

RULE OF ROAD—
TURN TO RIGHT
STARTS DECEMBER 1

The Daily Journal.

WEATHER TODAY:
CLOUDY AND MILD.
SCATTERED SHOWERS

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TWELVE PAGES

ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1922

TWO CENTS.

NATIONALS ORDER ALLIES OUT OF CONSTANTINOPLE

SPLENDID TRIBUTES TO PERSONAL WORTH OF SENATOR TURGEON

At Banquet Given in Honor of New Brunswick's New Senator There Were Eloquent Pleas for Better Understanding Between Different Races and Creeds Throughout Canada—Happy Home Gathering at Which Favored Son Was Highly Complimented for Work Done—Words of Warning from Angus McLean.

Special to The Journal.

Bathurst, Nov. 5.—The banquet by the citizens of Bathurst to Hon. Senator Turgeon at the Chateau Evangeline, tonight, was a splendid tribute to that distinguished gentleman, and an eloquent plea for a better understanding between the different races and creeds, not only of Bathurst and Gloucester county, but throughout New Brunswick and the whole of Canada. Mr. Angus McLean's words of warning regarding organized labor will be read with interest throughout the Dominion.

Those in attendance included Hon. O. Turgeon, Hon. J. P. Byrne, Hon. P. J. Veniot, His Worship Mayor Hachey, Rev. J. A. Wheaton, Rev. J. A. Cooper, Rev. Mr. Veillard, Superior of Eudists college, Rev. Wilfrid Cyr, Rev. A. D. Archibald, Rev. H. O. Rice, Angus McLean, E. P. MacKay, F. H. Eaton, B. C. Mulhins, T. M. Burns, Dr. W. H. Coffin, Dr. L. D. Denmore, J. P. Leger, C. H. Richard, G. Gilbert, K. C. J. A. Alain, S. B. Bond, H. A. Melanson, Smith Morse, G. L. Kelly, R. J. Lutes, F. O. Landry, J. Harold Kent, G. A. Schryer, S. L. Bishop, Red Hugh McLean, J. B. H. Storor, I. Desroches, N. Thibodeau, Dr. J. C. Meahan, M. McDade, St. John, H. W. Melanson, Geo. Melanson, Edmund J. White, J. Ernest White, J. Harry Meahan, J. A. Meahan, John A. Lordon, Fred Elhaton, J. A. Dunlop, M. H. Poirrier, R. A. Sutton, A. T. Hain, J. J. Power, A. B. Loosen, S. R. Shirley, C. M. Mercereau, D. J. MacKay, Toronto.

Mr. E. P. MacKay, manager of the Bank of Montreal, presided with ability, tact and skill and had on his right the honored guest of the evening and on his left, Mr. Father Wheaton. The vice chairs were most acceptably filled by Mr. Storor, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Richard, Dr. Coffin and Mr. Mulhins.

It was 10.20 o'clock when the toast list was reached, the King was honored in the usual way, after which Hon. Mr. Veniot told of the friendship which had existed between Mr. Turgeon and himself for more than twenty-five years and of how that gentleman had worked for the material prosperity of the town and county as well as for the province at large. The new Senator had devoted a life time in the effort to create harmony among the different races and creeds of the Province and of the Dominion (applause), and the success of his efforts, so far as this town and county were concerned, might be judged by the attendance here tonight to do honor to Mr. Turgeon of the clergy of the different denominations. (applause).

Ovation For Senator
Senator Turgeon was given an ovation on rising to reply. He began by warning his audience not to expect a proper expression of his appreciation of the generosity of the citizens of Bathurst in the present circumstance for words could not be found to adequately express his gratitude. (applause). He felt highly honored to meet this gathering of citizens of Bathurst as nice, as noble and as intellectual a gathering as can be met in any part of Canada (applause). He thanked, very feelingly, the Minister of Public Works, Hon. Mr. Veniot, for what he said of him, as no one in Gloucester knew better his aims in public life, his desire to promote harmony and good will among all classes, all creeds and races as well as to develop the immense resources of the county of Gloucester, the province of New Brunswick and the welfare of Canada at large (applause).

TWO INJURED IN MOTOR ACCIDENTS

Fredericton, Nov. 5.—The little son of Frank J. Lingley was struck by a car, late Saturday afternoon, and was taken to his home injured. His condition today is reported to be improved.

