# DR. MALONEY'S CASE

## Former St. Andrews Man In Trouble at Winnipeg.

### Solicitor For Dental Association Tells Why Action Was Taken Against Him.

Dr. J. F. Maloney, formerly of St. Andrews, who recently went to Winnipeg, and who has been prosecuted there for engaging in practice without a license, has appealed against the decision of the court. Dr. Maloney's statement has already been published. That of F. H. Phippen, of the firm of Tupper, Phippen & Tupper, who are acting for the Manitoba Dental Association, is as follows: The Dr. Kennedy mentioned is also well known in this province:

(Winnipeg Tribune.)

"Yes," said F. H. Phippen, of Tupper, Phippen & Tupper, to a reporter of the Tribune, who called on him for an interview respecting the Maloney matter, "I represent the Dental Association. I see there is to be an appeal from the decision of the magistrate, and in these matters it is always better not to discuss the facts until a final disposition has been made of the case.

"There is one point, however, on which I might possibly allay public unrest. One gentleman (apparently from his interview in last night's Tribune, a 'physician of prominence'), appears to apprehend the possibility of grave international complications with the United States over this affair. Let the people be calm! There would not appear to be the slightest justification for the United States declaring war, either actual or reciprocal, on Great Britain, because the Dental Association of Manitoba refused to recognize the license granted by the Massachusetts College to Mr. Maloney, when the state of Massachusetts itself, according to Mr. Maloney's own evidence, always refused to recognize the licenses of this particular college, or to allow the holders of such licenses to practice dentistry within that state, without first undergoing a state dental examination.

"Mr. Maloney some years ago obtained a certificate from a college in the state of Massachusetts. This certificate did not allow him to practice dentistry even in the state to which the college granting the certificate paid taxes. When the certificate was presented to the Dental Association of Nova Scotia a license issued by that association to Mr. Maloney without further examination, allowing him to practice in the province of Nova Scotia. When the population of this province became too sparse for Mr. Maloney's practice he moved to Prince Edward Island and the Dental Association of that province, again without further examination, recognized the certificate of the American Dental School, which still did not allow him to practice in any part of the United States, and granted Mr. Maloney a certificate to practice in Prince Edward Island.

"In 1902 (I am speaking from memory and my dates may not be correct), Mr. Maloney on two occasions wrote to Dr. Bush, as secretary of the Manitoba Dental Association, for information as to the qualifications required by practitioners in Manitoba. In each instance Dr. Bush sent Mr. Maloney, as is usual with all law societies, universities, and other examining bodies, a printed synopsis of the law. I notice that Mr. Maloney, in one paper, states that a further letter was sent Dr. Bush which was unanswered. Of this I know nothing, except in the police court investigation Dr. Bush swore that only two letters had been received by him and Mr. Maloney did not then suggest that any further letter had been written.

"In January, 1903, (again speaking from memory as to dates), Mr. Maloney, without any notice, presented himself to Dr. Bush and said he wished to take an examination. Dr. Bush, according to his evidence, told him that the examinations were then in progress; that as previously advised, they were only held each six months; that it was too late for him to take the examination that term, which was then half through, and that it was necessary, if he wished an examination, in any event to send in a written application to state the qualifications upon which he based his claim to be examined and admitted. Further, that the Dental Association was having its general annual meeting that evening and that Mr. Maloney would be a welcome guest if he would attend. Dr. Bush inquired what Mr. Maloney's qualifications were, and on being told, said that he doubted if the Dental Association would recognize them as sufficient. He, however, did not in any way attempt to finally decide this point. There was practically no disagreemnt between Dr. Bush and Mr. Maloney as to this interview. Here the matter ended. Mr. Maloney did not attend the annual meeting of the asosciation, and did not, at that time, send in any written application, as required by the rules of the association, for an examination. The question, therefore, of allowing Mr. Maloney to take an examination has never, up to the present, come before the executive of the Dental Association.

