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THE FATE OF JOHN PARIS WILL BE IN THE HANDS OF THE JURY BY NOON TODAY

Arguments of Counsel Heard Yesterday, and Mr. Justice Chandler's Summing Up of Evidence Will Begin With the Coming in of Court This Morning—Much Speculation as to Outcome of Four Days' Trial Being Indulged in.

"I do not intend to charge you gentlemen tonight, because when I do, I expect you to at once proceed to consider your verdict, and it might mean keeping you up for a good part of the night. I shall, therefore, remand the prisoner till ten o'clock in the morning, when I will charge you, and you will have all day to consider your verdict."

With these words from Mr. Justice Chandler, the fourth day's proceedings in the trial of John Paris came to an end. Today should see the end of the case.

Yesterday forenoon was taken up with the conclusion of the Attorney General's cross-examination of the accused, and the testimony of some minor witnesses. The afternoon saw the addresses of Counsel on both sides, and the way is now clear for the final stage of the proceedings. Mr. Vernon, for the prisoner, occupied an hour and a quarter in his address to the jury, concluding at 4.15. The Attorney General's reply also occupied an hour and a quarter, concluding just after 5.30. About every point that could be made for and against the prisoner was duly brought out by the respective counsels, both of whom were attentively listened to both by the jurors, and the spectators, of whom there were a considerable number present.

Among those present in Court in the morning, was Sir Douglas Hazen, Chief Justice, who occupied a seat alongside the presiding judge.

The cross-examination of Paris was resumed by the Attorney-eneral yesterday morning. He said a Chatauqua parade took place at Truro, but could not say which day it was. Couldn't swear that it was August 2nd, though he thought he had previously sworn that it was. He fixed it the date of his purchase of sardines from Leslie Jordan's. He sold the gasoline to Stanley Nichols on the 2nd August, and not on the 30th July. He had no moustache on 1st August. He might have needed a shave, but he had no proper moustache. Might have sworn that he had a moustache at the previous trials, couldn't recollect. Had no reason to doubt that Sadie McAuley was murdered, according to what he had heard. Couldn't say whether the man who did it made a mistake in putting the small stones upon the top of the big ones. Didn't know whether the man who did the deed was in a hurry or not. He didn't know what he himself would have done under the circumstances, but didn't think that the man who did it would want to go back to the place again. Had heard Detective Power describe the condition of the place where the body was found. Remembered being asked on previous trial if he thought a man who had murdered a child would ask another man to come and help to carry it away. Didn't think he would, as a child of Sadie McAuley's age would not weigh over 60 or 70 pounds, and could easily be handled by one man. Recognized photos produced as one of himself. They were taken at Truro in August or September. Remembered being asked by Chief Frazer where he was on 2nd August, and said he didn't know. He sold the gasoline to Nichols between the hours of 2 and 4; saw the officer between 3 and 5. Had previously said it was between 1 and 4. On the 3rd August he picked mushrooms, went up town a couple of times and out into the country; collected money from Moxon for the mushrooms at night and left Truro. His memory had failed since the last trial. He did not mention being driven by Isaac Allen on the first or second trials. When he arrived back from Truro on August 4th, he was rowed over the river by William Sweet. Thought the tide was low at the time. When he came back Walter Humphrey rowed him. They were not at that time particularly good friends. Couldn't remember who rowed him over again on the night of the 4th. Remembered the occasion when he was talking to Walter Humphrey and Ernest Campbell in the latter's yard. Campbell was wrong when he said he (Paris) had tried to draw the boil with a bottle. He had boils on both arms. The marks (shown to the court) on his arms were where the boils were. The marks on his arms were not those of the teeth of a child. The picture shown him was that of Sadie McAuley. He recognized it as being the same as that which he had seen of her in the paper. The picture did not show that either leg was a lame one. He didn't think John Best was a particularly reputable or honest man. His own character was in some respects better than Best's. Humphrey had rowed him over the river on several occasions; but he did not row him over on 2nd August, because he was in Truro. He did not ask Humphrey to go up with him to the Park, or mention anything about the dead girl. All he asked Humphrey to do was to hang around for a while, as he was expecting some friends from Amherst who he wanted taken over to his home. He went to the station, but missed his friends, who had crossed by the ferry boat, and by the time he got back home his friends had gone. Remembered seeing Mrs. Craft and Mrs. Gerow and Alf Byers, when he was leaning by his own window, but it was on the 4th August, not the 2nd.