Mrs. J. Wheeler was struck by the car driven by James Spencer while walking on the sidewalk of Brunswick Street Saturday afternoon. The driver made a statement that he went on the sidewalk to avoid another car. He was arrested later for giving a false name at the time of the accident, giving the name of Arbeau. Later he was released on one hundred dollars bail.

TURKS ADVANCE INTO CHANAK OCCUPIED BY THE BRITISH, AND OTHER NEUTRAL ZONES

HAMID BEY'S NOTE TO ALLIED POWERS

Constantinople, Nov. 5.—The note presented by Hamid Bey to the Allied Commissioners this afternoon says:

"After the abolition of the old regime, the Turkish population of Constantinople spontaneously and enthusiastically proclaimed its union with the great National Assembly of Turkey.

"Orders have been transmitted to all necessary dispositions for the establishment of the civil administration of the great National Assembly of Turkey. Inter-Alleed military occupation of Constantinople, therefore, not only is useless but impossible.

"The great National Assembly of Turkey has no intention of overstepping the military bounds fixed by the Mudania convention. It deems it necessary to point out that a certain number of gendarmes must be sent from Angora for the maintenance of order as already arranged for in Thessalonica.

"We hope the Allied Powers will accept favorably this demand."

AVIATORS COOLED THEIR ENGINE BY WATER AND SOUP

All Water and Liquid Sustenance Exhausted in Flight from Coast to Coast.

Indianapolis, Nov. 5.—An engine cooled by cold soup and condensed milk, brought Lieutenant Oakley Kelly and John Macready over the mid-Western States, Friday night, to the conclusion of their attempted flight from coast to coast in the airplane T. D. 2. They landed at Fort Benjamin Harrison near here yesterday when all the water and liquid sustenance which they carried on their ship was exhausted, having been poured into the radiator to replace the water which leaked away through a cracked water jacket of their engine.

PETROGRAD ABLAZE OF RED FOR THIRD INTERNATIONALE

Forty-Five Nations, Including Canada and United States, Are Represented at Congress.

Petrograd, Nov. 5.—Petrograd is ablaze of red for the Third International Congress. From church steeples and every high building illuminated Red stars glitter and most of the buildings of the city are fringed with red flags.

Red flags, too, fly from every staff and miles of red streamers adorn the buildings along principal streets.

Forty-five nations are represented at the congress, at which there are 325 delegates, according to the estimates.

Among the countries represented are Great Britain, the United States, Canada, Brazil, Argentina, France and Italy, Germany, Australia, China and Japan.

ISLAND HAS CAUSE FOR THANKFULNESS

Value of Season's Crops Estimated at Over Eleven Million Dollars.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., Nov. 5.—Prince Edward Island at this Thanksgiving season is grateful for one of the best crops in her history. The estimated value of which is over eleven million dollars.

This includes more than seven million bushels of oats, six million bushels of potatoes, and five million bushels of turnips. The value of the fisheries for this year is estimated at about a million and a half. The lobster catch alone is worth a million and a quarter.

NOTED CATHOLIC PRIEST IS DEAD

Rev. Matthew Whelan, Prominent in Irish Circles, Succumbed to Long Illness.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—Rev. Father Matthew J. Whelan, parish priest of St. Patrick's church, died here today after a long illness. He was the leading Irish Catholic clergyman in the city, and was universally known for his priestly abilities and his never

Angora Government Takes Control of Constantinople and Many Disorders Follow—Students March Against the Palace and Riotous Mobs Engaged in Such Acts as to Call Forth Fire from Allied Police, Many Turks Being Killed—Christians Seeking Safety, Openly Fearing a Turkish Massacre.

Constantinople, Nov. 5.—The Nationalist government is in control of Constantinople. Rafet Pasha is the new governor and Hamid Bey, the representative of the Angora Government, has ordered the Allied troops out. In a note to the Entente, he demands evacuation of the Allied forces. The Turks have torn up the Mudania armistice convention and are advancing into the Chanak area, occupied by the British and other neutral zones.

Riotous Scenes

Since noon Saturday the Nationalist administration is declared to have been established and, in celebration of this, masses of excited Turks have been engaged in disorders. Students marched against the palace, and riotous mobs engaged in such manifestations that it became necessary for the Allied police to fire on them, several of the Turks being killed or wounded. The Christians in the Stamboul quarter throughout Saturday night were seeking shelter and protection from what they openly feared—a Turkish massacre.