"Mr. Maloney, according to his own story, shortly thereafter returned to the east. About March of 1903, more than a year after his interview with Dr. Bush, he and Mr. Kennedy determined to come to Manitoba to practice dentistry. During the year and three months which had elapsed since his interview with Dr. Bush, he made no application whatever to be allowed to take an examination.

POLITICAL PRESSURE.

"When Messrs. Maloney and Kennedy arrived in Manitoba they seemed to take up the question of their practising dentistry from a political rather than a business point of view, as according to Mr. Maloney's evidence, pressure was brought to bear on Dr. McInnis through the Hon. R. P. Roblin, the Hon. Hugh J. Macdonald, and others, to procure Messrs. Maloney and Kennedy's admission. Of just what took place I am in ignorance, as it was not brought out at the trial. No application, however, was ever made to the executive, as requested by the rules, for an examination, and, according to Mr. Maloney's evidence, about a week after his arrival, he and Mr. Kennedy formed a connection with Dr. Hammond.

"At the trial it was contended that Mr. Maloney was an employe of Dr. Hammond. Mr. Maloney contends in this respect that Dr. Hammond was acting within the practice of many dentists throughout this province. To support his statement of the relations between Dr. Hammond and himself he put in a carefully prepared document, drawn by a prominent firm of solicitors in Winnipeg, setting out that he (Maloney) for his services was to receive 9-20ths of the total net receipts from Dr. Hammond's business, the remaining 11-20ths going to Dr. Hammond, but on being pressed he admitted that of the 11-20ths which Dr. Hammond was supposed to receive, 9-10ths under the terms of another written agreement prepared at the same time, were paid to Mr. Kennedy, leaving Dr. Hammond the munificent remuneration of 2-20ths of the total receipts of his own business in full payment for his own time, services and responsibilities as head of the concern. Further, he admitted that the furniture for Dr. Hammond's business was all purchased by Mr. Kennedy and himself; that Mr. Kennedy and himself had provided the improvements of torture with which Dr. Hammond's chamber was fitted up, and that in fact, Dr. Hammond's only possession was the large sign at the foot of the stairs and that this had been ordered by Maloney, and paid out of the receipts of the institution.

"Under these circumstances it is not improbable that the magistrate had little difficulty in coming to the conclusion that the whole arrangement with Dr. Hammond was for the purpose of borrowing unlicensed practitioners to carry on their business in Manitoba, and that if such practices were allowed to prevail that it would be possible for any dentist, doctor or lawyer to open as many offices throughout the province as business considerations might dictate, using his own judgment as to the qualifications of the employes whom he might hire of "practise his profession at his various places of business."

Dr. Clint, president of the executive board of the Manitoba Dental Association, was interviewed in reference to charges brought by Dr. Maloney, against whom legal action was taken, but refused to make any statement either one way or the other.

## BIG ORDERS FOR LIFE PRESERVERS.

### Use of Powdered Cork in the Floats Is Likely To Be Abandoned as Result of Slocum Disaster.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 25.—What is perhaps the thickest piece of cork in the world is on exhibition in a restaurant at Grant and Diamond streets. The specimen is four and one-half inches thick, the thickness of the bark of the tree from which it was cut in Spain.

The shipment from which this sample came was sent to a company at Oakdale, the second largest cork factory in this country. There are few cork manufacturing concerns, because it is difficult to obtain the machinery, each piece being made from special designs, which are not public property, and which the ordinary machine shop cannot turn out. In fact, the machinery used for the manufacture of cork specialties is guarded closely, everything being designed from blue prints which are kept under lock and key.

This company succeeded in obtaining their machinery by taking into their concern men who were familiar with what was required.

"It is strange," said a member of the firm, "what wonderful strides this industry has taken in the last few years. Not an iota of cork bark is now wasted, even the dust being utilized for something or other. After the cork for bottles are cut to various sizes, the cuttings are used for manufacturing cork rugs, wash rags, bathroom articles, specialties, fillings and a hundred and one things. Every particle is used and the least profit is in the large corks, which have to be sold too close to realise much. It is the by-products, if they may be so called, that bring in the profits and from these we make almost everything. New articles for which cork can be used to advantage are being discovered every day.