There were several matters to which he had not given any evidence on his first or second trials.

This concluded the cross-examination of accused, and at 12 o'clock Mr. Vernon rose to re-examine.

Paris said his first trial took place very shortly after his examination before the magistrate. He had at that time not had sufficient time to procure all the necessary witnesses; had had time afterwards, before the second trial. He had learned to write his name by copying a specimen given him. He had no brother, either like him or not. Had no idea when he returned from Truro on the 3rd August, that he was suspected of the murder. The murder was talked about a good deal among the men employed at Westfield. What he said to Mrs. King was simply what he had heard. At this time he could not remember everything he had done in all the hours of the day so long ago as last August. Being rowed across the river was an every day occurrence. Had never seen Sadie McAuley, and only supposed the picture shown him was hers because it was the same as had been put in the papers with her name under it.

To Mr. Byrne Paris said his grandmother was present at his first trial, but did not give evidence.

Mr. Vernon said he rested his case here.

The Attorney-General then called Conductor Capson the official to whom Paris alleged he paid the money on the night of August 3rd. Witness said on that night he was on the train No. 9, due to leave Truro 10.25. He had memoranda to show what money he took for cash fares. Received no sum of $3 for passenger from Truro to St. John. Had two tickets between those places on that night and each entry showed $4.65 paid. Have seen prisoner in the court room. No such conversation as Paris related that he had only $3 left and would fix up the difference with him when he seen him in St. John ever took place between them.

Cross-examined. — The train was larger that night on account of large number of harvesters going West. Couldn't say whether Paris was on that train that night, but could say that no man paid him any short fare. A passenger might keep out of a conductor's way for a time and so evade payment of fare from place he got on at, by saying he had got on later.

Mrs. Jennie King, of Sagwa, remembered the Westfield fire on August last. Prisoner was in her house about that time, about the 16th, getting water. Her daughter was present at the time.

Mr. Vernon objected to this evidence being given at this time. It was not evidence in rebuttal. The date when the alleged conversation took place was not designated.

The court disallowed the objection, but had it noted.

Continuing Mrs. King said, she remembered Paris saying that the St. John police were too slow to catch the man who killed Sadie McAuley and that he was one of the three parties who found the body. That it was gashed in four or five places. Witness remarked that it was a shame as she was a little lame girl, and Paris said he ha dturned the leg around three or four times and the bones never caught. He said it was the crippled leg that was broken. Paris said that the fellow who did it made a big mistake when he buried the body that he put a big stone upon the top and little ones over it, as they rolled off and left the face and hair showing. He said he lived in West St. John, but his real home was in Truro, and had been a detective. He took a book out of his pocket and appeared to write on it. He had a pencil in his hand.

Cross-examined. Said there was quite a little talk about the murder about that time, but she had not joined in it.

Greta King, daughter of last witness, was next called. Her testimony was objected to by Mr. Vernon for the same reasons as before, but was overruled and objection noted. The evidence given was nearly a repetition of that given by last witness.

Thomas McAnn, Rebecca street, said he remembered seeing Paris when he was in jail. Paris asked witness to get him a packet of cigarettes which he did. Asked Paris what was he in for.

Mr. ernon said if object of prosecution was to prove that Paris had a "double," such a method of proving this fact was inadmissible. The double ought to be produced.

(Continued on Page Seven)

JURY GRATEFUL

The Journal has been asked by the members of the jury in the Paris case to say how much they have appreciated the kindness of the proprietors of the various moving picture houses for the entertainment afforded them during their enforced seclusion, and to express their thanks for the same.

THE PROBLEM OF UNEMPLOYMENT TO BE CONSIDERED

Representatives of Dominion and Various Provinces to Meet in Conference, Sept. 5

(Canadian Press.)

