordon N. Bissell,
Alva Mudge,	Seth B. Roberts,
Woodman Kimball,	Henry Wager,
Jesse Matteson,	O. S. Williams,
K. B. Daxtater,	Daved E. Otley,

Edward Huntington.

John Stryker, President;
Calvert Comstock, Vice-President;
George K. Thomas, Treasurer;
Elon Comstock, Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

John Stryker,	George K Thomas,
Calvert Comstock,	Alva Mudge,

G. N. Bissell.

LOCAL DIRECTORS AT ST. JOHN, N. B.
William Jarvis, Esq., Chairman;

J. M. Robinson, Esq.	George Carvill, Esq.
George Wheeler, Esq.	W. Doherty, Jr., Esq.

THE undersigned is prepared to issue Policies on Houses, Furniture, Warehouses, Merchandize, Mills, Churches, Farm Buildings, Steamers, and Vessels in dock, or repairing, against loss or damage by Fire. All claims that may arise will be promptly paid.

☞ Losses adjusted and paid in St. John, N. B., without referring to New-York.

Blank forms of application, and every other information, may be obtained on application to
CHARLES DOHERTY,
Attorney at Law, &c., Agent, St. John,
1st November, 1851.

Protection Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

SAINT JOHN AGENCY.

THE subscriber having been appointed Agent of the above Company, will attend to the renewal of Policies issued by the late Agent, W. H. Scovil, Esq., as also to effecting new Insurances against Fire, on Houses, Furniture, Merchandise, Ships on the stocks and in harbour, &c.
Sept 2, 1843. A. BALLOCH, Agent.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of EDWIN KETCHUM, late of the City of Saint John, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within Three Months from date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to
MARGARET A. KETCHUM, Executrix,
DANIEL J. McLAUGHLIN, Executor.
24th October, 1851.

☞ NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of SANCTON and BROWN, is dissolved.—All debts due to and from the concern, will be paid or received by John Brown. Dated 1st September, 1851.
HENRY P. SANCTON,
JOHN BROWN.

THE subscriber having purchased Mr. Sancton's interest in the Soap and Candle Manufactory, would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he is now prepared to furnish all who may patronise him, with the manufactures above named, equal in quality, and on as good terms as any other Establishment in the City.—Having in his employ men, who, from long experience, thoroughly understand the business, he hopes, by strict attention, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore received by the Establishment.
Sept. 6. JOHN BROWN.

NOTICE.

THE Business of the TIMBER POND in Carleton which has been conducted since 1840 in the name of Zachariah Adams, will in future be conducted in the name of ADAMS & SALTER.

While making this announcement to the Public, they would take the opportunity of expressing their lively sense of the extensive patronage they have received, and would say, that it has only increased their desire and determination to sustain the character of the establishment.
ZACHARIAH ADAMS.
ROBERT SALTER.
St. John, N. B., June 25th, 1851.

P. S. Mr. Adams will give his personal attention as usual to all Timber placed in their care.

Partnership Notice.

MR. JOHN POLLOK, of Saint John, New-Brunswick, retired by mutual consent from the Concern of Messrs. ROBERT RANKIN & CO., of Saint John, New-Brunswick, on the 9th August last, of which all persons will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
ALEX. RANKIN,
for self and remaining Partners.
Saint John, 5th September, 1851.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE business heretofore carried on under the name and style of W. Y. FOSTER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm, will please make immediate payment to the subscriber: and all persons to whom the said firm is indebted, will please send in their accounts for adjustment, as the subscriber feels desirous of bringing the business of the said firm to a close. W. Y. FOSTER.
Bridgetown, 12th November, 1851.—3¶

NOTICE.

To prevent Mistake,

I DEEM it necessary to inform Merchants and the Public generally throughout Canada, that on the 30th day of September last I have discontinued the services of MORRIS MAYER, heretofore in my employment as Clerk; and I wish it to be distinctly understood that there subsists no business connection between myself and the said M. Mayer, nor am I connected with any firm of M. Mayer & Raymond, (the latter individual one of my former workmen when in business in New-York City,) nor any firm in which the name of Mayer appears, either in the United States or British North America; and besides, whatever idea his notice in the Montreal Herald of Nov. 7th may convey, that the said M. Mayer has never been connected with me in any other capacity than that of Clerk.

☞ As usual, the Highest Market Price will be paid for Shipping Furs. J. C. MAYER,
Fur Warehouse, No. 147, St. Paul Street.
Montreal, Nov. 11, 1851 (6w.)

To Claimants of Property in Great Britain and Ireland.

THE subscriber offers superior facilities for the recovery of all kinds of claims in Great Britain and Ireland. He has appointed numerous Agents throughout these countries; and he will, from time to time, make personal visits to those places, in connection with the business entrusted to his management.—Every information will be afforded on application to Charles Duff, Esq., Barrister at Law, Prince William-street, Saint John, New-Brunswick, or to the subscriber, No. 15, Albany-street, Leith, Scotland. JAMES SIMSON.
Saint John, N. B., 23d August, 1851.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON
Fire & Life Insurance Company,
[Established in 1836.]