Today, however, the government authorities issued orders that all disturbances should be rigorously put down. The Allied High Commissioners accepted the new regime, and there was nothing left for the Sultan's ministry but resignation from office.

Tewfik Pasha, the grand vizier, realizing that his power had disappeared, despatched messages to the representatives of the Sublime Porte in the various capitals to transfer their allegiance to the representatives of the Angora Government.

Sultan Denounced

There seemed danger for a time that the radical forces would gain the upper hand. The Sultan was denounced, together with monarchy, and Mustafa Kemal Pasha was acclaimed "our president." It became necessary to throw guards of troops around the Sultan's palace within which Mohammed VI, now Caliph only, is spending fearful hours.

As yet Mohammed VI. has given no evidence of conforming to the determination of the new Government to rid Turkey of the high office of Sultan, but the quickly developing popular movement may soon compel him, with the loss of his chiefs, to accept the inevitable.

Rafet Pasha sprang the news of the change in Government in a dramatic manner in the Allied Generals. The Generals had summoned Rafet to discuss the question of the admission of Kemalist gendarmes to the Gallipoli and Chanak zones. At the termination of the discussion, Rafet, as by way of an after thought, broke the startling news thus:

"I must inform your excellency that since noon the Constantinople government no longer exists and I have assumed the governorship."

ST. JOHN WOMAN DIES FROM EFFECTS OF COCAINE POISON

Montreal Authorities Seeking Three Young Men in Connection With the Death.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—The police are looking for three men wanted by the local coroner's court officials in connection with the death of Mrs. Lulu Strang, of St. John, N.B., who died last week at the Notre Dame Hospital from what is stated to be cocaine poisoning. For this purpose the inquest that was to have opened Saturday was adjourned, that further enquiry might be made.

Facts collected so far indicate that Mrs. Strang had been seen just prior to her death drinking beer with three young men, as a sequel to which she fell into a sleep that lasted two days. She was subsequently taken ill and died. Analysis of the contents of her stomach showed that death was due to cocaine poisoning.

GUY FAWKES' DAY DULY OBSERVED

Special to Journal.
Fredericton, Nov. 5.—Members of the Orange Order and Sons of England observed Guy Fawkes day by attending Divine Service at the Methodist church tonight. Rev. Mr. Holmes, the pastor, preached the sermon. Some three hundred members of the orders attended.

failing philanthropy. He was prominent in separate school circles in Ottawa and for two years presided as chairman of the separate school board.

FURTHER DETAILS OF PREMIER BONAR LAW'S "TRANQUILITY" POLICY

British Premier Emphatically Reiterates Anglo-Irish Treaty Will Have Fair Trial, and That Root of Foreign Policy Would be to Work With France and Italy—Will Uphold Nation's Prestige in Dealing With Mesopotamia and Palestine—Makes Clear Government's Intentions on Labor Questions.

NO OPPOSITION TO LLOYD GEORGE

For the First Time in His Parliamentary Career He Is Unopposed in Election.

London, Nov. 5.—There were a few surprises in yesterday's nominations. Lloyd George for the first time in his long parliamentary career is not opposed. Sir George Paish and Labor are opposing Bonar Law in Glasgow.

Lloyd George's nomination papers were signed by ten men, who had been school-fellows in his father's school. The unopposed candidates thus returned already in the coming house are in the following proportions:

Conservatives, 37; Independent Liberals, 8; National Liberals, 8; Labor, 2; Nationalist Devlin, 1. Many observers say that by multiplying these figures by ten one can get a fair idea of how the House will stand when the elections are completed.

MONCTON SUSPECT IN CORKUM CASE GIVEN FREEDOM

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 5.—Ernest Essary, arrested in Moncton Friday as a suspect in the fatal shooting here on Tuesday last of Leslie A. Corkum, Spring Garden Road grocer, was given his liberty Saturday night following an examination which convinced the local police that he had no connection with the crime. Essary said he was a carpenter by trade and gave a satisfactory account of his recent movements.

The body of the dead man, who passed away from his wound Friday evening, will be taken to his home at Chester, N. S., for burial.

EAMON DE VALERA ONCE MORE EVADES THE FREE STATERS

Dublin, Nov. 5.—After a period of comparative freedom from military clashes within the city, the Free State capital was awakened yesterday morning by the sound of rifle shots caused by a sensational raid by national troops on a house in Aylesbury Road, Balls Bridge, in an attempt to capture Eamon De Valera.