"The disaster to the General Slocum meant much to the cork business throughout the United States, and especially to this city, where most of the life preservers are being manufactured. When it was learned by tests that the dust-made life preservers were of no use, orders were received here for thousands of preservers made from large pieces of the bark. No more dust life preservers will be made. Not that they are not safe for a few years, but time causes them to deteriorate. We have never made any but solid life preservers, our cork dust being compressed and used in specialties. We have hundreds of orders to equip large boats in the East and are turning out thousands a day."

Most of the cork used in this country comes from Spain, although some South American countries furnish small quantities. The bark is shipped in its raw state and compressing and filling is often required to give it a smooth appearance.

## ROYALTON NEWS.

ROYALTON, Aug. 27.—Mrs. Nelson Pierson and son and Mrs. George Street, all of Presque Isle, Mass., have John J. Grace of Lowell, Mass., have been the guests of Mrs. Arthur Cowan during the past week.

**Cook's Cotton Root Compound**

Is successfully used monthly by over $10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 2-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. Nos. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in all St. John

# Bigelow of Moncton Leads In Grand Aggregate.

## Three Competitors Tied for Prize in Provincial Match ---McAvity Wins the Pugsley Cup---High Wind Made Shooting Difficult.

SUSSEX, Aug. 25—The third day's shooting started with every indication of a very successful day, but as time passed a very stiff wind came up and at two o'clock this afternoon had reached the point of almost a gale, making shooting rather difficult.

The result of the shooting in the provincial match, the prize for which was a silver antique jug, presented by Lieut. Col. H. H. McLean, president of the association, and $90, the jug to become the property of the competitor winning it twice, is as follows:

A. R. Rigby, Woodstock, points, 32; N. J. Morrison, St. John, 32; A. Carter, Moncton, 32; H. H. Bartlett, St. Andrews, 31; Capt. J. M. Robinson, R. C. A., 31; J. A. Bateman, Shediac, 31; Major J. H. McRobbie, 8th Hussars, 31; Capt. W. E. Forbes, 73rd, 30; Pte. A. S. McIntosh, 3rd R. C. A., 30; Maj. J. M. Kinnear, R. O., 30; Lieut. J. S. McAvity, R. S., 30; S. Carter, F. C. R. C., 30; Capt. H. Perley, 62nd, 29; Capt. G. P. Ryder, 71st, 29; Pte. S. W. Smith, 67th, 29; Pte. E. S. Farren, 62nd, 29; A. J. Bateman, Shediac, 29; Capt. B. R. Armstrong, 3rd R. C. A., 29; Color Sgt. E. F. Gladwin, 62nd, 29; S. S. Coleman, Fredericton R. C., 29; Capt. E. A. Smith, R. S., 29; Sgt. H. H. Chandler, 74th, 28; Capt. R. H. Arnold, 8th Hussars, 28; Major J. T. Hartt, R. O., 28; W. Humphrey, St. John, 28.

The York and King's Challenge pitcher and also the challenge cup, presented by the late E. B. Harper, in connection with the provincial match, was keenly contested for and was won by the Moncton Rifle Club with a score of 142. The pitcher becomes the property of the winning team.

The Pugsley match, cup presented by Hon. Wm. Pugsley and $100, resulted as follows: Lieut. J. S. McAvity, R. S. 30; O. Bigelow, Moncton, 29; Lieut. H. E. Golding, 74th, 29; Capt. E. A. Smith, R. S., 29; A. J. Bateman, Shediac, 28; Capt. J. Manning, R. O., 28; Major J. H. McRobbie, 8th Hussars, 28; Lieut. J. T. McGowan, 3rd R. C. A., 26; Capt. J. S. Frost, 62nd, 26; A. Carter, Moncton, 26; Pte. E. S. Farren, 62nd, 25; Lieut. J. Neill, 71st, 25; Sgt. E. F. Gladwin, 62nd, 25; Pte. A. R. Jardine, 74th, 25; Major F. H. Hartt, 62nd, 25; Major G. S. Kinnear, 8th Hussars, 24; Capt. G. P. Ryder, 71st, 24; Capt. J. H. Mears, 71st, 23; R. T. Mack, Fredericton, 23; Capt. J. M. Robinson, 3rd R. C. A., 23; Corp. O. A. Burnham, 62nd, 23; Capt. W. E. Forbes, 73rd, 22; Major J. M. Kinnear, R. O., 22; H. H. McAdam, St Stephen, 22; Sgt. H. A. Chandler, 74th, 22.