Ottawa, July 28.—The conference between the Dominion and Provincial Governments, in regard to unemployment and related problems, the calling of which was announced some time ago, will meet in Ottawa on September 5. It is expected that practically all provincial governments will be represented. The chief feature of the discussions will, no doubt, be different aspects of employment, but it is not unlikely that other questions pertaining to social and industrial legislation will be considered. Among these are expected to be the various questions which arise out of the agreements reached at the International Labor Conference.

While the conference will be composed of the Governments of the Dominion and of the Provinces, it is likely that opportunities will be given to municipalities or organizations interested to make representation either personally or in writing to the conference.

MANY ENQUIRIES FOR WELSH COAL FROM CANADA

Demand Continues Despite Increase in Prices With No Reduction Likely.

London, July 28—(By Canadian Press Cable)—Report from Newcastle have been received to the effect that there are many Canadian enquires there for coal for factories and railways. The demand from the continent for coal continues, despite the increase in prices and no reduction is likely. A return to the three shift working system at the docks which ruled before the war, is being advocated as a remedy for the present congestion.

Home prices of coal, it is thought are not likely to increase. The kind of coal used for household purposes here is not in demand overseas.

The miners federation so far is noncommittal concerning the possibility of a sympathetic movement towards the miners in the United States who are on strike. The federation officials decline to say whether any representations have been made to them to resist the export of coal to the United States.

MIRACULOUS CURE REPORTED FROM SHRINE AT ST. ANNE

Girl With One Leg Shorter Than Other Completely Cured.

Ottawa, Ont., July 28—Among the many miraculous cures reported to have been made at the famous shrine at St. Anne de Beaupre, is one of a young girl named Fallon of Cap St. Ignace, who having a left leg considerably shorter than the right visited the shrine and came away not only apparently completely cured but with a round $200 which visitors to the shrine had showered upon her, in their eagerness to have her use their money to buy her boots.

ADOPTED NOVEL SUICIDE METHOD

Peeved Husband Sets Fire to Buildings, Rushes Into Flames and Burns.

Kitchener, July 26—After a quarrel with his wife, Joseph Scharman, a farmer of Lexington, near here, set fire to his house and barn and walking into the blazing implement shed attached to the barn, perished in the flames. His watch and a few charred bones were all that was found to identify him by High Constable Hiber and Provincial Officers investigating the fire this morning.

KILMALLOCK EXPECTED TO FALL ERE LONG

Irregulars Fighting Desperately to Ward Off Such a Catastrophe.

OCCUPIED BY 500 IRREGULARS

Expected to be Scene of Stern Struggle Owing to Its Strategic Importance.

Dublin, July 28—The principal fighting in the South at present is taking place around Kilmallock and today's news would seem to indicate that that town may fall at any minute. With Kilmallock in the hands of the Free State troops, Mallow and Fermoy may be the scene of the next irregular stand in which case both flanks would be endangered. The irregulars are expected to fight desperately to avoid such a catastrophe.

Occupied by 500 Irregulars

It is stated that Kilmallock is occupied by about 500 irregulars and strongly fortified. No fighting on a large scale has yet occurred in the town, but it is expected it will be the scene of a stern struggle owing to its strategic importance, being vital to the lines of communication of the irregulars.

Eamon De Valera is reported to be making Carrick-en-Suir, Tipperary, his headquarters. Irregulars are concentrating there and at Butlerstown. Business is suspended in both these towns.

DEVELOPMENTS IN U. S. STRIKES

Rail Strike

President Harding drew up proposals to settle the shopmen's strike after conference with union leaders and railway executives.

The shopmen's executive committee will meet in Chicago next Tuesday and the rail executives in New York to consider the President's suggestion.

The seniority issue, the stumbling block in former peace negotiations was understood to take up the bulk of the President's proposition.

Coal Strike Situation.

Henry B. Spencer, general purchasing agent for the War Time Railroad Administration, was appointed Federal coal administrator for the duration of the coal strike emergency by President Harding.

President Harding, it was said, contemplates no new step in the coal strike situation, feeling confident that enough coal will be produced eventually to meet the country's needs.

Secretary Hoover announced the Governors of twenty-three states have undertaken to erect the machinery necessary to control profiteering and the distribution of coal within their borders.

SETTLEMENT OF RAILWAY STRIKE IN U. S. APPEARS NEAR

Harding Believes Some of the Difficulties Are Clearing Away.