The republican believed that he had escaped from the house on Friday evening. One Free States soldier is dead from a wound received in the fight. Several men were wounded and two women in the house were also wounded. Commandant General Ernest O'Malley of the irregulars, who was in the house and fired on the raiding party was wounded and later was arrested.

It was at first thought that Mary MacSwiney had been taken into custody in the raid on the Aylesbury Road house, but she was arrested later in the day when a search of a house in Herbert Park, Balls Bridge, revealed her presence there.

THREE OHIO RIVER STEAMERS ARE BURNED AT DOCK

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 5.—Three Ohio River steamers, the Island Queen and Morning Star, owned by the Conroy Island Company, which operates a summer resort 12 miles above Cincinnati and the Tacoma, a passenger and freight steamer, and two wharf boats, the property of the Conroy Island and Green Line companies, were destroyed by fire yesterday. A fourth boat, the Chris Greane, employed in tow boat service, caught fire and was badly damaged. The total loss was estimated to be between \$250,000 and \$300,000. Firemen say that a barrel of tar, used in making repairs on the Morning Star, boiled over and caused the fire.

Leeds, Nov. 5.—Additional details of the new British Government's policy of "tranquility" were given by Prime Minister Bonar Law, in an address before an audience of 3,000 persons here on Saturday. While the main part of his speech was concerned with domestic policies and politics, he took occasion to reiterate emphatically that the Anglo-Irish treaty would be given a fair trial and that the root of his foreign policy would be to work with France and Italy.

Turkish Questions
Mr. Bonar Law said he had been bombarded with queries as to whether the British would leave Mesopotamia and Palestine.

"All I can say is that we shall examine the matter very carefully," he declared, "but we cannot, with our record as a nation, consider merely what it will pay us to do; we consider to what extent we are bound by obligations."

Referring to the League of Nations, he said it had worked under great difficulties but had not done so badly and that his Government would certainly try to find it scope for more effective action. He added that he had declared in a previous address that the British navy must be kept intact but that he believed the whole center of gravity was changing in the matter of national defense and was being transferred from the sea to the air.

Referring to his predecessor, he said: "Mr. Lloyd George is a man of amazing energy and astonishing vitality. Every difficult question at home or abroad, he undertook to deal with himself. I cannot do that, and if I had the strength of Hercules and the wisdom of Solomon I wouldn't try to deal with them that way."

New Government and Labor
"The Labor Party's programme," Mr. Bonar Law characterized as "amazing." If it had been a question of politics the Laborites would not have had a ghost of a chance in any constituency in the country. He was confident the Unionist Party would have been in the majority because the people knew that the program made by the Labor Party were nonsense and could not be carried out. It seems to me that already an inevitable tendency is showing itself—and I do not regret it—the tendency of the Laborites of all shades to draw together.

To have tried to keep a party presenting everything opposed to Labor against the Labor party and nothing else was the one way of making the Labor Party strong, because it would have been the only alternative Government. But the working men who are not Socialists now have their choice of two parties, instead of having to choose between one and those supposed to represent them.

On the subject of unemployment he declared the Government would not neglect palliative measures, but added that improved trade alone could remedy the situation and he hoped the election results would enable the government to create an atmosphere of tranquility in which confidence could be restored among the industries.

Regarding his own proposal to call a conference of representatives of the dominion to discuss the economic development of the empire, he said the invitations to this meeting could not be dispatched until after the election. Referring to the much discussed levy on capital, Mr. Bonar Law said the daily press reports that he was in favor of such a measure were absolute nonsense. He explained that, during the war, a Labor deputation visited him at that time he expressed the opinion that a levy on capital was the best solution of the problem of reducing the national debt burden, but added that it was question not for the working classes but for the men who had money and also had to choose between paying a levy or an income tax. He pointed out that the deputation that Labor's position was entirely different for the Laborites advocated a capital levy, increases in the income tax and increases "in everything else."

The consideration which had made him even dream of a capital levy in 1917, Mr. Bonar Law added, made him say that it was absolutely lunacy today.

Retrenchment in the government expenditures and reduction in taxation were most important to assist trade. There was room for large economies in the administration, these he would undertake, but they would not touch the tremendous sums on the budget.