The grand aggregate:

O. Bigelow, Moncton, N. R. A., silver medal, and badge, and $10; score, 283; Capt. E. A. Smith, R. S., D. R. A., silver medal and $8, 282; Lieut. J. T. McGowan, 3rd R. C. A., P. R. A. silver medal and $7, 276; Capt. W. E. Forbes, 73rd, D. R. A., bronze medal and $5, 274; A. Carter, Moncton, $5, 273; Pte. E. S. Farren, 62nd, $5, 273; Pte. A. R. Jardine, 74th, $5, 269; Capt. J. Manning, R. O., $5, 267; Capt. J. S. Frost, 62nd, $5, 266; H. H. Bartlett, St. Andrews, $5, 266; Capt. S. B. Anderson, 74th, $5, 266; Major A. E. Massie, A. S. C., $5, 265; Major H. F. Hartt, 62nd, $5. 263; Pte. A. S. McIntosh, 3rd R. C. A., $5, 262; Major J. H. McRobbie, 8th Hus., $5, 261.

Exera series, A—Capt. W. E. Forbes, 73rd, 24; Maj. S. H. Stevenson, 24; Sgt. H. A. Chandler, 74th, 24; Capt. R. H. Arnold, 8th, Hus., 24; Capt. E. A. Smith, R. C., 24; H. M. Sullivan, St. John, 23; Capt. J. Manning, R. O., 23; Capt. J. S. Frost, 62nd, 23; Major J. M. Kinnear, R. O., 23; Lieut. J. Neill, A. S. C., 22; Capt. G. F. Thompson, R. L., 22; A. R. Rigby, Woodstock, 22; Lieut. H. E. Golding, 74th, 22; Lieut. J. T. McGowan, R. C. A., 22; Sgt. D. R. Chandler, 74th, 22; Sgt. E. F. Gladwin, 62nd, 22; Lieut. C. E. Dowden ,62nd, 22; Major A. E. Massie, A. S. C., 22; A. D. Hallett, Sussex, 22; C. Pickart, Sackville, 22.

Governor General's medals.—The silver medal was won by Captain S. B. Anderson, 74th, with 44 points; bronze medal won by Sgt. H. A. Chandler, 74th, with 44 points.

Extra series B.—Sgt. H. A. Chandler, 74th, 25; H. McAdam, St. Andrews, 24; Major J. T. Hartt, R. O., 24; H. H. Bartlett, St. Andrews, 24; A. D. Hallett, Sussex, 23; Capt. R. H. Arnold, 8th Hus., 23; Capt. H. Purley, 62nd, 23; Lieut. H. E.Golding, 74th, 23; Capt. J. Manning, R. O., 23; Maj. A. E. Massie, A. S. C., 23; Lieut. E. Dudomaine, R. C. I., 23; Pte. E. S. Farren, 62nd, 23; Major G. S. Kinnear, 8th Hus., 23; Capt. E. A. Smith, R. S., 23; S. L. Coleman, 22; Pte. A. R. Jardine, 22; Pte. E. S. Wetmore, 62nd, 22; Capt. B. R. Armstrong, R. C. A., 22; Capt. S. B. Anderson, 74th, 22; F. A. Foster, St. John, 22.

The shooters were very much pleased with the successful three days. The weather with the exception of wind was all that could be desired.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

### Programme of Big Convention to be Held at Woodstock in October.

The following is the programme for the Sunday school convention to be held in Woodstock, October 11-13:

TUESDAY, Oct. 11—Morning.