Capital £2,000,000—in shares of Twenty Pounds.

THE Stockholders of this Company are responsible to the full extent of their property for the liabilities of the Company.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Public of New-Brunswick that the above-named Company have empowered him, by a full and ample Power of Attorney, to open an Office in the City of Saint John, for the Insurance of PROPERTY against loss or damage by FIRE, in any part of the Province, and to sign and issue Policies in the name of the Company; and that in virtue of the power vested in him by the said Power of Attorney, he has appointed Mr. ADAM JACK to act as Agent for the said Company, in the receiving of proposals for Insurance, and the inspection of premises proposed for Insurance, and all other the usual duties of an Agent; and to collect and receive the amount of premium on any policy issued by the undersigned in the name of the said Company, or for the renewal of the same.

The Deed of settlement, and the supplemental Deed of settlement, lies with Mr. Jack, at the Office of the New-Brunswick Marine Assurance Company, also the pamphlets issued by the Office at Liverpool, affording ample details of the mode of transacting business by the Company.

The rates of premium will be as low as any other respectable Company, and the undersigned trusts a fair portion of public patronage will be accorded to the Company.

Losses not exceeding £500 will be settled without referring to the head Office at Liverpool.
EDWARD ALLISON.
Dated at St. John, N. B., }
4th August, 1851. }

Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
CAPITAL £500,000 STERLING.
DIRECTORS,
T. L. Murray, Esq., Chairman.

W. A. Bennett, Esq.	John Rawson, Esq.
Hugh Croft, Esq.	John Shaw, Esq.
Ralph Gough, Esq.	Edward S. Symes, Esq.
M. C. Maher, Esq.	Clement Tabor, Esq.
John Moss, Esq.	Augustus Vigne, Esq.

Sir Augustus W. Hillary, Bart.
ACTUARY,
W. S. B. Woolhouse, Esq., F. R. A. S., &c.
SECRETARY,
D. T. Lyons Clanchy, Esq.
Local Directors at Saint John, N. B.
Robert F. Hazen, Esq., Chairman.

William Wright, Esq.	John H. Gray, Esq.
Edward Allison, Esq.	William Jack, Esq.

OFFICE.—Corner of Prince William and Princess Streets, opposite the Commercial Bank.

The "Equitable" Fire Office will, by a constant analysis of its own experience from time to time, adopt such rates of Premium as the nature of the risk may justify.

With this view, an annual investigation will be made into each class of risk, and a return of one moiety — or fifty per cent. — of the net excess, will be made to all Classes of Insurers whose policies have been in force for three years.

The engagements of the "Equitable" are guaranteed by a responsible proprietary, and an ample subscribed Capital. The insured are free from the liabilities of a Mutual Insurance Society, and entitled, according to the plan of the Company, to a return of half the profits.

Buildings of Stone, Brick, or Wood and their contents, Vessels on the Stocks, and every description of property insured at moderate rates of premium.

Losses adjusted and paid in St. John without referring to London.

No charge made for Policies.

Blank forms of Application and every other information may be obtained on application to
W. J. STARR,
St. John, June 7th, 1851. Agent.

BRITISH COMMERCIAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1820; Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

Capital, £600,000, Sterling.

TRUSTEES:
John Catley, Esquire,
John Cox, Esquire,
Sebastian G. Martinez, Esquire.
DIRECTORS:
Sir Robert Alexander, Bart.
Thomas Benson, Esq.
John Catley, Esq.
Rev. William Mallofield, A. M.
George Green, Esq.
Sebastian G. Martinez, Esq.
Archibald Fred. Paxton, Esq.
Denzil J. Thomson, Esq.
George H. Weatherhead, M. P.

Managing Director—Ebenezer Fernie, Esq.
Physician—Septimus Wray, M. D.
Auditors—Thomas Gorton, Esq.; Thomas Oak, Esquire, M. D.
Secretary—Mr. Francis F. Sanderson.
Bankers—Messrs. Glyn, Halifax, Mills & Co

Advantages offered to Insurers:

THE SECURITY of a large realized and invested Capital; very low Premiums on the non participation scale (particularly on Young Lives); large Bonuses on the participation scale.

On Insurances for the whole of Life, one-half of the Premiums (if desired) permitted to remain unpaid for the first seven years, as a loan at Interest, and then to be paid, or to remain as a permanent loan, at the option of the Insurer.

Loans on Policies according to their value, after Three Premiums have been paid.

The Company's Policies purchased at their full value.

Premiums allowed to be paid Annually, Half-Yearly, or Quarterly.

No extra charge for crossing and re-crossing the Atlantic.

Residence permitted in any part of Europe.

Extended liberality as to residence on the American Continent.