Washington, July 28—Official announcement was verbally made at the White House, late today, that President Harding was prepared to submit formal proposals for settlement of the railroad strike to meetings of the railway executives and of the general strike committee of the United States shop craft unions.

The President, it was said, officially believes that some of the difficulties in the way of an adjustment of the trouble, which has injured the nation's transportation system, are "clearing away," as the result of the conference which he concluded shortly before the announcement was made.

KANSAS EDITOR AND HIS DEFI



Emporia, Kas., July 28—Because William Allen White, newspaper editor and author, whose picture is shown above, posted in the window of his paper, the Emporia, Kas., Gazette, a card, also shown, expressing a percentage of sympathy with the railroad strikers, he has been arrested and must answer in the courts for his defiance of the Kansas industrial tribunal to a charge of contempt of the latter body, on the ground that he had no right to lend encouragement to one side or the other in a controversy which it is the industrial court's business to adjudicate.

Gov. Henry J. Allen, father of the industrial court, is pressing the case, and the governor and the newspaperman are lifelong friends. It is of his own and the governor's adventure that White tells in his book, "Henry and Me." Whether or not they'll still be friends after this, remains to be seen.

White says Allen's interpretation of the law is in disregard of the constitution's guarantees of a free press and free speech.

MONTREAL ALARMED OVER EXTENT OF DRUG TRAFFIC

Authorities Unable to Cope With Situation Under Existing Regulations.

(Canadian Press.)

Montreal, July 28.—According to those who are reputable authorities on the subject, over five hundred ounces of narcotic drugs are being smuggled into Montreal every day, a quantity sufficient to cause the death of at least a thousand persons. The traffic in drugs recently assumed such alarming proportions that local authorities found themselves unable to adequately cope with the situation under the provisions of the existing regulations concerning the penalties for drug peddling. Ottawa, was appealed to with the result that judges have now the jurisdiction to sentence persons convicted of selling drugs to minors to the lash. Other amendments to the act in question prescribes heavy fines and long terms of imprisonment. Aliens convicted of drug peddling may, in future, be immediately deported, irrespective of the Immigration Act. The publicity given to the appalling conditions in this city will, it is anticipated, tend to check the traffic. Hospitals are unanimous in declaring that they have never had to deal with so many cases of drug poisoning, etc. before.

CLIFDEN RADIO STATION DAMAGED BY IRREGULARS

Messages for Canada Being Sent from Marconi Station at Ongar.

(Canadian Press.)

London, July 28.—Reports received by the Marconi Company, from Galway, indicate that the damage done to the Clifden radio station on the coast of Galway, which was set on fire by the Irish irregulars, was not as serious as at first supposed. The Marconi officials say they hope to re-establish direct communication with Glace Bay within twenty four hours. Meantime messages for Canada are being sent from the new station at Ongar, in Essex.

The main building, most of the machinery and the condenser, at the Clifdon station are virtually intact but many of the overhead and underground wires which fed the station were destroyed.

THREE THOUSAND CASES OF LIQUOR ABOARD ARWYCO

Commander Returns to Liverpool Rather Than Put Up Required Customs Bond.

(Canadian Press.)

Halifax, July 28.—With three thous. and cases of liquor, which she brought here from Liverpool undisturbed in her hold, the British steamer Arwyco, 552 tons net, sailed to return to that port this evening. Upon arrival here a week ago, reporting a thirty-eight days passage, the ship landed 650 sacks of salt. Her commander wished to clear for Nassau, British West Indies. The customs authorities offered him two alternatives, one to give a $60,000 bond, twice the value of the liquor, guaranteeing that the liquor would be landed at Nassau; the other to return to Liverpool, first guaranteeing that the part cargo would be landed intact there. The commander accepted the second alternative.

NO NEW BUSINESS REPORTED ON THE RAW SUGAR MARKET

Futures Opened Lower, But Rallied at Noon—Moderate Inquiry for Refined.

New York, July 28—The early raw sugar market was quiet. No fresh business was reported and prices were unchanged at 3 3-4 cents for spot Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 5.36 for centrifugal.

The raw sugar market opened 4 to 5 points lower, but rallied toward midday on buying by outside interests and regained all the early loss.