Executive committee.

Pastors' Conference—Discussion by the Clergymen Alone.

The Paster's Duty to the Sunday School; During His Pastoral Calls; During the Session; At the Preaching Service; In His Study; General Discussion; Subject: Mastery of Sunday School Methods by the Pastor.

Afternoon.

Devotional — How the Pastor Can Promote the Efficiency of Officers and Teachers; Through Intelligent Leaderships Through the Teachers' Meeting; Through Teacher Training; General Discussion; The Superintendent the Pastor's Chief Adviser; The Pastor's Qualifications and Preparation for Leadership.

PRIMARY INSTITUTE—Morning.

Devotional—An Hour in the Modern Primary Department, Mrs. Bryner; Some Subject, Mrs. Bryner; Teaching Through the Eye, Mrs. Bryner.

Afternoon.

Devotional—The Elementary Grades from All Sides, Mrs. Bryner; Reports of County Superintendents, Primary Organization; Lesson Taught, "Elisha and the Shunamite," Mrs. Bryner.

TUESDAY EVENING.

Convention Programme.

Prayer and Praise Service—Prof. E. O. Excell; President's Address, Rev. J. M. McLean; Introduction of Field Secretary Rev. J. B. Ganong by the president; "Through Field Glasses," Mrs. Bryner; Offerings and Appointment of Nominating Committee; "Christ Illustrating the Truth," W. C. Pearce.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12.—Morning.

Minutes, County Reports by County Secretaries, (each county particularly requested to send a written report); Reports of Home, Primary and Temperance Departments and Discussion; Prayer and Praise Service, Prof. E. O. Excell; Report of I. B. R. A., and Discussion, Alex. Murray; Report Executive Committee, T. S. Simms; General Business; Report of Nominating Committee and Election of Officers; Adjournment for County Delegates to meet and consider pledges for work.

Afternoon.

Praise and prayer service, Prof. E. O. Excell; minutes; The Child We Teach, Mrs. Bryner; The Teacher Preparing, W. C. Pearce; offering and music; statistical report and report of field secretary, Rev. J. B. Ganong; adjourn; executive committee meet.

Evening.

Prayer and praise service, Prof. E. O. Excell; treasurer's report, A. H. Chipman; The Modern Sunday School Enterprise, W. C. Pearce; pledges for the work; offerings; closing.

THURSDAY, Oct. 13—Morning.

Minutes and open conference on Sunday school work in N. B.; conference on grading and supplemental work; praise service, Prof. E. O. Excell; supplemental lesson for juniors, Mrs. Bryner; The World's Convention at Jerusalem, Miss Burchill; election of delegates to international convention at Toronto; The Teacher Teaching, W. C. Pearce; adjournment.

Afternoon.

Prayer and praise service, Prof. E. O. Excell; minutes; The Beginner's Class—What Does it Profit? Mrs. Bryner; N. B. S. S. temperance army; music and offerings; The Teacher's Week-day Work, W. C. Pearce; conference, Duties of Officers of School, E. R. Machum; reports of resolution, credential and other committees; adjournment.

Evening.

Prayer and praise service, Prof. E. O. Excell; minutes; report of superintendent of teacher training, E. R. Machum; music; presentation of diplomas; music and offering; address to graduates, W. C. Pearce.

## POOR NEWCASTLE.

HALIFAX, N. S., August 25.—M. P. A. A. A. with jurisdiction in the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, governing amateur athletic association of Canada and amateur aquatics under the definition adopted by the Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen. President, R. T. MacIlreith, W. A. A. C., Halifax, N. S.; hon. secretary, G. Fred Pearson, R. C., S. S. C., Halifax.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 24th, 1904, official bulletin No. 248.

The following members of the Newcastle baseball team are hereby suspended pending investigation, for having competed with or against Y. M. C. C. of Moncton, on August 22nd, 1904, members of which are now under suspension.