Medical Referee: Dr. Wm. Livingstone.

Proposals for Policies will be received, and all requisite information given by
G. P. SANCTON, Agent.
St. John, 28th Feb. 1850.

CALIFORNIA!

California Risks taken as above, at the lowest possible rates of Premium.

Provincial, Mutual and General Insurance Company.

Established under the Act of Parliament at Toronto, C. W.
CAPITAL, £100,000.

THE STOCK of this Company is divided into the Mutual and Proprietary, each branch being kept entirely distinct, and liable only for its own losses.

In the Proprietary Branch, Policies are issued in the usual way on Ocean and Inland Marine Risks, and on Fire Risks in Cities and Villages. In the Mutual Branch, Policies are issued on Country or Farmers' Risks only, covering losses from Fire or Lightning; the insured giving a Premium Note and a small sum in cash; these Policies run from one to five years.

Local Directors for New-Brunswick:
W. H. Street, Isaac Woodward, and Charles McLauchlan.

The Security which this Company affords is undoubted, and the Premiums will in all cases be as moderate as may be consistent with safety.

All Notes and Cash Funds accumulating at this Agency will be retained and deposited at the Bank of British North America.

All losses will be adjusted and promptly paid in St. John, without referring to Toronto; and, in case of dispute, the Company consent to actions being brought in this Province.

Forms of Application and Enquiries answered at the Office, Prince William Street, St. John.
CHARLES L. STREET,
August 16.—6m. Agent.

MOLASSES.—60 Hhds. and 10 Tierces from Trinidad-de-Cuba.
Sept. 13. FLEWWELLING & READING.

GORHAM COLLEGE,
LIVERPOOL, NOVA-SCOTIA.

Under the sanction and controul of the Congregational Union of Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick.

PRESIDENT:
Rev. FREDERICK TOMKINS, M. A., University College, London.

Session 1851—52.

THE Session will consist of two terms—the first commencing on August 27th next, and ending on Dec. 15th. The second term will commence on Jan. 14th, 1852, and close on June 16th ensuing.

Professor of the Greek and Roman Languages, and Literature, and of Mathematics—Rev. F. Tomkins, M. A.
Professor of Mental and Moral Science, Logic, Political Economy and Political Philosophy—Rev. John C. Geikie, of the Academical Institute, Toronto, C. W.
Steward and Assistant Secretary—Mr. James W. Hutchinson.
Beadle—Mr. Whitman Crawley.

The mode of instruction pursued in this Institution, and the Text Books employed, will be precisely the same as those in use at the University College, London. The Senior Classical Class, if students sufficiently advanced enter to form one, will read, this Session, the Œdepus Colonos of Sophocles—the Protagoras of Plato—the Germania and Agricola of Tacitus, and some of the Odes of Horace. Weekly exercises will be written in both Greek and Latin. Arnold's Exercises will be used in Greek. If a sufficient number of students destined for the Bar or Medicine should present themselves, separate additional classes will be formed, in which the Institutes of Justinian and Gaius, and Celsus de re Medica, will be read as far as time may allow.

The Mathematical Classes will be conducted on the same plan as the Mathematical Classes in University College, London, under the Professorship of Augustus DeMorgan, of Trinity College, Camb., Secretary of the Royal Astronomical Society of London.

Fee for the Session, £12. Board and Lodging will be provided in the College at the rate of 7s. 6d. per week. Students are expected to find their own bedding.

JUNIOR SCHOOL.

Boys will be admitted to this School if they can read and write. The whole arrangements of the Junior School will be under the direction of the President of the College. The system pursued will be a combination of that pursued in University College School, London, and the best Schools in New England.

Head Master—Rev. A. Geikie.
Second Master—Mr. J. W. Hutchinson.

The Professor of Mathematics will lecture five times a week to the students of the School on Arithmetic, Algebra, Trigonometry and Geometry, with a view to the Differential and Integral Calculus. These lectures will be available only to those boys who evince a disposition to close study—as they will be useful to none else. The course of instruction will comprise the usual elementary subjects taught in Schools, with Classics, French and Mathematics.—The whole of Wilhem's method of Vocal Music as adopted by Hullah, and patronized by the Committee of Council on Education, will be gone through during the Session in the Junior School.

Fee for the Junior School, including board, lodging and washing, £25 for the Session. The commencement and close of the terms are the same as those in the College. Out-door students will be admitted to all the benefits of this School, at £4 for the whole Session.

A course of forty evening lectures will be delivered to Schoolmasters and adults, on subjects suited to persons of limited early education.—Fee, £2.

COUNCIL:
Rev. Fredk. Tomkins, M. A., London, Pres. & Prof.
Rev. A. Geikie, Prof. Academical Inst., Toronto.
Rev. W. H. Heudebourck, Homerton College, Lond.
Rev. Jas. Porter, University College, London.
Freeman Tupper, Esq., Treasurer College.
Mr. J. W. Hutchinson, Assist. Sec'y.
Geo. McLeod, Esq.
W. H. Freeman, Esq.
Capt. Jas. Collins.