There was no change in refined sugar with fine granulated listed at 6.90 to 7.00. There was a moderate inquiry for prompt shipment. Refined futures were nominal.

JUDICIAL POINT FINALLY SETTLED

London, July 28.—The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council today granted the petition, in connection with the judgment of the Supreme Court of Canada, holding that Chief Justice Harvey was the Chief Justice of Alberta and President of the Appelant Division. The petition, which was presented by R. B. Bennett, K.C. on behalf of Chief Justice Scott, was not seriously opposed.

BUMPER CROPS FOR CANADA PREDICTED

Good Harvest and Profitable Crops Assured Says Canadian Commissioner of Agriculture.

NEW BRUNSWICK IS WELL FAVORED

Potato Fields Promise Large Yield—Great Crop of Small Fruit.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., July 28—Canada this year will harvest a very good and profitable crop, Duncan Marshall, Canadian Commissioner of Agriculture, said here tonight. Mr. Marshall will remain on Prince Edward Island for several days looking into farming conditions here.

Mr. Marshall reviewed crop conditions in Canada as follows:

New Brunswick is well favored. Many potato-fields in the vicinity of Fredericton are expected to yield up to four hundred bushels per acre. The province is harvesting a great crop of small fruit.

"In Ontario crops are more uniformly good than I have seen them for twenty-five years. There is an exceptionally good fruit crop, and the berry crop is remarkable. The apple crop is very heavy, but many localities report it rather scrabby.

Record Harvest

"Manitoba has what looks like a record harvest. Saskatchewan and Alberta are rather spotted. One good feature is that the parts of the province that were most dried out last year have a good crop this year and the districts that have suffered from lack of rain this year are districts which had good crops for the last several years. The hay crop in Alberta will be very light.

"Crop reports from British Columbia, especially of hay and fruit, are very good. Crops on Prince Edward Island promise to be exceptionally good."

Commissioner Marshall discussed with Hon. W. M. Lea Commissioner of Agriculture for this provnice, the basis for renewing the Federal grant for agriculture, which expires next March. If it is renewed the question will come up with regard to having it made on a basis of rural population and whether it should not be made the basis for a wider extension of agricultural education in Canada.

Mr. Marshall said that if the British cattle embargo were removed this fall it would give a great impetus to the whole Canadian cattle business, not only in feed cattle, but in dairy heifers.

BOTTOMLEY ASKS STAY OF ACTION BY HOUSE OF COMMONS

Requests Commons to Await Result of Appeal Case Before Unseating Him.

(Canadian Press)

London, July 28—Horatio Bottomley's solicitor has written to the Speaker of the House of Commons, asking for the postponement of the motion to expel Bottomley from membership in the House pending the hearing of an appeal Bottomley is taking to the House of Lords against his conviction and sentence to seven years penal servitude for fraud, in connection with the Victory Bond Club, of which he was head.

Bottomley appealed to the Criminal Court of Appeal after his conviction and sentence but failed. In connection with the proposed expulsion of Horatio Bottomley, who is still the representative of South Hackney in the House of Commons, a resolution, which was moved in the House by Sir John Baird, Under Secretary for the Home Office, on July 17, was carried, calling for the production of certificates of Bottomley's conviction and sentence and the dismissal of his appeal, also for a certificate that he is in custody in Wormwood Scrubbs prison.

INTERVENTION IN ALTA. COAL STRIKE

(Canadian Press)

Edmonton, Alta., July 28.—Provincial intervention in the Alberta coal strike was foreshadowed by Premier Greenfield today with a view to bringing about some sort of temporary working arrangements with the operators and miners, pending a permanent settlement of the coal dispute in the United States.

ALCOHOL SEIZED AT HALIFAX

Halifax, July 28—Approximately two hundred gallons of what is thought to be alcohol, and valued at four to five thousand dollars, was seized here this evening on board the coastal schooner J. Craft, from Clarke's Beach, N.S.

Do You Use a Camera?

If you do, and take snapshots of Current Events, and Popular, Well-Known Men and Women, or Tennis or Golf Grounds, or anywhere — Send them to The Daily Journal, which will Pay Five Dollars Each Week ***for the Best Snap,*** *reserving the right to use and pay for any others sent in competition.*