Mahoney, J. Murphy, Troy, Graham, Brooks, Miller, Linden, Wright and Murphy.

G. FRED PEARSON,
Hon. Secretary M. P. A. A. A.

## MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

The Canadian Medical Association is now in session in Vancouver, B. C. The first session was held Tuesday morning, and the meetings will continue throughout the week.

The following from the maritime provinces were expected to be present: Dr. J. O. Calkin, Sackville, N. B.; Dr. J. G. Campbell, Springhill, N. S.; Dr. O E Moorehouse, Upper Keswick, N. B., and wife; Dr. H. H. McKay, New Glasgow, N. S.; Dr. Thomas Walker, St. John; Dr. J. B. Black, Windsor, N. S.; Dr. Peter McLaren, Montague Bridge, P. E. I.; Dr. B. S. Thorne, Butternut Ridge, N. B.; Dr. John Stewart, Halifax, with friends from Great Britain: Dr. W. J. Weaver, Fredericton, N. B.; Dr. C. J. Massgeson, Hantsport, N. S.; Dr. J. A. Houston, Souris, P. E. I.; Dr. H. W. Robertson, Crapaud, P. E. I.; Dr. J. R. Jenkins, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

## WERE THERE TWO BRIGHAMS?

### Here is a St. John Man Who Alleges the Suicide Took Place on the Trip From, Instead of To, St. John.

The Portland Evening Express says: Whether or not George H. Brigham of South Framingham, did in reality commit suicide by jumping from the steamer Calvin Austin on her recent trip from St. John, as the despatches from Boston show is not believed in that city, there is one man who was aboard the boat who is positive in his belief that Brigham came to his death at that time and place. This person is Henry S. Bridges of St. John, a salesman for the Canadian Paint Co. of that city, who with another travelling companion shared a stateroom with Brigham. Bridges' ground for so believing was told in his interview with the Express, yesterday. Bridges came to the Express and repeated his story with more detail in such a manner as would seem to leave no doubt as to the death of Brigham. He felt that the case had been made light of in some quarters, and said that he saw Brigham after the Calvin Austin left Eastport, where it was thought he might have stayed ashore.

Bridges who is a Mason first met Brigham, who was also a Mason, through the medium of that order. They travelled together from Halifax and boarded the Calvin Austin together at St. John, where with another man, Michael Cleary, they shared a stateroom having three berths in it. The Austin left St. John, Wednesday morning, and put in at Eastport that evening, where she lay at the dock some time loading freight. There the three men went ashore and visited some of the sardine faotories and came aboard the boat later. The Austin left Eastport at six o'clock Thursday morning, and Bridges knew that Brigham did not remain ashore at that time because he took breakfast with the latter on board the boat. Bridges saw him as late as 9 o'clock Thursday morning, three hours after the Austin had left her wharf at Eastport. Brigham was at that time going abaft and was just going under the rope that is placed to prevent passengers from going farther in that direction. Bridges called to him and asked where he was going. "Nowhere," said Brigham. Bridges tried to persuade him to go below with him, but he refused. No one saw more of him after that. The officers were notified and a thorough search made of every nook and corner of the Austin. There were several of those aboard that were likewise Masons and they made every effort to locate the missing man. When the Austin reached Portland, Bridges telegraphed Boston, but got no reply.

The first that he knew that it was not believed that Brigham was in reality dead was when he read the Boston papers. Then he told his story to the Express. Bridges became very friendly with Brigham on the trip and the latter confided to him his family troubles. He told the story of his separation from his wife, and laid it to the intervention of her sister, who, he said, had hated him from the time he was married. He was depressed and despondent and talked at times like one insane. Often he made the statement that he had but little time to live and twice he tried to put into the effect the intention to end his life.

On both those times Bridges was near him and drew him back from the rail. Indeed he was with him constantly, fearing that he would do that very thing.

"He was a broken man," said Bridges again, "and there is not the slightest doubt that his body is in the ocean at this time. He cannot have gone ashore for I saw him three hours after we left Eastport.