The College Buildings occupy a most delightful and healthy situation, commanding a view of the entire town and surrounding country. All letters are to be addressed (post-paid) to the President of Gorham College, Liverpool, Nova-Scotia.
July 5, 1851. (1y.)

DR. FONTAINE'S
Balm of a Thousand Flowers,
For the Toilet, the Nursery, for Bathing and many Medicinal purposes;

HIGHLY perfumed by its own ingredients: recommended by the Faculty of almost every European city, and established under the patronage of almost every Physician in London and Paris, and thousands of individuals, who make daily use of it in New-York, Philadelphia and Boston. It is the greatest luxury a lady or gentleman could wish for the improvement of health, for comfort and personal embellishment, and its delicate soothing sensation, and the delightful softness it imparts to the complexion.

We give a few of the prominent properties of the
Balm of a Thousand Flowers!
already well established by actual experience.

FIRST:
This Balm remedies every defect of the complexion,
and establishes in its stead Beauty and Health, at the time when both, by the changes of age, or freaks of nature, or disease, have been obscured or undermined—it cleanses the skin, and draws to the surface all impurities, and every species of pimples and blotches; also removes tan, sunburns, sallowness, and freckles, imparting to the skin its original purity, and an unsurpassed freshness, rendering it clear, smooth, and white.

SECOND:
It promotes the growth and increase of the Hair—causing it to curl in the most natural manner.
It cleanses the head from dandruff, giving vigor, health and life to the very roots of the hair.

THIRD:
It is a superior article for Shaving, being superior to all descriptions of Soaps, Creams, Pastes, &c.
As a Dentrifice for Cleansing the Teeth, it is by far the most medicinal of any compound yet discovered, preventing decay, relieving pain, ulcers and cankers, and renders the teeth white as alabaster. For bathing, for suffering infants, and for adults, to promote sweetness of body, cleanliness, health and strength, and to prevent eruptions, &c., there is no article more suitable than this Balm. It may be used in cold or warm, hard or soft water.

FETRIDGE & CO.
Manufacturers and Proprietors,
15, State-street, Boston, Mass.
☞ Price, 50 cents, and $1 per bottle.
FELLOWS & CO., Agents,
St. John, 2d August, 1851. Foster's Corner.

Cabinet & Upholstery Warerooms,
PRINCESS STREET,
Opposite the residence of B. L. Peters, Esq.

THE subscriber has on hand and for sale on the most reasonable terms, a large assortment of Mahogany and other FURNITURE, which he will warrant, viz: SOFAS, COUCHES, Mahogany CHAIRS; do. Rocking and Nursery do; Mahogany, Butternut, and Pine BUREAUS; Mahogany, Pembroke, Dining, and Centre TABLES, Mahogany and Butternut SHIP TABLES, Dressing Tables, WASH-STANDS, Mahogany SIDE BOARDS, Looking-Glasses, &c. &c.

, MAHOGANY in logs and boards of every thickness; Mahogany and Rosewood Veneers; also, Butternut, Birch, Pine, and other descriptions of Lumber, constantly on hand for sale Cheap.

☞ Funerals attended; Hearse and Palls furnished.—All orders promptly attended to.

N. B.—The subscriber having spared no expence in fitting up a STEAM ENGINE for Sawing and Turning for Ship and Cabinet Work, flatters himself that he can put in the best material and sell cheaper than any other imported—or in this Province. JOHN DUNN.
Saint John, November 2, 1850.

STATIONERY,
PER "FASIDE."

FIVE cases each containing a complete assortment of Blank Books, Writing PAPER, Note Paper, Envelopes, Copy Books, Music and Music Paper, Books, Drawing Books, Writing CASES, Children's Maps, Portable PENS, Sealing WAX, &c., for Sale by the case.
JOHN KINNEAR,
October 4, 1851. Prince Wm. Street.

1st of May, 1851.
WILLIAM GARNETT,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

HAS REMOVED to the spacious premises recently occupied by Mr. John Kinnear, Prince William Street, where he will make liberal Cash advances on every description of Goods ordered for immediate Sale at Public Auction, and solicits Consignments.

W. G. refers to any and every person who has had business transactions with him for 35 years last past.

JOSEPH WILSON & Co.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
New Orleans.
October 16, 1851.—6mo.

JOHN SAWYER,
123, Washington Street, BOSTON,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
DAGUERREOTYPE APPARATUS,
Plates, Cases, Frames, Gold and Gilt Lockets, CHEMICALS, and any description of Goods used in the Daguerreotype business.
September 20, 1851.—3¶

E. A. SOULLARD,
Commission Merchant,
SAVANNAH, (Georgia.)

Refer to
Messrs. D. & T. Vaughan, }
" Owens & Duncan, } Saint John, N. B.
" W. & J. Lawton, }
September 13.—6¶

JAMES FRENCH,
No. 78 Washington-st. Boston, Mass.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
School, Miscellaneous, and Blank BOOKS,
PAPER, PENS, AND STATIONERY,
of every variety,
as cheap, for Cash, as can be had at any other Store in the United States.
☞ Orders Solicited. ☜
September 13.—3¶

J. PICKARD,
Flour and Grain Dealer,
AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 111 BROAD-STREET, (Up Stairs,)
April 16, 1851. NEW-YORK.

THOMAS MAIN,
Commission Merchant and General Agent,
NELSON STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

TREMONT HOUSE,
BOSTON, MASS.

THIS well known establishment is still conducted in the same manner it has always been. The central and pleasant situation of the house, its commodious arrangements, and the comforts and luxuries to be found there, combine to render it agreeable and advantageous to the traveller.

Having been one of the firm of John L. Tucker & Co., so long at the head of the establishment, the Subscriber pledges his best exertions to maintain its reputation, and to give satisfaction to his customers.
WM. H. PARKER.
Boston, Sept. 15, 1851. 3m.

Five Years in successful operation.

PANTECHNETHECA,
Corner of King and Cross Streets.
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

THIS was the first place of the kind ever opened since Saint John contained twenty inhabitants, conducted upon the low price Cash system, and strictly carried it out.

It is now five years since the Proprietors, working Tailors, men who knew their business, and were regularly brought up to their trade in the Old Country, asked themselves, could a Merchant Tailor's business not be carried on, and make the customers pay cash down, allowing we charge them one-half of what we know to be usually charged where they are in the habit of crediting all who may patronise their system. In order to keep pace with the present day, we determined to deviate a little from those who had gone before us.

Some few friends—for be it known we had but few, save and except the man who pays for his coat before worn out—said you cannot expect to succeed, the place is too small, but you will soon know every body who is good and who is bad. We concluded that to discriminate, who was and who was not, was too nice a point for our experience, consequently we continued just as we commenced—namely, Cash on delivery, the course we adopted being entirely original with ourselves.

The man who gets his Clothes at this Establishment has not to pay for those who never pay.

A Dress Suit from £2 10s. to £5.
July 26th.

SAINT JOHN BOOT STORE,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot,
NORTH SIDE OF KING-STREET.

THE Subscriber returns his sincere thanks for former patronage, and solicits the attention of his friends and the Public generally, to his Large Stock of Boots and Shoes, which he will dispose of at very Low Rates for Cash, as he is determined to adopt the Cash system. All articles manufactured at this Establishment, warranted of superior Style and Workmanship.

N. B. All orders attended to with punctuality and dispatch. JOHN McBRINE.
North side King-street, next door to the Albion House. St. John, May 17, 1851.

GREAT REDUCTION IN
Gilt Cornices, Mirrors, Portrait AND PICTURE FRAMES,
at POTTER & Co's., in Germain Street.

THE Subscribers would call attention of the above articles which they are now Manufacturing at prices nearly one half less than have ever before been offered to the Public. One of the firm having recently visited the cities of New York, Philadelphia and Boston, where he made himself acquainted with the latest and most approved modes of working, by which a great amount of labour is saved in the various departments of the business, and having also made arrangements to receive, as soon as introduced, the newest fashions, designs, and styles of work, they are now prepared to execute in the best manner, all orders with which they may be favoured.

MANTLE and PIER GLASSES of any style and price, to suit the taste of customers.
GILT CORNICES from 25s. to £10.
ROSE WOOD AND MAHOGANY MOULDINGS for Picture Frames, that heretofore have been selling at 2s. 6d. per foot, we will furnish at 1s. 6d. per foot.
GILT MOULDINGS that have heretofore been selling at 5s. per foot, we will furnish in any quantity at 2s. 6d. per foot.
RICHLY ORNAMENTED FRAMES, will be supplied at a corresponding reduction in price.
New and extremely elegant styles of Fire Screens, in plain, gilt, richly ornamented, white and gold, and superb dark patterns.
GILDING of all kinds, done in the first style, and at prices to defy all competition.
SIGN BOARDS made and lettered in any style to suit customers, at prices one third less than can be had elsewhere.
☞ Old Paintings cleaned and repaired, old Frames re-gilt, Pictures stretched and varnished, Maps mounted and varnished.
FOR SALE.—A choice collection of finely coloured PICTURES, including a great variety of subjects, Heads, Studies, &c. &c.
May 27th, 1851. POTTER & CO.

AGRICULTURAL BOILERS.—Just received—5 Mott's Agricultural BOILERS, from 22 to 60 Gallons.
On hand—Several FANNING MILLS, of the most approved description.
Oct. 25. JARDINE & CO.

The Courier.

GRAND JURY PRESENTMENT.