The despatch received here from Eastport about this man Bridges was not clear enough to give his statement as above, and conveyed the impression that the suicide took place as reported by the captain of the Austin on the trip to St. John. It now appears that from Bridges' story that it was on the trip from St. John, and as Brigham was undoubtedly on the steamer coming this way there must be a mistake somewhere.

## THE CONSERVATIVES OF THE EAST ARE READY FOR FRAY.

### An M. P. Who Visited East Says He Never Knew Party in Better Shape.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 1.—"Let the government bring on the elections as soon as they can, the conservatives are ready," said Nathaniel Boyd, M. P., who reached the city yesterday from the east.

"I have never known the conservative party in better shape, or more hopeful. This applies to every part of the east. The men in maritime provinces assert that they can not only hold liberals there, but come out with a majority of members.

"This will not be so hard to do, for the conservative party is today stronger than in 1900 in representation in the house, and R. L. Borden's popularity has increased enormously."

## 600 WANTED TO MARRY HIM,

### But the C. P. R. Section Hand Was Lonesome and Killed Himself.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 25.—Edward Cochrane, the British Columbia rancher, who lived in the most beautiful part of the Rockies, according to the London Daily Mail's advertisement, and whom six hundred English girls wanted to marry, was, it turns out, merely a section hand employed on the C. P. R. at Notch Hill. He made all preparations for his bride, but none in the province save Rev. Mr. Duncan knew that he was a husband to be of one of the Mail's girls. In the meantime his loneliness drove him completely insane and he blew off his head with a rifle. The minister cabled the would-be bride not to come.

## ST. JOHN PEOPLE MARRIED.

A wedding in which St. John people are interested took place in Brooklyn, N. Y., Thursday, when Miss Daisy E. Leonard, only daughter of Superintendent E. P. Leonard, of the local fire department, was married to F. E. Reid, son of G. Reid, of this city, by Rev. Charles N .Cote. Mr. and Mrs. Reid will reside in Brooklyn, where Mr. Reid is employed in a large mercantile concern.



Miss Alice Bailey, of Atlanta, Ga., tells how she was permanently cured of inflammation of the ovaries, and escaped the surgeon's knife, by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

The universal indications of the approach of woman's great enemy, inflammation and disease of the ovaries, are a dull throbbing pain, accompanied by a sense of tenderness and heat low down in the side, with occasional shooting pains. On examination it may be found that the region of pain will show some swelling. This is the first stage of inflammation of the ovaries.

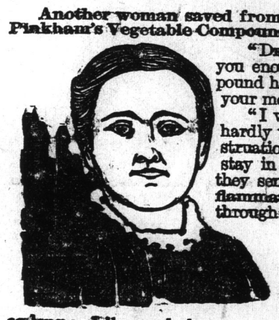
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express my gratitude for the restored health and happiness Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought into my life.

"I had suffered for three years with terrible pains at the time of menstruation, and did not know what the trouble was until the doctor pronounced it inflammation of the ovaries, and proposed an operation.

"I felt so weak and sick that I felt sure that I could not survive the ordeal, and so I told him that I would not undergo it. The following week I read an advertisement in the paper of your Vegetable Compound in such an emergency, and so I decided to try it. Great was my joy to find that I actually improved after taking two bottles, so I kept taking it for ten weeks, and at the end of that time I was cured. I had gained eighteen pounds and was in excellent health, and am now.

"You surely deserve great success, and you have my very best wishes."—MISS ALICE BAILEY, 50 North Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga.

Another woman saved from a surgical operation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Read what she says:—



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot thank you enough for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. If it had not been for your medicine, I think I would have died.

"I will tell you how I suffered. I could hardly walk, was unable to sleep or eat. Menstruation was irregular. At last I had to stay in my bed, and flowed so badly that they sent for a doctor, who said I had inflammation of the ovaries, and must go through an operation, as no medicine could help me, but I could not do that.

"I received a little book of yours, and after reading it, I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am now a well woman. I shall praise your medicine as long as I live, and also recommend the same to anyone suffering as I was."—MRS. MINNIE ORTOSON, Otho, Iowa.