The Grand Jury for the City and County of Saint John, at the Session of December, 1851, beg to make the following General Presentment to the Court:

A Bill was read before the Grand Jury, "To secure to the holders of certain outstanding Debentures of the City and County of Saint John, payment of the principal, money and interest thereon," by assessment on the City and County, and the opinion of the Grand Jury was requested on the same.

The Grand Jury having no information before them on the mode of expenditure for the erection of the House of Correction, by which the alleged deficiency was caused, and knowing no reason why the Province, which now owns the Building, should not defray the cost of it, decline to express an opinion on the Bill, but recommend that a further appeal be made to the Legislature.

The Grand Jury having been requested to examine into the apportionment of County Taxation on the several Parishes, procured from the Clerk of the Peace a statement of the value of real and personal property in the County, as estimated by the Assessors of Taxes in the several Parishes, of which the following is a copy:

City of Saint John, 1850,	77 6-10	-	£2,392,825
Parish of Portland, ...	14 1-10	-	436,162
" Lancaster, ...	2 5-10	-	70,608
" Simonds, ...	3 8-10	-	117,575
" St. Martins, ...	2	-	61,625
			£3,078,795

The Taxes are levied at present in the following proportions:—

City of Saint John,	78	per cent.
Parish of Portland,	14	"
" Lancaster,	3	"
" Simonds,	2½	"
" St. Martins,	2½	"
	100	

According to the above valuations, the proportions should be nearly thus in future:—

City of Saint John,	77½	per cent.
Parish of Portland,	14	"
" Lancaster,	3	"
" Simonds,	4	"
" St. Martins,	2½	"
	100	

And the Grand Jury recommend that if, on a careful revision of the Assessment Books, and the calculations derived therefrom, the above statement is found correct, the taxes be apportioned accordingly.

The Grand Jury visited the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, and found it in a condition as satisfactory as it is possible to be in its present crowded state.

THE MAIN BUILDING.

The front flat is devoted to the accommodation of the Officers, and to the business of the House. The Grand Jury observed particularly the extent of the apartments and the furniture of the Superintendent, and it affords them satisfaction to state that, in their judgment, both are on a moderate and economical scale.

The arrangements on this flat appear to be all judicious.

The basement accommodates twenty-one patients, who appear to be as comfortable as they can well be made in apartments under ground.

The second flat at present accommodates sixteen patients, while in the South corner there are three rooms, and in the North corner, there is one room still vacant. These rooms could not be made available, for the class for whom they are intended, for more than three additional patients.

The rooms formerly occupied by the Medical Superintendent in this flat are now in use: two occupied by a first class male paying patient, and the other two by females.

On the third flat there are fifteen patients, making in all in the main building, fifty-two patients.

THE LODGE.

In the basement and first flat, one ward, there are twenty-seven males, and in the second and upper flats, also one ward, there are twenty-three female patients, making fifty in all.

The building may be said to be crowded from the upper flat to the basement, and in the opinion of the Jury, it only requires a glance at the description of patients in this building, to arrive at the conclusion that it is utterly hopeless to expect that the fulness here can be relieved by removing the inmates to the centre one.

The Jury have learned that there has been an increase in the average number of patients this year over last of ten, and it is the opinion of the Superintendent that that number at least may be calculated on as a permanent annual increase.

The Jury are therefore forced to the conclusion, that unless increased accommodations are provided, a legal provision should be made to restrict the number of patients.

The Jury would, however, most earnestly recommend that a grant be made by the Legislature of a sum sufficient for the immediate completion of the original design.

The institution, even as it is, is highly creditable to the Province, and it would be a matter of deep regret if a false economy were allowed to interfere with the health and means of cure of this unfortunate class of our fellow creatures.

The Grand Jury visited the Alms House and found the whole establishment in excellent condition; the bedding in every room, and the rooms themselves, very clean, and the whole reflecting the highest credit on the keeper and matron.

The Grand Jury present the state of the Jail as demanding the immediate and earnest attention of the Sessions. The heating apparatus, from being ill-contrived and improperly executed, does not serve the purpose, and is injuring the building from leakage. The stench, from want of ventilation is insufferable, and must produce disease and premature death amongst the unfortunate inmates of the prison.

The Grand Jury cannot abstain from expressing their disapprobation at the removal from office, without cause, of the person who so long held the situation of turnkey and jailor, and the substitution of a person who, in the opinion of the Jury, is, from his age, incompetent to perform the duties of so important an office.

The Grand Jury visited the Marine Hospital and found it in its usual satisfactory and efficient state.

The Grand Jury have again to call attention of the Court to the inadequacy of the room now in use as a Register Office. The vault and the room itself are quite too small for the purpose, by which the public are subjected to inconvenience, and the books and deeds liable to be lost.

The Grand Jury understand that some years ago each County was empowered to erect a Register Office, and know of no good reason why the Court should delay providing a suitable place for the safe-keeping of the deeds and records of this City and County.

On visiting the Provincial Penitentiary, which the Grand Jury found in its usual well regulated and creditable state, their sympathy was excited by the case of Munson Picket, whose health, they were informed, is giving way under his confinement. The Grand Jury hope that means will be taken by the public to bring the matter under the favourable consideration of the Executive.

The Grand Juries of December, 1849, and December, 1850, presented several persons for violating the provisions of the Building Act, and for encroaching with buildings and fences on various streets of this City. The Grand Jury learn with regret that the Sessions or Common Council have taken no action on these presentments.

The Grand Jury beg respectfully to present, that the well-being of society depends on an observance of the law by the people, and that this cannot be looked for if those appointed to administer the law, do not faithfully and strictly perform their duty.

It having been represented to the Grand Jury that encroachments had been made on the public highway near the Marsh Bridge, they directed Mr. R. C. Minnette, the City Surveyor, to examine said alleged encroachments, and they now present, that the Blacksmith's shop on the South side of the old Westmorland road, in front of Gilbert's ship-yard, 46 feet in length, encroaches six feet on the road, and that the fence and pile of sawed planks extending 60 feet West of the smithy, encroach equally therewith, and that a number of ship knees are deposited on the road in front of the above.

On the North side, at Flannigan's tavern, his horse shed projects 7 feet, and his fence from 4 to 8 feet upon the old Westmorland road, and upon the new line of the Marsh road.

A number of large ship timbers are also deposited at the angle of the roads.

The Grand Jury present that Great [...]
street is in a dangerous state, from a [...]
kept open, and a pile of rubbish le[...]
the street.

The Grand Jury present [...]
been long in a dangerous st[...]
to have been made on it [...]
for many years.

The Grand Jury prese[...]
large holes, righ[...]
the ferry land[...]

The Grand Jury would recommend the appointment of one general Overseer of the roads on the Eastern side of the Harbour, and that the present system of appointing a Road Master for each Ward be done away with.

The Grand Jury recommend the appointment of a proper person to look after persons selling liquor without license in Saint John and Portland.

The Grand Jury urge the necessity of having the names of the streets placed on the various corners, as a guide to citizens and strangers.

The Grand Jury present that the erections on Benjamin Smith's wharf on the South side of the South Market Wharf, are encroachments.

The Grand Jury present that the practice of carrying timber and iron, angle-way or across sleds and drays, which is a violation of the law, should be stopped.

* * * * * *

All which is respectfully submitted.
R. Jardine, Foreman.
Grand Jury Room, 13th Dec., 1851.

THE WESTFIELD TRAGEDY.

We are enabled, through the medium of an "Eye-Witness," to present our readers with the following particulars of this lamentable affair.

On Sunday, the 7th inst., about two o'clock in the morning, William Karrigan, residing near Land's End, in the Parish of Westfield, King's County, sent his son to the house of William Wagoner with a message desiring his wife, who was staying there, to return home, and also requesting John C. McGlauchlin to accompany her, he (the murderer) assigning as a reason that he was unwell. He had previously sent a person, named Carr, to his wife and daughter, as also to the widow of the late William McCluskey, requesting them to come to his house. On the arrival of the above persons at Karrigan's house, he appeared highly pleased, shook hands with them, and said they were good neighbours. He asked McGlauchlin to sing a hymn, which was complied with; after which Karrigan proceeded to prayer, and while so engaged kissed the ground several times. He was then observed to take from a cupboard a large draw-knife, with which he instantly rushed on McGlauchlin, inflicting a large wound on the head. McGlauchlin succeeded in escaping from the house, and the maniac then turned upon Wagoner, inflicting upon his head and arm several dangerous wounds. Wagoner also ran from the house, followed by his wife, son, and daughter, and the widow McCluskey. The murderer instantly pursued them, and, armed with the deadly weapon, cut down his own wife and son; he then rushed upon Mr. Wagoner, and inflicted a wound on the side of the head about six inches long, cutting through the ear into the brain; he then turned upon the widow M'Cluskey, and cut her down. Karrigan then turned in pursuit of his daughter, and, unfortunately, came up with the hapless victim at a fence, and, by wounds on the head and neck, killed her on the spot. The murderer then ran back to the widow M'Cluskey, who lay extended on the ground; and on seeing him, she cried out, "Oh, William! spare my life, and let me go to my poor little children." Karrigan answered, "Get up, and go, you devil!" She did so, upon which he immediately killed her by several wounds on the back of the head and neck, saying that he would kill all who came before him. Karrigan then returned to where his wounded wife and son lay, and killed them.