All sick women would be wise if they would take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and be well.

## BENTON.

BENTON, Aug. 24.—The death of Miss Rosa McGann, aged 19 years, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael McGann, occurred at their residence on Sunday evening. The burial was on Tuesday morning in the R. C. cemetery, Debec. Deceased leaves a father and mother, two sisters, Mrs. Robt. O'Donnell, Allendale, York Co.; Mrs. Wm. Boyle, Benton, and five brothers, all of whom were present at the funeral. The pall-bearers were Edward Bulger, Wm. Boyle, John Boyle and Michael Howie.

Murchie's saw mill is being repaired. A new roof has been put on it and other repairs are being made.

Harvesting has begun, and farmers complain of oat fields being struck with rust, which it is feared will materially injure the crop.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

The provincial convention of the Sunday School Association of New Brunswick will meet at Woodstock in the Reform Baptist Church, Oct. 11-13. A programme of special interest has been prepared, notice of which will appear in the press in a few days. The field secretary, Rev. J. R. Young, is in the city planning for the convention and looking after the interests of the convention.

Three workers from the international field will be present and it is believed the convention this year will equal, if not excel all others in real helpfulness and will result in great good to the cause of Sunday schools. The pastors' conference to be held on Tuesday, Oct. 11, will be one of great interest and significance. It is expected there will be a large delegation.

## TWO PERSONS WHO OPPOSE A REVOLUTION.

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 28.—Jose Padro, who was elected president of Peru in June last, will be inaugurated Sept. 24.

Excitement over the political situation in Peru is becoming more calm. It is known that former President Pierola, Dr. Durand and the people are opposed to a revolution.

## EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 27.—A violent earthquake is reported from San Martin in the State of Oaxxo. The shock was accompanied by deafening subterranean rumblings. There was great alarm for a time, but no serious damage was done.

**CASTORIA.**

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## HELD ON CHARGE OF ARSON.

### Two Men Now in Albert County Jail —Knights of Pythias Decoration Day.

MONCTON, Aug. 28.—Hiram Beechman and Edward Cole are under arrest and have been lodged in the Albert Co. jail on the charge of burning John Christopher's barn recently. There was a horse in the barn at the time, which was barely got out with its head scorched and its mane burned off.

Westmorland Lodge, Knights of Pythias, observe Tuesday, the 30th, as decoration day.

David McQuaid, sr., foreman car builder of the Montreal Street Railway, is in town on a visit to his son-in-law, J. V. Jackson, manager of the Moncton cotton mills. Mr. McQuaid is accompanied by his two sons, David, jr., electrical engineer and contractor, of Montreal, and R. J., who is in the service of the street railway in that city.

Rev. David Hutchinson, pastor of the Moncton First Baptist church, has returned from an extended vacation to Newfoundland and the upper provinces. He occupied his pulpit as usual today. His assistant, Rev. I. M. Baird, has gone on a month's vacation, which he will spend in Bear River, N. S., and vicinity.

The Amherst lacrosse team came to Moncton yesterday and played a game with the team here. The visitors were defeated, 6 to 1.

## C. M. B. A. CONVENTION.

TORONTO, Aug. 27.—The C. M. B. A. concluded its session at 5 o'clock this morning. Other trustees elected were: G. V. McInerney, St. John, N. B.; G. Lynch Staunton, K. C., Hamilton; P. P. Hebert, Three Rivers, Que.

Rev. Father Cherrier, Winnipeg, was within two votes of election. The only old trustee not re-elected was Rev. Father Crinion of Paris, Ont., it being felt that there should be but one from Ontario.

The laws committee elected was: John A. Murphy, Cayuga; F. J. Curran, Montreal, and Judge Landry, New Brunswick.

W. T. Kernahan and George Edwards were elected auditors.

At 10 o'clock the president and members of the executive committee met and appointed Dr. Ryan, Kingston, grand medical adviser, and Hon. Frank Latchford, solicitor.