Meanwhile, Wm. Wagoner had proceeded to his own house, and informed his son Richard, who was in bed, that Karrigan had killed his mother. The youth immediately dressed himself; and seeing from the window Karrigan approaching the house, armed himself with a gun, and went out to meet him. Karrigan having come up, aimed a blow with the knife at the elder Wagoner, who avoided it, and closed in with the murderer. Richard Wagoner then struck Karrigan two blows on the head with the gun, which prostrated him; and in doing so the barrel became separated from the stock of the piece. Unfortunately, Karrigan succeeded in rising, and ran at the boy Richard with the dreadful knife. The boy defended himself with the barrel of the gun, but not without receiving a severe wound in one of the fingers. Karrigan, apparently somewhat disconcerted by the resistance offered, jumped back, when the boy Richard succeeded in inflicting a heavy blow with the gun-barrel on the side of Karrigan's head, which brought him to the earth. In this position, Karrigan shouted to the elder Wagoner, "Will you let him kill me?" adding, "Richard, you think you are a d—— smart fellow, but I am a smarter man than you are." Karrigan then rose from the ground; and on finding that his arm was fractured by the blows given him by the younger Wagoner, exclaimed, "Oh, Lord! I am done for ever!" He then ran off towards the residence of Alexander Long, seeing which, Wm. Wagoner informed Long of the fact, and directed him to procure an axe. Long did so; and Karrigan, seeing the probable nature of his reception, turned and ran towards the River.

Some neighbours having by this time collected, they procceded to carry Mrs. Wagoner to her home; and the bodies of the other four victims were conveyed to Karrigan's house.

Search was now actively made for the murderer; and at eight o'clock on the same morning, Karrigan was found near the River, leaning over a fence. His hands and feet (which were bare) were badly frozen; he was bare-headed, and his clothing consisted only of a cotton shirt, trowsers and drawers. Karrigan requested to be taken to a fire, but desired his captors not to put him too near it. He was then conveyed to his own house; and his wounds having been dressed, he was put into a bed near the fire, a strong guard having been appointed to watch him. Notwithstanding the precautions taken to restore him, Karrigan died on the same evening, from the exhaustion consequent on his exposure to cold on the morning of the fatal catastrophe.

It is reported that Wm. Wagoner's wife died on Saturday, the 11th inst., and that he (Wm. Wagoner) could not live.

PROVINCIAL RAILROAD POLICY.

LETTER II.

To His Excellency the Right Hon. the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine,
GOVERNOR GENERAL OF CANADA, &c. &c.

My Lord:—Having assigned the reasons why this line of Railway may be managed with greater advantage to the public, by private Companies than by the Government, I will now proceed to shew, that an increase of our present taxation would be ruinous to our future prospects.

We can only understand the Financial position of Canada, by comparing it with that of her only commercial rival—New-York. Her Policy is firmly established, under a Constitution, clearly defined, and well understood; and not subject to change. The revenue from her Canals is guarded with great care: the same toll was imposed on Railroads running laterally thereto, until the last session of her Legislature, when it was removed, as it is stated, by a compromise, to carry the Canal policy into operation. This policy creates an additional debt of $10,000,000—to be repaid out of the surplus tolls only—for the purpose of enlarging her Canals to admit the passage of boats of 200 tons. Her Sinking Fund of $1,500,000 per year, has already reduced her Public Debt from ten millions to four millions five hundred thousand pounds: consequently, her Public Debt will be paid off in 1868. Her Legislature is also deprived of the power of contracting any further debts, without imposing a direct tax for their liquidation.

At this moment, a barrel of Flour is conveyed from lake Erie to New-York, for fifty cents,—of which, twenty-two cents is paid for Toll, twenty cents for canal freight, and eight cents for River freight. After the enlargement—which takes place in 1854—the Canal freight will be reduced nine cents; and after the removal of Tolls, in 1868, the cost of the transportation of a barrel of Flour from Buffalo to New-York, may be still further reduced to one shilling; and from Oswego, to nine pence.

You will bear in mind, my Lord, that the construction and enlargement of these Canals, and this immense reduction in the expense of transportation from the Lakes to the Atlantic, has been, and will continue to be produced, without any natural superiority in the route, and without the aid of Customs duties, the credit of their Independent or Federal Government, or any increase of internal taxes. It is to be attributed wholly to their superior Financial policy, which imposes a sound and judicious application of her public credit; by prohibiting the expenditure of the capital borrowed, on the undertaking of any Works which will not repay the cost o[...]
construction, and in the economy of her public e[...]
penditure in the support of her Government.

Canada has no established or well def[...]
Her revenue is subject to be increased
from year to year, by any Cabinet
to come into power. The m[...]
revenue from her Canals, is wh[...]
Canal Policy rather ret[...]
pletion of her navig[...]

During the autumn[...]
investigation and dili[...]
with full reports on the
from the St. Lawrence, [...]
by which it could be re[...]
channel of the St. Lawr[...]
of vessels of one thousa[...]
to Montreal in twenty-[...]
aid for the establishm[...]
Propellers between L[...]
to the aid afforded by [...]
Britain and the United
Collins lines—connecti[...]